

## Agenda

# Council Meeting 23 March 2021

Dear Council member

The next Ordinary Meeting of the City of Nedlands will be held on Tuesday 23 March 2021 at the Adam Armstrong Pavilion, Beatrice Road, Dalkeith, commencing at 7 pm. This meeting will also be livestreamed.

Please be aware COVID-19 2m² restrictions with 1.5m social distancing rules apply. Once the venue is at capacity no further admission into the room will be permitted. Prior to entry, attendees will be required to register using the SafeWA App or by completing the manual contact register prior to entry - as stipulated by Department of Health mandatory requirements.

The public can continue to participate by submitting questions and addresses via the required online submission forms at:

http://www.nedlands.wa.gov.au/intention-address-council-or-council-committee-form

http://www.nedlands.wa.gov.au/public-question-time

Jim Duff

**Acting Chief Executive Officer** 

21 March 2021

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#### **City of Nedlands**

Notice of an Ordinary Meeting of Council to be held in the Adam Armstrong Pavilion, Beatrice Road, Dalkeith on Tuesday 23 March 2021 at 7 pm.

#### **Council Agenda**

#### **Declaration of Opening**

The Presiding Member will declare the meeting open at 7 pm and will draw attention to the disclaimer below.

(NOTE: Council at its meeting on 24 August 2004 resolved that should the meeting time reach 11.00 p.m. the meeting is to consider an adjournment motion to reconvene the next day).

Present and Apologies and Leave of Absence (Previously Approved)

Leave of Absence None. (Previously Approved)

**Apologies** None as at distribution of this agenda.

#### **Disclaimer**

Members of the public who attend Council meetings should not act immediately on anything they hear at the meetings, without first seeking clarification of Council's position. For example, by reference to the confirmed Minutes of Council meeting. Members of the public are also advised to wait for written advice from the Council prior to taking action on any matter that they may have before Council.

Any plans or documents in agendas and minutes may be subject to copyright. The express permission of the copyright owner must be obtained before copying any copyright material.

#### 1. Public Question Time

A member of the public wishing to ask a question should register that interest by notification in writing to the CEO in advance, setting out the text or substance of the question.

The order in which the CEO receives registrations of interest shall determine the order of questions unless the Mayor determines otherwise. Questions must relate to a matter affecting the City of Nedlands.

#### 2. Addresses by Members of the Public

Addresses by members of the public who have completed Public Address Session Forms to be made at this point.

#### 3. Requests for Leave of Absence

Any requests from Councillors for leave of absence to be made at this point.

#### 4. Petitions

Petitions to be tabled at this point.

#### 5. Disclosures of Financial / Proximity Interest

The Presiding Member to remind Councillors and Staff of the requirements of Section 5.65 of the *Local Government Act* to disclose any interest during the meeting when the matter is discussed.

A declaration under this section requires that the nature of the interest must be disclosed. Consequently, a member who has made a declaration must not preside, participate in, or be present during any discussion or decision-making procedure relating to the matter the subject of the declaration.

However, other members may allow participation of the declarant if the member further discloses the extent of the interest. Any such declarant who wishes to participate in the meeting on the matter, shall leave the meeting, after making their declaration and request to participate, while other members consider and decide upon whether the interest is trivial or insignificant or is common to a significant number of electors or ratepayers.

#### 6. Disclosures of Interests Affecting Impartiality

The Presiding Member to remind Councillors and Staff of the requirements of Council's Code of Conduct in accordance with Section 5.103 of the *Local Government Act*.

Councillors and staff are required, in addition to declaring any financial interests to declare any interest that may affect their impartiality in considering a matter. This declaration does not restrict any right to participate in or be present during the decision-making procedure.

The following pro forma declaration is provided to assist in making the disclosure.

"With regard to ...... the matter in item x..... I disclose that I have an association with the applicant (or person seeking a decision). As a consequence, there may be a perception that my impartiality on the matter may be affected. I declare that I will consider this matter on its merits and vote accordingly."

The member or employee is encouraged to disclose the nature of the association.

### 7. Declarations by Members That They Have Not Given Due Consideration to Papers

Members who have not read the business papers to make declarations at this point.

#### 8. Confirmation of Minutes

#### 8.1 Ordinary Council Meeting 23 February 2021

The Minutes of the Ordinary Council Meeting held 23 February 2021 are to be confirmed.

#### 8.2 Special Council Meeting 22 September 2020

The Minutes of the Special Council Meeting held 22 September 2021 are to be confirmed.

#### 8.3 Special Council Meeting 4 March 2021

The Minutes of the Special Council Meeting held 4 March 2021 are to be confirmed.

#### 9. Announcements of the Presiding Member without discussion

Any written or verbal announcements by the Presiding Member to be tabled at this point.

#### 10. Members announcements without discussion

Written announcements by Councillors to be tabled at this point.

Councillors may wish to make verbal announcements at their discretion.

#### 11. Matters for Which the Meeting May Be Closed

Council, in accordance with Standing Orders and for the convenience of the public, is to identify any matter which is to be discussed behind closed doors at this meeting, and that matter is to be deferred for consideration as the last item of this meeting.

### 12. Divisional reports and minutes of Council committees and administrative liaison working groups

#### 12.1 Minutes of Council Committees

This is an information item only to receive the minutes of the various meetings held by the Council appointed Committees (N.B. This should not be confused with Council resolving to accept the recommendations of a particular Committee. Committee recommendations that require Council's approval should be presented to Council for resolution via the relevant departmental reports).

The Minutes of the following Committee Meetings (in date order) are to be received:

Audit & Risk Committee
Unconfirmed, Circulated to Councillors on 15 March 2021
Council Committee
Unconfirmed, Circulated to Councillors on 20 March 2021

9 March 2021

Note: As far as possible all the following reports under items 12.2, 12.3 and 12.4 will be moved en-bloc and only the exceptions (items which Councillors wish to amend) will be discussed.

#### 12.2 Planning & Development Report No's PD05.21 to PD10.21 (copy attached)

Note: Regulation 11(da) of the *Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996* requires written reasons for each decision made at the meeting that is significantly different from the relevant written recommendation of a committee or an employee as defined in section 5.70, but not a decision to only note the matter or to return the recommendation for further consideration.

PD05.21	Reconsideration of Planning Application -
	No. 37 Strickland Street, Mount Claremont -
	Holiday House (Short Term Accommodation)

0	0 Marrala 0004				
Committee	9 March 2021				
Council	23 March 2021				
Applicant	David Joseph				
Landowner	David Joseph and Christine Joseph				
Director	Tony Free – Director Planning & Development				
Employee	The author, reviewers and authoriser of this report				
Disclosure	declare they have no financial or impartiality interest with				
under section	this matter.				
5.70 Local					
Government Act	There is no financial or personal relationship between				
1995 and section	City staff and the proponents or their consultants.				
10 of the City of					
Nedlands Code	Whilst parties may be known to each other professionally,				
of Conduct for	this relationship is consistent with the limitations placed				
Impartiality.	on such relationships by the Codes of Conduct of the City				
	and the Planning Institute of Australia				
Report Type	When Council determines an application/matter that				
	directly affects a person's right and interests. The judicial				
	character arises from the obligation to abide by the				
Quasi-Judicial	principles of natural justice. Examples of Quasi-Judicial				
	authority include town planning applications and other				
	decisions that may be appealable to the State				
	Administrative Tribunal.				
Reference	DA20-48595				
Previous Item	Nil				
Delegation	In accordance with the City's Instrument of Delegation,				
	Council is required to determine the application due to				
	objections being received.				
	Applicant's Justification Report				
Attachments	2. Extract of 27 October 2020 OCM – Agenda				
Allacinients	containing report with recommendation to Council				
	3. Extract of 27 October 2020 OCM – Minutes				
	1. Plans				
Confidential	2. Management Plan				
Attachments	3. Submissions				
Allaciiiiciilə	4. Assessment				
	5. Petition				

#### **Committee Recommendation**

Council in accordance with Clause 68 (2) of the Planning & Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 resolves to refuse the development application dated 27 May 2020 for a Short Term Accommodation at Lot 96 (No. 37) Stricklan Street, Mount Claremont for the following reasons:

- 1. The proposal is not compatible or complimentary with the adjoining residential development and is contrary to an objective of the Residential zone under the Scheme;
- 2. The proposal does not comply with Clause 67(2)(n)(iii) of Schedule 2 of the Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 as the development is not in keeping with the amenity of the locality, including the social impacts of the development and
- 3. The proposal would have a detrimental impact on the existing residential amenity and character of the immediate low density residential area.

#### Recommendation to Committee

Council approves the retrospective development application dated 27 May 2020 for a Holiday House at Lot 96 (No. 37) Strickland Street, Mount Claremont, subject to the following conditions and advice notes:

- 1. This approval is for a Holiday House. Development shall be in accordance with the land use as defined within Local Planning Scheme No. 3, the approved plan(s), any other supporting information and conditions of approval. It does not relate to any other development on the lot.
- 2. The approval period for the Holiday House will expire 12 months from the date of this approval.
- 3. The Management Plan date stamped 24 June 2020 forms part of this approval and is to be complied with at all times to the City's satisfaction.
- 4. The development shall at all times comply with the application and the approved plans, subject to any modifications required as a consequence of any condition(s) of this approval.
- 5. The proposed use complying with the Holiday House definition stipulated under the City's Local Planning Scheme No. 3 (refer to advice note a)).
- 6. A maximum of six (6) guests are permitted on the reside at the Holiday House at any one time.

- 7. Each booking for the Holiday House must be for a minimum stay of 2 consecutive nights.
- 8. A maximum of two (2) guest vehicles for guests of the Holiday House are permitted on the premises at any one time.

Advice Notes specific to this proposal:

a) With regard to condition 1, the applicant and landowner are advised that the use Holiday House is defined as the following in accordance with the City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No. 3 and the City of Nedlands Short Term Accommodation Local Planning Policy:

'Holiday House means a single dwelling on one lot used to provide short-term accommodation but does not include a bed and breakfast'.

- b) In relation to Condition 2, the applicant is advised that if the applicant wishes to continue the use of the land for the Holiday House after the expiry period (30 June 2022), an application to renew the approval must be submitted to the City's Planning Department for assessment <u>prior</u> to the completion of the initial approval period. The applicant is advised to contact the City's Planning Services closer to the expiry date for assistance in lodging an Amendment Development Application and the required fees for the application.
- c) A separate development application is required to be submitted to and approved by the City prior to any increase in the maximum number of quests at the Holiday House.
- d) The applicant is advised that any increase to the number of guest vehicles which are parked at the Holiday House will require further Development approval by the City of Nedlands.
- e) This is a Planning Approval only and does not remove the responsibility of the applicant/owner to comply with all relevant building, health and engineering requirements of the City, or the requirements of any other external agency.
- f) This planning decision is confined to the authority of the *Planning and Development Act 2005*, the City of Nedlands' Local Planning Scheme No. 3 and all subsidiary legislation. This decision does not remove the obligation of the applicant and/or property owner to ensure that all other required local government approvals are first obtained, all other applicable state and federal legislation is complied with, and any restrictions, easements, or encumbrances are adhered to.

- g) Noise levels are to comply with the *Environmental Protection (Noise)* Regulations 1997.
- h) All solid waste and refuse and waste to be managed so as to not create a nuisance to neighbours (in accordance with City requirements).
- i) No materials and/or equipment being stored externally on the property, which is visible from off site, and/or obstructs vehicle manoeuvring areas, vehicle access ways, pedestrian access ways, parking bays and/or (un)loading bays.
- j) Emergency exits and safety of premises to be assessed for adequacy by the Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES).
- k) Should the occupancy capacity of the proposal exceed 6 persons (exclusive of the property owners) the proposal will requirement reassessment as a "lodging house" under the *Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1911* and the *City of Nedlands Health Local Laws 2017.*
- Where applicable the applicant shall upgrade the premises to comply with the relevant provisions applicable for a Class 1b Building, please contact the City's Building Services for further advice.

PD06.21	No.	14A	Odern	Crescent,	Swanbourne	_
	Sing	le Ho	use			

Committee	9 March 2021		
Council	23 March 2021		
Applicant	Humphrey Homes		
Landowner	Tracie Louise Cielak		
Director	Tony Free – Director Planning & Development		
Employee	The author, reviewers and authoriser of this report		
Disclosure under	declare they have no financial or impartiality interest with		
section 5.70	this matter.		
Local			
Government Act	There is no financial or personal relationship between		
1995 and section	City staff and the proponents or their consultants.		
10 of the City of			
Nedlands Code	Whilst parties may be known to each other		
of Conduct for	professionally, this relationship is consistent with the		
Impartiality.	limitations placed on such relationships by the Codes of		
	Conduct of the City and the Planning Institute of		
	Australia.		
Report Type	When Council determines an application/matter that		
Ougai ludiaial	directly affects a person's right and interests. The judicial		
Quasi-Judicial	character arises from the obligation to abide by the		
	principles of natural justice. Examples of Quasi-Judicial		
	authority include town planning applications and other		
	decisions that may be appealable to the State Administrative Tribunal.		
Reference	DA20/53238		
Previous Item	Nil		
Delegation	In accordance with the City's Instrument of Delegation,		
Delegation	Council is required to determine the application due to		
	objections being received.		
	Site Photographs		
	Applicant Justification and Response to		
	Submissions		
Attachments	3. Clause 67 (2) Assessment		
/ ttdommonto	4. Local Planning Scheme No. 3 Assessment		
	5. Administration Summary of Submission and Officer		
	Response		
	1. Plans		
	2. Summer Overshadowing Diagram		
Confidential	3. Submissions		
Attachments	4. Approved Plan of Subdivision		
	5. Lot Boundary Setback Assessment		
	Visual Privacy Setback Assessment		

Council approves the development application dated 28 August 2020, with amended plans received on 22 February 2021, for a two-storey single house at Lot 102 (No. 14A) Odern Crescent, Swanbourne, subject to the following conditions and advice notes:

- 1. This approval is for a 'Residential' land use as defined under the City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No.3 and the subject land may not be used for any other use without prior approval of the City.
- 2. The development shall at all times comply with the application and the approved plans, subject to any modifications required as a consequence of any condition(s) of this approval.
- 3. This decision constitutes planning approval only and is valid for a period four (4) years from the date of approval. If the subject development is not substantially commenced within the four-year period, the approval shall lapse and be of no further effect.
- 4. All footings and structures shall be constructed wholly inside the site boundaries of the property's Certificate of Title.
- 5. Prior to occupation of the development the finish of the parapet walls is to be finished externally to the same standard as the rest of the development in:
  - Face brick:
  - Painted render;
  - Painted brickwork; or
  - Other clean material as specified on the approved plans

And maintained thereafter to the satisfaction of the City.

- 6. Prior to occupation of the development, the screening as shown on the approved plans to the southern, eastern and western elevations installed in accordance with the Residential Design Codes by either:
  - Fixed obscured or translucent glass to a height of 1.60 metres above finished floor level; or
  - Timber screens, external blinds, window hoods and shutters to a height of 1.6m above finished floor level that are at least 75% obscure;
  - A minimum sill height of 1.60 metres as determined from the internal floor level; or
  - An alternative method of screening approved by the City.

The required screening shall be thereafter maintained to the satisfaction of the City.

- 7. Prior to occupation of the development, all external fixtures including, but not limited to TV and radio antennae, satellite dishes, plumbing vents and pipes, solar panels, air conditioners and hot water systems shall be integrated into the design of the building and not be visible from the primary street to the satisfaction of the City.
- 8. Prior to occupation of the development, all air-conditioning plant, satellite dishes, antennae and any other plant and equipment to the roof of the building shall be located or screened so as not to be highly visible from beyond the boundaries of the development site to the satisfaction of the City.
- 9. Prior to the occupation of the development, all structures within the 1.5m x1.5m visual truncation area abutting vehicle access points shall be truncated or reduced to 0.75m in height to the satisfaction of the City.
- 10. All stormwater from the development, which includes permeable and non-permeable areas shall be contained onsite.

#### **Advice Notes:**

- a) This planning decision is confined to the authority of the *Planning* and *Development Act 2005*, the City of Nedlands' Local Planning Scheme No. 3 and all subsidiary legislation. This decision does not remove the obligation of the applicant and/or property owner to ensure that all other required local government approvals are first obtained, all other applicable state and federal legislation is complied with, and any restrictions, easements, or encumbrances are adhered to.
- b) This planning approval has been issued on the basis of the plans hereby approved. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that the approved plans are accurate and are a true representation of all existing and proposed development on the site, and to ensure that development proceeds in accordance with these plans.
- The applicant is advised that variations to the hereby approved c) development including variations to wall dimensions, setbacks, height, window dimensions and location, floor levels, floor area and delay granting alfresco area. mav the of a Permit. Applicants are therefore encouraged to ensure that the Building Permit application is in compliance with this planning approval, including all conditions and approved plans. Where Building Permit applications are not in accordance with the planning approval, a schedule of changes is to be submitted and early liaison with the City's Planning Department is encouraged prior to lodgement.

- d) The applicant is advised to liaise with the eastern and western adjoining property owners regarding the possible retention or replacement of the existing dividing fences along the common lot boundaries. Please refer to the *Dividing Fences Act 1961* for the rights and responsibilities of landowners regarding dividing fences. Information is available at the following website: <a href="http://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/building-commission/dividing-fences-0">http://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/building-commission/dividing-fences-0</a>
- e) All internal water closets and ensuites without fixed or permanent window access to outside air or which open onto a hall, passage, lobby or staircase, shall be serviced by a mechanical ventilation exhaust system which is ducted to outside air, with a minimum rate of air change equal to or greater than 25 litres / second.
- f) All street tree assets in the nature-strip (verge) shall not be removed or damaged. Any approved street tree removals shall be undertaken by the City and paid for by the owner of the property where the development is proposed, unless otherwise approved by the City.
- g) All works within verge (i.e., road, kerbs, footpath, verge, crossover) will require separate approval from the City prior to construction commencing.
- h) Where building works are proposed a building permit shall be applied for prior to works commencing.
- i) All car parking dimensions, manoeuvring areas, crossovers and driveways shall comply with Australian Standard AS2890.1 (as amended) to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands unless otherwise approved as part of this determination.
- j) In relation to condition 9, the applicant is advised that all downpipes from guttering shall be connected so as to discharge into drains, which shall empty into a soak-well; and each soak-well shall be located at least 1.8m from any building, and at least 1.8m from the boundary of the block. Soak-wells of adequate capacity to contain runoff from a 20-year recurrent storm event. Soak-wells shall be a minimum capacity of 1.0m3 for every 80m2 of calculated surface area of the development.

# PD07.21 No. 26 Louise Street, Nedlands – 5 x Grouped Dwellings

Committee	9 March 2021			
Council	23 March 2021			
Applicant	Urbanista Town Planning			
Landowner	Canute Australia Pty Ltd			
Director	Tony Free – Director Planning & Development			
Employee	The author, reviewers and authoriser of this report			
Disclosure under	declare they have no financial or impartiality interest with			
section 5.70	this matter.			
Local				
Government Act	There is no financial or personal relationship between			
1995 and section	City staff and the proponents or their consultants.			
10 of the City of				
Nedlands Code	Whilst parties may be known to each other			
of Conduct for	professionally, this relationship is consistent with the			
Impartiality.	limitations placed on such relationships by the Codes of			
	Conduct of the City and the Planning Institute of Australia			
Report Type	When Council determines an application/matter that			
	directly affects a person's right and interests. The judicial			
0	character arises from the obligation to abide by the			
Quasi-Judicial	principles of natural justice. Examples of Quasi-Judicial			
	authority include town planning applications and other			
	decisions that may be appealable to the State Administrative Tribunal.			
Reference	DA20-56186			
Previous Item	Nil			
Delegation	In accordance with the City's Instrument of Delegation,			
Delegation	Council is required to determine the application due to			
	the application proposing five dwellings.			
	Applicant's Report			
	2. Acoustic Report			
	3. Traffic Impact Statement			
	4. Landscape Plan			
	5. Planning and Development (Local Planning			
	Schemes) Regulations 2015 Assessment			
Attachments	6. Aims of the Scheme Assessment			
	7. Residential Zone Objectives Assessment			
	8. State Planning Policy 7.0 – Design of the Built			
	Environment Assessment			
	9. State Planning Policy 7.2 – Precinct Design			
	Assessment			
Confidential	1. Plans			
Attachments	2. Assessment			

Council approves the development application dated 10 November 2020, with amended plans received on 16 February 2021 for five (5) Grouped Dwellings at Lot 166 (No. 26) Louise Street, Nedlands, subject to the following conditions and advice notes:

- 1. This approval is for a 'Residential' land use as defined under the City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No.3 and the subject land may not be used for any other use without prior approval of the City.
- 2. The development shall at all times comply with the application and the approved plans, subject to any modifications required as a consequence of any condition(s) of this approval.
- 3. This decision constitutes planning approval only and is valid for a period of four years from the date of approval. If the subject development is not substantially commenced within the four-year period, the approval shall lapse and be of no further effect.
- 4. Prior to the issue of a Building Permit, a Waste Management Plan shall be submitted and approved to satisfaction of the City. The Waste Management Plan shall be complied with at all times to the satisfaction of the City.
- 5. The Acoustic Report dated 10 November 2020 (Attachment 2) prepared by Hewshott Acoustics forms part of this development approval and shall be complied with at all times to the satisfaction of the City. Recommendations contained within the acoustic report to achieve compliance with the *Environmental Protection (Noise)* Regulations 1997 are to be carried out and maintained for the lifetime of the development to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands.
- 6. The Landscape Plan (Attachment 4) forms part of this approval. Landscaping shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the approved landscaping plan prepared by Propagule dated 28 October 2020, or any modifications approved thereto, for the lifetime of the development thereafter, to the satisfaction of the City.
- 7. In accordance with the Australian Standard AS2890.1 (as amended), all car parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas are to maintain adequate circulation space, free of intrusions such as doors and storage areas which do not compromise the minimum parking dimensions required under AS2890.1.
- 8. Prior to the issue of a Building Permit, amended plans are to be submitted with the Building Permit Application to show the doors providing access into the garages for Lot 1 and Lot 5 swing in the opposite direction, away from the manoeuvring areas for the vehicles within the garage.

- 9. Prior to construction or demolition works, a Construction Management Plan shall be submitted to the satisfaction of the City. The approved construction shall be observed at all times throughout the construction process to the satisfaction of the City.
- 10. The location of any bin stores shall be located behind the street alignment, screened so as not to be highly visible from the street or public place and constructed to the City's satisfaction.
- 11. All stormwater from the development, which includes permeable and impermeable areas shall be contained onsite.
- 12. All footings and structures shall be constructed wholly inside the site boundaries of the property's Certificate of Title.
- 13. Prior to occupation of the development, all major openings and unenclosed outdoor active habitable spaces, which have a floor level of more than 0.5m above natural ground level located behind the street setback area shall satisfy the deemed to comply criteria of element 5.4.1 of the Residential Design Codes Volume 1. Screening referred to in c1.1(ii) of the Residential Design Codes Volume 1 is to be in the form of;
  - a) fixed obscured or translucent glass to a height of 1.60 metres above finished floor level, or
  - b) Timber screens, external blinds, window hoods and shutters to a height of 1.6m above finished floor level that are at least 75% obscure.
  - c) A minimum sill height of 1.60 metres as determined from the internal floor level: or
  - d) an alternative method of screening approved by the City of Nedlands.

The required setbacks and/or screening shall be thereafter maintained to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands.

- 14. Prior to occupation of the development the finish of the parapet walls is to be finished externally to the same standard as the rest of the development in:
  - a) Face brick:
  - b) Painted render
  - c) Painted brickwork; or
  - d) Other clean material as specified on the approved plans.

And maintained thereafter to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands.

- 15. The parking bays and vehicle access areas shall be drained, paved and constructed in accordance with the approved plans and are to comply with the requirements of AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 prior to the occupation or use of the development.
- 16. Prior to occupation of the development, the proposed visitor car parking bay shall be provided with 1.5m x 1.5m visual truncations in accordance with AS2890.1 on both sides of the bay to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands.
- 17. Prior to occupation of the development, all external fixtures including, but not limited to, TV and radio antennae, satellite dishes, plumbing vents and pipes, solar panels, air conditioners, hot water systems and utilities shall be integrated into the design of the building and not be visible from the primary street to the satisfaction of the City.
- 18. Prior to the occupation of the development a lighting plan is to be implemented and maintained for the duration of the development to the satisfaction of the City.
- 19. Prior to the occupation of the development, the car parking designated for visitors shall be clearly marked and signage provided to the specification and maintained thereafter by the landowner to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands.

#### Advice Notes specific to this proposal:

- a) The applicant is advised that this application is for Planning Approval only and does not remove the responsibility of the applicant/owner to comply with all relevant building, health and engineering requirements of the City, or the requirements of any other external agency. The City encourages the applicant to speak with each department to understand any further requirements.
- b) The applicant is advised to provide as part of the Building Permit application, a compaction certificate from a structural engineer for the area previously occupied by the swimming pool (Units C & D). The compaction certificate is to demonstrate that the land/foundation can support the proposed development.
- c) The applicant is advised that the proposed development does not meet the "Deemed-to-Satisfy" provisions of the NCC BCA Vol.2 2019 in following areas Part 3.7.2.2 External walls of Class 1 buildings, Part 3.7.2.4 Construction of external walls, Part 3.7.2.7 Allowable Encroachments and 3.7.3.2 Separating Walls. The proposed development is required to satisfy the Performance Requirements P2.3.1 (Part 3.7) and be determined in accordance with A2.2(3) and A2.4(3) as applicable. Where proposed works do not satisfy the "Deemed-to-Satisfy" provisions of the NCC BCA the

design/proposed works must be documented in a Performance Solution and form part of the relevant Certificate of Design Compliance and Building Permit application.

- d) The applicant is advised that in relation to Condition 4, the maximum number of bins permitted on the verge is eight (8) bins at any time.
- e) The applicant is advised that a separate noise management plan will be required to be prepared, submitted to the City and approved by the CEO if it is desired to work outside of normal hrs of operation during construction of the project (i.e., 0700 hrs and 1900 hours on any day that is not a Sunday or Public Holiday). This will be subject to the subject to the Clause (6) of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*, that is detailed in section 3.4.1 of the acoustic report.
- f) The proposal requires compliance with the City's *Health Local Laws* 2017, which requires an enclosure for the storage and cleaning of waste receptacles to be provided on the premises, per the following requirements:
  - Constructed of brick, concrete, corrugated compressed fibre cement sheet or other material of suitable thickness approved by the City;
  - ii. Walls not less than 1.8m in height and access of not less than 1.0 metre in width fitted with a self-closing gate;
  - iii. Smooth and impervious floor not less than 75mm thick and evenly graded to an approved liquid refuse disposal system;
  - iv. Easily accessible to allow for the removal of the receptacles;
  - v. Provided with a ramp into the enclosure having a gradient of no steeper than 1:8 unless otherwise approved by the City; and
  - vi. Provided with a tap connected to an adequate supply of water.
- g) The applicant is advised outdoor lighting installations are required to comply with Australian Standard AS.4282 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting, such that they will not cause adverse amenity impacts on the surrounding locality, and the spread of artificial light from installations is restricted to the property.
- h) The plans indicate the parking level will be constructed beneath the natural ground level. The proposed development is within proximity to the Swan River. In the event that dewatering is required at the site during construction the applicant is to prepare, submit, and have approved a Dewatering Management Plan by the Department of Parks and Wildlife and to the satisfaction of the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, Swan River Trust and City.
- i) The applicant is advised to apply dust control measures during construction in accordance with *City of Nedlands Health Local Laws* 2017 and DWER requirements.

- j) The landowner is advised that all mechanical equipment (e.g., airconditioner, swimming pool or spa) is required to comply with the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*, in relation to noise.
- k) The applicant is advised to consult the City's Acoustic Advisory Information in relation to locating any mechanical equipment (e.g., air-conditioner, swimming pool or spa) such that noise, vibration impacts on neighbours are mitigated. The City does not recommend installing any equipment near a property boundary where it is likely that noise will intrude upon neighbours.
- I) All street tree assets in the nature-strip (verge) shall not be removed without prior approval from the City of Nedlands.
- m) The existing crossover is to be removed and the nature-strip / verge reinstated in accordance with the City of Nedlands' Nature Strip Improvement Guidelines.
- n) A new crossover, temporary crossover or modification to an existing crossover will require obtaining a separate Vehicle Crossover Permit from the City of Nedlands prior to construction commencing.
- o) All internal water closets and ensuites without fixed or permanent window access to outside air or which open onto a hall, passage, hobby or staircase, shall be serviced by a mechanical ventilation exhaust system which is ducted to outside air, with a minimum rate of air change equal to or greater than 25 litres / second.
- p) All downpipes from guttering shall be connected so as to discharge into drains, which shall empty into a soak-well; and each soak-well shall be located at least 1.8m from any building, and at least 1.8m from the boundary of the block. Soak-wells of adequate capacity to contain runoff from a 20-year recurrent storm event. Soak-wells shall be a minimum capacity of 1.0m³ for every 80m² of calculated surface area of the development.
- q) The applicant is advised that in relation to Condition 8, the Construction Management Plan shall detail how proposed site works will be managed to minimise environmental impacts and shall address but not be limited to:
  - i. Staging plan for the entire works;
  - ii. Applicable timeframes and assigned responsibilities for tasks;
  - iii. Onsite storage of materials and equipment;
  - iv. Parking for contractors;
  - v. Waste management;
  - vi. Management of noise in accordance with the requirements of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*;
  - vii. Management of vibrations;

- viii. Complaints and incidents; and
  - ix. Site signage showing the builder's direct contact details (telephone number and email address).
- r) The responsible entity (strata/corporate body) is responsible for the maintenance of the common property (including roads) within the development.
- s) The applicant is advised that all development must comply with this planning approval and approved plans at all times. Any development, whether it be a structure or building, that is not in accordance with the planning approval, including any condition of approval, may be subject to further planning approval by the City.
- t) This planning decision is confined to the authority of the *Planning* and *Development Act 2005*, the City of Nedlands' Local Planning Scheme No. 3 and all subsidiary legislation. This decision does not remove the obligation of the applicant and/or property owner to ensure that all other required local government approvals are first obtained, all other applicable state and federal legislation is complied with, and any restrictions, easements, or encumbrances are adhered to.
- u) The applicant is advised that variations to the hereby approved development including variations to wall dimensions, setbacks, height, window dimensions and location, floor levels, floor area and alfresco area, may delay the granting of a Building Permit. Applicants are therefore encouraged to ensure that the Building Permit application is in compliance with this planning approval, including all conditions and approved plans. Where Building Permit applications are not in accordance with the planning approval, a schedule of changes is to be submitted and early liaison with the City's Planning Department is encouraged prior to lodgement.
- v) This planning approval has been issued on the basis of the plans hereby approved. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that the approved plans are accurate and are a true representation of all existing and proposed development on the site, and to ensure that development proceeds in accordance with these plans.

PD08.21	Establishment of a Design Review Panel,
	Final Adoption of the Design Review Panel
	Local Planning Policy and Appointment of
	Panel Members

Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Director	Tony Free – Director Planning & Development
Employee	Nil
Disclosure under	"the author, reviewers and authoriser of this report
section 5.70 Local	declare they have no financial or impartiality interest
Government Act	with this matter. There is no financial or personal
1995 and section	relationship between City staff and the proponents or
10 of the City of	their consultants. Whilst parties may be known to each
Nedlands Code of	other professionally, this relationship is consistent with
Conduct for	the limitations placed on such relationships by the
Impartiality.	Codes of Conduct of the City and the Planning Institute
	of Australia".
Previous Item	OCM – 23 April 2019 - PD14.19
	OCM – 17 December 2019 - Item: 16.1
	SCM – 30 January 2020 - Item: 7
	OCM – 30 March 2020 - Item: 14.4
	OCM – 28 July 2020 - Item: 14.1
	OCM – 15 December 2020 - Item:13.9
	OCM – 23 February 2021 - PD02.21
	Design Review Panel – Local Planning Policy
Attachments	2. Summary of comments from Office of the
	Government Architect
	1. Scoring Sheets
	2. Specifics of Scoring System
Confidential	3. Interview Forms
Attachments	4. Overview of Interviewed Applicants
	5. Applicants with DRP Experience
	Recorded Interviews (MP4 video format)

#### **Committee Recommendation**

- 1. proceeds to adopt the Design Review Panel Local Planning Policy, as set out in Attachment 1, in accordance with the Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 Schedule 2, Part 2, Clause 4(3)(b)(i);
- 2. in accordance with Clause 2 of the Design Review Panel Terms of Reference, appoints, for a period of two years, the following Design Review Panel members:

#### General members:

- Dominic Snellgrove
- Emma Williamson,
- Simon Anderson
- Simon Venturi
- Tony Blackwell
- Tony Casella

#### **Specialist members:**

- Graham Agar
- John Taylor
- 3. Instructs the Chief Executive Officer to review the Design Review Panel Local Planning Policy and funding model after six months of the operation of the Panel.
- 4. In the event that one of the preferred applicants listed in Resolution 2 above is not able to accept the role due to schedule conflicts, or a decision to not proceed with being a Design Review Panel member, delegates authority to the Chief Executive Officer to select from the remaining list of interviewed applicants, in order of highest total score to lowest total score.

#### Recommendation to Committee

- 1. Proceeds to adopt the Design Review Panel Local Planning Policy, as set out in Attachment 1, in accordance with the *Planning and Development* (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 Schedule 2, Part 2, Clause 4(3)(b)(i);
- 2. In accordance with Clause 2 of the Design Review Panel Terms of Reference, appoints, for a period of two years, the following Design Review Panel members:
  - a) General members:
    - Tony Blackwell
    - Dominic Snellgrove
    - Samuel Klopper
    - Munira Mackay
    - Philip Gresley
    - Simon Venturi

- b) Specialist members:
  - Graham Agar
  - John Taylor
- 3. Instructs the Chief Executive Officer to review the Design Review Panel Local Planning Policy and funding model after six months of the operation of the Panel.
- 4. In the event that one of the preferred applicants listed in Resolution 2 above is not able to accept the role due to schedule conflicts, or a decision to not proceed with being a Design Review Panel member, delegates authority to the Chief Executive Officer to select from the remaining list of interviewed applicants, in order of highest total score to lowest total score.

PD09.21	RFT 2020-21.09 Natural Area Weed Control
	2021-2025

Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	
section 5.70 of the	
Local Government	
Act 1995 and	
section 10 of the	
City of Nedlands	
Code of Conduct for	
Impartiality.	
Director	Tony Free – Director Planning & Development
Attachments	Nil.
Confidential	1. RFT 2020-21.09 Final Evaluation Score Sheet
Attachments	

- 1. accept the recommendation to award the contract for tender number RFT 2020-21.09 Natural Area Weed Control 2021-2025 to the South East Regional Centre for Urban Landcare (SERCUL) as the first preference panel member;
- accept the recommendation to award the contract for tender number RFT 2020-21.09 Natural Area Weed Control 2021-2025 to UGC Holdings PTY LTD as the second preference panel member;
- 3. instruct the CEO to issue contracts to South East Regional Centre for Urban Landcare (SERCUL) and UGC Holdings PTY LTD; and
- 4. instruct the CEO to advise all other tenderers as to the outcome of Tender number RFT 2020-21.09.

PD10.21	Response to Proposed Policy Framework -
	Cumulative Traffic Impact Assessment

Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Director	Tony Free – Director Planning & Development
Employee	The author, reviewers and authoriser of this report
Disclosure	declare they have no financial or impartiality interest with
under section	this matter.
5.70 Local	
Government Act	There is no financial or personal relationship between
1995 and section	City staff and the proponents or their consultants.
10 of the City of	
Nedlands Code	Whilst parties may be known to each other professionally,
of Conduct for	this relationship is consistent with the limitations placed
Impartiality.	on such relationships by the Codes of Conduct of the City
	and the Planning Institute of Australia
Previous Item	Nil
Attachments	Special Meeting of Electors Minutes – 3 December
/ (taoiiiioiito	2020
Confidential	Legal Review of Policy Proposed at Special Meeting
Attachments	of Electors – 3 December 2020

- 1. acknowledges the legal advice obtained from Castledine Gregory dated 12 February 2021; and
- 2. request that an information briefing session of Councillors be held to allow for discussion on the legal ad
- 3. vice received and for City officers to outline a path forward.

### 12.3 Community Services & Development Report No's CSD01.21 to CSD02.21 (copy attached)

Note: Regulation 11(da) of the *Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996* requires written reasons for each decision made at the meeting that is significantly different from the relevant written recommendation of a committee or an employee as defined in section 5.70, but not a decision to only note the matter or to return the recommendation for further consideration.

CSD01.21	Community	Sport	and	Recreation
	Facilities Fun	d Appli	ications	- Various
	Clubs			

Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
<b>Employee Disclosure</b>	Nil
under section 5.70 of	
the Local	
Government Act	
1995 and section 10	
of the City of	
Nedlands Code of	
Conduct for	
Impartiality.	
Director	Pat Panayotou – Executive Manager Community
Attachments	Nil
Confidential	Nil
Attachments	

#### Committee Recommendation / Recommendation to Committee

- 1. advises Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries that it has ranked and rated the application to the Community Sport and Recreation Facilities Fund Small Grant Round as follows:
  - a. Claremont Nedlands Cricket Club Upgrade of Turf Wicket Infrastructure: Well planned and needed by the applicant (B Rating);
  - b. Nedlands Tennis Club Upgrade of Synthetic Grass Courts:
     Well planned and needed by the applicant (B Rating);

- Allen Park Tennis Club Tennis Court Fence Replacement: Well planned and needed by the applicant (B Rating);
- d. Dalkeith Tennis Club Hardcourt Rebuild with LED Floodlighting: Well planned and needed by the applicant (B Rating); and
- e. Hollywood-Subiaco Bowling Club New Synthetic Bowling Green: Needed by the applicant, more planning required (D Rating).
- 2. endorses each of the above applications to Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries conditional on:
  - a. all necessary statutory approvals are obtained by the applicant; and
  - b. the project receives DLGSCI funding.
- 3. approves a Council grant of \$19,944 (ex GST) to the Claremont Nedlands Cricket Club for its Upgrade of Turf Wicket Infrastructure project on Melvista Oval;
- 4. approves a Council grant of \$25,000 (ex GST) to the Nedlands Tennis Club for its Upgrade of Synthetic Grass Courts project;
- 5. approves a Council grant of \$27,324 (ex GST) to the Allen Park Tennis Club for its Tennis Court Fence Replacement project;
- 6. approves a council grant of \$99,289 (ex GST) to the Dalkeith Tennis Club for its Hardcourt Rebuild with LED Floodlighting project;
- 7. provides in-principle support to the Hollywood-Subiaco Bowling Club's application; however, recommends that the project is deferred pending the Master Plan for Highview Park;
- 8. carries over the \$100,000 approved for CSRFF expenditure in the 2020/21 budget to the 2021/22 financial year; and
- 9. instructs the CEO to include a further \$100,000 in the draft 2022/23 budget for expenditure on CSRFF grants, for Council consideration in the 2022/23 budgeting process (in addition to the carried-over amount referred to at item 8 above).

CSD02.21	Future	use	of	Haldane	House,	109
	Montgo	mery .	Aver	nue, Mt Cla	remont	

Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee Disclosure	Nil
under section 5.70 of	
the Local	
Government Act	
1995 and section 10	
of the City of	
Nedlands Code of	
Conduct for	
Impartiality.	
Director	Pat Panayotou – Executive Manager Community
Attachments	Nil
Confidential	Nil
Attachments	

- 1. notes the options available for future use of Haldane House as detailed within this report;
- 2. instructs the CEO to commence arrangements for the operations of the Nedlands Community Care Service to be transferred from the 97-99 Waratah Avenue, Dalkeith site, to Haldane House, and;
- 3. authorises expenditure of \$15,000 from the Welfare Reserve, to assist with the costs of moving from 97 Waratah Avenue to Haldane House, setting up Haldane House for the clients with the purchase of some new furniture and resources, to be reconciled in the budget process.

#### 12.4 Corporate & Strategy Report No's CPS05.21 to CPS08.21 (copy attached)

Note: Regulation 11(da) of the *Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996* requires written reasons for each decision made at the meeting that is significantly different from the relevant written recommendation of a committee or an employee as defined in section 5.70, but not a decision to only note the matter or to return the recommendation for further consideration.

CPS05.21	List of Accounts Paid – January 2021
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Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	
section 5.70	
Local	
Government Act	
1995	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
Attachments	1. Creditor Payment Listing – January 2021; and
	Credit Card and Purchasing Card Payments –
	January 2021 (29 December 2020 – 27 January
	2021).
Confidential	Nil.
Attachments	

#### **Committee Recommendation / Recommendation to Committee**

Council receives the List of Accounts Paid for the months of January 2021 as per attachments.

CPS06.21	Future of Nedlands Child Health Clinic – 152
	Melvista Avenue, Nedlands

Committee	9 March 2021
Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	
section 5.70	
Local	
Government Act	
1995	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
Attachments	1. Building Maintenance Inspection – May 2020; and
	2. Asset Management Inspection – May 2020.
Confidential	Nil.
Attachments	

- 1. accepts the variances to the Management Licence requested by the Department of Health, with the exclusion of the request to reduce the Licence Fee to \$5,000 per annum;
- 2. instructs the CEO to advise the Department of Health that the City's final offer for a Licence Fee will remain at \$10,000 per annum; and
- should the Department of Health accept the City's terms, and subject to the Minister for Lands Consent, approves the Mayor and CEO to execute the agreement and apply the City's common seal; and
- 4. should the Department of Health decline to accept the City's terms, instruct the CEO to request the Department vacate the premises, giving 3 months' notice and request Administration investigate possible cost-neutral or revenue generating options for the facility, including detail and cost implications surrounding demolition of the facility and provide a further report to Council.

CPS07.21	Swanbourne Nedlands Surf Life Saving
	Club - Variation to Lease at 282 Marine
	Parade, Swanbourne

Committee	9 February 2021
Council	23 February 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	
section 5.70	
Local	
Government Act	
1995	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
Attachments	Nil.
Confidential	Nil.
Attachments	

- 1. instructs the CEO to arrange a Deed of Variation to the Lease with Swanbourne Nedlands Surf Life Saving Club with the agreement to be prepared at the City's cost; and
- 2. subject to the Minister for Lands Consent, authorises the CEO and Mayor to execute the Deed of Variation agreement and apply the City's Common Seal.

CPS08.21 Mid-Year Budget Review – 2020/21
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Committee	9 February 2021
Council	23 February 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	
section 5.70	
Local	
Government Act	
1995	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
Attachments	Revised Rate Setting Statement for the year
	ending 30 June 2021;
	2. List of Changes Required to the Revised Operating
	Budget 2020/21; and
	3. List of Changes Required to the Revised Capital
	Works & Acquisition Program Budget 2020/21.
Confidential	Nil.
Attachments	

#### Recommendation to Committee

#### Council:

- receives and adopts, in accordance with Regulation 33A of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996, the mid-year budget review and the revised Rate Setting Statement for the year ending 30 June 2021;
- 2. notes the requested changes to the current 2020/21 Annual Budget listed in Attachments 2 and 3, and summarised in this report;
- 3. approves the net decrease in transfers from reserves of \$460,828; and
- 4. approves the Draft Budget incorporating all the changes listed in Attachments 1, 2 and 3 of this report, providing an estimated net surplus of \$620,742 (Attachment 1).

ABSOLUTE MAJORITY REQUIRED

#### 13. Reports by the Chief Executive Officer

#### 13.1 List of Delegated Authorities – February 2021

The attached List of Delegated Authorities for the month of February 2021 is to be received.

#### February 2021

Date of use of delegation of authority	Title	Property	Position exercising delegated authority	Act	Section of Act	Applicant / CoN / Property Owner / Other			
February 2020									
1/02/2021	3048812 - Withdrawn Parking Infringement Notice - Compassionate Grounds	28 Leura Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 307, 37302, 135913	Manager Health & Compliance	Local Government Act 1995	9.20/6.12(1)	Dee Ghandi			
1/02/2021	BA135415 Demolition permit - Full site	92 Kingsway, NEDLANDS, Lot 3, 54952, 153031	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	Preferred Demolition			
1/02/2021	BA133042 Certified building permit - Dwelling	22 Baird Avenue, NEDLANDS, Lot 2, 82648, 200238	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Residential Building WA			
2/02/2021	BA131701 Certified building permit - Dwelling	64 Mayfair Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 1, 82724, 108043	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Distinctive Homes WA			

3/02/2021	(APP) -DA21-59904 - 86 Adelma Road, Dalkeith - Removal of Previous Planning Conditions	86 Adelma Road, DALKEITH, Lot 164, 14277, 113662	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	J Ralph
3/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-54104 - 17 Adderley Street, Mt Claremont - Grouped Dwelling	17 Adderley Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 289, 288, 100552	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	W Pole
4/02/2021	Approval to write off uncollected Infringement Notice debit - \$12,014.01	71 Stirling Highway, NEDLANDS, Lot 500, 43521, 142026	Chief Executive Officer	Local Government Act 1995	6.12(1)(c)	
4/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-52566 - Rodrigues Bodycoat Architects - 1 Mayfair Street, Mt Claremont - Residential Single House	1 Mayfair Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 206, 7777, 107334	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	Rodrigues Bodycoat Architects
4/02/2021	BA135285 Demolition permit - Garage and upper floor only	59 Goldsmith Road, DALKEITH, Lot 3851, 20462, 119768	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	Nateis Contracting Pty Ltd

4/02/2021	BA131653 Certified building permit - Dwelling	64A Mayfair Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 2, 82725, 200857	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Distinctive Homes WA
5/02/2021	3048958 -Withdrawn Parking Infringement Notice - Compassionate Grounds	Monash Avenue, NEDLANDS, Lot 8699, 39833, 138396	Manager Health & Compliance	Local Government Act 1995	9.21/6.12(1)	Pavneet Kaur
5/02/2021	BA135584 Certified building permit - Dwelling	4/116 Waratah Avenue, DALKEITH, Lot 4, 82721, 200832	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Projex Management and Construction
8/02/2021	BA135130 Certified building permit - Dwelling	59 Riley Road, DALKEITH, Lot 241, 25860, 125005	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Building Corporation WA Pty Ltd
8/02/2021	3047109Withdrawn Parking Infringement Notice - Compassionate Grounds	Marine Parade, SWANBOURNE, Lot 328, 80383, 184721	Manager Health & Compliance	Local Government Act 1995	9.20/6.12(1)	Abla Ruhayel
8/02/2021	BA135244 Certified building permit -Dwelling	3/116 Waratah Avenue, DALKEITH, Lot 3, 82720, 200824	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Projex Management & Construction
8/02/2021	BA132638 Uncertified building permit - Pool barrier	62 Browne Avenue, DALKEITH, Lot 95, 17178, 116483	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Mulvay Pty Ltd

8/02/2021	BA133203 Uncertified building permit - Pool barrier, Deck	12 Jubaea Garden(s), MT CLAREMONT, Lot	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	s20.1	Bobtail Landscaping
9/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-56358 - 7 Wavell Road, Dalkeith - Residential Single House	201, 73978, 171041 7 Wavell Road, DALKEITH, Lot 698, 30601, 129544	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015		New Home Building Brokers
9/02/2021	BA135683 Demolition permit - Full site	54 Alexander Road, DALKEITH, Lot 1, 15011, 114355	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	Brajkovich Demolition & Salvage Pty Ltd
9/02/2021	BA135199 Demolition permit - Full Site	64 Kingsway, NEDLANDS, Lot 7, 68399, 165555	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	Brajkovich Demolition & Salvage Pty Ltd
9/02/2021	BA135710 Certified building permit - Dwelling	20B Dalkeith Road, NEDLANDS, Lot 701, 82637, 200162	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Bauer & Young Pty Ltd
10/02/2021	BA133099 Certified building permit - Additions	24 Odern Crescent, SWANBOURNE, Lot 72, 9517, 109082	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Jumeirah Homes
10/02/2021	BA134435 Certified building permit - 5 Storey Apartment	95A Waratah Avenue, DALKEITH, Lot 388, 29042, 128033	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Pyramid Constructions (WA) Pty Ltd

10/02/2021	BA135917 Demolition permit - full site	68 Archdeacon Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 532, 46684, 145037	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	BJF Holdings
10/02/2021	BA135869 Demolition permit - Full site	32 Clark Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 417, 49991, 148163	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	Vinsan Contracting
11/02/2021	BA135845 Certified building permit - Dwelling	63A Strickland Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 0, 82644, 200204	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Plunkett Homes
11/02/2021	BA136068 Demolition permit - Full site	24 Clark Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 421, 49894, 148064	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	Vinsan Contracting
11/02/2021	BA133124 Certified building permit - Storage Facility	101 Monash Avenue, NEDLANDS, Lot 565, 82619, 181206	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Cooper & Oxley Builders
12/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-54361 - 7 Edward Street, Nedlands - 4x Residential Grouped Dwellings	7 Edward Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 435, 52154, 150250	Manager Urban Planning	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	Welink Group Pty Ltd
12/02/2021	BA135114 Certified building permit - Dwelling	27 Kennedia Lane, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 3, 82726, 200865	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Subiaco Building Company

12/02/2021	BA136487 Uncertified building permit - Alterations	7 Gainsford Lane, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 355, 77365, 174649	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Mr C McKenzie
15/02/2021	(APP) DA20-57115 - 13 Shann Street, Floreat	13 Shann Street, FLOREAT, Lot 1, 77225, 174367	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes)	Regulations 2015	Coast Homes WA Pty Ltd
15/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-57231 - 6 Watt Street, Swanbourne - Amendment to DA19- 40572	6 Watt Street, SWANBOURNE, Lot 115, 13069, 112490	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes)	Regulations 2015	Create Homes Pty Ltd
15/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-56936 - 24 Lisle Street, Mt Claremont - Residential Single House	24 Lisle Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 338, 6991, 106583	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	Oswald Homes (1972) Pty Ltd
15/02/2021	BA135778 Uncertified building permit - Carport	2 Viewway, NEDLANDS, Lot 490, 63739, 161422	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	M S Platell
15/02/2021	BA135610 Certified building permit - Pool	57 Adderley Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 67, 741, 100990	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Aquatic Leisure Technologies Pty Ltd

15/02/2021	BA132586 Building approval certificate - Deck	20 Clement Street, SWANBOURNE, Lot 405, 82098, 102905	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	58.1	Resolve Group Pty Ltd
15/02/2021	BA134244 Certified building permit - Dwelling	9 Lisle Street, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 322, 6844, 106435	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Distinctive Homes WA
15/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-57599 - 197 Selby Street, Floreat - Residential Single House Carport Addition and Retrospective Outbuilding	197 Selby Street, FLOREAT, Lot 275, 11059, 110544	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	Mass Group WA
15/02/2021	BA136603 Certified building permit - Retaining wall	9 Muecke Way, SHENTON PARK, Lot 26, 82591, 199893	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Ranlak Pty Ltd
16/02/2021	BA136449 Certified building permit - Pool	59 Riley Road, DALKEITH, Lot 241, 25860, 125005	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Quality Dolphin Pools
16/02/2021	3047110 - Withdrawn Parking Infringement Notice - Compassionate Grounds	Marine Parade, SWANBOURNE, Lot 328, 80383, 184721	Manager Health & Compliance	Local Government Act 1995	9.20/6.12(1)	Kaheil Soloman
16/02/2021	BA136312 Demolition permit - Full site	3 Archdeacon Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 129, 46008, 144378	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	BJF Holdings

16/02/2021	BA135185 Uncertified building permit - Addition	28 Marita Road, NEDLANDS, Lot 102, 56271, 154310	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Mr L Q Haskett
16/02/2021	BA135893 Certified building permit - Addition	46 Archdeacon Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 180, 46456, 144808	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Addstyle Constructions Pty Ltd
17/02/2021	(APP) - DA20-56506 - 16 Viewway, Nedlands - Residential - Single House	16 Viewway, NEDLANDS, Lot 483, 63878, 161562	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes)	Regulations 2015	Atrium Homes (WA) Pty Ltd
17/02/2021	BA136424 Uncertified building permit - Paio	1 Kings Row, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 519, 72655, 169482	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Wanneroo Patios
17/02/2021	BA13551 Demolition permit - Full site	13 Shann Street, FLOREAT, Lot 1, 77225, 174367	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	21.1	AAA Demolition & Tree Service
17/02/2021	BA136478 Certified building permit - Dwelling	100A Smyth Road, NEDLANDS, Lot 889, 82723, 200840	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Allure Homes (WA) Pty Ltd
18/02/2021	BA136218 Building approval certificate - Retaining wall	26 Shann Street, FLOREAT, Lot 65, 11601, 111054	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	58.1	Perth Building Certifiers
18/02/2021	BA127133 Building approval certificate - Storeroom	197 Selby Street, FLOREAT, Lot 275, 11059, 110544	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	58.1	Ms R Creighan

18/02/2021	BA134121 Certified building permit - 9 x	9 Doonan Road, NEDLANDS, Lot	Manager Building	Building Act 2011	20.1	BRUCE CONSTRUCTION
18/02/2021	Dwelling BA136367 Certified building permit - Dwelling	81, 51441, 149542 48 Alexander Road, DALKEITH, Lot 505, 14976, 114314	Services  Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	DESIGN TONY TOMIZZI BUILDERS
19/02/2021	BA135955 Certified building permit - Stage 1 Forward works	68 Jutland Parade, DALKEITH, Lot 6, 22579, 121798	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Maek Pty Ltd
22/02/2021	BA135738 Certified building permit - Patio	2 Endell Ridge, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 336, 78075, 175992	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Allcolour Holdings Pty Ltd
22/02/2021	BA57786 Certified building permit - Additions (final stage)	13 Hobbs Avenue, DALKEITH, Lot 50, 20705, 119990	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Mr G Knights
22/02/2021	BA137453 Certified building permit - Pool	131 Circe Circle South, DALKEITH, Lot 743, 18247, 117549	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Malibu Pools and Spas
22/02/2021	BA127146 Certified building permit - Carport	197 Selby Street, FLOREAT, Lot 275, 11059, 110544	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Mass Group WA
22/02/2021	BA135978 Certified building permit - Dwelling	15 Sadka Lane, SHENTON PARK, Lot 10, 82564, 199687	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Residential Building WA

22/02/2021	BA136970 Building approval certificate - Footing change	24 Nandina Avenue, MT CLAREMONT, Lot 201, 8850, 108431	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	58.1	Resolve Group Pty Ltd
23/02/2021	3045368 - Withdrawn Parking Infringement Notice - Compassionate Grounds	Lemnos Street, SHENTON PARK, Lot 41989, 76316, 173344	Manager Health & Compliance	Local Government Act 1995	9.20/6.12(1)	Lisa Barry
23/02/2021	3048900 - Withdrawn Parking Infringement Notice - Compassionate Grounds	72 Monash Avenue, NEDLANDS, Lot 254, 39956, 138511	Manager Health & Compliance	Local Government Act 1995	9.20/6.12/(1)	Joseph Brosnan
23/02/2021	BA131893 Uncertified building permit - Pergola	13 Whitfeld Street, FLOREAT, Lot 217, 13378, 112813	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Soltex Pty Ltd
23/02/2021	BA136393 Certified building permit - Dwelling	64 Kingsway, NEDLANDS, Lot 7, 68399, 165555	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Averna Pty Ltd
23/02/2021	BA137472 Occupancy permit - Offices	26 Leura Street, NEDLANDS, Lot 308, 81044, 167411	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	58.1	Perth Building Certifiers
24/02/2021	(APP) - DA21-60374 - 21 Kinninmont Avenue, Nedlands - Residential - Single House - Front Fence	21 Kinninmont Avenue, NEDLANDS, Lot 199, 36089, 134775	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	K F Martinick & N J Martinick

24/02/2021	BA135829 Certified building permit - Shed extension	119 Melvista Avenue, NEDLANDS, Lot 706, 56938, 154971	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Andantino Pty Ltd
25/02/2021	BA135727 Certified building permit - Dwelling	20A Dalkeith Road, NEDLANDS, Lot 700, 82636, 200154	Manager Building Services	Building Act 2011	20.1	Bauer & Young Pty Ltd
25/02/2021	(APP) - DA21-59339 - 90 Mountjoy Road, Nedlands - Residential Single House	90 Mountjoy Road, NEDLANDS, Lot 35, 57837, 155853	Principal Planner	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015	Regulation 82	R Fitzgerald

# 13.2 Monthly Financial Report – February 2021

Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil
Disclosure under	
section 5.70 Local	
Government Act	
1995 and section	
10 of the city of	
Nedlands Code of	
Conduct for	
Impartiality.	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
Attachments	<ol> <li>Financial Summary (Operating) by Business Units</li> <li>28 February 2021</li> </ol>
	2. Capital Works & Acquisitions – 28 February 2021
	3. Statement of Net Current Assets – 28 February 2021
	4. Statement of Financial Activity –28 February 2021
	5. Borrowings – 28 February 2021
	6. Statement of Financial Position – 28 February 2021
	7. Operating Income & Expenditure by Reporting Activity – 28 February 2021
	8. Operating Income by Reporting Nature & Type – 28 February 2021

### **Executive Summary**

Administration is required to provide Council with a monthly financial report in accordance with Regulation 34(1) of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996. The monthly financial variance from the budget of each business unit is reviewed with the respective manager and the Executive to identify the need for any remedial action. Significant variances are highlighted to Council in the attached Monthly Financial Report.

# **Recommendation to Council**

Council receives the Monthly Financial Report for 28 February 2021.

# **Discussion/Overview**

The financial impact of COVID-19 is reflected with effect from April, the Hardship policy endorsed at the Special Council Meeting of 14 April 2020 introduced measures to support the City's many stakeholders these are also reflected in the financials.

1. The monthly financial management report meets the requirements of Regulation 34(1) and 34(5) of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.

2.

3. The monthly financial variance from the budget of each business unit is reviewed with the respective Manager and the Executive to identify the need for any remedial action. Significant variances are highlighted to Council in the Monthly Financial Report.

4.

5. This report gives an overview of the revenue and expenses of the City for the year to date 28 February 2021 together with a Statement of Net Current Assets as at 28 February 2021.

6.

7. The operating revenue at the end of February 2021 was \$32.61 M which represents \$936 K favourable variance compared to the year-to-date budget.

8.

9. The operating expense at the end of February 2021 was \$20.98 M, which represents \$557 K favourable variance compared to the year-to-date budget.

10.

11. The attached Operating Statement compares "Actual" with "Budget" by Business Units. The budget figures include subsequent Council approval to budget changes. Variations from the budget of revenue and expenses by Directorates are highlighted in the following paragraphs.

### Governance

Expenditure: Favourable variance of \$ 1,051 Revenue: Unfavourable variance of \$ (76,922)

The favourable expenditure variance is mainly due to:

- WESROC expenses of \$266k not spent,
- Office expenses and special projects Communication of \$54k not spent vet.
- Other employee costs and Member of Councils of \$66k not spent yet,
- Professional fees overspend by \$76k arising from additional legal advice on planning matters,
- The salary reduction of \$442k as resolved by Council at the adoption of the budget has been shown as a reduction in salaries of approximately \$36k per month in Governance as a temporary budget item until the actual savings across the business units are identified and actioned. Thereafter the budget savings will be moved to the respective business units. The above list of savings of \$310k is offset against the \$288K salary savings yet to be realised, though underway.

The unfavourable revenue variance is due to the relocating of all WESROC services to another local government and subsequently there will be no income receivable. For the past 5 years the City of Nedlands has hosted the WESROC

Environmental Officer's position and managed expenses and invoicing of WESROC local governments. This position has now moved to the Town of Claremont, along with the associated management of the WESROC financials. The budget for WESROC expense and revenue will be adjusted at mid-year budget review to reflect the move of the WESROC services to the Town of Claremont.

## **Corporate and Strategy**

Expenditure: Unfavourable variance of \$ (60,587) Revenue: Favourable variance of \$ 439,369

The favourable expenditure variances are mainly due to:

- Professional fees of \$96k not spent yet,
- Offset by ICT expenses of \$139k.

The favourable revenue variances are mainly due to:

- Increase in Rates income of \$561k because of 3<sup>rd</sup> interim rates.
- Offset by lower term deposit interest income of \$131k.

# **Community Development and Services**

Expenditure: Favourable variance of \$ 265,916 Revenue: Favourable variance of \$ 286,888

The favourable expenditure variance is mainly due to:

- Community Special projects, donations of \$122k not expensed yet,
- Savings on PRCC salary of \$44k due to delay in filling up vacant position.
- Positive ageing other expenses of \$15k not expensed yet,
- Nedlands library salary, office and other expenses of \$69k not yet expensed.

The favourable income variance is mainly due to:

- Increase fees and charges from Tresillian and PRCC of \$269k at the time
  of setting the budget revenue estimates were based on the Covid 19
  environment at that time (i.e. restrictions relating to public attendances at
  events), with restrictions easing these services have benefitted from higher
  attendances
- Increase on NCC grants income by \$30k,
- Offset by lower Grants from Volunteer services and from council properties of \$18k.

### **Planning and Development**

Expenditure: Favourable variance of \$ 190.482

Revenue: Favourable variance of \$ 267,567 The Favourable expenditure variance is mainly due to:

- Urban Projects expenses of \$526k not expensed yet. YTD budget increased by \$280k.
- Operational activities of \$101k not spent yet.
- Underspent environmental salaries of \$50k due to delay in back-filling vacancies.
- Urban planning, Ranger services and Building services salaries over spent by \$246k. Urban planning salaries are higher by \$204k due to increased applications, SAT appeals and unplanned policy work and re-work. Building services salaries is higher by \$27k due to additional works. Ranger services salaries are higher by \$14k.
- Professional fees of \$248k have over expensed as a result of a Council approved un-budgeted expenditure on professional services related to the Woolworths DA appeal including traffic advice, public realm modelling and professional advice.

The favourable revenue variance is mainly due to:

- Increase fees & charges income in Urban Planning, Environmental Health and Building services of \$186k.
- Increase fine & penalties from ranger services of 55k.

#### **Technical Services**

Expenditure: Favourable variance of \$ 160,613 Revenue: Favourable variance of \$ 19,317

The favourable expenditure variance is mainly due to:

- Building, road, and Park maintenance expense of \$394k not expensed yet,
- Plant expenses and waste minimisation expenses of \$651k not expensed vet.
- Underground power project of \$290k over expensed due to profiling, scoping, and planning work by Western power. Under YTD budget of \$983k,
- Utilities invoices of \$63k not received yet,
- Off-set against lower charge out of on-cost to projects by \$679k.

The small favourable revenue variance is mainly due to timing variances.

# **Borrowings**

As at 28 February 2021, we have a balance of borrowings of \$4.77 M.

### **Net Current Assets Statement**

At 28 February 2021, net current assets were \$13.96 M compared to \$13.59 M as at 28 February 2020. Current assets are higher by \$3.7 M offset by lower current liabilities of \$3.6 M.

Outstanding rates debtors are \$3.7 M as at 28 February 2021 compared to \$4.1 M as at 28 February 2021. Breakdown as follows:

	28 February 2021 (\$000)	28 February 2020 (\$000)	Variance
	,	,	(\$000)
Rates	\$3,041	\$3,335	-\$294
Rubbish & Pool	\$97	\$103	-\$6
Pensioner Rebates	\$449	\$551	-\$102
ESL	\$113	\$119	-\$6

# **Capital Works Programme**

As at 28 February, expenditure on capital works was \$3.01 M with additional capital commitments of \$1.56 K which is 52% of a total budget of \$8.7 M.

# **Employee Data**

Description	Number
Number of employees (total of full-time, part-time and casual employees) as of the last day of the previous month	175
Number of contract staff (temporary/agency staff) as of the last day of the previous month	3
*FTE (Full Time Equivalent) count as of the last day of the previous month	153.61
Number of unfilled staff positions at the end of each month	15

Reduction in Full Time Employees from 133 in January to 129 in February as a result of a number of resignations. Part time employee numbers remain steady at 29. Occupied FTE reduced from 159.28 to 153.61. Temp contractors reduced from 4 to 3, being 2 assisting in Finance Department and 1 in Assets.

# Conclusion

The statement of financial activity for the period ended 28 February 2021 indicates that operating expenses are under the year-to-date budget by 2.95% or \$557 K, while revenue is above the Budget by 2.95% or \$936 K.

# **Key Relevant Previous Council Decisions:**

Nil.

# Consultation

N/A

# **Strategic Implications**

The 2020/21 approved budget is in line with the City's strategic direction. Our operations and capital spend, and income is undertaken in line with and measured against the budget.

The 2020/21 approved budget ensures that there is an equitable distribution of benefits in the community

The 2020/21 budget was prepared in line with the City's level of tolerance of risk and it is managed through budgetary review and control.

The approved budget was based on zero based budgeting concept which requires all income and expenses to be thoroughly reviewed against data and information available to perform the City's services at a sustainable level.

# **Budget/Financial Implications**

As outlined in the Monthly Financial Report.



#### CITY OF NEDLANDS FINANCIAL SUMMARY - OPERATING - BY BUSINESS UNIT AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2021

Row Labels	Master Account (desc)	February Actual YTD F	ebruary Budget YTD Va	ariance Co	ommitted Balance An	nual Budget
Sovernance	muster recount (acse)	restactly needed 115	cordary badget 11b	arianee ee	Timeted Balance 741	Tradi Dadget
CEO's Office						
Governance						
Expense						
20420	Salaries - Governance	546,523	238,442	(308,081)	0	404,95
20421	Other Employee Costs - Governance	20,368	12,100	(8,268)	21	13,70
20423	Office - Governance	27,517	28,540	1,023	2,792	32,86
20425	Depreciation - Governance	67,200	67,200	0	0	100,80
20427	Finance - Governance	105,600	105,600	0	0	158,40
20428	Insurance - Governance	0	0	0	0	
20430	Other Expense - Governance	20,363	9,997	(10,366)	3,152	15,00
20434	Professional Fees - Governance	286,330	210,008	(76,322)	48,969	315,00
20450	Special Projects - Governance / PC93	10,442	277,126	266,684	0	289,39
Expense T	otal	1,084,342	949,013	(135,329)	54,935	1,330,11
Income						
	Sundry Income - Governance/PC 93	(10,752)	(80,140)	(69,388)	0	(160,28
50416	Contributions & Reimbursements	(2,466)	0	2,466	0	
Income To	tal	(13,218)	(80,140)	(66,922)	0	(160,28
Governance	Total	1,071,124	868,873	(202,251)	54,935	1,169,8
Communica	tions					
Expense						
28320	Salaries - Communications	191,100	183,803	(7,297)	0	292,7
28321	Other Employee Costs - Communications	1,779	14,245	12,466	0	14,2
28322	Staff Recruitment - Communications	0	1,500	1,500	0	1,5
28323	Office - Communications	24,214	59,160	34,946	6,173	90,9
28327	Finance - Communications	58,400	58,400	0	0	87,6
	Other Expense - Communications	2,452	1,864	(588)	0	2,8
28335	ICT Expenses - Communications	29,105	27,760	(1,345)	0	41,6
	Special Projects - Communications / PC 90	7,023	26,250	19,228	(7,012)	33,0
Expense T	otal	314,073	372,982	58,909	(839)	564,5
Communica	tions Total	314,073	372,982	58,909	(839)	564,5
Human Reso	ources					
Expense						
	Salaries - HR	259,962	266,343	6,381	0	424,18
	Other Employee Costs - HR	81,627	111,978	30,351	29,150	174,1
	Staff Recruitment - HR	8,658	8,664	6	231	13,0
	Office - HR	574	1,436	862	0	8,9
20527	Finance - HR	(478,600)	(478,600)	0	0	(717,90
20528	Insurance - HR	92,527	107,740	15,213	0	107,7
	Professional Fees - HR	8,984	7,500	(1,484)	6,500	10,0
Expense T		(26,267)	25,061	51,328	35,881	20,0
Income		` , ,	,	·	·	,
50510	Contributions & Reimbursements - HR	0	(10,000)	(10,000)	0	(20,00
Income To		0	(10,000)	(10,000)	0	(20,00
Human Reso		(26,267)	15,061	41,328	35,881	( -,
Members O		(20)20.7	15,001	. 2,020	55,552	
Expense						
20323	Office - MOC	8,925	12,336	3,411	6,626	18,5
20325	Depreciation - MOC	600	600	0	0	9
20329	Members of Council - MOC	300,422	324,402	23,980	0	477,6
20323	Other Expense - MOC	1,256	0	(1,256)	0	477,0
20330	Finance - MOC	14,928	14,936	8	0	22,4
Expense T		326,130	352,274	26,144	6,626	519,4
	f Council Total	326,130	352,274	26,144	6,626	519,4
CEO`s Office			1,609,190		96,603	
		1,685,061		(75,871)		2,253,7
overnance To		1,685,061	1,609,190	(75,871)	96,603	2,253,7
orporate & Str						
	ategy & Systems					
Corporate S	ervices					
Expense						
	Salaries - Corporate Services	421,815	401,436	(20,379)	8,400	639,2
	Other Employee Costs - Corporate Services	10,626	18,610	7,984	0	27,1
	Motor Vehicles - Corporate Services	12,885	13,336	451	0	20,0
	Finance - Corporate Services	(160,600)	(160,600)	0	0	(240,90
21230	Other Expense - Corporate Services	7,229	8,000	771	3,680	12,0
21234	Professional Fees - Corporate Services	0	37,500	37,500	0	50,00
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Row Labels	Master Account (desc)	February Actual YTD F	February Budget YTD	/ariance	Committed Balance A	nnual Budget
21235	ICT Expenses - Corporate Services	78,384	33,336	(45,048)	5,323	50,000
21250	Special Projects - Corporate Services / PC68	11,300	7,500	(3,800)	3,700	15,000
Expense To		381,640	359,118	(22,522)	21,103	572,498
Customer Se		381,640	359,118	(22,522)	21,103	572,498
Customer Se Expense	rvices					
21320	Salaries - Customer Service	191,572	213,677	22,105	577	337,365
21321	Other Employee Costs - Customer Service	2,266	6,120	3,854	0	6,120
21323	Office - Customer Service	3,164	4,100	936	3,554	6,200
21327	Finance - Customer Service	(232,864)	(232,866)	(2)	0	(349,300)
	Other Expense - Customer Service	0	136	136	812	200
	Special Projects - Customer Service	0	0	0	0	0
Expense To	otal	(35,862)	(8,833)	27,029	4,943	585
Income						
	Sundry Income - Customer Service	0	(400)	(400)	0	(600)
51301	Fees & Charges - Customer Services	(290)	0	290	0	0
Income To		(290)	(400)	(110)	0	(600)
Customer Se	ervices Total	(36,152)	(9,233)	26,919	4,943	(15)
ICT						
Expense	Salarias ICT	350 633	220.251	(27.704)		205.050
21720	Salaries - ICT	258,138	230,354	(27,784)	0	365,958
	Other Employee Costs - ICT	1,573	3,420	1,847	12 225	3,420
21723 21724	Office - ICT  Motor Vehicles - ICT	53,339	22,701	(30,638)	13,225	33,365 0
	Depreciation - ICT Finance - ICT	110,533 (809,400)	137,464 (809,402)	26,931	0	206,200 (1,214,100)
21727	Insurance - ICT	6,652	6,370	(282)	0	6,370
21728	Other Expense - ICT	3,906	6,664	2,758	10	10,000
21734	Professional Fees - ICT	23,257	26,664	3,407	35,701	40,000
	ICT Expenses - ICT	627,729	533,664	(94,065)	119,279	755,000
Expense To		275,727	157,899	(117,828)	168,215	206,213
ICT Total		275,727	157,899	(117,828)	168,215	206,213
	ategy & Systems Total	621,215	507,784	(113,431)	194,261	778,696
Finance	,	, ,	,	( ,, ,	, ,	2,222
Rates						
Expense						
	Salaries - Rates	80,253	76,411	(3,842)	0	121,698
21921	Other Employee Costs - Rates	698	1,520	822	0	1,520
21923	Office - Rates	13,575	15,100	1,525	560	15,200
	Finance - Rates	92,621	106,464	13,843	5,240	144,700
	Other Expense - Rates	10,338	11,500	1,162	2,360	11,500
21934	Professional Fees - Rates	63,344	65,000	1,656	9,614	65,000
Expense To	otal	260,829	275,995	15,166	17,774	359,618
Income			45			
51908	Rates - Rates	(24,978,241)	(24,416,741)	561,500	0	(24,533,233)
Income To	tal	(24,978,241)	(24,416,741)	561,500	0	(24,533,233)
Rates Total		(24,717,413)	(24,140,746)	576,667	17,774	(24,173,615)
General Fina	ince					
Expense	Calarias Finance	455 404	424.200	(24.405)	75 176	COO 741
21420 21421	Salaries - Finance	455,491 4,832	434,306 10,030	(21,185)	75,176 0	690,741
21421	Other Employee Costs - Finance Office - Finance	706	464	5,198 (242)	1,714	10,030 700
21424	Motor Vehicles - Finance	0	0	0	0	0
21425	Depreciation - Finance	600	600	0	0	900
21427	Finance - Finance	(463,913)	(456,666)	7,247	184	(685,000)
	Other Expense - Finance	(403,513)	500	500	0	500
21434	Professional Fees - Finance	380	11,336	10,956	36,166	58,000
		,300	,	-,0		75,871
Expense To			570	2.474	113.239	/3.0/1
Income		(1,904)	570	2,474	113,239	75,671
-			(36,000)	<b>2,474</b> 12,664	0	(54,000)
Income	otal	(1,904)				
Income 51401	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance	(1,904) (48,664)	(36,000)	12,664	0	(54,000) (21,000)
Income 51401 51410	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal	(1,904) (48,664) (21,590)	(36,000) (21,000)	12,664 590	0	(54,000) (21,000)
Income 51401 51410 Income To	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal ince Total	(1,904) (48,664) (21,590) (70,254)	(36,000) (21,000) <b>(57,000)</b>	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b>	0 0 0	(54,000) (21,000) <b>(75,000)</b>
Income 51401 51410 Income To General Fina	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal ince Total	(1,904) (48,664) (21,590) (70,254)	(36,000) (21,000) <b>(57,000)</b>	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b>	0 0 0	(54,000) (21,000) <b>(75,000)</b>
Income 51401 51410 Income To General Fina General Purp	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal ince Total	(1,904) (48,664) (21,590) (70,254) (72,159)	(36,000) (21,000) <b>(57,000)</b>	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b>	0 0 0	(54,000) (21,000) (75,000) 871
Income 51401 51410 Income To General Fina General Purp Expense 21623 21627	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal ince Total pose	(1,904) (48,664) (21,590) (70,254) (72,159)	(36,000) (21,000) <b>(57,000)</b> (56,430)	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b> 15,729	0 0 <b>0</b> 113,239	(54,000) (21,000) <b>(75,000)</b> 871
Income 51401 51410 Income To General Fina General Purp Expense 21623 21627 21631	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal Ince Total Dose  Office - General Purpose Finance - General Purpose Interest - General Purpose	(1,904)  (48,664) (21,590) (70,254) (72,159)  154 20,258 120,854	(36,000) (21,000) (57,000) (56,430) 0 24,664 114,744	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b> 15,729 (154) 4,406 (6,110)	0 0 0 113,239	(54,000) (21,000) (75,000) 871 0 37,000 172,115
Income 51401 51410 Income To General Fina General Purp Expense 21623 21627 21631 Expense To	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal Ince Total Dose  Office - General Purpose Finance - General Purpose Interest - General Purpose	(1,904) (48,664) (21,590) (70,254) (72,159)  154 20,258	(36,000) (21,000) (57,000) (56,430)	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b> 15,729 (154) 4,406	0 0 0 113,239	(54,000) (21,000) (75,000) 871 0 37,000
Income 51401 51410 Income To General Fina General Purp Expense 21623 21627 21631	Fees & Charges - Finance Sundry Income - Finance tal Ince Total Dose  Office - General Purpose Finance - General Purpose Interest - General Purpose	(1,904)  (48,664) (21,590) (70,254) (72,159)  154 20,258 120,854	(36,000) (21,000) (57,000) (56,430) 0 24,664 114,744	12,664 590 <b>13,254</b> 15,729 (154) 4,406 (6,110)	0 0 0 113,239	(54,000) (21,000) (75,000) 871 0 37,000 172,115

ow Labels 51607	Master Account (desc) Interest - General Purpose	February Actual YTD Febr (73,727)	(205,000)	riance Comr (131,273)	nitted Balance A 0	nnual Budget (275,000
51610	Sundry Income - General Purpose			23	0	(275,000
	,	(23)	(477.350)			1639.00
Income To		(341,974)	(477,250)	(135,276)	0	(638,00
General Pur		(200,707)	(337,842)	(137,135)	0	(428,88
Shared Servi	ices					
Expense				4		
	Office - Shared Services	71,916	71,336	(580)	20,583	107,00
	Finance - Shared Services	(157,664)	(157,664)	0	0	(236,500
21528	Insurance - Shared Services	5,625	0	(5,625)	0	
	Professional Fees - Shared Services	30,842	74,000	43,158	15,668	129,50
Expense T	otal	(49,280)	(12,328)	36,952	36,251	
Shared Servi	ices Total	(49,280)	(12,328)	36,952	36,251	
Finance Total		(25,039,559)	(24,547,346)	492,213	167,264	(24,601,62
orporate & St	rategy Total	(24,418,344)	(24,039,562)	378,782	361.525	(23,822,93
Community D						
	Development					
	Development					
Expense	Calada Carray di Danala ana at	205 607	202.275	(2.222)		402.5
	Salaries - Community Development	305,607	303,375	(2,232)	0	482,5
	Other Employee Costs - Community Development	4,325	7,560	3,235	0	9,2
	Office - Community Development	866	664	(202)	0	1,0
	Motor Vehicles - Community Development	5,572	6,000	428	0	9,0
	Depreciation - Community Development	733	736	3	0	1,1
	Finance - Community Development	90,600	90,600	0	0	135,9
28128	Insurance - Community Development	0	0	0	0	
	Other Expense - Community Development	4,538	5,008	470	0	7,5
28134	Professional Fees - Community Development	0	336	336	0	5
28137	Donations - Community Development	75,606	130,400	54,794	0	186,0
28150	Special Projects - Community Development	8,982	77,000	68,018	5,328	77,0
28151	OPRL Activities - Community Development / PC82-87	42,624	41,464	(1,160)	17,609	86,1
Expense T		539,453	663,143	123,690	22,937	995,8
	Otal	333,433	003,143	123,030	22,331	333,0
Income	Face O. Character Community Development	(5.622)	(0.220)	(2.706)		/4.4.00
58101	Fees & Charges - Community Development	(5,622)	(9,328)	(3,706)	0	(14,00
58104	Grants Operating - Community Development	0	(664)	(664)	0	(1,00
58106	Contributions & Reimbursem - Community Development	0	(3,336)	(3,336)	0	(5,00
Income To		(5,622)	(13,328)	(7,706)	0	(20,00
Community	Development Total	533,831	649,815	115,984	22,937	975,8
Community	Facilities					
Expense						
28252	Finance - Community Facilities	6,000	6,000	0	0	9,0
28220	Salaries - Community Facilities	27,321	27,587	266	0	44,0
28253	Communiy Insurance- Community Facilities	1,563	6,367	4,805	0	6,3
Expense T	otal	34,884	39,954	5,070	0	59,3
Income		3 1,55 1	55,55	-,		,-
58201	Fees & Charges - Community Facilities	(1,030)	(336)	694	0	(50
58209	Council Property - Community Facilities	(121,516)	(130,928)	(9,412)	0	(209,90
Income To		(122,546)	(131,264)	(8,718)	0	(210,40
	Facilities Total	(87,663)	(91,310)	(3,647)	0	(151,03
Volunteer Se	ervices VRC					
Expense						
29320	Salaries - Volunteer Services VRC	79,703	57,918	(21,785)	0	92,2
	Other Employee Cost - Volunteer Services VRC	809	1,160	351	0	1,1
29323	Office - Volunteer Services VRC	1,117	1,875	758	0	2,7
29327	Finance - Volunteer Services VRC	27,736	27,736	0	0	41,6
29328	Insurance - Volunteer Services VRC	0	0	0	0	
	Other Expense - Volunteer Services VRC	3	1,575	1,572	0	4,1
	-	109,369	90,264	(19,105)	0	141,8
	· · ·		55,254	(=0,=00)		1-1-10
Expense T						(31,00
Expense T Income	Grants Operating - Volunteer Services VPC	(14 600)	(33 350)	(8 642)	0	(31,00
Expense T Income 59304	Grants Operating - Volunteer Services VRC	(14,608)	(23,250)	(8,642)	0	
Expense To Income 59304 Income To	otal	(14,608)	(23,250)	(8,642)	0	(31,00
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer Se	otal ervices VRC Total	, , ,				<b>(31,00</b> 110,8
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer So Volunteer So	otal ervices VRC Total	(14,608)	(23,250)	(8,642)	0	(31,00
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer So Volunteer So Expense	otal ervices VRC Total ervices NVS	<b>(14,608)</b> 94,761	<b>(23,250)</b> 67,014	<b>(8,642)</b> (27,747)	<b>0</b> 0	<b>(31,00</b> 110,8
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer So Volunteer So	otal ervices VRC Total	(14,608)	(23,250)	(8,642)	0	<b>(31,00</b> 110,8
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer So Volunteer So Expense	otal ervices VRC Total ervices NVS	<b>(14,608)</b> 94,761	<b>(23,250)</b> 67,014	<b>(8,642)</b> (27,747)	<b>0</b> 0	(31,00 110,8
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer So Volunteer So Expense 29220	otal ervices VRC Total ervices NVS Salaries - Volunteer Services NVS	(14,608) 94,761 19,477	(23,250) 67,014 18,902	(8,642) (27,747) (575)	0	(31,00 110,8 30,0 3
Expense T Income 59304 Income To Volunteer So Volunteer So Expense 29220 29221	otal ervices VRC Total ervices NVS  Salaries - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Employee Costs - Volunteer Services NVS	(14,608) 94,761 19,477 177	(23,250) 67,014 18,902 380	(8,642) (27,747) (575) 203	0 0 0	(31,00 110,8 30,0 3 5
Income  59304  Income To  Volunteer So  Expense  29220  29221  29223  29227	ervices VRC Total ervices NVS  Salaries - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Employee Costs - Volunteer Services NVS  Office - Volunteer Services NVS  Finance - Volunteer Services NVS	(14,608) 94,761 19,477 177 264 25,200	(23,250) 67,014 18,902 380 500 25,200	(8,642) (27,747) (575) 203 236 0	0 0 0 0 0	(31,00 110,8 30,0 3 5 37,8
Income  59304  Income To  Volunteer So  Expense  29220  29221  29223  29227  29230	ervices VRC Total ervices NVS  Salaries - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Employee Costs - Volunteer Services NVS  Office - Volunteer Services NVS  Finance - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Expense - Volunteer Services NVS	19,477 177 264 25,200 212	(23,250) 67,014 18,902 380 500 25,200 1,201	(8,642) (27,747) (575) 203 236 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(31,00 110,8 30,0 3 5 37,8 2,1
Income  59304  Income To  Volunteer So  Expense  29220  29221  29223  29227  29230  29250	ervices VRC Total ervices NVS  Salaries - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Employee Costs - Volunteer Services NVS  Office - Volunteer Services NVS  Finance - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Expense - Volunteer Services NVS  Special Projects - Volunteer Services NVS	19,477 177 264 25,200 212 2,312	(23,250) 67,014 18,902 380 500 25,200 1,201 3,000	(8,642) (27,747) (575) 203 236 0 989 688	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 518	30,0 30,0 3 5 37,8 2,1 3,0
Income  59304  Income To  Volunteer St  Expense  29220  29221  29223  29227  29230  29250  Expense T	ervices VRC Total ervices NVS  Salaries - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Employee Costs - Volunteer Services NVS  Office - Volunteer Services NVS  Finance - Volunteer Services NVS  Other Expense - Volunteer Services NVS  Special Projects - Volunteer Services NVS	19,477 177 264 25,200 212	(23,250) 67,014 18,902 380 500 25,200 1,201	(8,642) (27,747) (575) 203 236 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	30,0 30,0 3 5 37,8 2,1

	Master Account (desc)	February Actual YTD Febru	ary Budget YTD Var	iance Commi	itted Balance An	ınual Budge
	mmunity Centre					
Expense						
	Salaries - Tresillian CC	153,617	154,539	922	0	244,
	Other Employee Costs - Tresillan CC	1,212	2,630	1,418	0	2,
	Office - Tresillian CC	10,568	13,332	2,764	3,426	25,
29125	Depreciation - Tresillan CC	1,667	1,664	(3)	0	2,
	Finance - Tresillan CC	41,264	41,264	0	0	61
29130	Other Expense - Tresillan CC	3,610	5,332	1,722	240	7
29136	Courses - Tresillan CC	124.294	122,900	(1,394)	58,522	245
29150	Exhibition - Tresillan CC	18,226	5,300	(12,926)	0	10
Expense T		354,457	346,961	(7,496)	62,187	599,
Income		<b>33</b> .,	0.0,502	(2).50)	02,207	000,
59101	Fees & Charges - Tresillan CC	(395,424)	(282,086)	113,338	0	(381,
59109	Council Property - Tresillan CC	(27,663)	(24,000)	3,663	0	(36,
51906	Contributions & Reimbursement - Tresillian CC	(500)	0	500	0	(30,
Income To			(306,086)	117,501	0	(417
		(423,587)		·		(417,
	mmunity Centre Total	(69,130)	40,875	110,005	62,187	182
-	Development Total	519,440	715,577	196,137	85,641	1,192
	ervices Centres					
Nedlands Co	ommunity Care					
Expense						
28620	Salaries - NCC	473,855	472,397	(1,458)	0	752
28621	Other Employee Costs - NCC	5,472	11,670	6,198	0	13
	Office - NCC	3,386	5,918	2,532	1,054	g
	Motor Vehicles - NCC	53,195	63,332	10,137	0	95
28625	Depreciation - NCC	0	3,064	3,064	0	4
28626	Utility - NCC	5,147	10,125	4,978	0	13
28627	Finance - NCC	112,800	112,800	0	0	169
28628	Insurance - NCC	2,031	5,280	3,249	0	103
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Other Expense - NCC	41,921	27,986	(13,935)	11,578	41
	ICT Expenses - NCC	5,414	0	(5,414)	0	ε
28664	Hacc Unit Cost - NCC / PC66	21,134	0	(21,134)	0	
Expense T	otal	724,356	712,572	(11,784)	12,632	1,109
Income						
58601	Fees & Charges - NCC/PC 66	(84,325)	(80,000)	4,325	0	(120,
58604	Grants Operating - NCC/PC 66	(784,554)	(753,600)	30,954	0	(1,004,
	Sundry Income - NCC	0	0	0	0	(2,
Income To	otal	(868,878)	(833,600)	35,278	0	(1,126,
Nedlands Co	ommunity Care Total	(144,523)	(121,028)	23,495	12,632	(17,
ositive Age	ing					
Expense						
27420	Salaries - Positive Ageing	100,187	100.162	(25)	0	159
27421	Other Employee Costs - Positive Ageing	100/107	0	(884)	0	
	Other Employee Costs - Positive Ageing	001		<u> </u>		
27/127	Finance Desitive Agains	33.864				
27427	Finance - Positive Ageing	22,864	22,864	0	0	
27427 28437	Donations - Positive Ageing	22,864 995	22,864 3,336	2,341	791	9
	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing	22,864 995 20,201	22,864 3,336 35,664	2,341 15,463	791 2,749	5 54
	Donations - Positive Ageing	22,864 995	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160	2,341	791 2,749 0	5 54 2
	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance	22,864 995 20,201	22,864 3,336 35,664	2,341 15,463	791 2,749	5 54 2
28437 28450 28451	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance	22,864 995 20,201 214	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160	2,341 15,463 1,946	791 2,749 0	5 54 2
28437 28450 28451 Expense T	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance	22,864 995 20,201 214	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160	2,341 15,463 1,946	791 2,749 0	5 54 2 <b>25</b> 4
28437 28450 28451 <b>Expense T</b> Income	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal	22,864 995 20,201 214 <b>145,345</b>	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 <b>164,186</b>	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b>	5 54 <b>254</b> (52
28437 28450 28451 <b>Expense T</b> Income 58420	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing	22,864 995 20,201 214 <b>145,345</b> (27,587) 0	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 <b>164,186</b> (29,900) (1,000)	2,341 15,463 1,946 <b>18,841</b> (2,313) (1,000)	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b>	54 254 (52 (254)
28437 28450 28451 <b>Expense T</b> Income 58420 58423 Income To	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587)	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 <b>164,186</b> (29,900)	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313)	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b> 0 0	(52 (254
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ing Total	22,864 995 20,201 214 <b>145,345</b> (27,587) 0	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 <b>164,186</b> (29,900) (1,000) (30,900)	2,341 15,463 1,946 <b>18,841</b> (2,313) (1,000)	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b> 0	52 254 (52) (2,
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income Tc Positive Age	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587)	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 <b>164,186</b> (29,900) (1,000) (30,900)	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313)	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b> 0 0	52 254 (52) (2,
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ing Total ution Child Care	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b> 0 0 0 0 3,540	(52) (24) (52) (24) (20)
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To cositive Age coint Resolu Expense 28820	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ing Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b> 0 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 254 (52, (2, (54, 200
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To cositive Age oint Resolu Expense 28820 28821	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance Otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing Otal Ling Total Lition Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758 315,668 3,722	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286 359,905 7,945	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528	791 2,749 0 <b>3,540</b> 0 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 254 (52, (2, (54, 200
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income Tc cositive Age coint Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ing Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758 315,668 3,722 3,012	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286 359,905 7,945 5,932	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 254 (52, (2, (2, (54, 200 571 8
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To cositive Age 200int Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ining Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758 315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286 359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468)	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 0 3,540	34 54 22 254 (52, (2, (54, 200 571 8 9
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal sing Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 2 254 (52, (2, (2, (54, 200 571) 8 9
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income Tc Positive Age Ooint Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ining Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345 (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758 315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286 359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468)	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 2 254 (52, (2, (54, 200 571 8
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal sing Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 2 254 (52, (2, (2, (54, 200 571) 8 9
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ining Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 0 3,540	55 54 2 254 (52, (2, (54, 200 571 8 9
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income Tc Positive Age 20int Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal sing Total ution Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	55 54 254 (52, (2, (54, 200)) 571 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 1
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal oting Total oting Total oting Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138 8,765	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080 16,328	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942 7,563	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 558 0 0 0 0 0 1,131	55 54 254 (52, (54, 200 571 8 97 94 11
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828 28830 28835	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal sing Total stion Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC ICT Expenses - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138 8,765 713	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080 16,328 0	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942 7,563 (713)	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 0 558 0 0 0 0 1,131 1,590	554 254 254 254 254 200 571 8 9 9 9 1 1 24
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828 28830 28835 Expense T	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal sing Total stion Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC ICT Expenses - PRCC	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138 8,765	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080 16,328	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942 7,563	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 558 0 0 0 0 0 1,131	554 254 254 254 254 200 571 8 9 9 9 1 1 24
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income To Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828 28830 28835 Expense T Income	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal oting Total oting Total oting Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC ICT Expenses - PRCC otal	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138 8,765 713 403,566	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080 16,328 0 465,754	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942 7,563 (713) 62,188	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 0 1,131 1,590 3,279	552 254 (52, (54, 200 571 8 5 5 7 94 1 24
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income Tc Positive Age Point Resolu Expense 28820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828 28830 28835 Expense T Income 58801	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ining Total ition Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC ICT Expenses - PRCC otal	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138 8,765 713 403,566	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186  (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080 16,328 0 465,754  (356,000)	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942 7,563 (713) 62,188	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 0 1,131 1,590 3,279	55 54 254 (52, (2, (2, (54), 200)) 571 8
28437 28450 28451 Expense T Income 58420 58423 Income Tc Positive Age 2820 28821 28823 28824 28825 28826 28827 28828 28828 28830 28835 Expense T Income 58801 Income Tc	Donations - Positive Ageing Other Expense - Positive Ageing Insurance otal  Fees & Charges - Positive Ageing Grants Operating - Positive Ageing otal ining Total ition Child Care  Salaries - PRCC Other Employee Costs - PRCC Office - PRCC Motor Vehicles - PRCC Depreciation - PRCC Utility - PRCC Finance - PRCC Insurance - PRCC Other Expense - PRCC ICT Expenses - PRCC otal	22,864 995 20,201 214 145,345  (27,587) 0 (27,587) 117,758  315,668 3,722 3,012 5,468 600 2,615 62,864 138 8,765 713 403,566	22,864 3,336 35,664 2,160 164,186 (29,900) (1,000) (30,900) 133,286  359,905 7,945 5,932 5,000 600 6,100 62,864 1,080 16,328 0 465,754	2,341 15,463 1,946 18,841 (2,313) (1,000) (3,313) 15,528 44,237 4,223 2,920 (468) 0 3,485 0 942 7,563 (713) 62,188	791 2,749 0 3,540 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 3,540 0 0 0 1,131 1,590 3,279	55 54 2 254 (52, (2, (2, (2, (2, (2, (2, (2, (2, (2, (

28527 Finance - M 28530 Other Experience 28535 ICT Expense Expense Total Income 58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Total Mt Claremont Library Total 28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - N 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Experience 28731 Grants Experience 28731 Grants Experience 28731 ICT Expense 28735 ICT Expense 28730 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Total Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	Claremont Library t Claremont Library nse - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library res - Nedlands Library	\$ 3,544 49,736 16,828 9,778 79,887  (377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  \$ 586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	7,000 7,000 49,736 23,372 10,300 90,408  (600) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064) (6,036)	3,456 0 6,544 522 10,521 (223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289 28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 (300) 1,430 1,898 6,566	0 11,132 0 0 11,132 0 0 0 11,694 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10,500 74,600 37,200 12,000 134,300 (900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350 971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600) (8,400)
28523 Office - Mt 28527 Finance - M 28530 Other Experiments 28535 ICT Expense Expense Total Income 58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Total Nedlands Library Expense 28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - N 28728 Insurance - N 28728 Insurance - N 28730 Other Experiments 28731 Grants Experiments 28730 ICT Expense 28730 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	t Claremont Library nse - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library res - Mt Claremont Library res - Nedlands Library redlands Library res - Nedlands Library rects - Nedlands Library rets - Nedlands Library rets - Nedlands Library rets - Nedlands Library res - Nedlands Library	49,736 16,828 9,778 79,887 (377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	49,736 23,372 10,300 90,408 (600) (336) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,300)	0 6,544 522 10,521 (223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289 28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 9,863 0 11,132 0 0 0 0 0 11,132 0 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 11,694 0 0 18,362 0 0 18,362 0 0 20,705	74,600 37,200 12,000 134,300 (900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350  971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28530 Other Experience 28535 ICT Expense Expense Total Income 58501 Fees & Chait 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Total Nedlands Library Expense 28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehit 28725 Depreciation 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Experience 28731 Grants Experience 28731 Grants Experience 28735 ICT Expense 28736 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chait 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rges - Mt Claremont Library rges - Mt Claremont Library rges - Mt Claremont Library me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library rges - Mt Claremont Library rges - Nedlands Library rges - Nedlands Library rgedlands Library rgedlands Library rges - Nedlands Library	16,828 9,778 79,887 (377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	23,372 10,300 90,408 (600) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	6,544 522 10,521 (223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289  28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447  3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	9,863 0 11,132 0 0 0 0 0 11,132 0 0 11,132 0 0 11,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	37,200 12,000 134,300 (900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350  971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Expense Total Income  58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Tota Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28736 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rges - Mt Claremont Library me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Nedlands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library edlands Library Nedlands Library nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library gets - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	9,778 79,887 (377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	10,300 90,408  (600) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	522 10,521 (223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289  28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447  3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 11,132 0 0 0 0 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 0 11,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	12,000 134,300 (900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350  971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Expense Total Income  58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Tota Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28736 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rges - Mt Claremont Library me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Nedlands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library edlands Library Nedlands Library nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library gets - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	9,778 79,887 (377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	10,300 90,408  (600) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	522 10,521 (223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289  28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447  3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 11,132 0 0 0 0 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 0 11,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	12,000 134,300 (900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350  971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Expense Total Income  58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Tota Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28735 ICT Expense 28736 Special Proj Expense Total Income  58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rges - Mt Claremont Library me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library alties - Mt Claremont Library al brary Services ovee Costs - Library Services llands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library wedlands Library Nedlands Library ledlands Library se - Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library li Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ers - Nedlands Library ers - Nedlands Library rects - Nedlands Library rects - Nedlands Library rets - Nedlands Library rets - Nedlands Library rets - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	79,887  (377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	90,408  (600) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	(223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289  28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447  3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 0 0 11,132 0 0 11,132 0 0 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 0 20,705	134,300 (900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350  971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Income  58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total  Mt Claremont Library Tota Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28730 Other Expense 28730 Other Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28731 Grants Expense 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28736 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Nedlands Library bellands Library and - Nedlands Library and Library bellands Library bellands Library and Library and Library and Library bellands Library and Library bellands Library and Library bes - Nedlands Library and Library bects - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library and - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(377) (423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(600) (336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	(223) 87 (97) (233) 10,289  28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447  3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 0 11,132	(900) (500) (550) (1,950) 132,350 971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
58501 Fees & Chai 58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Tota Nedlands Library Expense 28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciation 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Exper 28731 Grants Exper 28731 Grants Exper 28732 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Central Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Nedlands Library bellands Library and - Nedlands Library and Library bellands Library bellands Library and Library and Library and Library bellands Library and Library bellands Library and Library bes - Nedlands Library and Library bects - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library and - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	87 (97) (233) 10,289 28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 0 1,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	(500) (550) (1,950) 132,350 971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
58510 Sundry Inco 58511 Fines & Pen Income Total Mt Claremont Library Tota Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Ne 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Expen 28731 Grants Expen 28731 Grants Expen 28731 ICT Expense 28730 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chan 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Central Community Development Tot Planning & Development Sen Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	me - Mt Claremont Library alties - Nedlands Library bellands Library and - Nedlands Library and Library bellands Library bellands Library and Library and Library and Library bellands Library and Library bellands Library and Library bes - Nedlands Library and Library bects - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library and - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(423) (271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(336) (368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	87 (97) (233) 10,289 28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 11,132 0 11,132 0 0 1,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	(500) (550) (1,950) 132,350 971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Income Total  Mt Claremont Library Total  Mt Claremont Library Total  Nedlands Library  Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil  28721 Other Empl  28723 Office - Nec  28724 Motor Vehi  28725 Depreciatio  28727 Finance - Nec  28728 Insurance -  28730 Other Expel  28731 Grants Expel  28731 Grants Expel  28732 Professional  28735 ICT Expense  28750 Special Proj  Expense Total  Income  58701 Fees & Chall  58704 Grants Ope  58710 Sundry Incol  58711 Fines & Pen  Income Total  Nedlands Library Total  Community Services Centre  Community Development Total  Planning & Development Services  Statutory Planning  Expense  24320 Salaries - St	alties - Mt Claremont Library  al  brary Services  byee Costs - Library Services  Illands Library  cles - Nedlands Library  n - Nedlands Library  Nedlands Library  Nedlands Library  I Fees - Nedlands Library  I Fees - Nedlands Library  ects - Nedlands Library  gets - Nedlands Library  rects - Nedlands Library	(271) (1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(368) (1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	(97) (233) 10,289  28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447  3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 11,132  0 11,132  0 0 1,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	(550) (1,950) 132,350 971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Income Total Mt Claremont Library Total Mt Claremont Library Total Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Ne 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Expere 28731 Grants Expere 28731 Grants Expere 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Char 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	porary Services poyee Costs - Library Services Illands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library Medlands Library Nedlands Library Nedlands Library Inse - Nedlands Library If Fees - Nedlands Library Is - Nedlands Library Is - Nedlands Library If Fees - Nedlands Library	(1,071) 78,815  586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(1,304) 89,104  615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 11,132  0 11,132  0 0 1,694 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	(1,950) 132,350  971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326  (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Mt Claremont Library Total Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Expense 28731 Grants Expec 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Development Total Community Development Sen Planning & Development Sen Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	prary Services poyee Costs - Library Services Illands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library Medlands Library Nedlands Library Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library rects - Nedlands Library	78,815  586,864  11,452  11,798  12,029  9,000  253,136  1,687  48,555  1,100  0  25,756  0  961,377  (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	89,104  615,840  18,152  31,254  12,368  9,000  253,136  4,680  69,144  1,300  500  26,900  1,550  1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 1,694 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 20,705	971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Nedlands Library Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Exper 28731 Grants Exper 28731 Grants Exper 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Char 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Ser Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	prary Services poyee Costs - Library Services Illands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library Medlands Library Nedlands Library Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library rects - Nedlands Library	586,864 11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	615,840 18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824 (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	28,976 6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 1,694 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	971,456 25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Expense  28720 Salaries - Lil  28721 Other Empl  28723 Office - Nec  28724 Motor Vehi  28725 Depreciatio  28727 Finance - Nec  28728 Insurance -  28730 Other Expense  28731 Grants Expense  28731 Grants Expense  28735 ICT Expense  28750 Special Proj  Expense Total  Income  58701 Fees & Charles	oyee Costs - Library Services Ilands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library Medlands Library Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library meets - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 1,694 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28720 Salaries - Lil 28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Ni 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Exper 28731 Grants Exper 28731 Grants Exper 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Char 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Development Total Community Development Total Planning & Development Sen Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	oyee Costs - Library Services Ilands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library Medlands Library Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library meets - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 1,694 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28721 Other Empl 28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Exper 28731 Grants Expe 28731 Grants Expe 28734 Professional 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Char 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Ser Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	oyee Costs - Library Services Ilands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library Medlands Library Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ess - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library meets - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	11,452 11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	18,152 31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	6,700 19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 1,694 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	25,240 45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28723 Office - Nec 28724 Motor Vehi 28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - Nec 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Experi 28731 Grants Expe 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Char 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	lands Library cles - Nedlands Library n - Nedlands Library edlands Library Nedlands Library Nedlands Library se - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library ets - Nedlands Library acts - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	11,798 12,029 9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	31,254 12,368 9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	19,456 340 0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	1,694 0 0 0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	45,500 18,550 13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
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28725 Depreciatio 28727 Finance - No. 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Experiments 28731 Grants Experiments 28734 Professional 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Charle 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centry Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	n - Nedlands Library edlands Library Nedlands Library Nedlands Library nse - Nedlands Library If Ees - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library mets - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	9,000 253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	9,000 253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824  (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	0 0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	13,500 379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 <b>1,600,326</b> (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28727 Finance - N 28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Experiments 28731 Grants Experiments 28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Char 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centry Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	edlands Library Nedlands Library nse - Nedlands Library enditure - Nedlands Library If Fees - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library rges - Nedlands Library arting - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	253,136 1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 <b>961,377</b> (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) <b>(12,602)</b> 948,776	253,136 4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824 (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	0 2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	379,700 4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28728 Insurance - 28730 Other Experiments   28731 Grants Experiments   28734 Professional   28735 ICT Expense   28750 Special Project   Expense Total   Income   58701 Fees & Character   58704 Grants Ope   58710 Sundry Incomect   58711 Fines & Pen   Income Total   Nedlands Library Total   Community Services Central   Community Development Total   Planning & Development Services   Statutory Planning   Expense   24320 Salaries - St	Nedlands Library nse - Nedlands Library enditure - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library s - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library ges - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	1,687 48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	4,680 69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824 (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	2,993 20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	4,680 103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28730 Other Experiments   28731 Grants Experiments   28734 Professional   28735 ICT Expenses   28750 Special Project   Expense Total   Income   58701 Fees & Chair   58704 Grants Ope   58710 Sundry Incomect   58711 Fines & Pen   Income Total   Nedlands Library Total   Community Services Central   Community Development Total   Planning & Development Services   Statutory Planning   Expense   24320 Salaries - St	nse - Nedlands Library enditure - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library erges - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	48,555 1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	69,144 1,300 500 26,900 1,550 <b>1,043,824</b> (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	20,589 200 500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	18,362 0 0 649 0 20,705	103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28731 Grants Experiment Supports Support Supports Support Support Supports Support Sup	enditure - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library erges - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824 (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	200 500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 649 0 <b>20,705</b>	103,700 1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28731 Grants Experiment Supports Support Supports Support Support Supports Support Sup	enditure - Nedlands Library I Fees - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library erges - Nedlands Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	1,100 0 25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	1,300 500 26,900 1,550 1,043,824 (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	200 500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 649 0 <b>20,705</b>	1,300 1,000 32,600 3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28734 Professiona 28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Tot Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	I Fees - Nedlands Library es - Nedlands Library ects - Nedlands Library eges - Nedland Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	0 25,756 0 <b>961,377</b> (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	500 26,900 1,550 <b>1,043,824</b> (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	500 1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 649 0 <b>20,705</b> 0 0	1,000 32,600 3,100 <b>1,600,326</b> (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28735 ICT Expense 28750 Special Proj Expense Total Income 58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Ser Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rges - Nedlands Library  rges - Nedlands Library  rges - Nedland Library  rating - Nedlands Library  me - Nedlands Library  alties - Nedlands Library	25,756 0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	26,900 1,550 <b>1,043,824</b> (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	1,144 1,550 <b>82,447</b> 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	649 0 20,705 0 0 0	32,600 3,100 <b>1,600,326</b> (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
28750 Special Proj  Expense Total Income  58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Ser Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	ects - Nedlands Library rges - Nedland Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	0 961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	1,550 1,043,824 (336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	1,550 82,447 3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 20,705 0 0 0	3,100 1,600,326 (500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Expense Total Income  58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rges - Nedland Library rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	961,377 (3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	20,705 0 0 0	(500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
Income  58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(3,873) (1,000) (4,766) (2,962) <b>(12,602)</b> 948,776	(336) (1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	3,537 (300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 0	(500) (1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
58701 Fees & Chai 58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(1,000) (4,766) (2,962) <b>(12,602)</b> 948,776	(1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	(300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 0	(1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
58704 Grants Ope 58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	rating - Nedlands Library me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(1,000) (4,766) (2,962) <b>(12,602)</b> 948,776	(1,300) (3,336) (1,064)	(300) 1,430 1,898	0 0 0	(1,300) (5,000) (1,600)
58710 Sundry Inco 58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Tot Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	me - Nedlands Library alties - Nedlands Library	(4,766) (2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(3,336) (1,064)	1,430 1,898	0	(5,000) (1,600)
58711 Fines & Pen Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Tot Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	alties - Nedlands Library	(2,962) (12,602) 948,776	(1,064)	1,898	0	(1,600)
Income Total Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development Total Planning & Development Services Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	·	<b>(12,602)</b> 948,776				
Nedlands Library Total Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	es Total	948,776	(6,036)	6,566	0	(8.400)
Community Services Centre Community Development To Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	es Total				<u> </u>	(3,400)
Community Development To Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	es Total	202 227	1,037,788	89,012	20,705	1,591,926
Planning & Development Serv Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St		072,237	1,248,904	356,667	51,289	2,049,218
Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St	tal	1,411,677	1,964,481	552,804	136,930	3,241,277
Planning Services Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St						
Statutory Planning Expense 24320 Salaries - St						
Expense Salaries - St						
24320 Salaries - St						
	atutory Planning	0	0	0	0	0
27557 110103310110	I Fees - Statutory Planning	0	0	0	20,960	0
Evnance Total	Trees - Statutory Flamming	0	0	0		0
Expense Total					20,960	
Statutory Planning Total		0	0	0	20,960	0
Strategic Planning						
Expense						
	ojects - Strategic Planning/PC 61	16,650	0	(16,650)	1,750	0
24920 Salaries - St	rategic Planning	0	0	0	0	0
24934 Professiona	l Fees - Strategic Planning	0	0	0	0	0
Expense Total		16,650	0	(16,650)	1,750	0
Strategic Planning Total		16,650	0	(16,650)	1,750	0
Urban Planning						
Expense						
	own Planning Admin	1,092,720	888,689	(204,031)	0	1,414,758
	oyee Costs - Town Planning Admin	16,454	29,080	12,626	0	39,580
	n Planning Admin	23,617	9,473	(14,144)	0	15,500
	cles - Town Planning Admin	23,273	21,330	(14,144)	0	32,000
	<del>-</del>					
	n - Town Planning Admin	133	136	3	0	200
	own Planning Admin	243,200	243,200	0	0	364,800
	nse - Town Planning Admin	8,739	2,025	(6,714)	0	2,700
	l Fees - Town Planning Admin	248,908	0	(248,908)	102,077	0
24858 Projects - P	C61	103,208	640,185	536,977	105,979	845,458
Expense Total		1,760,252	1,834,118	73,866	208,056	2,714,996
Income						
54801 Fees & Char	ges - Town Planning Admin	(457,132)	(468,000)	(10,868)	0	(702,000)
	me - Town Planning Admin	(146)	0	146	0	0
	alties - Town Planning	0	(750)	(750)	0	(1,500)
Income Total		(457,278)	(468,750)	(11,472)	0	(703,500)
Urban Planning Total		1,302,974	1,365,368	62,394	208,056	2,011,496
_		1,319,624				
Planning Services Total Health & Compliance			1,365,368	45,744	230,767	2,011,496

Row Labels	Master Account (desc)	February Actual YTD	February Budget YTD	Variance	Committed Balance	Annual Budget
Sustainability	1					
Expense						
24620	Salaries - Sustainability	23,471	20,122	(3,349)	0	32,044
24621	Other Employee Costs - Sustainability	186	400	214	0	400
24624	Motor Vehicles - Sustainability	12,648	12,665	17	0	19,000
	Depreciation - Sustainability	1,067	1,064	(3)	0	1,600
	Finance - Sustainability	2,800	2,800	0	0	4,200
24638	Operational Activities - Sustainability / PC79	8,900	13,548	4,648	6,500	24,000
Expense To Sustainability		<b>49,072</b> 49,072	<b>50,599</b> 50,599	1,527	<b>6,500</b> 6,500	<b>81,244</b> 81,244
Environment		49,072	30,333	1,527	0,300	01,244
Expense	ai rieaitii					
24720	Salaries - Environmental Health	322,738	372,929	50,191	0	593,503
24721	Other Employee Costs - Environmental Health	8,606	13,570	4,964	0	19,720
24723	Office - Environmental Health	411	1,196	785	156	1,800
24725	Depreciation - Environmental Health	4,333	4,336	3	0	6,500
24727	Finance - Environmental Health	76,536	66,536	(10,000)	0	99,800
24730	Other Expense - Environmental Health	4,420	9,000	4,580	380	13,500
24751	OPRL Activities - Environmental Health PC76,77,78	6,870	14,464	7,594	2,577	21,700
Expense To		423,914	482,031	58,117	3,113	756,523
Income	, tu	423,314	402,031	30,117	3,113	750,525
54701	Fees & Charges - Environmental Health	(48,491)	(30,000)	18,491	0	(45,000)
54710	Sundry Income - Environmental Health	(48,431)	(1,336)	(1,336)	0	(2,000)
54711	Fines & Penalties - Environmental Health	(845)	(27,328)	(26,483)	0	(41,000)
Income To		(49,336)	(58,664)	(9,328)	0	(88,000)
	tal Health Total	374,579	423,367	48,788	3,113	668,523
	tal Conservation	374,373	423,307	40,700	3,113	000,323
Expense						
24220	Salaries - Environmental Conservation	10,001	0	(10,001)	0	0
24221	Other Employee Costs - Environmental Conservation	1,081	2,850	1,769	0	3,350
24223	Office - Environmental Conservation	529	727	198	0	900
24227	Finance - Environmental Conservation	42,200	42,200	0	0	63,300
24230	Other Expense - Environmental Conservation	443	0	(443)	0	1,350
24237	Donations - Environmental Conservation	0	0	0	0	2,250
24251	OPRL Activities - Environ Conservation / PC80	446,757	536,148	89,391	165,502	827,400
Expense To		501,011	581,925	80,914	165,502	898,550
Income	, tul	301,011	301,323	00,514	105,502	030,330
54204	Grants Operating - Environmental Conservation	(6,785)	(14,670)	(7,885)	0	(30,000)
54210	Sundry Income - Environmental Conservation	(6,356)	(8,800)	(2,444)	0	(8,800)
Income To	•	(13,142)	(23,470)	(10,328)	0	(38,800)
	tal Conservation Total	487,869	558,455	70,586	165,502	859,750
Ranger Servi		,	555, 155			555,155
Expense						
21120	Salaries - Ranger Services	411,136	396,825	(14,311)	0	629,274
21121	Other Employee Costs - Ranger Services	6,765	12,717	5,952	28	16,875
21123	Office - Ranger Services	5,523	4,030	(1,493)	479	6,200
	Motor Vehicles - Ranger Services	31,192	42,000	10,808	0	63,000
	Depreciation - Ranger Services	4,000	4,000	0	0	6,000
	Finance - Ranger Services	121,591	117,072	(4,519)	0	178,100
21130	Other Expense - Ranger Services	6,348	11,668	5,320	20,786	82,950
21137	Donations - Ranger Services	0,540	1,000	1,000	0	1,000
Expense To		586,556	589,312	2,756	21,294	983,399
Income		555,255	555,5	_,		000,000
51101	Fees & Charges - Ranger Services	(50,885)	(56,168)	(5,283)	0	(70,000)
51106	Contributions & Reimbursements- Rangers Services	(31,844)	0	31,844	0	0
51111	Fines & Penalties - Rangers Services	(191,222)	(133,793)	57,429	0	(212,500)
Income To		(273,952)	(189,961)	83,991	0	(282,500)
Ranger Servi		312,604	399,351	86,747	21,294	700,899
Health & Com		1,224,123	1,431,772	207,649	196,408	2,310,416
Building Service		_,,	, . <u>.</u> . ,	,		,,
Building Serv						
Expense						
24420	Salaries - Building Services	488,485	460,535	(27,950)	0	733,576
24421	Other Employee Costs - Building Services	12,711	22,520	9,809	0	33,520
24423	Office - Building Services	656	3,482	2,826	0	3,780
24424	Motor Vehicles - Building Services	17,988	19,332	1,344	0	29,000
24425	Depreciation - Building Services	200	200	0	0	300
24427	Finance - Building Services	124,064	124,064	0	0	186,100
	Other Expense - Building Services	92	1,014	922	0	1,350
24434	Professional Fees - Building Services	0	3,000	3,000	0	4,500
Expense To	-	644,196	634,147	(10,049)	0	992,126
		0,130	00.,147	(=0,0.5)		JJ_,1_

w Labels	Master Account (desc)	February Actual YTD Febr	ruary Budget YTD Va	riance Co	mmitted Balance An	ınual Budget
Income						
54401	Fees & Charges - Building Services	(622,273)	(425,838)	196,435	0	(554,0
54410	Sundry Income - Building Services	(2,243)	(16,664)	(14,421)	0	(25,0
	Fines & Penalties - Building Services	(41,691)	(9,000)	32,691	0	(13,5)
Income Tota	l	(666,207)	(451,502)	214,705	0	(592,5
Building Servic	es Total	(22,011)	182,645	204,656	0	399,6
Building Service		(22,011)	182,645	204,656	0	399,6
		2,521,736	2,979,785	458,049	427,175	4,721,
	opment Services Total	2,521,730	2,979,765	456,049	427,175	4,721,:
chnical Services						
Engineering						
Infrastructure	Services					
Expense						
26220	Salaries - Infrastructure Svs	1,446,539	1,450,680	4,141	47,113	2,295,
	Other Employee Costs - Infrastructure Svs	53,479	91,182	37,703	5,516	119,
	Office - Infrastructure Svs	8,967	21,172	12,205	2,671	31,
	Motor Vehicles - Infrastructure Svs	18,371	35,332	16,961	0	53,
26225	Depreciation - Infrastructure Svs	7,800	7,800	0	0	11,
	Finance - Infrastructure Svs	(1,033,519)	(1,713,334)	(679,815)	0	(2,570,0
26228	Insurance - Infrastructure Svs	133,496	169,490	35,994	0	169,
26230	Other Expense - Infrastructure Svs	18,288	46,250	27,962	2,078	65,
	Professional Fees - Infrastructure Svs	64,915	41,500	(23,415)	7,971	83,
		<u> </u>				
	Project Contribution - Infrastructure	782,474	491,632	(290,842)	0	983
Expense Total	al	1,500,810	641,704	(859,106)	65,349	1,242
Income						
56206	Contributions & Reimbursement - Infrastructure Svs	(110)	0	110	0	
	Service Charges - Infrastructure Svs	(19,003)	0	19,003	0	
	Fees & Charges - Infrastructure Svs	(65)	(2,500)	(2,435)	0	(5,
Income Tota	<u> </u>	• , ,			0	
		(19,177)	(2,500)	16,677		(5,
Infrastructure		1,481,633	639,204	(842,429)	65,349	1,237
Plant Operatin	g					
Expense						
26521	Other Employee Costs - Plant Operating	1,652	3,590	1,938	0	3
	Depreciation - Plant Operating	218,667	218,666	(1)	0	328
	, ,					
	Finance - Plant Operating	(670,033)	(798,338)	(128,305)	0	(1,197,
26532	Plant - Plant Operating	273,395	468,900	195,505	30,070	677
	Minor Parts & Workshop Tools - Plant Operating	14,882	44,464	29,582	13,716	66
	Loss Sale of Assets - Plant Operating	0	20,212	20,212	0	30
Expense Tota	al	(161,437)	(42,506)	118,931	43,785	(90,
Income		( , , , ,	, ,,	-,	.,	( /
	Fees & Charges - Plant Operating	0	0	0	0	
						,
	Profit Sale of Assets - Plant Operating	0	(120)	(120)	0	(
56506	Contributions & Reimbursements - Plant Operating	(35,679)	(35,064)	615	0	(52,
Income Tota	ıl	(35,679)	(35,184)	495	0	(52,
Plant Operatin	g Total	(197,116)	(77,690)	119,426	43,785	(143,
Streets Roads	_	, , ,	, , ,			, ,
Expense		4.540.000	4.540.000	(2)		2.250
	Depreciation - Streets Roads & Depots	1,512,933	1,512,930	(3)	0	2,269
	Utility - Streets Roads & Depots	325,453	388,666	63,213	0	583
26630	Other Expense - Streets Roads & Depots	10,767	27,500	16,733	4,732	55
26640	Reinstatement - Streets Roads & Depot	311	3,500	3,189	800	7
	Maintenance - Road Maintenance / PC51	367,522	453,666	86,144	131,716	680
	•					
	Maintenance - Drainage Maintenance / PC52	334,078	333,332	(746)	27,479	500
	Maintenance - Footpath Maintenance / PC53	173,029	130,000	(43,029)	21,851	195
26670	Maintenance - Parking Signs / PC54	67,911	58,332	(9,579)	39	87
26671	Maintenance - Right of Way Maintenance / PC55	47,534	53,332	5,798	6,450	80
	Maintenance - Bus Shelter Maintenance / PC56	5,295	7,732	2,437	0	11
	Maintenance - Graffiti Control / PC57	2,931	10,000	7,069	2,105	15
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Maintenance - Streets Roads & Depot / PC89	43,149	76,664	33,515	14,336	115
Expense Total	aı	2,890,914	3,055,654	164,740	209,509	4,599
Income						
56601	Fees & Charges - Streets Roads & Depots	(42,177)	(40,000)	2,177	0	(80,
	Grants Operating - Streets Roads & Depots	(71,250)	(35,000)	36,250	0	(70,
	Contributions & Reimburse - Streets Roads & Depots	(21,781)	(5,000)	16,781	0	(10,
						(10)
	Sundry Income - Streets Roads & Depots	(403)	0	403	0	
56611	Fines & Penalties - Streets Roads & Depots	(500)	0	500	0	
Income Tota	l .	(136,111)	(80,000)	56,111	0	(160
	and Depots Total	2,754,803	2,975,654	220,851	209,509	4,439
Waste Minimis	•	,,	,, :	-,	,	,
Expense				4. 20.11		
24520	Salaries - Waste Minimisation	157,046	155,663	(1,383)	0	247
24521		2,587	4,916	2,329	0	

Row Labels	Master Account (desc)	February Actual YTD F	ebruary Budget YTD V	ariance (	Committed Balance A	nnual Budget
24524	Motor Vehicles - Waste Minimisation	6,124	6,664	540	0	10,000
	Finance - Waste Minimisation	120,835	120,464	(371)	0	180,700
	Purchase of Product - Waste Minimisation	225	0	(225)	225	0
	Residental Kerbside - Waste Minimisation / PC71	1,077,325	1,392,468	315,143	1,134,969	2,088,700
	Residental Bulk - Waste Minimisation / PC72	192,611	304,938	112,327	26,560	457,400
	Commercial - Waste Minimisation / PC73	76,191	73,464	(2,727)	207,031	110,200
	Public Waste - Waste Minimisation / PC74	63,128	61,336	(1,792)	37,518	92,000
	Waste Strategy - Waste Minimisation / PC75	9,533	42,864	33,331	2,645	64,300
Expense T		1,705,604	2,162,777	457,173	1,408,947	3,257,938
Income		, , ,	, ,	,	, ,	
54501	Fees & Charges - Waste Minimisation	(3,264,503)	(3,299,454)	(34,951)	0	(3,299,454)
Income To		(3,264,503)	(3,299,454)	(34,951)	0	(3,299,454)
Waste Minir	nisation Total	(1,558,900)	(1,136,677)	422,223	1,408,947	(41,516)
Building Ma		( ,,,	( ) / -	, -	,,-	( //
Expense						
24120	Salaries - Building Maintenance	241,924	250,354	8,430	0	397,202
24121	Other Employee Costs - Building Maintenance	3,206	7,340	4,134	0	8,140
24123	Office - Building Maintenance	151	408	257	0	613
24124	Motor Vehicles - Building Maintenance	23,583	24,000	417	0	36,000
24125	Depreciation - Building Maintenance	498,200	498,200	0	0	747,300
24126	Utility - Building Maintenance PC41,42,43	119,886	192,666	72,780	0	289,000
24127	Finance - Building Maintenance	113,536	(36,464)	(150,000)	0	(129,700)
24128	Insurance - Building Maintenance PC40	79,396	90,700	11,304	0	90,700
24120	Other Expense - Building Maintenance	1,450	18,750	17,300	474	25,000
24133	Building - Building Maintenance PC58	812,671	941,672	129,001	235,620	1,412,500
24133	ICT Expenses - Building Maintenance	0	1,500	1,500	233,020	2,000
Expense T		1,894,003	1,989,126	95,123	236,094	2,878,755
Income	otai	1,854,003	1,363,120	93,123	230,034	2,676,733
54106	Contributions & Reimbursement - Building Maintenan	(46,788)	(73,336)	(26,548)	0	(110,000)
54109	Council Property - Building Maintenance	(178,481)	(190,576)	(12,095)	0	(285,884)
Income To		(225,269)	(263,912)	(38,643)	0	(395,884)
	intenance Total	1,668,734	1,725,214	56,480	236,094	2,482,871
					1,963,684	
Engineering T Parks Services		4,149,155	4,125,705	(23,450)	1,303,064	7,974,175
Parks Services						
Expense	es					
26360	Depreciation - Parks Services	495,933	495,930	(3)	0	743,900
	Maintenance - Parks Services / PC59	2,611,365	2,795,120	183,755	335,884	4,087,240
		3,107,299	3,291,050	183,751	335,884	4,831,140
Expense T	Utai	3,107,299	3,231,050	103,/31	333,004	4,031,140
Income 56301	Fees & Charges - Parks & Ovals	(290)	0	290	0	0
56301	Contributions & Reimbursements - Parks Services		(15,000)	6,826	0	(20,000)
56306		(21,826)			0	, , ,
56319	Council Property - Parks Services	(45,152)	(35,100)	10,052	0	(35,100)
	Sundry Income - Parks Services	(18,122)	(15,750)	2,372	0	(21,000)
56312	Fines & Penalties - Parks & Ovals	(840)	(750)	90		(1,000)
Income To		(86,229)	(66,600)	19,629	225.004	(77,100)
Parks Servic		3,021,070	3,224,450	203,380	335,884	4,754,040
Parks Service		3,021,070	3,224,450	203,380	335,884	4,754,040
Technical Servi		7,170,225	7,350,155	179,930	2,299,569	12,728,215
City of Nedland	s Total	(11,629,645)	(10,135,951)	1,493,694	3,321,801	(878,117)

# City of Nedlands Financial Summary for Project Costing - Capital Works & Acquisitions YTD February 2020

YID February 2020

Last update: 5/03/2021

Posting Year 2021
Program Code (All)
Operating / Capital Code C

ow Labels	Project Level 1 Description	Project Level 2 Description	February Actual YTD	Commitment (POs)	Annual Budget	Budget Available
	Footpath Rehabilitation					
	2006	Stubbs Terrace	13,666	C	14,332	2 666
	2011	Victoria Avenue	27,226	4,703	35,900	3,971
	2012	Waratah Avenue	31,885	33,118	286,000	220,997
	2023	Bruce Street	69,037	6,463	34,053	(41,449)
	2097	Whitfeld St	(	0	38,828	38,828
	2452	School Sports Facility	(	0	30,213	30,211
	2147	Nandina Avenue	(	29,442	25,000	(4,442)
	200	Monash Avn-Paving of Verge(infrn of Sch)	113,713	3,241	68,202	(48,751)
	609	Stirling Highway-Kinninmont to smyth	9,104		9,213	3 109
	643	Bruce st Hillway to The Avenue	(	946	41,267	7 40,321
	644	Bruce street 26 Stirling Highway	26,839	1,811	27,484	(1,165)
	645	Victoria Avenue Riverview crt to Waratah	13,639	C	15,716	5 2,077
	646	Victoria Ave Waratah place to Bishop Rd	27,553	C	31,740	4,187
	798	Stirling Hwy- Weld to Broome	(	0	5,124	5,124
	Footpath Rehabilitation Total		332,662	79,723	663,068	250,682
	Road Rehabilitation					
	2003	Alfred Road	(	0	10,847	7 10,847
	2015	Birdwood Parade	(	0	20,664	20,664
	2176	Walba Way	(	0	5,130	5,130
	2202	Mooro Drive	(	0	18,818	18,818
	2027	The Avenue	(	C	12,896	12,896
	2319	Laneways	(	C	25,377	7 25,377
	647	Karella Street(East)	162,223	1,999	163,240	(982)
	648	Lissadel st - Kirwan to Alderbury st	89,853	15,040	103,000	(1,893)
	649	Melvista Avevue - Bay Rd to Stone St	(	286	96,774	96,488
	667	Nameless Lane ( Nth of Haldane )	(	C	146,961	146,961
	790	Kingston St	(	C	3,456	3,456
	796	Viewway	C	C	46,000	46,000
	797	Mengler Av road Resurfacing	C	1,220	173,250	172,030
	799	Jacaranda Av	(			

Row Labels	Project Level 1 Description	Project Level 2 Description	February Actual YTD C	Commitment (POs) An	nual Budget Bud	get Available
	800	Lobelia Street	0	0	7,088	7,08
	801	Wood Street	0	0	5,538	5,53
	Road Rehabilitation Total Drainage Rehabilitation		252,076	18,545	845,276	574,65
	638	Drainage Risk Review Dalkeith & Nedlands	0	0	28,197	28,19
	2002	Government road and Loch Street	0	0	20,141	20,14
	642	56 Dalkeith Rd Drainage & Laneway Design	0	1,500	14,300	12,80
	668	Government Road & Loch Street Sumps	0	0	57,200	57,20
	Drainage Rehabilitation Total		0	1,500	119,838	118,33
	Street Furniture / Bus Shelter					
	501	City Wide Street Lights - INSTL LED	0	55	0	(55
	Street Furniture / Bus Shelter Tot	al	0	55	0	(55
	Grant Funded Projects					
	2001	Railway Road	44,529	1,250	42,910	(2,869
	2003	Alfred Road	23,515	5,446	342,475	313,51
	2012	Waratah Avenue	4,304	0	0	(4,304
	2015	Birdwood Parade	6,343	0	7,000	65
	2037	Elizabeth Street	753,071	59,890	1,108,550	295,58
	2097	Whitfeld St	0	0	78,000	78,00
	2198	Hampden Road	460,021	0	114,377	(345,644
	2410	INTXN - Smyth RD/Monash Av	0	2,273	0	(2,27
	2041	Elizabeth St-Broadwy to Bay Rd(Drainage)	132,854	203,917	250,000	(86,77
	657	North street (Boundary Road)	22,937	0	22,570	(36
	658	School Sports Circuit Mt Claremont	0	0	120,100	120,10
	659	Quintilian Road Shared Path - Stage 3	0	546	24,300	23,75
	660	Quintilian Road - Additional Traffic	0	0	71,500	71,50
	661	Asquith Street Medium Treatment	18,083	1,371	20,390	93
	683	Brockway Rd - Alfred to Lemnos St	4,277	678,692	657,325	(25,644
	684	Brockway Rd - Lemnos to Underwood	77,139	317,166	422,331	28,02
	790	Kingston St	0	0	180,000	180,00
	793	Lemnos St-Bedbrook PI to Selby St	0	0	25,000	25,00
	794	Lemnos St-Brockway Rd to Bedbrook Pl	0	0	25,000	25,00
	802	Rochdale Rd- Alfrd rd to Town of Cambrid	0	0	25,000	25,00
	<b>Grant Funded Projects Total</b>		1,547,072	1,270,550	3,536,828	719,20
l	Building Construction					
	4003	Broome St - Council Depot	7,047	1,314	0	(8,361
	4004	Webster St - Drabble House	0	2,625	0	(2,625
	4007	140 Melvista Ave - JC Smith Pavilion	0	659	0	(659
	4008	60 Stirling Hwy - Nedlands Library	0	1,440	0	(1,440

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Row Labels	Project Level 1 Description	Project Level 2 Description	February Actual YTD C	Commitment (POs)	Annual Budget E	Budget Available
11	4009	53 Jutland Pde - PRCC	0	4,473	0	(4,473)
	4012	19 Haldane St - MTC Community Centre	21,534	472	0	(22,006)
	4020	71 Stirling Hwy - Administration Bldg	2,393	2,895	0	(5,288)
	4021	110 Smyth Road - Cottage Bldg	0	643	0	(643)
	4159	8 Draper St - Hackett Hall	7,886	0	10,010	2,125
	4164	100A Princess Rd - College Park Family Centre	0	1,901	0	(1,901)
	619	Charles Court Reserve Toilets-Renovation	140	286	0	(426)
	620	Mt Claremont Library-Re roof	29,527	46	0	(29,573)
	650	Hearing Loop	56,872	74	85,800	28,854
	651	Dalketh Hall - Floor	1,740	164	64,350	62,446
	652	Allen Park Cottage - Alternate Facility	0	10,500	150,000	139,500
	653	Nedlands Golf Club Greenkeepers Shed	0	0	50,000	50,000
	682	71 Stirling Hwy - Renovate roof, Air con	126,486	44,742	214,500	43,272
	<b>Building Construction Total</b>		253,624	72,234	574,660	248,802
	Major Projects - Roads					
	662	Foreshore Workshop	0	0	25,000	25,000
	663	Riverwall-170 Waratah Place Asset SRDal0	0	8,540	36,450	27,910
	664	Riverwall - PFSYC Boat Slipway Temporary	0	0	24,300	24,300
	Major Projects - Roads Total		0	8,540	85,750	77,210
0	Major Projects - Parks					
	904	Swanbourne Beach Oval - rehabilitation	16,187	6,599	0	(22,786)
	Major Projects - Parks Total		16,187	6,599	0	(22,786)
14	Parks & Reserves Construction					
	4052	Allen Park	16,849	8,373	12,890	(12,332)
	4061	Bishop Road Reserve	163	0	41,685	41,522
	4072	College Park	0	8,373	12,890	4,517
	4079	David Cruickshank Reserve	22,157	0	21,450	(707)
	4089	Hamilton Park	325	0	72,748	72,423
	4096	Lawler Park	302	0	60,000	59,698
	4115	New Court Gardens	67,223	0	21,148	(46,075)
	4131	Street Gardens and Verges	26,960	0	25,740	(1,220)
	4137	Swanbourne Beach Reserve	9,354	0	5,035	(4,319)
	4141	WA Bridge Club Surrounds	3,120	193	0	(3,313)
	4173	Cottesloe Golf Club	0	5,660	120,141	114,481
	4192	College Green Mt Claremont	5,620	10,612	22,357	6,125
	732	Allen Park (LO) - INST floodlight	24,848	7,042	0	(31,890)
		, ,	,	7,042	0	
	734	Asquith Reserve - Redevelopment	6,544			(6,544)
		Bishop Rd Rsv - Enviro-scape manster pln	100,173	768	19,033	(81,908)
	752	Hamilton Park - UG irrigation system	3,275	2,290	24,395	18,830

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# Item 13.2 - Attachment 2

Row Labels	Project Level 1 Description	Project Level 2 Description	February Actual YTD	Commitment (POs)	Annual Budget	Budget Available
14	771	Jones Park - Bushfence Bollards Gate&Eco	4,265	0	0	(4,265)
	631	Peace Memo Gardens-Renew Bore(38m)	72,514	26	12,689	(59,851)
	633	Swanbourne Greenway Project	1,707	7,619	15,614	6,287
	636	Bains Harris and Jones Parks	31,960	0	8,449	(23,511)
	637	Daran Park	40,027	0	12,843	(27,184)
	641	Montario Quarter	0	0	30,211	30,211
	654	River Foreshore Protection and Acess Man	0	0	4,300	4,300
	655	Mt Claremont Oval Bushland Fencing	0	0	5,000	5,000
	656	Lawler Park seats and Exercise Equipment	0	0	11,683	11,683
	687	Charles Court R - Replace Weldmesh Fenci	6,519	0	7,955	1,436
	690	Charles Court R - Replace Flat Bench	192	4,680	17,120	12,248
	694	Cruickshank Verge repair,Passive Recreat	13,267	7,865	25,000	3,868
	695	Allen Park - Upgrade Bore and Pump	12,021	0	13,365	1,345
	696	College Green Walkway - Upgrade Irrigati	0	0	12,688	12,688
	699	Hamilton Park - Renew Garden Beds	10	0	29,754	29,744
	772	Daran Park - Construct Noise Attention	0	0	45,820	45,820
	775	College Park - Tennis court Lighting	0	8,408	12,780	4,372
	773	Bishop Rd Reseve - Reconstruct Bore	0	0	43,450	43,450
	774	College Park - Lower Oval AFL goals	43	8,915	11,930	2,973
	776	Allen park - Play Ground Fencing	170	7,480	16,330	8,680
	777	Annie Dorrington Park - Informal Pathway	20	0	6,390	6,370
	778	Street gardens and Verges - Install LED	0	8,908	15,620	6,712
	779	Tresi Arts Cntre - Restr of retaning wal	85	7,235	17,040	9,720
	780	Allen park - Upgrade floodl 2 game stand	20	0	80,000	79,980
	Parks & Reserves Construction To	otal	469,732	104,447	915,543	341,364
15	Plant & Equipment					
	7500	Technical Svs - Engineering	0	0	33,000	33,000
	7502	Development Svs - Building Svs	0	0	34,000	34,000
	7505	Planning & Development Svs - Ranger Svs	0	0	102,000	102,000
	7508	Corporate & Strategy - Finance	0	14	0	(14)
	7509	Technical Svs - Parks Svs	110,048	8,134	120,000	1,818
	Plant & Equipment Total		110,048	8,148	289,000	170,805
16	ICT Capital Projects					
	6063	Replace SSD on VDI nodes	9,944	0	0	(9,944)

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# CITY OF NEDLANDS STATEMENT OF NET CURRENT ASSETS CLOSING FUNDS AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2021

	2020/21 YTD 28 FEBRUARY 2021	2019/20 YTD 28 FEBRUARY 2020	2019/20 YEAR END 30 June 2020
Current Assets			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	24,526,159	20,168,562	16,493,227
Receivable - Rates Outstanding (inc Rebates)	3,705,478	4,110,503	1,004,314
Receivable - Sundry Debtors	665,591	900,334	895,852
Receivable - Self Supporting Loan	(3,527)	3,447	3,447
Receivable - UGP	41,263	69,211	105,251
GST Receivable	233,888	91,037	220,871
Prepayments	95,060	197,094	290,591
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	(9,282)	(9,282)	(9,282)
Inventories	11,658	13,172	22,816
	29,266,288	25,544,078	19,027,086
Current Liabilities Payable - Sundry Creditors Payable - ESL Payable Lease Liability Accrued Salaries and Wages Employee Provisions Borrowings Deferred Income	(5,012,243) (1,708,945) (52,999) (95,499) (2,514,033) (655,892) 0	(1,754,150) (1,749,152) (80,474) (85,537) (2,120,398) (635,818) 0 (6,425,529)	(6,716,486) (7,622) (52,999) (411,724) (2,652,371) (1,750,166) (72,952) (11,664,320)
Unadjusted Net Current Assets	19,226,676	19,118,549	7,362,766
Less: Restricted Reserves Less: Current Self Supporting Loan Liability Add Back: Borrowings	(5,919,073) 3,527 655,892	(6,155,800) (3,447) 635,818	(5,895,847) (3,447) 1,750,166
Net Current Assets	13,967,022	13,595,120	3,213,639



# CITY OF NEDLANDS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY BY DIRECTORATES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2020

N	ote 2020-21 Annual Budget	February 21 YTD Budget	February 21 YTD Actual	February 21 YTD Variance	Variance %
Operating Income	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Governance	180,281	90,140	13,218	(76,922)	-85.34%
Corporate & Strategy	25,246,833	24,951,391	25,390,760	439,369	1.76%
Community Development & Services	2,456,550	1,701,768	1,988,656	286,888	16.86%
Planning & Development Services	1,705,300	1,192,347	1,459,914	267,567	22.44%
Technical Services	3,990,220	3,747,650	3,766,967	19,317	0.52%
reclifical Services	33,579,184	31,683,296	32,619,515	936,219	2.95%
	33,373,104	31,003,230	32,013,313	330,213	2.5570
Operating Expense					
Governance	(2,434,067)	(1,699,330)	(1,698,279)	1,051	0.06%
Corporate & Strategy	(1,423,900)	(911,829)	(972,416)	(60,587)	-6.64%
Community Development & Services	(5,697,827)	(3,666,249)	(3,400,333)	265,916	7.25%
Planning & Development Services	(6,426,838)	(4,172,132)	(3,981,650)	190,482	4.57%
Technical Services	(16,718,435)	(11,097,805)	(10,937,192)	160,613	1.45%
	(32,701,067)	(21,547,345)	(20,989,870)	557,475	2.59%
		. , , ,		· · · ·	
Capital Income					
Grants Capital	2,180,879		0		
Capital Contribution	0		279,607		
Proceeds from Disposal of Assets	3,411,163		34,504		
New Borrowings	0		0		
Self Supporting Loan Principal Repayments	17,500		6,973		
Transfer from Reserve	2,299,388		0		
	7,908,930	_	321,084		
Capital Expenditure					
Land & Buildings	(574,660)		(253,624)		
Infrastructure - Road	(4,856,796)		(2,131,810)		
Infrastructure - Parks	(947,122)		(485,919)		
Plant & Equipment	(289,000)		(110,048)		
Furniture & Equipment	(1,700,000)		(35,296)		
Principal elements of finance lease payments	(38,987)		0		
Repayment of Debentures	(1,750,166)		(1,094,274)		
Transfer to Reserves	(4,524,113)	_	(23,226)		
	(14,680,844)	<del>-</del>	(4,134,197)		
		_			
Total Operating and Non-Operating	(5,893,797)	=	7,816,532		
Additional Addition Control In					
Adjustment - Non Cash Items	4.446.200		2 027 267		
Depreciation	4,446,300		2,937,267		
Receivables/Provisions/Other Accruals	0		(416)		
Change in accounting policy	0 (4.03)		0		
(Profit) on Sale of Assets	(182)		0		
Loss on Sale of Assets	30,316		0		
ADD - Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July b/f	997,619		3,213,639		
LESS - Surplus/(Deficit) 30 June c/f	(419,744)	_	13,967,022		
	5,893,797	=	(7,816,532)		



#### Purpose

Loan 179 - Road Infrastructures

Loan 181 - Building and Road Infrastructures

Loan 182 - Building

Loan 183 - Building

Loan 184 - Building

Loan 185 - Building

Loan 187 - Underground Power (CON)

Loan 188 - Underground Power (W.Hollywood Res)

Loan 189 - Underground Power (Alfred & MTC Res)

Loan 190 - Underground Power (Alderbury Res)

### **Self Supporting Loans**

Loan 186 - Dalkeith Bowling Club

Total

#### SUMMARY STATEMENT OF BORROWING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021

	Actual YTD 28 FEBRUARY 2021											
Interest Rate Per Annum	Principal 01-Jul-20 \$	New loans \$	Principal Repayment \$	Principal 28-Feb-21 \$	Interest(YTD) \$							
6.04%	539,212	0	(91,506)	447,706	20,344							
5.91%	256,766	0	(191,155)	65,611	7,320							
4.67%	398,479	0	(129,755)	268,724	10,643							
2.78%	871,357	0	(123,135)	748,222	15,297							
3.12%	791,285	0	(100,105)	691,180	15,422							
3.12%	374,498	0	(47,378)	327,120	7,259							
2.64%	1,831,084	0	(323,145)	1,507,939	29,742							
3.07%	578,626	0	(64,909)	513,717	10,623							
3.07%	84,512	0	(9,480)	75,031	1,551							
3.07%	60,019	0	(6,733)	53,287	1,102							
	5,785,837	0	(1,087,301)	4,698,536	119,304							
3.07%	78,815	0	(6,973)	71,842 <b>0</b>	1,551							
	5,864,652	0	(1,094,274)	4,770,378	120,854							

Adopted Budget 2020/21									
New Principal loans 30-Jun-21 Interest \$ \$ \$									
0	416,277	29,200							
0	0	7,320							
0	135,922	14,055							
0	706,606	22,134							
0	657,290	22,434							
0	311,081	10,577							
0	1,180,514	41,935							
0	513,717	17,764							
0	75,032	2,595							
0	53,286	1,842							
0	4,049,725	169,856							
0	64,762	2,259							
0	4,114,487	172,115							



# CITY OF NEDLANDS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2021

Current Assets	6,493,227 2,220,453
CMITCHE / 100CES	
Cash & Cash Equivalents 24,526,159 20,168,562 10	2,220,453
Trade & Other Receivables 4,633,411 5,165,249	
Inventories 11,658 13,172	22,816
Other - Prepayments & Accruals 95,060 197,094	290,591
Total Current Assets 29,266,288 25,544,078 19	9,027,086
Non Current Assets	
Other Receivables 1,295,496 1,386,505	1,295,496
Other Financial Assets 142,442 140,137	142,442
Property, Plant & Equipment 149,729,264 345,734,560 153	2,267,563
Infrastructure 92,920,108 88,588,541 96	0,302,379
Total Non Current Assets 244,087,311 435,849,744 244	4,007,880
Total Assets 273,353,599 461,393,822 263	3,034,968
Current Liabilities	
Trade & Other Payables 6,869,687 3,669,313	7,261,783
Current Borrowings 655,892 635,818	1,750,166
Employee Provisions 2,514,033 2,120,398	2,652,371
Total Current Liabilities 10,039,612 6,425,529 13	1,664,320
Non Current Liabilities	
Long Term Borrowings 4,114,484 5,861,752	4,114,485
Deferred Liability 47,251 92,988	47,251
Employee Provisions         264,987         474,196	264,987
Total Non Current Liabilities 4,426,722 6,428,936	4,426,723
Total Liabilities 14,466,334 12,854,466 10	6,091,043
Net Assets 258,887,265 448,539,356 246	6,943,924
Equity	
	1,090,427
•	5,895,847
	9,957,650
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,943,924



# SUMMARY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY - OPERATING BY REPORTING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021

Reporting Activity	February 21	February 21	Variance Indicators			Variance Indicators			2020-21	Var.	Comment
	YTD Budget	YTD Actual	\$	%	Flag	F/U	Annual Budget	Scale	Ref		
Income:											
Community Leadership	80,140	13,218	(66,922)	(84%)		U	160,281		Lower income from Wesroc project		
Corporate Administration	544,650	412,518	(132,132)	(24%)		U	733,600		Lower interest income		
Community Capacity Building	473,928	566,363	92,435	20%		F	678,900				
Community Care	1,220,500	1,408,620	188,120	15%		F	1,767,300				
Libraries	7,340	13,673	6,333	86%		F	10,350				
Building & Development Control	920,252	1,123,485	203,233	22%	<b></b>	F	1,296,000				
Environmental Health Services	58,664	49,336	(9,328)	(16%)		U	88,000		Less fines & Penalties		
Rangers & Public Safety	189,961	273,952	83,991	44%	<b></b>	F	282,500				
Engineering & Asset Management	2,500	19,177	16,677	667%	<b></b>	F	5,000				
Parks & Natural Areas	90,070	99,371	9,301	10%	<b> </b>	F	115,900				
Roads, Paths & Drains	115,184	171,789	56,605	49%		F	212,782				
Community Building Management	263,912	225,269	(38,643)	(15%)	<b></b>	U	395,884		Lower income from council property		
Waste Management	3,299,454	3,264,503	(34,951)	(1%)	<b></b>	U	3,299,454				
Rates & Property Services	24,416,741	24,978,241	561,500	2%	<b></b>	F	24,533,233				
Total Income	31,683,296	32,619,515		3%		F	33,579,184				

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Total Income includes Operating Income & Capital Grants but not Asset Sale Proceeds

Legend		Legend	
Favourable Variance to Budget	F	Favourable Variance > 10%	
Unfavourable Variance to Budget	U	Variance between -10% (U) and +10% (F) Unfavourable Variance > 10%	



Unfavourable Variance to Budget

# SUMMARY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY - OPERATING BY REPORTING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021

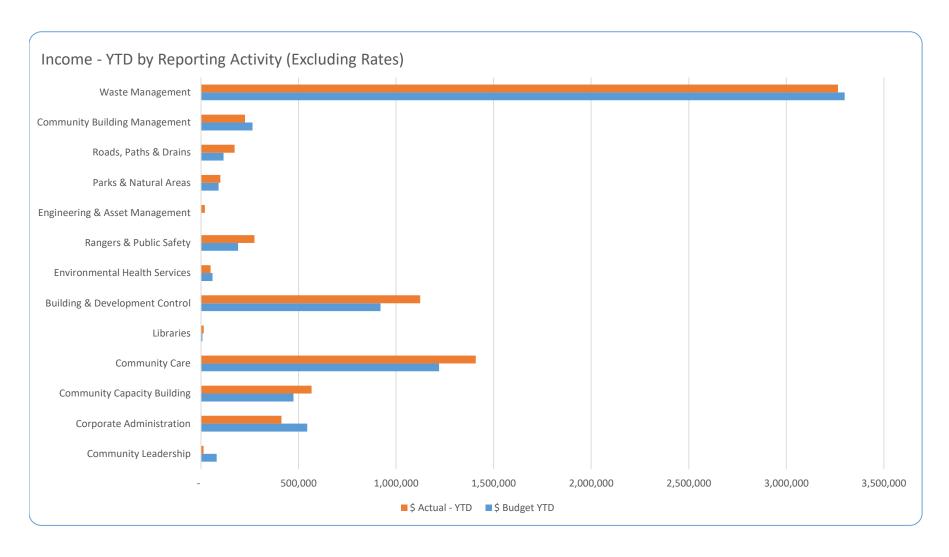
Reporting Activity	February 21	February 21	Varia	nce Indi	cators		2020-21	Var.	Comment
, ,	YTD Budget	YTD Actual	\$	%	Flag	Flag F/U Annual Budget		Scale	Ref
Expenditure:									
Community Leadership	1,301,287	1,410,473	(109,186)	8%		U	1,849,513		
Corporate Administration	1,033,877	999,393	34,484	3%	<b></b>	F	1,648,836		
Community Capacity Building	1,189,505	1,085,803	103,702	9%	<b></b>	F	1,870,959		
Community Care	1,342,512	1,273,266	69,246	5%		F	2,092,242		
Libraries	1,134,232	1,041,264	92,968	8%		F	1,734,626		
<b>Building &amp; Development Control</b>	2,495,499	2,447,791	29,014	1%		F	3,788,366		
<b>Environmental Health Services</b>	482,031	423,914	58,117	12%		F	756,523		
Rangers & Public Safety	589,312	586,556	2,756	0%		F	983,399		
									Lower oncost charged out due to lower capital and maintenance work
Engineering & Asset Management	641,704	1,500,810	(859,106)	134%		U	1,242,596		completed
Parks & Natural Areas	3,872,975	3,608,309	264,666	7%		F	5,729,690		
Roads, Paths & Drains	3,013,148	2,729,476	283,672	9%		F	4,508,006		
Community Building Management	1,989,126	1,894,003	95,123	5%		F	2,878,755		
Waste Management	2,162,777	1,705,604	457,173	21%		F	3,257,938		
Rates & Property Services	275,995	260,829	15,166	5%		F	359,618		
Total Operating Expenditure	21,547,345	20,989,870		3%	<b> </b>	F	32,701,067		
<b>Net Operating Result</b>	10,135,951	11,629,645					878,117		
Legend			ı	.egend					
Favourable Variance to Budget	F	<b> </b>	F	avourab	le Vari	ance > 1	.0%		

Variance between -10% (U) and +10% (F)

Unfavourable Variance > 10%

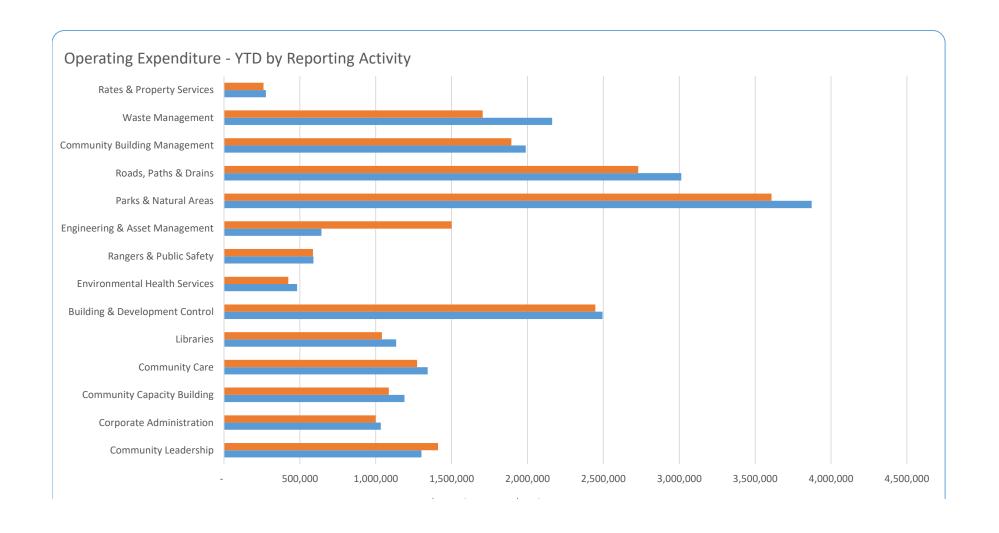


# GRAPHICAL SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY - OPERATING BY REPORTING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021





# GRAPHICAL SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY - OPERATING BY REPORTING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021



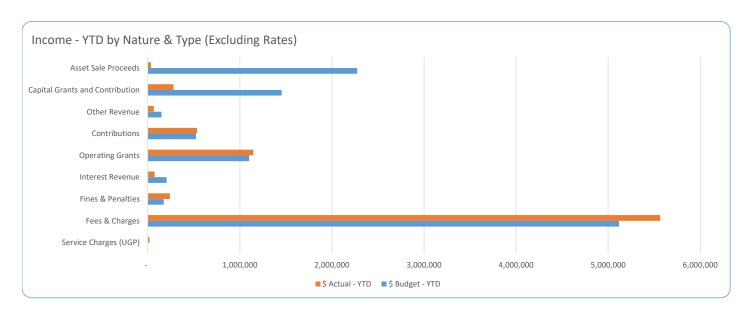


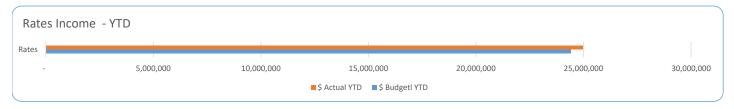
# CITY OF NEDLANDS SUMMARY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY - INCOME BY REPORTING NATURE & TYPE FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021

Reporting Activity	February 21 February 21 Variance Indicators 202		2020-21	Var.					
	YTD Budget	YTD Actual	\$	%	Flag	F/U	Annual Budget	Scale	
Income:									
Operating Income									
Rates	24,416,741	24,978,241	561,500	2%		F	24,533,233		
Service Charges (UGP)	-	19,003	19,003	0		F	-		
Fees & Charges	5,116,546	5,565,163	448,617	9%		F	5,965,354		
Fines & Penalties	173,053	238,332	65,279	38%		F	271,650		
Interest Revenue	205,000	73,727	(131,273)	(64%)		U	275,000		Lower interest rate
Operating Grants	1,101,734	1,146,421	44,687	4%		F	1,503,100		
Contributions	522,340	533,805	11,465	2%		F	784,484		
Other Revenue	147,882	64,824	(83,058)	(56%)		U	246,363		Wesroc and Park services lower income
Operating Income	31,683,296	32,619,515					33,579,184		
Capital Income									
Capital Grants and Contribution	1,453,919	279,607	(1,174,313)	(81%)	<b> </b>	U	2,180,879		Difference due to profiling and refund of grants received due to projects not under-taken
capital Crains and Continuation	1, 100,010	2,3,00,	(2)27 1,020)	(02/0)	1	· ·	2,200,075		Difference due to profiling and sale of property
Asset Sale Proceeds	2,274,109	34,504	(2,239,605)	(98%)		U	3,411,163		not undertaken yet
Sub Total - Capital Income	3,728,028	314,111	(=,===,===,	(==,=,	,1		5,592,042		, ,
Total Income	35,411,324	32,933,626		(7%)		U	39,171,226		
Legend		ı	Legend						
Favourable Variance to Budget	F 🏴	·	Favourable Varia	ance > 1	0%				
Unfavourable Variance to Budget	U		Variance betwee Unfavourable Va		. ,	+10% (F	·)		



## CITY OF NEDLANDS SUMMARY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY - INCOME BY REPORTING NATURE & TYPE FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 28 FEBRUARY 2021





#### 13.3 Monthly Investment Report – Febraury 2021

Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	
section 5.70 Local	
Government Act	
1995 and section	
10 of the city of	
Nedlands Code of	
Conduct for	
Impartiality	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
Attachments	1. Investment Report for the period ended 28
	February 2021

#### **Executive Summary**

In accordance with the Council's Investment Policy, Administration is required to present a summary of investments to Council on a monthly basis.

#### **Recommendation to Council**

Council receives the Investment Report for the period ended 28 February 2021.

#### **Discussion/Overview**

Council's Investment of Funds report meets the requirements of Section 6.14 of the Local Government Act 1995.

The Investment Policy is structured to minimise any risks associated with the City's cash investments. The officers adhere to this Policy, and continuously monitor market conditions to ensure that the City obtains attractive and optimum yields without compromising on risk management.

The Investment Summary shows that as at 28 February 2021 and 28 February 2020 the City held the following funds in investments:

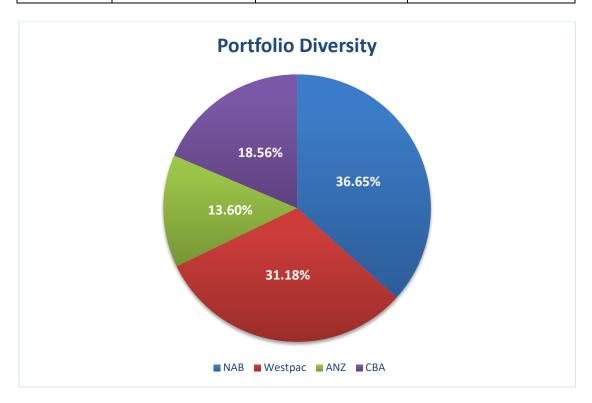
	28-Feb-2021	28-Feb-2020
Municipal Funds	\$ 10,061,496	\$ 8,390,500
Reserve Funds	\$ 6,022,104	\$ 7,049,659
Total investments	\$ 16,083,600	\$ 15,440,159

The City has \$5.8 M is Westpac online saver account which returns an interest rate of 0.40% per annum. As this rate is higher than the rates quoted for the term deposits as of end November, the surplus cash is maintained in the Westpac online saver account.

The total interest earned from investments as at 28 February 2021 was \$57,838.

The Investment Portfolio comprises holdings in the following institutions:

Financial Institution	Funds Invested	Interest Rate	Proportion of Portfolio
NAB	\$5,895,325	0.35% - 0.45%	36.65%
Westpac	\$5,015,500	0.20% - 1.05%	31.18%
ANZ	\$2,186,100	0.20%	13.60%
СВА	\$2,985,775	0.12% - 0.31%	18.57%
Total	\$16,083,600		100.00%



#### Conclusion

The Investment Report is presented to Council.

#### **Key Relevant Previous Council Decisions:**

Nil.

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$\mathbf{v}$	HSL	ııta	L	u	

Required by legislation:	Yes 🗌	No 🖂
Required by City of Redlands policy:	Yes 🗌	No 🖂

#### **Strategic Implications**

The investment of surplus funds in the 2020/21 approved budget is in line with the City's strategic direction.

The 2020/21 approved budget ensured that there is an equitable distribution of benefits in the community

The 2020/21 budget was prepared in line with the City's level of tolerance of risk and it is managed through budgetary review and control.

The interest income on investment in the 2020/21 approved budget was based on economic and financial data available at the time of preparation of the budget.

#### **Budget/Financial Implications**

The February YTD Actual interest income from investments is \$57,838 compared to the February YTD Budget of \$180,000.

The approved budget is prepared taking into consideration the Long-Term Financial Plan and current economic situation.

The adopted 2020/21 budget included a 0% rate increase.



## INVESTMENTS REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

	Interest	Invest.	Maturity	Period	NAB	Westpac	ANZ	СВА		Interest
Particulars	Rate	Date	Date	Days	*AA-/Stable/A-1+	*AA-/Stable/A-1+	*AA-/Stable/A-1+	*AA-/Stable/A-1+	Total	YTD Accumulated
RESERVE INVESTMENTS										
Plant Replacement	0.18%	22-Feb-21	23-Jun-21	121				34,660.64	34,660.64	\$113.43
City Development - Western Zone	0.18%	22-Feb-21	23-Jun-21	121				174,946.52	174,946.52	\$572.81
City Development - Western Zone	0.24%	21-Dec-20	21-May-21	151				66,103.69	66,103.69	\$249.69
Business system reserve	0.18%	22-Feb-21	23-Jun-21	121				142,537.92	142,537.92	\$466.44
All abilities play space	0.18%	22-Feb-21	23-Jun-21	121				97,739.98	97,739.98	\$319.55
North Street	0.24%	22-Dec-20	23-Mar-21	91		375,153.08			375,153.08	\$1,547.42
Welfare - General	0.31%	16-Aug-20	15-Apr-21	242				319,616.90	319,616.90	\$906.97
Welfare - NCC	0.22%	30-Dec-20	4-Apr-21	95				360,586.60	360,586.60	\$1,058.24
Welfare - PRCC	0.24%	21-Dec-20	21-May-21	151				15,750.36	15,750.36	\$58.24
Services - Tawarri 1	0.20%	22-Dec-20	23-Mar-21	91		68,758.30			68,758.30	\$278.52
Services General	0.45%	26-Feb-21	27-May-21	90	25,880.42				25,880.42	\$112.78
Services - Tawarri 2	0.20%	11-Dec-20	11-Mar-21	90	·		117,474.45		117,474.45	\$404.64
Insurance	0.20%	11-Dec-20	11-Mar-21	90			65,373.13		65,373.13	\$225.17
Undrground power	0.35%	20-Jan-21	20-Apr-21	90	773,413.37				773,413.37	\$3,333.24
Waste Management	0.18%	22-Feb-21	23-Jun-21	121				612,614.80	612,614.80	\$1,680.45
City Development - Swanbourne	0.31%	16-Aug-20	15-Apr-21	242				134,882.71	134,882.71	\$382.87
City Building - General	0.20%	22-Dec-20	23-Mar-21	91		415,610.23			415,610.23	\$1,683.46
City Building - PRCC	0.24%	21-Dec-20	21-May-21	151				26,180.30	26,180.30	\$98.89
Business system Reserve	0.35%	18-Jan-21	19-Apr-21	91	410,759.54				410,759.54	\$1,885.27
Public Art Reserves	0.35%	18-Jan-21	19-Apr-21	91	97,825.43				97,825.43	\$432.65
Waste Management Reserve	0.35%	18-Jan-21	19-Apr-21	91	574,446.39				574,446.39	\$2,540.61
City Development Reserve	0.35%	18-Jan-21	19-Apr-21	91	33,926.95				33,926.95	\$150.05
Building Replacement Reserve	0.35%	18-Jan-21	19-Apr-21	91	306,707.74				306,707.74	\$1,356.48
All ability play space	0.35%	20-Jan-21	24-Apr-21	94	184,041.85				184,041.85	\$791.23
Major projects	0.31%	4-Jan-21	4-May-21	120		587,112.47			587,112.47	\$2,537.06
TOTAL RESERVE INVESTMENTS					\$2,407,001.69	\$1,446,634.08	\$182,847.57	\$1,985,620.43	\$6,022,103.76	\$23,186.20
MUNICIPAL INVESTMENTS										
Muni Investment NS60	1.05%	31-Jan-21	28-Feb-21	28		1,059,741.55			1,059,741.55	\$5,400.57
Muni Investment #4 - WBC	0.21%	28-Feb-21	3-Mar-21	90		1,002,757.67			1,002,757.67	\$2,757.67
Muni Investment #6 - WBC	0.70%	15-Feb-21	15-May-21	153		1,506,367.12			1,506,367.12	\$6,367.12
Muni Investment #1 - CBA	0.12%	12-Feb-21	13-Mar-21	31				1,000,154.53	1,000,154.53	\$4,231.24
Muni Investment #2 - CBA								0.00	0.00	\$199.36
Muni Investment #7 - NAB	0.40%	17-Dec-20	17-Mar-21	90	3,007,212.07				3,007,212.07	\$7,212.07
Muni Investment #150 - ANZ	0.20%	7-Dec-21	7-Mar-21	91			2,004,152.15		2,004,152.15	\$4,152.15
Muni Investment #8 - ANZ								0.00	0.00	\$100.47
Muni Investment #12 - NAB									0.00	\$1,444.91
Muni Investment #13 - NAB-	0.35%	20-Jan-21	30-Apr-21	100	481,111				481,111.25	\$2,785.80
TOTAL MUNICIPAL INVESTMENTS					3,488,323.32	3,568,866.35	2,004,152.15	1,000,154.53	\$10,061,496.35	\$34,651.37
										-
TOTAL	-				\$5,895,325.01	\$5,015,500.42	\$2,186,999.72	\$2,985,774.96	\$16,083,600.11	\$57,837.56

#### 13.4 Annual Compliance Audit Return 2020

Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil.
Disclosure under	TVII.
section 5.70 Local	
Government Act	
1995 and section 10	
of the City of	
Nedlands Code of	
Conduct for	
Impartiality.	
Director	Ed Herne – Director Corporate & Strategy
CEO	Jim Duff – A/Chief Executive Officer
Attachments	Compliance Audit Return 2020
Confidential	Nil.
Attachments	

#### **Executive Summary**

The 2020 Compliance Audit Return is an annual return that is required to be reviewed and adopted by Council prior to submission to the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries by 31 March 2021. The Audit & Risk Committee has reviewed the Audit Return and submits it for Council adoption.

#### Recommendation to Council

Council adopts the 2020 Compliance Audit Return as per recommendation by the Audit & Risk Committee.

#### **Discussion/Overview**

Local governments are required to complete the annual Compliance Audit Return. The attached return for the City of Nedlands is for the period 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020. It is required to be review by the Audit and Risk Committee and then considered and adopted by Council, and submitted to the Department of Local Government, Sports and Cultural Industries by 31 March 2021.

In accordance with Regulation 14 and 15 of the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 the 2020 Annual Compliance Audit Return must be:

- 1. Presented to the Audit and Risk Committee for review and then presented to Council;
- 2. Adopted by Council;

- 3. Recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which it was adopted; and
- 4. A certified copy of the return, along with a copy of the minutes recording its adoption, to be submitted to the Department by 31 March 2021.

The City's 2020 Compliance Audit Return was completed in February by Management following a review and assessment of:

- Council meeting agendas and minutes;
- Performance plans, media advertisements, procedures and policies, registers, delegation records, local laws; and
- Interviews with responsible officers.

#### **Key Relevant Previous Council Decisions:**

Nil.

#### Consultation

The Audit and Risk Committee has reviewed the return at it's meeting on Thursday 4 March 2021 and is now submitting the results of that review to Council.

#### **Budget/Financial Implications**

The 2020 Compliance Audit Return has been conducted using internal resources and there are no other financial impacts.



#### **Nedlands - Compliance Audit Return 2020**

#### **Certified Copy of Return**

Please submit a signed copy to the Director General of the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries together with a copy of the relevant minutes.

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s3.59(2)(a) F&G Regs 7,9,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan for each major trading undertaking that was not exempt in 2020?	N/A	No major trading was undertaken	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
2	s3.59(2)(b) F&G Regs 7,8,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan for each major land transaction that was not exempt in 2020?	N/A	No major land transaction	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
3	s3.59(2)(c) F&G Regs 7,8,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan before entering into each land transaction that was preparatory to entry into a major land transaction in 2020?	N/A	No major land transaction	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
4	s3.59(4)	Has the local government complied with public notice and publishing requirements for each proposal to commence a major trading undertaking or enter into a major land transaction or a land transaction that is preparatory to a major land transaction for 2020?	N/A		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
5	s3.59(5)	During 2020, did the council resolve to proceed with each major land transaction or trading undertaking by absolute majority?	N/A		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.16	Were all delegations to committees resolved by absolute majority?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
2	s5.16	Were all delegations to committees in writing?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
3	s5.17	Were all delegations to committees within the limits specified in section 5.17?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
4	s5.18	Were all delegations to committees recorded in a register of delegations?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
5	s5.18	Has council reviewed delegations to its committees in the 2019/2020 financial year?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
6	s5.42(1) & s5.43 Admin Reg 18G	Did the powers and duties delegated to the CEO exclude those listed in section 5.43 of the Act?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
7	s5.42(1)	Were all delegations to the CEO resolved by an absolute majority?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
8	s5.42(2)	Were all delegations to the CEO in writing?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
9	s5.44(2)	Were all delegations by the CEO to any employee in writing?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
10	s5.16(3)(b) & s5.45(1)(b)	Were all decisions by the council to amend or revoke a delegation made by absolute majority?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
11	s5.46(1)	Has the CEO kept a register of all delegations made under Division 4 of the Act to the CEO and to employees?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
12	s5.46(2)	Were all delegations made under Division 4 of the Act reviewed by the delegator at least once during the 2019/2020 financial year?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
13	s5.46(3) Admin Reg 19	Did all persons exercising a delegated power or duty under the Act keep, on all occasions, a written record in accordance with Admin Reg 19?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer

Disclosure of Interest						
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent	
1	s5.67	Where a council member disclosed an interest in a matter and did not have participation approval under sections 5.68 or 5.69, did the council member ensure that they did not remain present to participate in discussion or decision making relating to the matter?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer	



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
2	s5.68(2) & s5.69 (5) Admin Reg 21A	Were all decisions regarding participation approval, including the extent of participation allowed and, where relevant, the information required by Admin Reg 21A, recorded in the minutes of the relevant council or committee meeting?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
3	s5.73	Were disclosures under section sections 5.65, 5.70 or 5.71A(3) recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which the disclosures were made?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
4	s5.75 Admin Reg 22, Form 2	Was a primary return in the prescribed form lodged by all relevant persons within three months of their start day?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
5	s5.76 Admin Reg 23, Form 3	Was an annual return in the prescribed form lodged by all relevant persons by 31 August 2020?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
6	s5.77	On receipt of a primary or annual return, did the CEO, or the mayor/president, give written acknowledgment of having received the return?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
7	s5.88(1) & (2)(a)	Did the CEO keep a register of financial interests which contained the returns lodged under sections 5.75 and 5.76?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
8	s5.88(1) & (2)(b) Admin Reg 28	Did the CEO keep a register of financial interests which contained a record of disclosures made under sections 5.65, 5.70, 5.71 and 5.71A, in the form prescribed in Admin Reg 28?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
9	s5.88(3)	When a person ceased to be a person required to lodge a return under sections 5.75 and 5.76, did the CEO remove from the register all returns relating to that person?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
10	s5.88(4)	Have all returns removed from the register in accordance with section 5.88(3) been kept for a period of at least five years after the person who lodged the return(s) ceased to be a person required to lodge a return?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
11	s5.89A(1), (2) & (3) Admin Reg 28A	Did the CEO keep a register of gifts which contained a record of disclosures made under sections 5.87A and 5.87B, in the form prescribed in Admin Reg 28A?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
12	s5.89A(5) & (5A)	Did the CEO publish an up-to-date version of the gift register on the local government's website?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
13	s5.89A(6)	When a person ceases to be a person who is required to make a disclosure under section 5.87A or 5.87B, did the CEO remove from the register all records relating to that person?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
14	s5.89A(7)	Have copies of all records removed from the register under section 5.89A (6) been kept for a period of at least five years after the person ceases to be a person required to make a disclosure?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
15	Rules of Conduct Reg 11(1), (2) & (4)	Where a council member had an interest that could, or could reasonably be perceived to, adversely affect the impartiality of the person, did they disclose the interest in accordance with Rules of Conduct Reg 11(2)?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
16	Rules of Conduct Reg 11(6)	Where a council member disclosed an interest under Rules of Conduct Reg 11 (2) was the nature of the interest recorded in the minutes?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
17	s5.70(2) & (3)	Where an employee had an interest in any matter in respect of which the employee provided advice or a report directly to council or a committee, did that person disclose the nature and extent of that interest when giving the advice or report?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
18	s5.71A & s5.71B (5)	Where council applied to the Minister to allow the CEO to provide advice or a report to which a disclosure under s5.71A(1) relates, did the application include details of the nature of the interest disclosed and any other information required by the Minister for the purposes of the application?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
19	s5.71B(6) & s5.71B(7)	Was any decision made by the Minister under subsection 5.71B(6) recorded in the minutes of the council meeting at which the decision was considered?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
20	s5.103 Admin Regs 34B & 34C	Has the local government adopted a code of conduct in accordance with Admin Regs 34B and 34C to be observed by council members, committee members and employees?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
21	Admin Reg 34B(5)	Has the CEO kept a register of notifiable gifts in accordance with Admin Reg 34B(5)?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer

Disposal of Property						
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent	
1	s3.58(3)	Where the local government disposed of property other than by public auction or tender, did it dispose of the property in accordance with section 3.58(3) (unless section 3.58(5) applies)?	N/A		Peter Mickleson - Director Planning & Develpment	
2	s3.58(4)	Where the local government disposed of property under section 3.58(3), did it provide details, as prescribed by section 3.58(4), in the required local public notice for each disposal of property?	N/A		Peter Mickleson - Director Planning & Develpment	



Electi	Elections					
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent	
1	Elect Regs 30G(1) & (2)	Did the CEO establish and maintain an electoral gift register and ensure that all disclosure of gifts forms completed by candidates and donors and received by the CEO were placed on the electoral gift register at the time of receipt by the CEO and in a manner that clearly identifies and distinguishes the forms relating to each candidate?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer	
2	Elect Regs 30G(3) & (4)	Did the CEO remove any disclosure of gifts forms relating to an unsuccessful candidate, or a successful candidate that completed their term of office, from the electoral gift register, and retain those forms separately for a period of at least two years?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer	
3	Elect Regs 30G(5) & (6)	Did the CEO publish an up-to-date version of the electoral gift register on the local government's official website in accordance with Elect Reg 30G(6)?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer	

Finan	nce				
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s7.1A	Has the local government established an audit committee and appointed members by absolute majority in accordance with section 7.1A of the Act?	Yes		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
2	s7.1B	Where the council delegated to its audit committee any powers or duties under Part 7 of the Act, did it do so by absolute majority?	N/A		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
3	s7.3(1) & s7.6(3)	Was the person or persons appointed by the local government to be its auditor appointed by an absolute majority decision of council?	Yes		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
4	s7.3(3)	Was the person(s) appointed by the local government under s7.3(1) to be its auditor a registered company auditor or an approved auditor?	Yes		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
5	s7.9(1)	Was the auditor's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 received by the local government by 31 December 2020?	No	Audit in progress.	Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
6	s7.12A(3)	Where the local government determined that matters raised in the auditor's report prepared under s7.9 (1) of the Act required action to be taken, did the local government ensure that appropriate action was undertaken in respect of those matters?	N/A		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
7	s7.12A(4)(a)	Where matters identified as significant were reported in the auditor's report, did the local government prepare a report that stated what action the local government had taken or intended to take with respect to each of those matters?	N/A		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
8	s7.12A(4)(b)	Where the local government was required to prepare a report under s.7.12A(4)(a), was a copy of the report given to the Minister within three months of the audit report being received by the local government?	N/A		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
9	s7.12A(5)	Within 14 days after the local government gave a report to the Minister under s7.12A(4)(b), did the CEO publish a copy of the report on the local government's official website?	N/A		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
10	Audit Reg 7	Did the agreement between the local government and its auditor include the objectives and scope of the audit, a plan for the audit, details of the remuneration and expenses paid to the auditor, and the method to be used by the local government to communicate with the auditor?	Yes		Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services
11	Audit Reg 10(1)	Was the auditor's report for the financial year ending 30 June received by the local government within 30 days of completion of the audit?	No	Audit in progress	Reshma Jahmeerbacus - Manager Financial Services

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Admin Reg 19C	Has the local government adopted by absolute majority a strategic community plan? If Yes, please provide the adoption date or the date of the most recent review in the Comments section?	Yes	22 May 2018	Stacey Gibson - PA to Director Corporate & Strategy
2	Admin Reg 19DA (1) & (4)	Has the local government adopted by absolute majority a corporate business plan? If Yes, please provide the adoption date or the date of the most recent review in the Comments section?	Yes	Adopted 20 June 2013.  Review sent to Ordinary Council Meeting 27 October 2020.	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
3	Admin Reg 19DA (2) & (3)	Does the corporate business plan comply with the requirements of Admin Reg 19DA(2) & (3)?	No	Does not comply with (1) - prepared but not adopted in 20/21.	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer



Local	Government Em	ployees			
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Admin Reg 18C	Did the local government approve a process to be used for the selection and appointment of the CEO before the position of CEO was advertised?	N/A		Shelley Mettam - Manager Human Resources
2	s5.36(4) & s5.37 (3) Admin Reg 18A	Were all CEO and/or senior employee vacancies advertised in accordance with Admin Reg 18A?	Yes		Shelley Mettam - Manager Human Resources
3	Admin Reg 18E	Was all information provided in applications for the position of CEO true and accurate?	N/A		Shelley Mettam - Manager Human Resources
4	Admin Reg 18F	Was the remuneration and other benefits paid to a CEO on appointment the same remuneration and benefits advertised for the position under section 5.36(4)?	N/A		Shelley Mettam - Manager Human Resources
5	s5.37(2)	Did the CEO inform council of each proposal to employ or dismiss senior employee?	Yes		Shelley Mettam - Manager Human Resources
6	s5.37(2)	Where council rejected a CEO's recommendation to employ or dismiss a senior employee, did it inform the CEO of the reasons for doing so?	N/A		Shelley Mettam - Manager Human Resources

Offici	al Conduct				
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.120	Has the local government designated a senior employee as defined by section 5.37 to be its complaints officer?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
2	s5.121(1)	Has the complaints officer for the local government maintained a register of complaints which records all complaints that resulted in a finding under section 5.110(2)(a)?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
3	s5.121(2)	Does the complaints register include all information required by section 5.121 (2)?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
4	s5.121(3)	Has the CEO published an up-to-date version of the register of the complaints on the local government's official website?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer

#### **Optional Questions**



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Financial Management Reg 5 (2)(c)	Did the CEO review the appropriateness and effectiveness of the local government's financial management systems and procedures in accordance with Financial Management Reg 5(2)(c) within the three years prior to 31 December 2020?  If yes, please provide the date of council's resolution to accept the report.	Yes	5 August 2018	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
2	Audit Reg 17	Did the CEO review the appropriateness and effectiveness of the local government's systems and procedures in relation to risk management, internal control and legislative compliance in accordance with Audit Reg 17 within the three years prior to 31 December 2020? If yes, please provide date of council's resolution to accept the report.	Yes	2 March 2018. Due for review 2021.	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
3	s5.87C(2)	Where a disclosure was made under sections 5.87A or 5.87B, was the disclosure made within 10 days after receipt of the gift?	N/A	No declarations of gifts.	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
4	s5.87C	Where a disclosure was made under sections 5.87A or 5.87B, did the disclosure include the information required by section 5.87C?	N/A	No declarations of gifts.	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
5	s5.90A(2)	Did the local government prepare and adopt by absolute majority a policy dealing with the attendance of council members and the CEO at events?	No		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
6	s.5.90A(5)	Did the CEO publish an up-to-date version of the attendance at events policy on the local government's official website?	No		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
7	s5.96A(1), (2), (3) & (4)	Did the CEO publish information on the local government's website in accordance with sections 5.96A(1), (2), (3), and (4)?	Yes		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
8	s5.128(1)	Did the local government prepare and adopt (by absolute majority) a policy in relation to the continuing professional development of council members?	No		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
9	s5.127	Did the local government prepare a report on the training completed by council members in the 2019/2020 financial year and publish it on the local government's official website by 31 July 2020?	No		Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer
10	s6.4(3)	By 30 September 2020, did the local government submit to its auditor the balanced accounts and annual financial report for the year ending 30 June 2020?	Yes	Confirmed with Director Corporate & Strategy	Mark Goodlet - Chief Executive Officer



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	F&G Reg 11A(1) & (3)	Does the local government have a current purchasing policy that complies with F&G Reg 11A(3) in relation to contracts for other persons to supply goods or services where the consideration under the contract is, or is expected to be, \$250,000 or less or worth \$250,000 or less?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
2	F&G Reg 11A(1)	Did the local government comply with its current purchasing policy in relation to the supply of goods or services where the consideration under the contract was, or was expected to be, \$250,000 or less?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
3	s3.57 F&G Reg 11	Subject to F&G Reg 11(2), did the local government invite tenders for all contracts for the supply of goods or services where the consideration under the contract was, or was expected to be, worth more than the consideration stated in F&G Reg 11(1)?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
4	F&G Regs 11(1), 12(2), 13, & 14(1), (3), and (4)	When regulations 11(1), 12(2) or 13 required tenders to be publicly invited, did the local government invite tenders via Statewide public notice in accordance with F&G Reg 14(3) and (4)?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
5	F&G Reg 12	Did the local government comply with F&G Reg 12 when deciding to enter into multiple contracts rather than a single contract?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
6	F&G Reg 14(5)	If the local government sought to vary the information supplied to tenderers, was every reasonable step taken to give each person who sought copies of the tender documents or each acceptable tenderer notice of the variation?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
7	F&G Regs 15 & 16	Did the local government's procedure for receiving and opening tenders comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 15 and 16?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
8	F&G Reg 17	Did the information recorded in the local government's tender register comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 17 and did the CEO make the tenders register available for public inspection and publish it on the local government's official website?	Yes	The Tender Register was available for public inspection. No, The City of Nedlands website does not have the facility to publish the tender register. This is a request from Procurement and will be included in the new City website when it becomes available.	Procurement Coordinator
9	F&G Reg 18(1)	Did the local government reject any tenders that were not submitted at the place, and within the time, specified in the invitation to tender?	No		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
10	F&G Reg 18(4)	Were all tenders that were not rejected assessed by the local government via a written evaluation of the extent to which each tender satisfies the criteria for deciding which tender to accept?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
11	F&G Reg 19	Did the CEO give each tenderer written notice containing particulars of the successful tender or advising that no tender was accepted?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
12	F&G Regs 21 & 22	Did the local government's advertising and expression of interest processes comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 21 and 22?	N/A	No Expressions of Interest were processed	Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
13	F&G Reg 23(1) & (2)	Did the local government reject any expressions of interest that were not submitted at the place, and within the time, specified in the notice or that failed to comply with any other requirement specified in the notice?	N/A	No Expressions of Interest were processed	Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
14	F&G Reg 23(3)	Were all expressions of interest that were not rejected assessed by the local government?	N/A	No Expressions of Interest were processed	Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
15	F&G Reg 23(4)	After the local government considered expressions of interest, did the CEO list each person considered capable of satisfactorily supplying goods or services as an acceptable tenderer?	N/A	No Expressions of Interest were processed	Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
16	F&G Reg 24	Did the CEO give each person who submitted an expression of interest a notice in writing of the outcome in accordance with F&G Reg 24?	N/A	No Expressions of Interest were processed	Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
17	F&G Regs 24AD(2) & (4) and 24AE	Did the local government invite applicants for a panel of pre-qualified suppliers via Statewide public notice in accordance with F&G Reg 24AD(4) and 24AE?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
18	F&G Reg 24AD(6)	If the local government sought to vary the information supplied to the panel, was every reasonable step taken to give each person who sought detailed information about the proposed panel or each person who submitted an application notice of the variation?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
19	F&G Reg 24AF	Did the local government's procedure for receiving and opening applications to join a panel of pre-qualified suppliers comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 16, as if the reference in that regulation to a tender were a reference to a pre-qualified supplier panel application?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
20	F&G Reg 24AG	Did the information recorded in the local government's tender register about panels of pre-qualified suppliers comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 24AG?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
21	F&G Reg 24AH(1)	Did the local government reject any applications to join a panel of prequalified suppliers that were not submitted at the place, and within the time, specified in the invitation for applications?	N/A		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
22	F&G Reg 24AH(3)	Were all applications that were not rejected assessed by the local government via a written evaluation of the extent to which each application satisfies the criteria for deciding which application to accept?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
23	F&G Reg 24AI	Did the CEO send each applicant written notice advising them of the outcome of their application?	Yes		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator
24	F&G Regs 24E & 24F	Where the local government gave regional price preference, did the local government comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 24E and 24F?	N/A		Bill Byrne - Procurement Coordinator

I certify this Compliance Audit Return has been adopted	d by council at its meeting on	
Signed Mayor/President, Nedlands	Signed CEO, Nedla	nds

#### 13.5 City of Nedlands Mayoral Election

Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee Disclosure under section 5.70 Local Government Act 1995 and section 10 of the City of Nedlands Code of Conduct for Impartiality.	Nil.
Executive Officer	Nicole Ceric
CEO	Jim Duff, Acting Chief Executive Officer
Attachments	3. Election Timetable
Confidential Attachments	Nil.

#### **Executive Summary**

This report is provided for Council to consider options in relation to filling the vacancy of Mayor. Options for an extraordinary election and deferral to the October 2021 Ordinary Election have been provided.

#### **Recommendation 1 to Council**

#### Council:

- 1. instructs the Acting Chief Executive Officer to write to the Electoral Commissioner of the Western Australian Electoral Commission requesting the vacancy of Mayor remain unfilled until the October 2021 Ordinary Election; and
- 2. in the event the request is denied fixes in accordance with section 4.9(1) of the *Local Government Act 1995* the date of the extraordinary election to fill the vacancy of Mayor to be on Friday 18 June 2021 as per the timeline (attachment 1) provided by the Western Australian Electoral Commission and approves in accordance with section 6.8(1)(b) of the *Local Government Act 1995* the unbudgeted expenditure of \$50,000 for the carrying out of the extraordinary election for the vacancy of Mayor.

**ABSOLUTE MAJORITY REQUIRED** 

OR

#### **Recommendation 2 to Council**

#### Council:

- 1. fixes in accordance with section 4.9(1) of the *Local Government Act* 1995 the date of the extraordinary election to fill the vacancy of Mayor to be on Friday 18 June 2021 as per the timeline (attachment 1) provided by the Western Australian Electoral Commission; and
- 2. approves in accordance with section 6.8(1)(b) of the *Local Government Act 1995* the unbudgeted expenditure of \$50,000 for the carrying out of the extraordinary election for the vacancy of Mayor.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAJORITY REQUIRED**

#### **Discussion/Overview**

#### **Background**

Mayor de Lacy tendered her resignation to the Chief Executive Officer on the21st February 2021 effective from the 25th February 2021 therefore, leaving the Mayoral position vacant.

Mayor de Lacy's term was due to expire at the October 2023 Ordinary Election. Any Extraordinary Election held now to fill this vacancy would only be for the balance of this term.

#### **Risk Management**

The holding of elections is highly regulated by the Local Government Act 1995, consequently, there is a risk of the City being non-compliant if it does not act expediently to arrange the extraordinary election or request for the vacancy to remain unfilled until the October 2021 Ordinary Election.

#### Required by Legislation

Local Government Act 1995

- 4.9. Election day for extraordinary election
- (1) Any poll needed for an extraordinary election is to be held on a day decided on and fixed
  - (a) by the mayor or president, in writing, if a day has not already been fixed under paragraph (b); or
  - (b) by the council at a meeting held within one month after the vacancy occurs, if a day has not already been fixed under paragraph (a).

- (2) The election day fixed for an extraordinary election is to be a day that allows enough time for the electoral requirements to be complied with but, unless the Electoral Commissioner approves or section 4.10(b) applies, it cannot be later than 4 months after the vacancy occurs.
- (3) If at the end of one month after the vacancy occurs an election day has not been fixed, the CEO is to notify the Electoral Commissioner and the Electoral Commissioner is to
  - (a) fix a day for the holding of the poll that allows enough time for the electoral requirements to be complied with; and
  - (b) advise the CEO of the day fixed.
- 6.8. Expenditure from municipal fund not included in annual budget
- (1) A local government is not to incur expenditure from its municipal fund for an additional purpose except where the expenditure
  - (a) is incurred in a financial year before the adoption of the annual budget by the local government; or
  - (b) is authorised in advance by resolution\*; or
  - (c) is authorised in advance by the mayor or president in an emergency.

#### **Key Relevant Previous Council Decisions:**

Extract Council Minutes – 23 April 2019 – Item 13.5 Future Elections and Polls to 2023

#### "Council:

- 1. declares, in accordance with section 4.20(4) of the Local Government Act 1995, the Western Australian Electoral Commissioner to be responsible for the conduct of all future elections and polls until the end of 2023; and
- 2. decides, in accordance with section 4.61(2) of the Local Government Act 1995 that the method of conducting all future elections or polls will be as a postal election."

#### Consultation

As this is a requirement under the Local Government Act 1995 the decision only requires consultation with the Deputy Mayor, the Western Australian Electoral Commission (WAEC) and Council.

Administration has consulted with Deputy Mayor McManus regarding setting a day for a Mayoral Election as required however, Deputy Mayor McManus declined to set a date and advised it would be more appropriate for Council as a whole to make a decision due to the timing and the associated unbudgeted expenditure which requires a Council resolution.

Administration have consulted with the Western Australian Electoral Commission who have provided the timeline (attachment 1) and requirements to run an extraordinary election and also the option to request the vacancy remain unfilled until the October 2021 Ordinary Election.

The necessary consultation and advertising required to run the election is set out in Part 4 of the Act and will be the responsibility of the returning officer appointed by the Western Australian Electoral Commission.

#### **Strategic Implications**

N/A

#### **Budget/Financial Implications**

The City held an extraordinary election in August 2020 to fill a vacancy in the Dalkeith Ward at a cost of \$17,021.44 which was unbudgeted, holding a second extraordinary election in the current financial year 2020/21 would be the second unbudgeted expenditure for this financial year.

The Western Australian Electoral Commission have provided a cost estimate of \$50,000 which has not been budgeted for in 2020/21 to run an extraordinary election.

Council would need to approve the unbudgeted expenditure, pursuant to section 6.8(1)(b) of the Local Government Act 1995 should they wish to provide with an extra ordinary election.

The Western Australian Electoral Commission have also provided a cost estimate of \$5,000 to hold the Mayoral election in conjunction with the Ordinary Election in October 2021 which would be included in the annual budget for 2021/22 in addition to the \$75,000 to be included for the October 2021 Ordinary Election. Therefore, a total \$80,000 would need to be allocated for this purpose in the 2021/22 annual budget.

Section 4.16(4) provides that a Council may apply to the Electoral Commissioner to have an election for an Extraordinary Vacancy that occurs between the first Saturday in January and the first Saturday in July prior to an Ordinary Election, deferred until that Ordinary Election. Therefore, Council can seek approval from the Western Australian Electoral Commission requesting that this vacancy remain unfilled until the October 2021 Ordinary Election which would be the most cost effective and appropriate course of action.

Advice from the Western Australian Electoral Commission is that the Electoral Commissioner would agree to the vacancy remaining unfilled until the October 2021 Ordinary Election if requested by the City of Nedlands and this would be their preference however, the Western Australian Electoral Commission will conduct an extraordinary election if required to do so but having the vacancy unfilled until the October Ordinary Election would be a significant saving of \$45,000 for the City of Nedlands.

#### Conclusion

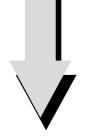
In conclusion due to the significant unbudgeted amount, which is the second for this financial year, administration is recommending that Council make a request to the Electoral Commission to leave the position of Mayor unfilled until the October 2021 Ordinary Election.

A second recommendation has been provided should Council wish to proceed with an extraordinary election.



## **ELECTION TIMETABLE Nedlands Mayoral Extraordinary Election**

	Days to Polling Day	Local Government Act	References to Act/Regs	Day	Date
80		Last day for agreement of Electoral Commissioner to conduct postal election.	LGA 4.20 (2)(3)(4)	Tue	30/03/2021
		A decision made to conduct the election as a postal election cannot be rescinded after the 80th day.	LGA 4.61(5)	Tue	30/03/2021
	70	Electoral Commissioner to appoint a person to be the Returning Officer of the Local Government for the election.	LGA 4.20 (4)	Fri	9/04/2021
	70	Between the 70th/56th day the CEO is to give Statewide public notice of the time and date of close of enrolments.	LGA 4.39(2)	Fri	9/04/2021
	to	Preferred date Wednesday 14 April 2021		to	to
	56			Fri	23/04/2021
	56	Advertising may begin for nominations from 56 days and no later than 45 days before election day.  Preferred date Wednesday 28 April 2021	LGA 4.47(1)	Fri	23/04/2021
Roll Close	50	Close roll 5.00pm	LGA 4.39(1)	Thu	29/04/2021
	45	Last day for advertisement to be placed calling for nominations.	LGA 4.47(1)	Tue	4/05/2021
Nominations Open	44	Nominations Open First day for candidates to lodge completed nomination paper, in the prescribed form, with the Returning Officer. Nominations period is open for 8 days.	LGA 4.49(a)	Wed	5/05/2021
	38	If a candidate's nomination is withdrawn not later than 4pm on the 38th day before election day, the candidate's deposit is to be refunded.	Reg. 27(5)	Tue	11/05/2021
Nominations Close	37	Close of Nominations 4.00pm on the 37th day before election day.	LGA 4.49(a)	Wed	12/05/2021
	36	CEO to prepare an owners' & occupiers' roll for the election. Electoral Commissioner to prepare residents' roll.	LGA 4.41(1) LGA 4.40(2)	Thu	13/05/2021
	28	Lodgement of election packages with Australia Post. Week Commenceing	Approx	Fri	21/05/2021
	22	The preparation of any consolidated roll under subregulation (1) be completed on or before 22nd day before election day.	Reg. 18(2)	Thu	27/05/2021
	19	Last day for the Returning Officer to give Statewide public notice of the election.	LGA 4.64(1)	Sun	30/05/2021
	4	Preferred date Wednesday 19 May 2021  Commence processing returned election packages	Approx	Mon	14/06/2021
Election Day	0	Election Day Close of poll 6.00pm	LGA 4.7	Fri	18/06/2021



Post Polling Day	Post Declaration	References to Act/Regs		Date
5	Election result advertisement.	LGA 4.77	Wed	23/06/2021
14	Report to Minister. The report relating to an election under section 4.79 is to be provided to the Minister within 14 days after the declaration of the result of the election.		Fri	2/07/2021
	An invalidity complaint is to be made to a Court of Disputed Returns, constituted by a magistrate, but can only be made within 28 days after notice is given of the result of the election.	LGA 4.81(1)	Fri	16/07/2021

#### 13.6 Review of Wards & Representation

Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee	Nil
Disclosure under	
section 5.70 Local	
Government Act	
1995 and section 10	
of the City of	
Nedlands Code of	
Conduct for	
Impartiality.	
CEO	Jim Duff, Acting Chief Executive Officer
Attachments	<ol> <li>A Review of Wards and Councillor Numbers for the City of Nedlands - Options &amp; Discussion Paper – December 2020</li> <li>Review of Wards - Overall Summary</li> </ol>
Confidential	Survey Responses - Review of Wards -
Attachments	Submission Forms

#### **Executive Summary**

Local Governments are required to assess Wards and Councillors numbers every eight years. This report concludes this process following public consultation as required under the Local Government Act 1995.

The last review of the wards in the City of Nedlands was undertaken in 2012 and it is now due to carry out another review.

#### Recommendation to Council

That the City of Nedlands recommends to the Local Government Advisory Board that:

- 1. the current four wards structure remain unchanged; and
- 2. an order be made under section 2.18(3) of the *Local Government Act* 1995 to reduce the number of offices of councillor on the Council from twelve (12) to eight (8) and designate the following number of offices of councillor for each ward: Coastal (2), Dalkeith (2), Hollywood (2) and Melvista (2).

**ABSOLUTE MAJORITY REQUIRED** 

#### **Discussion/Overview**

#### Background

Schedule 2.2 of the Act requires local governments with wards to carry out reviews of the ward boundaries and the number of councillor representation for each ward and that no more than eight years elapses between successive reviews.

The City of Nedlands undertook its last review of wards and representation in 2012 and therefore as required a review is now due.

The City of Nedlands has four wards; Coastal, Hollywood, Melvista and Dalkeith.

The City of Nedlands has 12 councillors and a Mayor. Three councillors are elected for each ward.

Table: City of Nedlands elector to Councillor ratios - current situation

Ward	Number of Electors <sup>1</sup>	Number of Councillors	Councillor/ Elector Ratio	% Ratio Deviation
Coastal	4,320	3	1:1,440	+12.16%
Hollywood	4,046	3	1:1,349	+5.04%
Melvista	3,508	3	1:1,169	-8.92%
Dalkeith	3,533	3	1:1,178	-8.28%
Total	15,407	12	1:1,284	Not applicable

<sup>1.</sup> Number of electors at close of roll for the 19 October 2019 ordinary election.

The current local government reform process is considering prescribing councillor numbers to population though this has no legal standing presently. It would likely reduce the number of councillors in the City of Nedlands if it went forward.

#### **The Review Process**

The review process involves a number of mandatory steps:

- The Council resolves to undertake the review and advertise (this report)
- Public submission period opens
- Information provided to the community for discussion
- Public submission period closes
- The Council considers all submissions and relevant factors and makes a decision
- The Council submits a report to the Local Government Advisory Board (the Board) for its consideration
- If a change is proposed, the Board submits a recommendation to the Minister for Local Government (the Minister).

Any changes approved by the Minister will be in place for the next ordinary election where possible.

#### Implementation of Proposed Changes

The local government can indicate to the Board when it prefers the implementation of proposed changes to take place. In most cases this will be at the next ordinary elections day however, there may be some instances where proposed changes to representation (e.g., a reduction in the number of offices of councillor created by a vacancy can take place the day after the date of gazettal) occur as soon as possible.

When offices of councillor are to be redistributed into new wards, or there is a reduction or increase in the number of offices of councillor, the implementation method should give consideration to clauses 1 and 2 of Schedule 4.2 of the *Local Government Act 1995*. As near as practical to half of the total number of councillors are to retire every two years and as near as practical to half of the councillors representing each ward are to retire every two years.

#### **Key Relevant Previous Council Decisions:**

The most recent ward and councillor numbers assessment was carried out in 2012.

No changes were made to the ward boundaries or councillor representation per ward at that time.

At the 27 October 2020 Ordinary Council Meeting the following was resolved:

"That the item be deferred to an informal Councillor discussion."

This discussion occurred on the 18 November 2020, and the matter was presented for Council determination for advertising purposes on the 15 December 2020 where Council Resolved the following:

Ordinary Council Meeting 15 December 2020 – Item 13.7 Review of Wards and Councillor Numbers

"Council Resolution

#### Council:

- 1. receives the Ward Review and Councillor Numbers Discussion Paper for the purposes of seeking public submissions; and
- 2. instructs the Chief Executive Officer to give local public notice of its intention to carry out a review of Wards and Councillor numbers and

invites submissions as required under Clause 6(1) of Schedule 2.2 of the Local Government Act 1995."

#### Consultation

A Ward Review and Councillor Numbers Discussion Paper was created to use in the Community Consultation to assist community members of understanding the review process and provide feedback.

The purpose of the community consultation was for the community to review the Ward Review and Councillor Numbers Discussion Paper and provide feedback on their preferred options.

The City undertook community consultation for six weeks from the 16 January - 1 March 2021.

The review was advertised in the Post newspaper on the 16 January 2021 and also advertised in the full page Nedlands News advertisement in the Post on the 6 February 2021. It was also advertised on Your Voice, the City's engagement hub from that date as well.

The community were encouraged to complete a Submission Form with their preferences online during the consultation period and a total of 21 submissions were received.

21 submissions were received over the 48 days the community consultation was open.

To understand the reports from Your Voice Nedlands, stakeholders are classified as follows:

**Aware** –a visitor to Your Voice is aware when they have made one single visit to our project page.

**Informed** – a visitor who has taken the 'next step' from being aware and clicked on something on the Your Voice site e.g. A document or a photo.

**Engaged** – a visitor who has contributed to a survey (submission) or asked a question.

There was a total of 247 visits to the project page.

With 21 engaged visitors who completed a submission form.

93 visitors became informed.

215 visitors became aware.

58 visitors downloaded or viewed 66 documents from the document library.

14 visitors downloaded or viewed the FAQs relating to the review.

Note: Totals listed below show more than 21 submissions due to some people selecting more than one option in a few of the questions which causes the disparity in submission numbers.

The outcomes of Wards and Councillor numbers are list below with the residents preference of the current four wards with a reduction of Councillors from twelve(12) to eight (8) (two 2 per ward instead of the current 3 per ward):

The options for	Outcome	
Wards are		
No Wards *	1	
Two Wards	6 *	
Three Wards	3	
Four Wards	14	

<sup>\*</sup>One engaged visitor selected three options in Q6 (2, 3 and 4 Wards)

Options for Councillor numbers	Outcome
12 Councillors*	8
8 Councillors*	10
6 Councillors	4
Other **	1 -

<sup>\*</sup> One engaged visitor suggested two options of 12 Councillors and 8 Councillors

As a small local government, it appears the community believes there is too much representation and believes savings can be made by reducing the number of Councillors but retain the current four ward structure.

#### **Key Comments:**

- City of Nedlands contains diverse demographics and land uses. Ward Councillors are important to make sure that the needs of these different stakeholders and uses are understood and properly represented.
- Have a North/South boundary best for a small City like Nedlands. Half the Councillors to six to save the City unnecessary additional expenses e.g., Legal fees for Councillors, travel and accommodation for Conferences, meals, workshops etc.
- Most support retaining four wards but with reduced Councillor representation, so they still provide a reasonable representation of ratepayers to councillors ratio. Believe there are too many Councillors which do not contribute effectively. Elected on basis of a certain interest group.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other - Suggestion of three wards with 9 Councillors (3 per ward).



#### Strategic Implications

#### How well does it fit with our strategic direction?

Engagement is a core part of the City's community engagement strategy so fits with the strategic direction under the 2018-2028 Community Strategic Plan.

#### Who benefits?

The community benefits under this proposal as more funds can be directed to other City initiatives with the savings from accepting the reduction in Councillor Numbers.

#### Does it involve a tolerable risk?

Yes, as the City is a small local government and at present is overrepresented by having 4 wards with three Councillors per ward. The risk is greater by retaining the higher Councillor Numbers as it impacts on effective Council decision making.

#### Do we have the information we need?

Yes, the Your Voice reports are provided in full to support the summary information in this report.

#### Does this affect any CEO Key Result Areas?

Yes, effective community engagement and improvement of existing processes is one of the CEO's KRAs.

#### **Budget/Financial Implications**

#### Can we afford it?

The direct impact of councillor number reductions is discussed in the options paper in Attachment 1. It is not possible to quantify indirect financial impacts of different ward or councillor numbers in terms of decision-making and strategic direction.

#### How does the option impact upon rates?

The direct impact of councillor number reductions is discussed in the options paper in Attachment 1.

#### Conclusion

It is noted that more feedback was received during this review compared to the last review done in 2012.

With only 21 community members providing input on behalf of over 22,000 residents, the City of Nedlands may need to consider further consultation to get an increase in feedback before accepting any recommendation to change.

However, as this decision does not directly relate to the City of Nedlands services or a rate increase, I believe the impact is low and acceptable. Reason for this is due to the review being advertised in the Post newspaper on two occasions and on our Your Voice engagement hub:

- Standalone advertisement in the Post on 16 January 2021
- Advertised in the Post in the City's full page advertisement (Nedlands News) on 6 February 2021
- Online advertising via a dedicated Review page on Your Voice.

The Post has the largest readership in the Western Suburbs and based on this, community members had sufficient opportunity to see this information and provide feedback.

A reduction in Councillor numbers resulting in a reduction of associated costs, is something the community feel strongly about as mentioned in their feedback. The community has mentioned that for such a small local government of only 22,000 residents, feedback implies that having 12 Councillors is too many and impacts on the City's ability to function effectively.

Therefore, following the required community consultation this report now concludes the required review process and it is recommended that Council adopts the recommendation to the Local Government Advisory Board to keep the current four (4) ward structure but reduce its representation to two (2) councillors per ward rather than three (3) as per the Community Feedback.

# A Review of Wards and Councillor Numbers for the City of Nedlands

**Options and Discussion** 

December 2020

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This document has been prepared based on information written by the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries (the Department) for the review of ward boundaries and for the description of the role of councillors. City of Nedlands specific information is included for assessment of its wards and Councillor numbers.

Throughout this document information written by the Department is followed by \*\*, for referencing purposes.

#### For more information, please contact:

Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries Gordon Stephenson House, 140 William Street, Perth WA 6000 GPO Box R1250, Perth WA 6844

Telephone: (08) 6551 8700

Email: advisoryboard@dlgsc.wa.gov.au

Website: www.dlgsc.wa.gov.au

Translating and Interpreting Service (TIS) – Telephone: 13 14 50

## Background

The City of Nedlands is undertaking a review of its ward system to comply with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act).

Schedule 2.2 of the Act requires local governments with wards to carry out reviews of the ward boundaries and the number of councillors for each ward from time to time so that no more than eight years elapse between successive reviews.

The last review of wards in the City of Nedlands was undertaken in 2012 and it is now due to carry out another review.

#### **Current situation**

Currently the City of Nedlands has twelve (12) councillors elected from four (4) wards as follows:

**Table: City of Nedlands elector to Councillor ratios - current situation** 

Ward	Number of Electors <sup>1</sup>	Number of Councillors	Councillor/ Elector Ratio	% Ratio Deviation
Coastal	4,320	3	1:1,440	+12.16%
Hollywood	4,046	3	1:1,349	+5.04%
Melvista	3,508	3	1:1,169	-8.92%
Dalkeith	3,533	3	1:1,178	-8.28%
Total	15,407	12	1:1,284	Not applicable

<sup>1.</sup> Number of electors at close of roll for the 19 October 2019 ordinary election.

#### Review process\*\*

The review process involves a number of steps:

- The Council resolves to undertake the review
- Public submission period opens
- Information provided to the community for discussion
- Public submission period closes
- The Council considers all submissions and relevant factors and makes a decision
- The Council submits a report to the Local Government Advisory Board (the Board) for its consideration
- If a change is proposed, the Board submits a recommendation to the Minister for Local Government (the Minister).

Any changes approved by the Minister will be in place for the next ordinary election where possible.

#### Factors to be considered\*\*

When considering changes to wards and representation, Schedule 2.2 of the Act specifies five factors that must be taken into account by a local government as part of the review process:

- 1. Community of interest
- 2. Physical and topographic features
- 3. Demographic trends
- 4. Economic factors
- 5. Ratio of Councillors to Electors in the various wards.

The Board offers the following interpretation of these factors.

#### 1. Community of interest\*\*

The term community of interest has a number of elements. These include a sense of community identity and belonging, similarities in the characteristics of the residents of a community and similarities in the economic activities. It can also include dependence on the shared facilities in a district as reflected in the catchment areas of local schools and sporting teams, or the circulation areas of local newspapers. Neighbourhoods, suburbs and towns are important units in the physical, historical and social infrastructure and often generate a feeling of community and belonging.

#### 2. Physical and topographic features\*\*

These may be natural or man-made features that will vary from area to area. Water features such as rivers and catchment boundaries may be relevant considerations. Coastal plain and foothills regions, parks and reserves may be relevant as may other man-made features such as railway lines and freeways.

#### 3. Demographic trends

Several measurements of the characteristics of human populations, such as population size, and its distribution by age, sex, occupation and location provide important demographic information. Current and projected population characteristics will be relevant as well as similarities and differences between areas within the local government.\*\* Further information on the demographics of the City of Nedlands is available at the Australian Bureau of Statistics website at the following link <a href="https://www.abs.gov.au/">https://www.abs.gov.au/</a>.

#### 4. Economic factors\*\*

Economic factors can be broadly interpreted to include any factor that reflects the character of economic activities and resources in the area. This may include the industries that occur in a local government area (or the release of land for these) and the distribution of community assets and infrastructure such as road networks.

## 5. Ratio of Councillors to Electors in the various wards\*\*

This matter has two distinct components. The first is the <u>ratio</u> of councillors to electors. The second is the overall number of councillors.

#### Ratio of councillors to electors

On the first component, it is expected that each local government will have similar ratios of electors to councillors across the wards of its district. Intuitively it is easy to see that under a ward system it is only fair that electors receive equal representation by ward councillors. This safeguards against deliberate or inadvertent ward bias by Council. The only other matter that arises here is whether to abolish wards. Without wards all councillors represent all electors equally, in principle.

#### **Number of councillors**

A review of councillor numbers should consider the effectiveness and efficiency of the councillor in both their individual and collective Council roles as defined by the Local Government Act 1995, s2.10.

#### 2.10. Role of councillors

A councillor —

- a) represents the interests of electors, ratepayers and residents of the district; and
- b) provides leadership and guidance to the community in the district; and
- c) <u>facilitates communication</u> between the community and the council; and
- d) participates in the local government's <u>decision-making</u> processes at council and committee meetings; and
- e) performs such <u>other functions</u> as are given to a councillor by this Act or any other written law.

Performing the role of the councillors and Council, is about being able to successfully meeting the objectives, roles and functions ascribed to them in the Local Government Act 1995 (the Act), its subsidiary legislation (Regulations and Local Laws) and other legislation that requires the local government to play a part. The measure of success is about considering whether there is an ideal number of councillors by which the City can meet these councillor and Council objectives, roles and functions. In addressing this matter, the various roles of the councillor are discussed below, and are based on information provided by the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries at the following link.

https://www.dlgsc.wa.gov.au/local-government/local-governments/council-elections/the-role-of-a-council-member

# Representation

Representation refers to the act of speaking on behalf of someone. The more councillors per resident the greater the likelihood that representation is able to occur. One of the benefits of a large number of councillors is that the distribution of views across the councillors is more likely to be representative of the community itself. This does not take into account demographic differences but goes to the notion that a higher sample population (of councillors) will be more statistically representative of the main population, the electors.

Councillors represent the community's interests in many ways. They can pass on electors' views, support initiatives, and report complaints and problems they perceive, by informing the CEO or raising such matters in Council meetings. The representation of electors' views is complicated in Councils that operate under a ward system. Here, the councillor has both a duty to present the views of electors in his or her ward and to consider the good of the district as a whole when making a decision.

In terms of representation effectiveness there cannot be too many councillors. The more councillors the better the representation effectiveness.

In terms of "effectiveness" a ratio of one councillor to 200 electors provides better representation than one councillor per 1000 electors. This works two ways. The councillors are more able to make direct contact with the electors and provide the representation, leadership, guidance and communication roles of a councillor, under section 2.10 of the Act. Collectively also, when in a Council or committee meeting, the higher the number of Councillors, the more likely it becomes statistically, that the views of the electors are reflected in the decisions of Council or committee.

In terms of "efficiency" representation is about whether the number of councillors, either too many or too few, leads to an inefficient decision-making process, or an unnecessary cost burden to the ratepayer. This can be affected by the systems and committees set up to support Council.

As a starting point the table below shows the population per councillor across all Western Australian local governments, in comparison to the City of Nedlands.

AREA	Local Government District Population per Councillor
City of Nedlands	1,732
Western Australia	1,675
Inner Metropolitan Area	3,888
Inner + Outer Metropolitan Area	5,323
Metropolitan Lowest (Peppermint Grove)	244
Metropolitan Highest (Stirling)	15,713

The graph below shows the City of Nedlands as the 7th lowest population per Councillor for the Perth Inner and Outer Metropolitan local government districts. This suggests high representation effectiveness for the City of Nedlands electors in comparison to other Perth Inner and Outer Metropolitan local government districts.

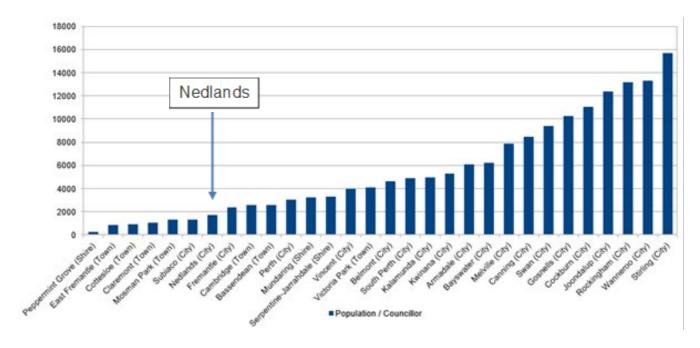


Figure 1. Graph of Population per Councillor for the Perth Inner and Outer Metropolitan Local Government Districts

# The Cost of Representation

The fees, allowances, expenses paid to each Councillor totals \$26,730. For 12 councillors this is \$320,760. Expense and overheads per Councillor are \$5,138, totalling \$61,656 for 12 Councillors. This is broken down below.

Meeting fee per Councillor Allowances per Councillor Sub-total	\$	23,230 3,500 26,730
Expenses per Councillor Overheads per Councillor Sub-total	\$ \$ \$	3,346 1,792 5,138
Total per Councillor	\$	31,868
Total for 12 Councillors	\$3	384,416

A reduction from 12 to 8 councillors would yield \$127,472 in savings.

A reduction from 12 to 6 councillors would yield \$191,208 in savings.

These figures exclude Mayor costs, given they are not affected by the discussion on councillor numbers.

The administrative productivity yield for a reduction in councillor numbers would occur although noting some transfer of responsibility to remaining councillors and not all overheads are reduced (e.g. depreciation).

The question of cost and representation is one that may be a question best answered by community feedback, as it is the ratepayer who ultimately foots the bill for representation.

#### Representation KPIs

Representation is effective

Representation if efficient

Representation is cost efficient.

# Providing leadership and guidance to the community

The Act doesn't provide specific information on how leadership and guidance are to be implemented in a local government by councillors, though civic leadership by the Mayor is well understood.\*\*

People often look to their elected representatives to provide leadership and guidance. This can be done by highlighting directions that could be followed, putting forward options, and presenting arguments or possible solutions to a problem at community forums and council meetings.\*\*

Developing a vision for the community and deciding what needs to be done to achieve that vision is an important role for council members. Convincing the community to endorse and follow that vision (and associated plans) requires leadership.\*\*

It is important to recognise that the most fundamental task is trying to achieve a strong sense of shared purpose and commitment. The needs and desires of the community are constantly changing and evolving. Councillors must be prepared to initiate new policies and activities in response to these changes.\*\*

The matters to be considered for the number of members of a board are summarised by the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AID) in the following link. Given some similarities between Councils and Boards this information may be considered of value.

https://aicd.companydirectors.com.au/~/media/cd2/resources/director-resources/director-tools/pdf/05446-3-1-mem-director-tools-gr-number-of-directors\_a4-web.ashx

#### **Leadership and Guidance KPIs**

Options are put forward and well considered.

Council has a clear vision

The Community has a strong shared purpose and commitment.

New policies are initiated and implemented in response to change

# Facilitating communication between the community and the council

To be effective, councillors need to understand the views of the people they represent. Communication is a multi-faceted process that needs to flow both ways to be effective.

Councillors provide information to the community about the policies and decisions of council, and the community relays its desires, concerns and opinions to the Council through the councillors.\*\*

To represent both electors and the council effectively, a councillor needs to be a good communicator and keep in touch with the local community.\*\*

Councillors can keep in touch with electors in a variety of ways including:

- attending meetings of local organisations;
- being available and responding to residents who wish to raise issues or concerns;
- attending events arranged by the local government;
- participating in functions held in the local area;
- · communicating with the community via a newsletter, email or website; and
- reading the local newspaper.\*\*

### **Communication KPIs**

Attending meetings of local organisations
Being available and responding to residents who wish to raise issues or concerns
Attending events arranged by the local government
Participating in functions held in the local area
Communicating with the community via a newsletter, email or website
Reading the local newspaper

# **Decision making**

Decision making occurs across a range of matters for councillors in committee and Council meetings, including:

- Policy making and review;
- Planning for the future (Integrated Strategic Planning)
- Managing assets in the Corporate Business Plan, Asset Management Plans and in budgetting;
- Finances;
- Strategic and Statutory Planning\*\*

# **Decision-making KPIs**

Decision-making Kris
Determining and reviewing policy and local laws
Planning for the future
Managing Assets
Finances
Strategic and Statutory planning

# Other Duties - Attending meetings

Council members have a duty to attend all Council meetings to ensure that electors are adequately represented. Committee meeting attendance is also necessary where councillors are nominated to these.\*\*

Many local governments operate using a system of committees to reduce the work at Council meetings. These committees are established to consider specific aspects of a local government's operation such as finance, works, community services or planning. Each committee usually includes a small number of councillors who generally make recommendations to full council. Many Councils also operate using committees which include non-elected members such as employees, consultants or community members.\*\*

The number of meetings a councillor must attend each month will vary according to the frequency of Council meetings and the number of committees on which the elected member sits. (Most local governments have monthly, or fortnightly council meetings and committee meetings may be held several days prior to the full council meeting or on the same day.)\*\*

Some local governments have other types of meetings outside the formal Council meeting framework which allow councillors and officers to meet and discuss matters.\*\*

### Other Duties KPIs.

Council meetings
Committee meetings
Other meetings

# Other matters raised by the Department on the Number of Councillors\*\*

The preferred number of councillors for a local government is a matter for the local government. There is a diverse range of councillor/elector ratios across Western Australia reflecting sparsely populated remote areas and the highly populated urban areas. The size and structure of a local government will impact on the deliberations involved in determining the number of elected members needed to service the local government.

The **advantages** of a reduction in the number of elected members may include the following:

- The decision-making process may be more effective and efficient if the number of elected members is reduced. It is more timely to ascertain the views of a fewer number of people and decision making may be easier. There is also more scope for team spirit and cooperation amongst a smaller number of people.
- The cost of maintaining elected members is likely to be reduced.
- Consultation with the community can be achieved through a variety of means

- in addition to individuals and groups contacting their local elected member.
- A reduction in the number of elected members may result in an increased commitment and interest and participation in Council's affairs by elected members generally.
- Fewer elected members are more readily identifiable to the community.
- Fewer positions on Council may lead to greater interest in elections with contested elections and those elected obtaining a greater level of support from the community.
- There is a State wide trend in reductions in the number of elected members and many local governments have found that fewer elected members has improved their decision making process.

The **disadvantages** of a reduction in the number of elected members may include the following:

- A smaller number of elected members may result in an increased workload for incumbent members and may reduce efficiency and effectiveness.
- There is the potential for dominance in the Council by a particular interest group.
- A reduction in the number of elected members may limit the diversity of interests around the Council table.
- Opportunities for community participation in Council's affairs may be reduced if there are fewer elected members for the community to contact.

# Options to consider

Council will consider the following options and members of the community may suggest others.

The Options for Wards are as follows:

Option 1: No wards
Option 2: Two wards
Option 3: Three wards

Option 4: Four wards (current)

The Options for Councillor numbers are as follows:

Option A: 12 councillors (current)

Option B: 8 councillors
Option C: 6 councillors

Note that for 3 wards 8 councillors is not an option. All other combinations are available.

Note that for 4 wards 6 councillors is not an option. All other combinations are available.

Submissions on alternative Ward and Councillor Numbers, not considered here, can also be made.

These tables are working sheets and can be used to compare Ward Numbers and to compare Councillor Numbers.

WARD NUMBERS					
Option No.: Description	Community of interest	Physical and topographic features	Demographic trends	Economic factors	Ratio % Deviation of Councillors to Electors
1: No Wards					
2: Two Wards					
3: Three Wards					
4: Four Wards (current)					

NUMBER OF COUNCILLORS (ranking 1 = best; 3 = worst: based on KPI outcomes)								
Option: Number of councillors	Represent ation Effectiven ess	Represent ation Efficiency	Cost	Leadership & Guidance	Facilitating Communic ation	Decision Making	Other Duties	TOTAL
A: 12								
B: 8								
C: 6								

#### WARD NUMBER OPTIONS

The four ward number options are discussed below.

#### **OPTION 1: No Wards**

In this option the ward system is abolished.

# **Advantages** of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. The City of Nedlands is relatively homogenous local government in terms of its self-identity as a residential district, although the Hollywood ward and Coastal wards contain significant areas of civic purposed land.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. Nil.
- 3. Demographic Trends. The City shares a family led demographic. The impact of Local Planning Scheme 3 will not cross ward boundaries.
- 4. Economic Factors. Nil.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors is no longer an issue as all councillors represent all areas of the City.

Additional factors for consideration are discussed below in support of a no ward system.

- Elected members are elected by the whole community not just a section of it.
- Knowledge and interest in all areas of the Council's affairs would result broadening the views beyond the immediate concerns of those in a ward.
- Members of the community who want to approach an elected member can speak to any elected member.
- Social networks and communities of interest are often spread across a local government and elected members can have an overview of these.
- Elected members can use their specialty skills and knowledge for the benefit of the whole local government.
- There is balanced representation with each elected member representing the whole community.
- The election process is much simpler for the community to understand and for the Council to administer.
- Elected members can become too focused on their wards and less focused on the affairs of other wards and the whole local government.
- An unhealthy competition for resources can develop where electors in each ward come to expect the services and facilities provided in other wards, whether they are appropriate or not.
- The community and elected members may regard the local government in terms of wards rather than as a whole community.
- Ward boundaries may appear to be placed arbitrarily and may not reflect the social interaction and communities of interest of the community.
- Balanced representation across the local government may be difficult to achieve, particularly if the local government area is not homogenous.

# **Disadvantages** of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. While there are commonalities in the community of interest across the City, Council may lose some ability to focus on the specific differences in the communities of interest across the City (identified in option 4).
- 2. Physical and topographical features. Council may lose some ability to specifically focus on the specific differences in the physical and topographical features across the City.
- 3. Demographic Trends. Nil.
- 4. Economic factors. The City is economically diverse geographically with light industrial/ commercial areas, large education facilities and large areas set aside for state and federal government purposes. A no ward system may lead to local government imbalance in outcomes.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors. Nil.

#### **Benefits of Wards**

Many local governments have a ward system and find that it works well for them. Having a ward system may include:

- Different sectors of the community can be represented ensuring a good spread of representation and interests amongst elected members.
- There is more opportunity for elected members to have a greater knowledge and interest in the issues in the ward.
- It may be easier for a candidate to be elected if they only need to canvass one ward.
- Electors may feel that they are not adequately represented if they don't have an affinity with any of the elected members.
- Elected members living in a certain area may have a greater affinity and understanding of the issues specific to that area.
- There is potential for an interest group to dominate the Council.
- Elected members may feel overwhelmed by having to represent all electors and may not have the time or opportunity to understand and represent all the issues.
- It may be more difficult and costly for candidates to be elected if they need to canvass the whole local government area.

#### **OPTION 2: Two Wards**

In this option the Coastal Hollywood wards are combined to become the "Coast" or "North" Ward and the Melvista and Dalkeith wards are combined to become the "River" or "South" Ward, so named due to proximity their adjacent water bodies. The boundary is Stirling Highway.

#### Advantages of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. Both wards share a common community of interest overall as a residential, village-based community. A ward system allows for specific focus on the ward-based community of interest factors.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. Both wards have a defining and attractive water feature boundary, the ocean to the west and the river to the east. There is a simple and clearly delineated ward boundary.
- 3. Demographic Trends. Both wards share a family led demographic. Both wards share the Local Planning Scheme 3 infill, including along a common boundary. This creates a unifying effect for Council as it deals with the issues associated with infill.
- 4. Economic Factors. The wards are economically diverse with light industrial/ commercial areas, large education facilities and large areas set aside for state and federal government purposes. A ward system allows for specific focus on the ward based economic factors, although to a lesser extent than a four-ward system.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors is less than 10% Ratio Deviation maximum recommended by the Department. This is unaffected by the number of councillors and will remain the same whether there are 6, 8 or 12 councillors. 8 councillors is used below for illustration purposes.

Option 2 Table: Two Wards % Ratio Deviation

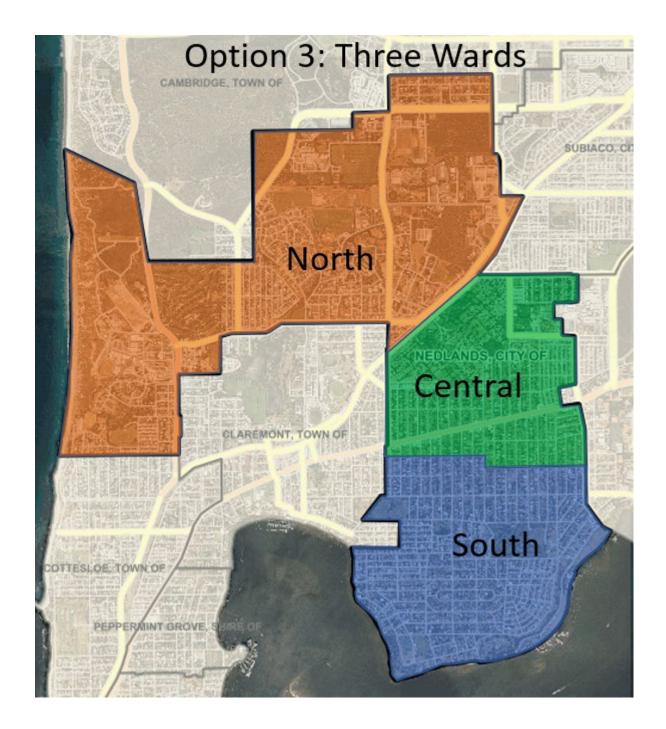
Ward	Number of Electors <sup>1</sup>	Number of Councillors	Councillor/ Elector Ratio	% Ratio Deviation
Coast (North)	8,366	4	1:2,092	+8.60%
River (South)	7,041	4	1:1,760	-8.60%
Total	15,407	8	1:1,926	Not applicable

#### **Disadvantages** of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. Nil.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. Nil.
- 3. Demographic Trends. Nil.
- 4. Economic Factors. Nil.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors. Nil.

#### **OPTION 3: Three Wards**

In this option there are three Wards, North, Central and South. The map below shows how this might look. Final boundaries would need confirmation and are based on an estimate of a balanced number of electors in each ward.



## **Advantages** of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. Nil.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. Nil.
- 3. Demographic Trends. Nil.
- 4. Economic Factors. The North and Central wards have economically diversity with light industrial and commercial areas, large education facilities and large areas set aside for state and federal government purposes. A three ward system allows for specific focus on the ward based economic factors, although to a lesser extent than a four-ward system.

5. Ratio of councillors. Final ward boundaries would need confirmation and are based on an estimate of a balance number of electors in each ward. Under this scenario % Ratio Deviation will comply with Department recommendations.

## **Disadvantages** of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. North ward is largely residential and civic. Central ward is also largely residential and civic. However, it contains most of the new upcoded land. South ward is largely residential.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. The North and South wards have defining and attractive water feature boundaries, the ocean to the west and the river to the east. The Central ward is land bound.
- 3. Demographic Trends. The Central ward takes the bulk of the up-coded area and will be subject to population growth ahead of the other two wards.
- 4. Economic Factors. Nil.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors. Nil.

# **OPTION 4: Four Wards (current)**

A map showing the current ward boundaries is shown below.



# **Current Ward Features and Landmarks (not exhaustive)**

COASTAL WARD
Feature / Landmark
Swanbourne Beach
Allen Park
Allen Park Heritage Precinct (buildings)
Graylands Hospital
Mt Claremont Library
Mt Claremont Community Centre
Swanbourne Primary School
Swanbourne Army Complex including Campbell Barracks
HBF / Challenge Stadium
John XX111 College
Cottesloe Golf Course
McGillvray Ovals

Light Industrial Area – John 23rd Ave and Brockway	,
Asquith Village Precinct	

HOLLYWOOD WARD  Feature / Landmark  Hollywood Hospital  Aged Care Precinct Irwin Barracks  Karakatta Cemetery  Carrington St Commercial Precinct  Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area  Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves)  Hollywood Primary School  Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve  Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club  Lawler Park  Hamden Road Commercial Area  CSIRO Research Facility  Subiaco Wastewater Facility  Railway Line  Stirling Highway Mixed Use Area	Asquitt village Frecinci
Feature / Landmark  Hollywood Hospital Aged Care Precinct Irwin Barracks  Karakatta Cemetery Carrington St Commercial Precinct Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	
Hollywood Hospital Aged Care Precinct Irwin Barracks Karakatta Cemetery Carrington St Commercial Precinct Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	HOLLYWOOD WARD
Aged Care Precinct Irwin Barracks Karakatta Cemetery Carrington St Commercial Precinct Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Feature / Landmark
Irwin Barracks Karakatta Cemetery Carrington St Commercial Precinct Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	<b>y</b> 1
Karakatta Cemetery Carrington St Commercial Precinct Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Aged Care Precinct
Carrington St Commercial Precinct Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Irwin Barracks
Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Karakatta Cemetery
Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Carrington St Commercial Precinct
Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves) Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Lemnos Precinct Light Industrial Area and Not For Profit Area
Hollywood Primary School Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Perth War Cemetery (Commonwealth War Graves), (West Australian Garden of
Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Remembrance), (Dutch War Graves)
Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Hollywood Primary School
Lawler Park Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Shenton Park Bush Land Reserve
Hamden Road Commercial Area CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Highview Park and Hollywood Bowling Club
CSIRO Research Facility Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Lawler Park
Subiaco Wastewater Facility Railway Line	Hamden Road Commercial Area
Railway Line	CSIRO Research Facility
	Subiaco Wastewater Facility
Stirling Highway Mixed Use Area	Railway Line
	Stirling Highway Mixed Use Area

MELVISTA WARD	
Feature / Landmark	
Melvista Park	
College Park	
Drabble House	
City Administration Centre	
Peace Memorial Rose Garden	
Tresillian Community Centre	
Nedlands Public Library	
Windsor Theatre	
Nedlands Primary School	
Loreto Primary School	
Stirling Highway Mixed Use Area	

DALKEITH WARD
Feature / Landmark
Gallop House
Sunset Site
(former) Tawarri Site
All Abilities Play Space
Dalkeith Gunners Memorial Birdwood Parade
Melvista Reserve
Waratah Village Precinct
Point Resolution Reserve
David Cruikshank Reserve

Masons Gardens
Dalkeith Hall
Carmelite Monastery
Nedlands Yacht Club and Flying Squadron Yacht Club
Nedlands Foreshore
Nedlands Golf Course

### Advantages of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. All wards share a common community of interest overall as a residential, village-based community. A ward system allows for specific focus on the ward-based community of interest factors.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. There is some variability in the physical and topographical features. There is a simple and clearly delineated ward boundary.
- 3. Demographic Trends. Nil.
- 4. Economic Factors. The wards are economically diverse with light industrial/ commercial areas, large education facilities and large areas set aside for state and federal government purposes. A ward system allows for specific focus on the ward based economic factors.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors. Nil.

## **Disadvantages** of this option include:

- 1. Community of Interest. Nil.
- 2. Physical and topographical features. Nil.
- 3. Demographic Trends. The wards have disparate demographic impacts due to the Local Planning Scheme 3 infill.
- 4. Economic Factors, Nil.
- 5. Ratio of councillors to electors is more than 10% Ratio Deviation maximum recommended by the Department.

This is unaffected by the number of councillors and will remain the same whether there are 6, 8 or 12 councillors. 12 councillors is used below for illustration purposes.

Option 4 Table: City of Nedlands elector to councillor ratios - current situation

Ward	Number of Electors <sup>1</sup>	Number of Councillors	Councillor/ Elector Ratio	% Ratio Deviation
Coastal	4,320	3	1:1,440	+12.16%
Hollywood	4,046	3	1:1,349	+5.04%
Melvista	3,508	3	1:1,169	-8.92%
Dalkeith	3,533	3	1:1,178	-8.28%
Total	15,407	12	1:1,284	Not applicable

1. Number of electors at close of roll for the 19 October 2019 ordinary election.

The % ratio deviation gives a clear indication of the % difference between the average councillor/elector ratio for the whole local government and the councillor/elector ratio for each ward.

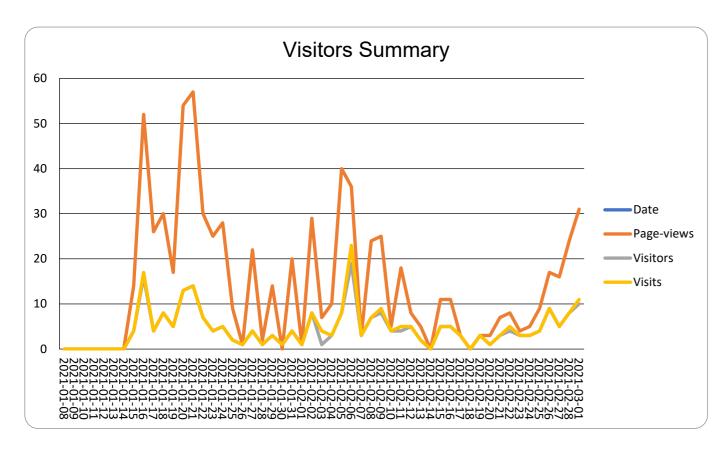
It can be seen that there is some imbalance in representation with the Coastal Ward being underrepresented by more than 12.16%. A balanced representation would be reflected in the % ratio deviation being within plus or minus 10%.

Under normal circumstances an imbalance of greater than 10% would prompt a ward boundary realignment. However, the 2019 adoption of the new Local Planning Scheme 3 will put infill development into the Melvista and Hollywood Wards and to a lesser extent into the Dalkeith Ward followed by a small amount in the Coastal Ward. Based on current surge in development applications (about 120 currently with the City) the changes in Ward elector numbers will start to occur in the next year as developments are built.

The Coastal Ward deviation ratio may decrease and fall within the 10 % range in coming years, although this is uncertain. The Hollywood and Melville Wards deviation ratios will trend upward and to a lesser extent, so might Dalkeith, although this depends on the pace of development in each ward.

A ward boundary adjustment to balance elector numbers would need to adjust all interward boundaries, given the higher number of electors to councillor imbalance is in both the Coastal and Hollywood wards. It is not readily obvious, given that the existing boundaries are lined up along main roads how the realignment would occur given that a realignment may impact on other considerations such as community of interest, demographics and economic factors.

Project Report: Review of Wards 11-Feb-2016 to 01-Mar-2021



Project Highlights	
Total Visits	247
New Registrations	1
Video views	0
Photo Views	0
Document Downloads	66

ENGAGED PARTICIPANTS	21					
Engaged Actions Performed	Registere d	Unverifie d	Anonymo s			
Contributed on Forums	0	0	0			
Participated in Surveys	21	0	0			
Contributed to Newsfeeds	0	0	0			
Participated in Quick Polls	0	0	0			
Posted on Guestbooks	0	0	0			
Contributed to Stories	0	0	0			
Asked Questions	0	0	0			
Placed Pins on Places	0	0	0			
Contributed to Ideas	0	0	0			

INFORMED PARTICIPANTS	93
Informed Actions Performed	Participants
Viewed a video	0
Viewed a photo	0
Downloaded a document	58
Visited the Key Dates page	1
Visited an FAQ list Page	14
Visited Instagram Page	0
Visited Multiple Project Pages	71
Contributed to a tool (engaged	121

AWARE PARTICIPANTS	215
Aware Actions Performed	Participants

Visited at least one Page 215

ENGAGEMENT TOOLS SUMMARY									
Forum Topics	0	Guestbook	0	Places	0	News Feeds	1	Ideas	0
Qandas	1	Quick Polls	0	Stories	0	Survey Tools	1		

	_					<b>2</b> 1.1	VII. 14		Contributors  Registered Unverified Anonymous			
Tool Type	En	gagement T	ool Name	9	1001	Status	Visitors				Anonymous	
Qanda	Qanda Ask a Question			Published		3		0		0	0	
SurveyTools	Tools Review of Wards - Submission Form			Archiv	ed	33			21	0	0	
,	Neview of Wards Capinicolon Form											
	INFORMATION WIDGET SUMMARY											
DOCUMENTS	1	PHOTOS	0	VIDEOS	0	FAQS	1		KEY DATES			1

Widget Type	Engagement Tool Name	Visitors	Downloads/Views
Document	Review of Wards - Options and Discussion Paper	58	66
FAQ	faqs	15	
Key Dates	Key Date	1	1

# 13.7 Appointment of Acting Chief Executive Officer

Council	23 March 2021
Applicant	City of Nedlands
Employee Disclosure under section 5.70 Local Government Act 1995 and section 10 of the City of Nedlands Code of Conduct for Impartiality.	Nil.
CEO	Jim Duff, Acting Chief Executive Officer
Attachments	Policy for Temporary Employment or Appointment of Acting CEO
Confidential Attachments	Nil.

# **Executive Summary**

CEO Mark Goodlet resigned his position with the City of Nedlands his last working day was the 24 February 2021.

Mr Jim Duff, Director Technical Services is the current Acting CEO however, as per Council resolution of 2 February 2021 Council resolved to share the role among the three directors. Jim Duff, Director Technical Services has currently been in the role for 1 month ending on 6 April 2021 and therefore, Mr Ed Herne, Director Corporate & Strategy is now nominated for appointment by Council.

This appointment will see the continuation of the oversight of administrative functions and good governance of the City, it is necessary to have a higher duties Acting CEO with appropriate skills to bridge the gap.

In accordance with s5.39C of the Local Government Act 1995, a Policy for Temporary Employment or Appointment of an Acting CEO is now required.

#### **Recommendation to Council**

Council appoints Mr Ed Herne, to the Acting CEO role from 7 April 2021.

#### **Discussion/Overview**

#### Mr Edmund (Ed) Herne, interim Director Corporate and Strategy

Mr Herne has over 35 years' experience in senior positions in both the private and public sectors. Ed's experience includes the role of Director Corporate

Services for 13 years at the City of Stirling where he was responsible for the suite of corporate services including financial management, ICT, human resources and strategic asset management. Prior to joining the City of Stirling Ed held a similar position at Murdoch University.

Mr Herne holds a Bachelor of Business Degree and has been a CPA since 1981.

# **Key Relevant Previous Council Decisions:**

11 February 2020

#### Council:

- revokes Council Resolution, Item 10 "Chief Executive Officer Recruitment" to adopt the Terms of Reference and approve appointment of recruitment agents, of the Special Council Meeting 2 February 2021;
- 2. requests to the CEO that the Director Corporate and Strategy, Director Technical Services and Director Planning & Development share the position of Acting CEO on higher duties from 25 February 2021 until Council determines an interim or long-term CEO;
- 3. requests the CEO to advise the respondents to RFQ 2020-21.137 that no respondent has been selected;
- 4. requests the CEO to undertake a further request for quotation process to seek suitably experienced organisations from a wide field to provide recruitment services for (a) Interim CEO and (b) Long term CEO.
- 5. adopts the revised CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee 2021 Terms of Reference below, with deletions shown as strike through and additions shown in bold.
  - The CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee is to be an interim Committee for the life of the CEO recruitment and selection processes.
  - 2. In accordance with Local Government Operational Guidelines Number 10 – Appointing a CEO (updated April 2019) and in the interests of professionalism for all parties and the reputation of the City, matters discussed and information relating to executive search companies that are commercial in confidence or relating to applicants and their details will be treated in the strictest confidence. All Councillors and staff dealing with the CEO recruitment and selection processes are to sign a confidentiality agreement.
  - 3. The role of respective members of the Committee are to be clarified and confirmed that is, the roles of the Mayor and Committee

members and the roles of alternate Committee members, including whether the alternate Committee members are to act as proxies. That the alternate Committee members are to act as proxies, with voting rights if the respective Committee members cannot attend.

- 4. The CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee, will refine the requirements for the selection of the CEO and will assist with coordination of the process. The CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee may request the assistance of an independent human resources consultant.
- 5. The CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee will coordinate the end-to-end recruitment process, including working with an Executive Search consultancy as required to advertise for and search and select appropriate candidates.
- 6. The CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee will report back to Council at important points in the process as approved by Council and enable Council to make the final decision regarding selection and appointment of the interim CEO and the long-Term CEO.
- 7. The CEO recruitment process will operate in accordance with;
  - section 5.39A "Model standards for CEO recruitment, performance and termination" of the Local Government Act 1995;
  - b. regulation 18FA. "Model standards for CEO recruitment, performance and termination" of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996;
  - c. Schedule 2 "Model standards for CEO recruitment, performance and termination" of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996;
  - d. prior to the determination of the position description and selection criteria for the long-term CEO, the independent person be appointed to the Committee; and
  - e. that the Committee's Recommendations for appointing the independent person be in accordance with the Department of Local Government Guidelines for CEO Recruitment; and
- 6. notes that the next meeting of the CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee 2021 will make recommendations to Council that comply with the new requirements under the Local Government Act 1995 and its subsidiary legislation, including, but not limited to;
  - a. Inclusion of an independent person on the committee;

- b. Determining the position description; and
- c. Determining the selection criteria.

## Consultation

N/A

# **Strategic Implications**

Ensures appropriate management and good governance.

# **Budget/Financial Implications**

Within existing budget.

#### Can we afford it?

Backfilling essential positions ensures the continuation of the leadership and management of the City and is within existing budget.

## How does the option impact upon rates?

No impact on rates as is within existing budget.

## Conclusion

Council to endorse Ed Herne as the Acting CEO, pending the recruitment and appointment of an interim CEO.



# **Appointment of Acting Chief Executive Officer**

Status Council

Responsible Division Office of the Chief Executive Officer

**Objective** To ensure compliance with Local Government Act 1995

s5.39C by having a policy regarding the employment of

an acting Chief Executive Officer.

**Context** To provide a framework and guidelines for the employment of

an acting CEO.

#### **Statement**

Section 5.39C of the Local Government Act requires the adoption of a policy regarding the employment of an acting Chief Executive Officer (CEO).

Council delegates to the CEO, appointment of an internal employee higher duties Acting CEO subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The appointment is to be for a period of no more than 3 months; and
- 2. The person appointed is to be suitably qualified, experienced and knowledgeable for the Acting CEO role; and
- 3. The appointment not being due to a vacancy of the CEO's postion.

The Chief Executive Officer must inform the elected members of all proposed Acting CEO arrangements.

For CEO vacancy periods over 3 months the appointment of the Acting CEO shall be determined by Council.

The CEO shall report to Council any proposal to fill an Acting CEO role over three months with as much advanced notice as possible. In this case the CEO may recommend a suitable internal candidate for higher duties and must also provide an alternative recommendation to Council, to convene a CEO Recruitment and Selection Committee to progress the Acting CEO recruitment.

If the Chief Executive Officer's position becomes vacant, all acting arrangements are to be determined by the Council.

#### **Related Documentation**

Nil.



# Related Local Law / Legislation

 Local Government Act 1995 s5.39C, (which also refers to any prescribed matters but as at the date of adoption of this Policy, there were no such prescribed matters).

# **Related Delegation**

Delegation to CEO under Section 5.39C of the Local Government Act.

# **Review History**

Adopted by Council 23 February 2021

# 13.8 Consideration of Responsible Authority Report for 10 Multiple Dwellings at Lot 372 (No. 12) Philip Road, Dalkeith

Council	23 March 2021								
Applicant	Stewart Urban Planning Pty Ltd								
Landowner	Gunner Development Pty Ltd								
Director	Tony Free, Interim Director Planning and Development								
	Services								
Employee									
Disclosure under	The system was inverse and systemican of this was and dealers								
section 5.70	The author, reviewers and authoriser of this report declare they have no financial or impartiality interest with this matter.								
Local	There is no financial or personal relationship between City								
Government Act	staff and the proponents or their consultants. Whilst parties								
1995 and section	may be known to each other professionally, this relationship								
10 of the City of	is consistent with the limitations placed on such relationships by the Codes of Conduct of the City and the Planning Institute of Australia.								
Nedlands Code									
of Conduct for									
Impartiality.									
Report Type									
Information	Item provided to Council for information purposes.								
Purposes									
Reference	DA20-57964 (DAP/20/01922)								
Previous Item	Nil								
Delegation	Not applicable – Joint Development Assessment Panel								
20.094.1011	application.								
Attachments	Responsible Authority Report and Attachments								

# 1.0 Executive Summary

In accordance with the *Planning and Development (Development Assessment Panels) Regulations 2011*, Administration has prepared a Responsible Authority Report in relation to the plans received on 11 March 2021 for the Metro-Inner North Joint Development Assessment Panel (JDAP) Form 1 Application at Lot 372 (No. 12) Philip Road, Dalkeith.

The purpose of this report is to inform Council of the recommendation to the JDAP and for Council to make its recommendation as the Responsible Authority.

## **Recommendation to Committee**

#### **That Council:**

1. adopts as the Responsible Authority the Officer Recommendation contained in the Responsible Authority Report for the development

of 10 multiple dwellings at 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith included at Attachment 1;

- 2. instructs the CEO to incorporate Council's Responsible Authority recommendation into the Responsible Authority Report for the development of 10 multiple dwellings at 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith; and
- 3. appoints Councillor (insert name) and Councillor (insert name) to coordinate Council's submission and presentation to the Metro Inner-North JDAP for the development of 10 multiple dwellings at 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith.

# 2.0 Background

#### 3.1 Land Details

Metropolitan Region Scheme Zone	Urban
Local Planning Scheme Zone	Residential
R-Code	R80
Land area	1,136m <sup>2</sup>
Additional Use	No
Special Use	No
Local Development Plan	No
Structure Plan	No
Land Use	Proposed – Residential (Multiple Dwelling)
Use Class	Proposed – 'P' Permitted use

#### 3.2 Locality Plan

Lot 372 (No. 12) Philip Road, Dalkeith (the site) is located within the street block bounded by Philip Road to the north, Adelma Road to the east, Waratah Avenue to the south and Alexander Road to the west.

The site experiences a slope in natural ground level of approximately 2.5m from the front boundary (north) to the rear boundary (south). The land to the south has been rezoned R-AC3 and forms the Waratah Village.

The site currently contains a residential dwelling, which is proposed to be demolished. An aerial map of the site is provided below.



Aerial Map

#### 3.2 Background

On 3 December 2020, the City received a development application for a Multiple Dwelling Development comprising of 10 apartments at Lot 372 (No. 12) Philip Road, Dalkeith (the site). This is to be determined by the Metro Inner-North Joint Development Assessment Panel (JDAP).

# 3.0 Application Details

The applicant seeks development approval for a residential development comprising 10 multiple dwellings over four (4) storeys, with basement level parking. The building is proposed as follows:

- A ground floor level comprising two (2) x 2-bedroom apartments, bin store, storerooms, resident lobby and six (6) bicycle rails.
- Levels 1 and 2 comprising of one (1) x 2-bedroom apartment and two (2) x 3-bedroom apartments on each floor.
- Level 3 comprising of two (2) x 3-bedroom apartments only.
- The roof level comprising of Private outdoor living areas for Apartments 301 and 302 (no public access).

- A total of 20 resident car parking spaces will be provided at basement level. Three visitor car parking spaces are to be provided.
- Communal facilities comprising of open space and a pedestrian path located along the eastern lot boundary to access the rear laneway to Waratah Village is availability to residents on the ground floor.

## 4.0 Consultation

In accordance with the City's Local Planning Policy – Consultation of Planning Proposals, the development proposal is considered a Complex Application. The application was advertised for over four weeks, commencing on 22 January 2021 and concluding on 16 Feburary 2021. Additional consultation time was granted to accommodate the rescheduled community information session that was cancelled due to the WA Government mandatory lockdown between 31 January – 5 February 2021.

Administration received a total of 29 submissions during the public consultation period, of which:

- 2 submissions were in support of the application;
- 3 submissions were neither supportive nor objecting; and
- 24 submissions objected to the proposal.

Due to the number of concerns raised during public consultation, a separate summary of the submissions is contained as **Attachment 1**.

## 5.0 Recommendation to JDAP

Administration recommends that the application is approved, subject to conditions. Justification for this is provided below.

#### **Design Review**

For this application, an architectural and landscape architectural design review was undertaken. A copy of the architectural and landscape architectural design review against State Planning Policy 7.0 - Design of The Built Environment (SPP 7.0) is contained as **Attachment 1**. A meeting was also held to allow the applicants an opportunity to present to the City's consultants and address any queries.

A summary of the proposal against SPP 7.0 is provided below, noting that since the original application was submitted, further information and amended development plans were provided by the applicant in response to the initial comments of the City's consultants. The table below demonstrates aspects of the development proposal that the City's consultants are supportive of.

Legend			
3	Supported		
2	Supported with conditions		
1	Further information required		
0	Not supported		
	SPP 7.0 Principles	Architectural design review	Landscape Architectural design review
Principl	e 1: Context and Character	3	N/A
Principl	e 2: Landscape Quality		3
1.	3.2 Orientation		3
2.	3.3 Tree Canopy and Deep Soil Areas	3	3
3.	3.4 Communal Open Space		3
4.	3.6 Public Domain Interface		3
5.	4.12 Landscape Design		3
6. 4.16 Water Management Conservation 3			3
Principl	e 3: Built Form and Scale	3	N/A
Principl	e 4: Functionality and Built Quality	3	N/A
Principle 5: Sustainability		2	N/A
Principle 6: Amenity		2	N/A
Principle 7: Legibility		3	N/A
Principl	e 8: Safety	2	N/A
Principl	e 9: Community	3	N/A
Principl	e 10: Aesthetics	3	N/A

Whilst the City acknowledges that an individual architectural and landscape architectural design review is not a substitute for a formal DRP, their comments have nonetheless assisted the City in the consideration of the application against SPP 7.0. The proposal is considered consistent with the 10 design principles of SPP 7.0.

# Assessment against Residential Design Codes Volume 2 (R-Codes)

An assessment of the proposal against the R-Codes is detailed in full in **Attachment 1**. Those elements that were raised as the main areas of concern during public consultation or which require the imposition of conditions are addressed in the table below. Further discussion of these issues, as well as all other relevant issues, is provided in **Attachment 1**.

	Element	How it is addressed
2.1	Building Height	Achieves Element Objectives  The overall building height of the proposed development is 15.7m high above the Natural Ground Level (NGL) in lieu of 15m taken from the
		highest roof point.

Element	Element How it is addressed	
	The building presents as four (4) storeys to the primary street and five (5) storeys to the rear. However, in accordance with the definition of 'storey', the basement floor is not considered to be a storey and is excluded from the building height calculation.	
	The four (4) storey development is consistent with the acceptable outcomes building height for the R80 code. In the absence of a local planning policy that articulates the desired height for the location, the City must defer to the heights set out in Table 2.1 of the R-Codes.	
2.4 Side and Rear	Achieves Element Objectives	
Setbacks	There is adequate separation between neighbouring properties due to compliance with the acceptable outcomes for side/rear setbacks from the ground floor and above.	
	<ul> <li>However, it is noted that the proposed boundary walls as a result of the basement level on the eastern, western and southern lot boundaries results in the following variations to the Acceptable Outcomes as follows: <ul> <li>Walls on three (3) boundaries in lieu of one lot boundary only.</li> <li>Proposed boundary walls exceed 2/3 length as follows: <ul> <li>East side: 88% in lieu of 66.66% in length.</li> <li>South side: 93% in lieu of 66.66% in length.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	
	It should be noted that the boundary wall height is less than two storeys high which is consistent with the acceptable outcome for boundary wall heights.	
	The proposed western boundary wall abuts an existing 14m in length boundary wall on 14 Philip Road. The southern (rear) boundary wall abuts an existing 7.0m wide laneway for the entire length. The proposed boundary walls still provide adequate separation from adjoining properties for a development of this nature and scale.	
2.5 Plot Ratio	Achieves Element Objectives	
	The development proposes a plot ratio of 1.29 in lieu of 1.0 specified by Table 2.1. This translates to approximately 335m <sup>2</sup> or 29.5% of additional floor	

Element	How it is addressed
	space. Notwithstanding, the element objective is achieved for the reasons outlined in <b>Attachment 1</b> .
2.7 Building Separation	Achieves Element Objectives
	The building height and setbacks will allow for appropriate separation should adjoining properties by developed in the future.
	The proposal provides opportunity for passive surveillance, with half of all apartment balconies overlooking the street. The proposed setbacks are considered to achieve the desired R80 streetscape pattern.
3.2 Orientation	Achieves Element Objectives
	Due to the design and lot orientation, the maximum shadow cast at mid-winter is 2% of the rear property at 87 Waratah Avenue which is zoned R-AC3.
3.3 Tree Canopy and Deep So	<u>-</u>
Areas	The acceptable outcome for deep soil area has been exceeded by the development (proposed 129m² in lieu of 114m²).
	Arboriculture advice with respect to the proposed development's impact on trees on the adjoining properties is to be managed by way of condition.
	Although no trees are retained onsite, the applicant has demonstrated a greater increase to the overall tree canopy within the proposed development through new plantings.
3.5 Visual Privac	
	<ul> <li>The development is consistent with the acceptable outcomes for visual privacy as follows:</li> <li>All major openings to bedroom and study windows are setback 3.0m.</li> <li>All major openings to habitable rooms other than bedroom and studies are setback 4.5m</li> <li>All balconies are setback 6.0m from the eastern and western lot boundaries.</li> <li>All balconies facing the south lot boundary- the visual cone falls within a 7.0m wide laneway for the entire southern lot boundary.</li> <li>Proposed screening is 1.6m high from the finished floor level (FFL).</li> </ul>

Element	How it is addressed
	The façades of the proposed development are articulated with portions stepping in and out, along with balconies and vegetation limiting direct overlooking.
	If the abutting side lots are redeveloped in the future, they will need to be designed in accordance with the R-Codes. This will ensure adequate separation is provided between any new balconies/major openings and those currently proposed by the subject development. Furthermore, it is considered the orientation and design of the proposal has tried to minimise direct overlooking to the eastern, western and southern lots.
	In the event of JDAP approval, it is recommended that a condition be placed that requires the balustrading to the balconies of Apartments 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10 to be obscure glaze or solid to prevent downwards views into adjoining properties*.
	*Council will require all balustrades to be obscure glaze and this has been upheld by JDAP previously.
3.7 Pedestrian	Achieves Element Objectives
access and entries	The pedestrian entry is located on the western side of the building and is not directly visible from the primary street being Philip Road.
	The entry into the building is at grade located to the western side of the building. The entry to the building is identified via a welcoming entry colonnade with trellis and canopy cover. This allows it to be easily accessed and identified which should encourage an attractive street presence along Philip Road.
4.7 Managing the Impact of Noise	Achieves Element Objectives
impact of Noise	Meets element objectives, subject to condition for compliance with Acoustic Report.

# 6.0 Conclusion

Council is requested to consider the proposed development as the Responsible Authority. It is requested that Council makes a recommendation to the JDAP to either approve or refuse the application.

The application has been assessed in accordance with the planning framework and in instances where the proposal does not satisfy a provision or statute, a condition has been recommended to address the requirement.

Administration acknowledges the proposal represents a change to the existing dwellings that adjoin the property. That notwithstanding, there are multiple sites within the street that are likely to take advantage of the R80 and R60 density codes over time. Philip Road provides an important transition between the newly coded Mixed Use R-AC3 (along Waratah Avenue) and lower density areas beyond with default height of six (6) storey to a default height of four (4) storey for R80.

The potential changes in the form of subdivision, grouped dwellings and multiple dwellings can be managed through appropriate siting and design. Administration is of the view that the subject application has appropriately considered façade, street setback, form, and streetscape presentation in order to achieve the relevant element objectives of the R-Codes or can be made capable by the application of conditions.

It is recommended Council adopt the Officer Recommendation contained in the Responsible Authority Report to approve the development.

# LOT 372 (NO. 12) PHILIP ROAD, DALKEITH -MULTIPLE DWELLING DEVELOPMENT (10 APARTMENTS)

# Form 1 – Responsible Authority Report (Regulation 12)

DAD Name:	Matra Innar North IDAD		
DAP Name:	Metro Inner-North JDAP		
Local Government Area:	City of Nedlands		
Applicant:	Stewart Urban Planning Pty Ltd		
Owner:	Gunner Development Pty Ltd		
Value of Development:	\$5.8 million		
	☐ Mandatory (Regulation 5)		
Responsible Authority:	City of Nedlands		
Authorising Officer:	Tony Free, Interim Director Planning and		
	Development Services		
LG Reference:	DA20-57964		
DAP File No:	DAP/20/01922		
Application Received Date:	3 December 2020		
Report Due Date:	24 March 2021		
Application Statutory Process	90 Days with an additional 20 days agreed		
Timeframe:	by the applicant (total 110 days).		
Attachment(s):	Aerial and Zoning Map		
	2. Feature Survey dated 3 December 2020		
	3. Development Plans dated 11 March		
	2021		
	4. Visitor Bay B85 Manoeuvring Plan dated		
	26 Feburary 2021		
	5. Overshadowing Analysis dated 26		
	February 2021		
	6. Landscape Plans dated 9 March 2021		
	7. Waste Management Plan dated 11 March 2021		
	<ul><li>8. Acoustic Report dated 9 March 2021</li><li>9. Traffic Impact Statement 3 December</li></ul>		
	2020		
	10. Architect Peer Design Review		
	Comments dated 14 March 2021		
	11. Landscape Architect Peer Design		
	Review Comments dated 10 March		
	2021		
	12. Summary of Submissions		
	13. R-Codes Volume 2 Assessment		
	14. Applicant Planning Statement dated 15		
	December 2020		
	15. Applicant Design Principles Report		
	dated 3 December 2020		
	16. Applicant Justification and Design		
	Review Response dated 26 February		
	2021		
	☐ Yes Complete Responsible Authority		
	□ N/A Recommendation section		

Is the Responsible Authority Recommendation the same as the Officer Recommendation?		
	□ No	Complete Responsible Authority and Officer Recommendation sections

## **Responsible Authority Recommendation**

The Responsible Authority Recommendation of the Council will be provided following its 23 March 2021 Council Meeting (and prior to submission of this RAR to the Metro Inner-North JDAP).

# Details: outline of development application

Region Scheme	Metropolitan Region Scheme	
Region Scheme -	Urban	
Zone/Reserve		
Local Planning Scheme	City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No. 3	
Local Planning Scheme -	Residential R80	
Zone/Reserve		
Structure Plan/Precinct Plan	N/A	
Structure Plan/Precinct Plan	N/A	
- Land Use Designation		
Use Class and	Residential 'P' (Multiple Dwelling)	
permissibility:		
Lot Size:	1136m <sup>2</sup>	
Existing Land Use:	Residential (Single House)	
State Heritage Register	No	
Local Heritage	⊠ N/A	
	☐ Heritage List	
	☐ Heritage Area	
Design Review	□ N/A	
	□ Local Design Review Panel	
	□ State Design Review Panel	
Bushfire Prone Area	No	
Swan River Trust Area	No	

# Proposal:

Proposed Land Use	Multiple Dwelling
Proposed Plot Ratio	1.29 in lieu of 1.0
Proposed No. Storeys	4
Proposed No. Dwellings	10

It is proposed to develop on Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith (the site), a four (4) storey Multiple Dwelling development comprising of 10 apartments. The proposed development is summarised as follows:

## **Basement Level**

• 20 resident car parking spaces

- 3 visitor car parking spaces
- Bulk waste compound storage
- · Fire pump and tanks
- One-way ramp access for vehicles located on the eastern lot boundary

#### **Ground Level**

- Two x 2-bedroom apartments
- Location of ten (10) storerooms
- Five (5) bicycle rails for residents and one (1) bicycle rail for visitors (a total of
   6)
- 26m² bin store and 360L bin compactor
- Pedestrian path located along the eastern lot boundary to access laneway
- Resident lobby
- Entry colonnade with trellis and canopy cover along the western lot boundary
- Deep soil planting areas (a total of 129m²)

#### Level 1 and 2

- One (1) x 2-bedroom apartments
- Two (2) x 3-bedroom apartments
- On-structure planter boxes

#### Level 3

- Two (2) x 3-bedroom apartments
- On-structure planter boxes

### Roof Level

- Private outdoor living areas for Apartments 301 and 302 (no public access)
- Lift core overrun and air conditioning units located in the middle of the roof space
- Photovoltaic array collection panels located on the western side of the roof

#### **Background:**

#### **Location and Zoning**

The site is located within the street block bounded by Philip Road to the north, Adelma Road to the east, Waratah Avenue to the south and Alexander Road to the west. An aerial and zoning map is provided in **Attachment 1**.

The site is 1,136m² in area and there is a slope in natural ground level of approximately 2.5m from the front boundary (north) to the rear boundary (south). The site is zoned R80 and has its street frontage to Philip Road. The land to the south has been rezoned R-AC3 and forms the Waratah Village.

The southern lot boundary of the site abuts a 7.0m wide laneway owned by the City of Nedlands. However, this laneway is landlocked by private property.

Vehicle access from the rear laneway was not able to be achieved as no agreement between the site and 81 Waratah Avenue, Dalkeith (Waratah Village) was reached to allow vehicle access though to Waratah Village car park and exit/enter through Waratah Avenue.

#### Existing Context and Character of Locality

The site is located in an existing residential neighbourhood which has undergone some more recent subdivision and redevelopment. The area has been up coded from R10, R12.5 and R20 to R60, R80 and R-AC3. This is intended to accommodate additional built form and density centred on Waratah Village.

There is a mix of lot sizes, lot widths and dwelling styles along the section of Philip Road between Alexander Road and Adelma Road. The street accommodates a mix of dwelling styles. There are examples of recently constructed contemporary double storey duplex / townhouse style developments with skillion or flat roofs, double width garages and driveways. There are also remnant examples of single storey interwar and post war dwellings with gabled roofs, single width driveways and low or absent front fencing.

The dwellings generally maintain a detached appearance when viewed from the street being set back from side and rear boundaries. Although there are variations to the extent of front setbacks for instance 14 Philip Road has a front tennis court in front of the two storey dwelling. The surrounding dwellings sit within a landscaped setting, which is further reinforced by several mature canopy street trees, and the recent planting of new street tree stock.

#### **Desired Future Context**

The City's Local Planning Scheme No.3 (LPS3) was gazetted in April 2019, creating significant density code changes to some areas of the City of Nedlands. Under the previous Town Planning Scheme No.2 (TPS2), the site was zoned Residential with a density code of R10. Under LPS3, the site's zoning remains Residential, however the density code has increased to R80. The subject site falls within the Waratah Village Precinct area.

#### > Draft Local Planning Policy – Waratah Village Precinct Context and Character

The City has commissioned a consultant to complete a local character and distinctiveness study, which has been used as a supporting document for the City's Draft Local Planning Policy – Waratah Village Precinct Context and Character (Waratah Village Precinct LPP). This Draft Waratah Village Precinct LPP has been presented to Council for its consent to advertise at the 23 February 2021 Ordinary Meeting of Council.

Built form modelling of the Waratah Village Precinct is currently being undertaken by a consultant on behalf of the City. The built form modelling and context and character documents are intended to provide a sound evidence base for the City to determine the areas desired future character and produce nuanced built form controls for the up coded areas surrounding Waratah Avenue.

These built form controls will be focussed on retaining the unique character of the Waratah Village area through built form elements including setbacks, colours and materials and landscaping. These nuanced controls are not intended to stifle the area's

potential for development under LPS3. Rather, they will encourage the provision of high-quality developments that are respectful of the desired future character of the Waratah Village Precinct.

Whilst the status of the Waratah Village Precinct LPP is currently in a preliminary stage, it is nonetheless considered appropriate that an assessment against it is undertaken, for reasons of compatibility of the proposal with the future character of the locality.

Desired Future Character Statement	Officer Comment
The Waratah Village Precinct will provide	Statement Satisfied.
for more diverse housing options for	
residents within high amenity and	The development will provide an
attractive streetscapes.	additional 10 dwellings. The apartment
	configuration is as follows:
	Four (4) x 2-bedroom apartments.
	Six (4) x 3-bedroom apartments.
	Based on the above, it is considered that
	the development provides a range of
	apartment sizes and designs to
	accommodate various demographic
N	groups.
New development will identify and	Statement Satisfied.
reference opportunities for a public	The sites amonimity to Monatale Assessed
plaza, creating a civic heart for the local centre in Dalkeith.	The sites proximity to Waratah Avenue
Certife in Daikeitii.	will assist in accommodating additional built form and density centred on
	Waratah Village (zoned R-AC3).
Landscaping and deep soil in new	Statement Satisfied.
developments will contribute to the leafy-	0.00.000
green sense of place, appropriate to the	The amount of landscaping and new tree
density of each site.	plantings exceeds the minimum
	requirements of the R-Codes.
	A substantial portion of the proposed
	landscaping is to be located along the
	primary street and eastern lot boundary
	to provide a suitable interface with the
	landscaped streetscape along Philip
	Road and the adjoining neighbours to the east of the site.
Built form and landscaping will be	Statement Satisfied.
designed to provide appropriate	Statement Satisfied.
transitions between low and medium	The proposal's built form is centred to the
density development.	middle of the site to ensure appropriate
	setbacks, building mass and height as
	well as adequate separation is provided
	to neighbouring lots.
	At the rear of the proposal, the building
	façade provides a suitable transition to
	the rear R-AC3 coded lot along Waratah
	Avenue.

<b>Desired Future Character Statement</b>	Officer Comment
New development will reference the traditional built form character of the area through the integration of design elements and a high-quality palette of	Statement Satisfied.  The development is considered to be of a built form that references the existing
materials and finishes.	character of the locality. It also proposes a varied palette of materials and finishes for the building itself.
	In this regard, the City's Architect Consultant provided the following relevant comments:
	"The form, material selections and landscape, set in a tree lined street with adjacent high quality neighbouring apartment buildings results in a 'Village Centre' that would be a good contribution to the building stock in this locality.
	The building design is of high quality and is well suited to the context and community."
New development will interact with the street to enhance the pedestrian	Statement Satisfied
environment, and include appropriate land uses on the ground floor in the Mixed-Use Zone that connect the private and public realms.	It is considered that the development provides an active frontage to Philip Road through the use of a generous primary street setback and clearly defined pedestrian and vehicle routes at street level, which is further enhanced by high quality landscaping.
Land uses will be suitable to the scale of the Waratah Village Precinct, which	Statement Satisfied
functions as a local centre for the surrounding residential neighbourhood.	The proposed development is consistent with the R80 density coding of the site. The site is located in an existing residential neighborhood which has undergone some more recent subdivision and redevelopment, having been up coded from R10, R12.5 and R20 to R60, R80 and R-AC3, is intended to accommodate additional built form and density suitable to the scale of the Waratah Village Precinct.

Based on the above, the proposal is considered consistent with desired future character statement of the draft Waratah Village Precinct LPP and is therefore acceptable.

## ➤ Local Planning Strategy

The City's Local Planning Strategy (the Strategy) was endorsed by the Western Australian Planning Commission in 2017. The Strategy identifies Dalkeith as a low

density, predominantly residential suburb with large lots, often more than 1000m<sup>2</sup> in area.

Waratah Avenue is noted as the exception, as a road that has been established as a link between Nedlands and Claremont and has organically developed into a small commercial hub. The Strategy notes that the recent development along Waratah Avenue will see the emergence of multiple dwellings, as evidenced by the already existing mixed-use commercial and multiple dwelling development at 87 Waratah Avenue.

The Strategy identifies that the Waratah Avenue neighbourhood centre has the potential to provide approximately 65 dwellings over the medium term. However, the density delivered under LPS3 is not entirely aligned with the Strategy's vision, and it is likely that the Waratah Avenue Precinct will deliver a higher number of dwellings than the Strategy predicted.

#### Legislation and Policy:

#### Legislation

- Planning and Development Act 2005
- Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015
- Planning and Development (Development Assessment Panel) Regulations 2011
- Metropolitan Region Scheme
- City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No. 3 clauses 9, 16, 18, 32 and 34

#### **State Government Policies**

- State Planning Policy 7.0 Design of the Built Environment (SPP7.0)
- State Planning Policy 7.2 Precinct Planning (SPP7.2)
- State Planning Policy 7.3 Residential Design Codes Volume 2 Apartments (R-Codes Vol. 2)

#### **Local Policies**

- Local Planning Policy Consultation of Planning Proposals
- Local Planning Policy Waste Management

#### Consultation:

#### **Public Consultation**

In accordance with the City's Local Planning Policy – Consultation of Planning Proposals (Consultation Policy), the development proposal is considered a Complex Application. The application was advertised from 22 January 2021 and concluded on 16 Feburary 2021.

Additional consultation time was granted to accommodate the rescheduled community information session that was cancelled due to the WA Government mandatory lockdown between 31 January – 5 February 2021.

In accordance with the Consultation Policy, the following consultation methods was undertaken:

- Letters sent to all City of landowners and occupiers within a 200m radius of the site;
- A sign on site was installed at the site's street frontage for the duration of the advertising period;
- An advertisement was published on the City's website with all documents relevant to the application made available for viewing during the advertising period;
- An advertisement was placed in *The Post* newspaper published on 23 January 2021;
- A Social media post was made on one of the City's Social Media platforms;
- A notice was affixed to the City's Noticeboard at the City's Administration Offices; and
- A community information session was held by City Officers on 15 Feburary 2021, where there were approximately 17 attendees.

Administration received a total of 29 submissions during the public consultation period, of which:

- 2 submissions were in support of the application;
- 3 submissions were neither supportive nor objecting; and
- 24 submissions objected to the proposal.

The schedule of the issues raised during the public consultation are tabled below.

Issue Raised	Officer comments
Issue Raised  The development exceeds the permitted Acceptable Outcomes of the R-Codes Vol. 2 as follows:  • building height of 4 storey results in an excessive number of floors;	Officer comments  23 submissions from surrounding properties were received on this matter.  This issue is discussed in detail in the Planning Assessment section of this
<ul> <li>wall heights exceed 15m;</li> <li>building on boundary wall heights are too excessive;</li> <li>plot ratio;</li> <li>side setbacks are not compliant;</li> <li>building separation is not compliant;</li> <li>pedestrian access to the building is not compliant;</li> <li>overshadowing; and</li> <li>visual privacy.</li> </ul>	report.
The development is not in keeping with the existing built form and context of the suburb which is characterised by low density development, large leafy blocks and a quiet neighbourhood along Philip Road.	22 submissions from surrounding properties were received on this matter.  It is noted that the proposed development is consistent with the R80 density coding of the site. The site is located in an existing residential neighborhood which has undergone some more recent subdivision and redevelopment, having been up coded from R10, R12.5 and R20 to R60, R80 and

Issue Raised	Officer comments
	R-AC3, is intended to accommodate additional built form and density.
	The proposed development has been assessed to meet the element objectives for primary controls within the Residential Design Codes Volume 2 – Apartments (R-Codes Vol. 2) and is considered to be an appropriate form of development for the subject site.
The development results in excessive bulk and scale contrary to the context	21 submissions from surrounding properties were received on this matter.
and character of the area.	In terms of the scale and built form, the scale of development is considered appropriate for a mid-rise neighborhood center as per the R-Codes.
	Overall, the development will contribute to the emerging medium rise residential area along Philip Road and the surrounding area.
	A detailed assessment of the building height and setbacks is discussed in detail in the Planning Assessment section of this report.
There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and no deep soil areas for trees. No retention of	7 submissions from surrounding properties were received on this matter.
existing trees on site.	This issue is discussed in detail in the Planning Assessment section of this report.
Development will result in an undesirable level of traffic along Philip Road which is already overcrowded	14 submissions from surrounding properties were received on this matter.
with street parking issues.	A Traffic Impact Statement (TIS) has been provided which demonstrates that the anticipated traffic generation for the development can be accommodated for within the existing traffic network. The TIS has been reviewed by the City and have agreed with this finding.
	The development meets the acceptable outcomes and element objectives for car parking.
The proposal will result in more residents moving in and creating noise from balconies impacting the peaceful neighborhood and surrounding properties	6 submissions from surrounding properties were received on this matter.

Issue Raised	Officer comments
	The Acoustic Report (Attachment 8) shall
	be implemented to ensure the
	development comply with the
	Environmental Protection (Noise)
	Regulations 1997.

#### Referrals/consultation with Government/Service Agencies

No external referrals were required for this application.

#### **Design Review Advice**

The City of Nedlands currently does not have an active Design Review Panel (DRP). In the absence of a Panel, the City refers the application for architectural and landscape architectural design review by suitably qualified practitioners.

For this application, an architectural and landscape architectural design review was undertaken. A copy of the architectural and landscape architectural design review against State Planning Policy 7.0 - Design of The Built Environment (SPP 7.0) is contained as **Attachment 10 and 11**. A meeting was also held to allow the applicants an opportunity to present to the City's consultants and address any queries.

A summary of the proposal against SPP 7.0 is provided below, noting that since the original application was submitted, further information and amended development plans were provided by the applicant in response to the initial comments of the City's consultants. The table below demonstrates aspects of the development proposal that the City's consultants are supportive of.

Legend	t		
3 Supported			
2			
1	Further information required		
0	Not supported		
SPP 7.0 Principles		Architectural design review	Landscape Architectural design review
Principl	e 1: Context and Character	3	N/A
Principl	le 2: Landscape Quality		3
1.	3.2 Orientation		3
	3.3 Tree Canopy and Deep Soil		3
	Areas		
3. 3.4 Communal Open Space		3	3
	3.6 Public Domain Interface		3
	4.12 Landscape Design		3
	4.16 Water Management Conservation		3
Principle 3: Built Form and Scale		3	N/A
Principle 4: Functionality and Built Quality		3	N/A
Principl	le 5: Sustainability	2	N/A
Principl	le 6: Amenity	2	N/A
Principl	le 7: Legibility	3	N/A
Principl	le 8: Safety	2	N/A

Principle 9: Community	3	N/A
Principle 10: Aesthetics	3	N/A

Whilst the City acknowledges that an individual architectural and landscape architectural design review is not a substitute for a formal DRP, their comments have nonetheless assisted the City in the consideration of the application against SPP 7.0.

A review of the comments that have been raised by both the architectural and landscape architectural design review that are highlighted in orange are discussed further below.

#### Architectural Design Review

The City's Architect Consultant has reviewed the revised plans and provided the following advice:

In regard to Principle 5 – Sustainability:

1. The applicant has verified an energy statement will be provided post approval. As noted above proposal is acceptable and supported.

The development proposes a number of sustainability measures such as photovoltaic cells on the roof, energy efficient heating devices and solar powered lighting to external open spaces. However, it is recommended a condition be placed to ensure compliance with minimum NATHERS requirements by 0.5 stars such as an energy statement.

In regard to Principle 6 – Amenity:

2. The applicant has provided supporting diagrams to communicate observations made regarding apartment planning. Elevations have been revised.

In regard to Principle 8 – Safety:

- 3. The applicant has provided supporting diagrams to communicate observations made regarding safety.
- 4. The proposal is acceptable within its context. Safety in design features are a Building code compliance issue and will be addressed in later stages.

Points 2, 3 and 4 are noted.

#### Landscape Architectural Design Review

The City's Landscape Architect Consultant has reviewed the revised plans and is supportive of the proposed landscaping for this proposal. However, it should be noted that the Landscape Consultant did make the following comment regarding Principle 2 – Landscape Quality:

1. One existing street tree was already proposed to be retained; the updated documents show an additional tree to be retained- the tree was formerly to be replaced. The tree is a well- established Queensland Box street tree on the eastern side of the Phillip Road verge. Whilst close to the proposed crossover it has been noted to be assessed during the construction process in order to attempt to retain this tree.

The established Queensland Box street tree (City Tree Asset ID 1019) has been annotated on the Development Plans and Landscape Plans confirming that the applicant will only remove the street tree if safety and vehicle visual sightlines will be

impacted based on the close proximity between the street tree and the proposed crossover location. The City is supportive of this approach.

In the event of a JDAP approval, it is recommended that a condition be placed to ensure that the street tree can be retained were possible, however removal will be granted if the street tree impacts upon vehicle safety and visual sightlines.

#### **Planning Assessment:**

The proposal has been assessed against all the relevant legislative requirements of the Scheme and State and Local Planning Policies outlined in the Legislation and Policy section of this report. The following matters have been identified as key considerations for the determination of this application:

- Aims of the Scheme
- Matters to be considered (Deemed Provisions clause 67)
- Residential Zone Objectives
- State Planning Policy 7.2 Precinct Planning
- State Planning Policy 7.3 Residential Design Codes Volume 2
  - o Building height
  - o Side and rear setbacks
  - Plot ratio
  - Building separation
  - Orientation
  - o Tree Canopy and Deep Soil Areas
  - Visual privacy
  - Pedestrian access and entries
  - Managing the impact of noise

These matters are outlined and discussed below. A full assessment of the proposal against the Residential Design Codes Volume 2 (R-Codes) is included at **Attachment 13**.

#### Aims of the Scheme

The City has assessed the development against the relevant provisions of the LPS3 as set out below.

Aims of LPS3			
Item	Requirement	Officer Response	Satisfies
9 – Aims of Scheme	enhance local	The development has been assessed as compliant with the Element Objectives of the R-Codes. The proposal is considered to be generally consistent with the existing and desired future character of the area due to its setbacks, landscaping and aesthetics.  The proposal is also consistent with the intended building envelope for a multiple	Satisfied

	dwelling development within the Residential R80 density code.	
Respect the community vision for the development of the district;	The community vision is provided under Section 8.1.2 City of Nedlands Strategic Community Plan (2013) on page 49 of the Local Planning Strategy. It is as follows:	Satisfied
	"Our overall vision is of a harmonious community. We will have easy access to quality health and educational facilities and lively local hubs consisting of parks, community and sporting facilities and shops where a mix of activities will bring people together, strengthening local relationships. Our gardens, streets, parks will be well maintained, green and tree-lined and we will live sustainably within the natural environment. We will work with neighbouring Councils and provide leadership to achieve an active, safe, inclusive community enjoying a high standard of local services and facilities. We will live in a beautiful place."	
	The proposed multiple dwelling development is consistent with the community vision outlined above as it does not adversely affect any of the objectives contained within the vision statement.	
Achieve quality residential built form outcomes for the growing population;	The development meets all element objectives of the R-Codes. It is noted that the City's Architect and Landscape Architect design review consultants are supportive of the proposed architectural design and form of the development and landscape qualities.	Satisfied
To develop and support a hierarchy of activity centres	The development will provide a higher number of dwellings to support the Mixed-Use Waratah Village which abuts the application site to the south (rear).	N/A
To integrate land use and transport systems	The proposal is generally consistent with the development expectations attributable to the R80 higher density code. The R80 coded land, forms part of a transitional area around the Waratah Village. The proposal therefore supports the provision of higher density development around a mixed-use node and along a transport corridor being within 70m of Waratah Avenue (Bus 24).	Satisfied

	Facilitate improved multi- modal access into and around the district	The development includes bicycle parking (racks) for residents and visitors.	Satisfied
	Maintain and enhance the network of open space	The development does not impact the City's network of open space.	Satisfied
	Facilitate good public health outcomes	The development will not adversely affect the desired public health outcomes.	Satisfied
	Facilitate a high- quality provision of community services and facilities	A development proposal of this type and scale is not required to include community services or facilities.	N/A
	Encourage local economic development and employment opportunities	Whilst being built, the development will positively contribute to local businesses.	Satisfied
	To maintain and enhance natural resources	Solar panels are proposed to the roof, and the development maximises its northern orientation.	Satisfied
	Respond to the physical and climatic conditions	The development maintains solar access to adjoining properties by having appropriate setbacks.	Satisfied
	Facilitate efficient supply and use of essential infrastructure	The development does not negatively impact this objective.	Satisfied
16.2 – Land Use	Not applicable	Permitted Use, Residential (Multiple Dwellings).	Satisfied
32.1(1) - Parking	Except for development to which the R-Codes apply, every development shall provide onsite car parking spaces in accordance with any applicable local planning policy adopted by the local government.	Residential parking for this development is governed by the Residential Design Codes.	N/A
32.1(2-6) - Parking	Cash-in-lieu of parking	The City does not have a Car Parking Strategy to guide cash-in-lieu.	N/A

		Therefore, these scheme provisions cannot be applied.	
32.4(5) – Developme nt Standards	In relation to developments that are not subject to the R-Codes, where development standards are not specified in an approved structure plan, local development plan, and/or activity centre plan, the development standards are subject to the applicable R-Code.	The application has been assessed in accordance with the relevant provisions of the R-Codes. Refer <b>Attachment 13</b>	Satisfied

## Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015

The City has assessed the application against with Clause 67(2) of Schedule 2 of the LPS Regulations. The assessment of which is provided in the table below against the relevant provisions:

Provision	Assessment
(a) the aims and provisions of this Scheme and any other local planning scheme operating within the Scheme area;	Refer to assessment of clause 9 of LPS3 – Aims of Scheme.
(b) the requirements of orderly and proper planning including any proposed local planning scheme or amendment to this Scheme that has been advertised under the Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 or any other proposed planning instrument that the local government is seriously considering adopting or approving;	The development proposal has achieved all relevant element objectives of the R-Codes and is consistent with the expected development within Residential R80.
(m) the compatibility of the development with its setting including the relationship of the development to development on adjoining land or on other land in the locality including, but not limited to, the likely effect of the height,	The Zoning Table in the Scheme classifies all residential development as a 'P' use in the Residential Zone. The suitability of the land use is not therefore, in question.

Provision	Assessment
bulk, scale, orientation and appearance of the development;	The development itself is either generally consistent with or exceeds the default primary controls of the R-Codes.
	Whilst the development is a departure from the existing built form, it is consistent with the expected built form of the medium density code (R80) to which it relates.
<ul> <li>(n) the amenity of the locality including the following —</li> <li>(i) environmental impacts of the development;</li> <li>(ii) the character of the locality;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(i) With recommended conditions of approval, the development is considered to achieve the element objectives for water and energy efficiency.</li> </ul>
(iii) social impacts of the development;	<ul><li>(ii) The development is considered to respond to the prevailing character of the locality.</li><li>(iii) Given the scale of the residential development, the City is of the view that there are no identifiable social</li></ul>
	impacts that further residents would pose.
(p) whether adequate provision has been made for the landscaping of the land to which the application relates and whether any trees or other vegetation should be preserved.	The applicant has provided a landscaping plan which outlines the varying number of plant species to be proposed on site. A number of large, medium and small trees will be planted in Deep Soil Areas to be integrated into the development. The City's Landscape design review consultant is satisfied with the proposed landscaping for the development.
(s) the adequacy of —  (i) the proposed means of access to and egress from the site; and (ii) arrangements for the loading, unloading, manoeuvring and parking of vehicles.	The applicant has provided a Transport Impact Statement (TIS). The City's Technical Services reviewed the TIS and supports the proposed access and egress, manoeuvring and parking of vehicles.
(t) the amount of traffic likely to be generated by the development, particularly in relation to the capacity of the road system in the locality and the probable effect on traffic flow and safety;	The applicant has provided a Transport Impact Statement (TIS) which concluded that the trip generation from a development of this type and size is unlikely to materially impact the local road network.
(y) any submissions received on the applications	All submissions have been given due regard in accordance with this provision.  A summary of the submissions was provided to the applicant and where possible have been addressed (See Attachment 12)
(zb) any other planning consideration the local government considers appropriate.	The City is currently preparing for the introduction of a Design Review Panel. However, it is not operational as yet. In

Provision	Assessment
	the meantime, a process of design review of the proposal has been undertaken using a qualified architectural consultant. The design review has assessed the development against the principles of design incorporated into SPP 7.0.

#### Residential Zone Objectives

The table below outlines the objectives for the Residential Zone, and how the development addresses these.

Objective	Assessment	Satisfies
To provide for a range of housing and a choice of residential densities to meet the needs of the community	The development will provide medium density housing in a multiple dwelling format.	Satisfied
To facilitate and encourage high quality design, built form and streetscapes throughout residential areas.	The development seeks to reflect the prevailing character of the area. The quality of development meets the Element Objectives of the R-Codes.	Satisfied
To provide for a range of non-residential uses, which are compatible with and complementary to residential development.	This development proposes residential use only.	N/A
To ensure development maintains compatibility with the desired streetscape in terms of bulk, scale, height, street alignment and setbacks.	The development is four storeys in height and setback sufficiently to provide a landscaped front area. This has been undertaken to ensure the building sits well within the streetscape, which is characterised by large front setbacks.	Satisfied
	The development is now considered to strike a balance between achieving the built form expectations of the R80 density code and responding appropriately to the local context.	

Given the above, the application is considered to meet the objectives for the residential zone.

#### State Planning Policy 7.2 Precinct Design

SPP 7.2 and its associated guidelines have been recently introduced by the State Government. Whilst the Policy relates primarily to the creation of precinct plans, it does require subdivision and development to apply the Policy and Guidelines where a precinct plan is not in place, in particular to areas which are within a precinct boundary.

The City's comments on the extent the development addresses the design elements is outlined below.

Design Element 1: Urban Ecology

O1.1 To protect, enhance and respond to the ecological systems of the precinct.	The applicant has provided a landscaping plan which outlines the varying number of plant species to be proposed on site. A number of large, medium and small trees will be planted in Deep Soil Areas to be integrated into the development.
O1.2 To enhance sense of place by recognising and response to Aboriginal, cultural and built heritage.	There is no Aboriginal heritage on or near the site that is known to the City. The development attempts to respond to nearby built heritage through context and character.
O1.3 To reduce the environmental and climate change impacts of the precinct development.	The development can be conditioned to meet the acceptable outcomes of the R-Codes relating to energy and water efficiency.

Design Element 2: Urban Structure

Beeign Element 2. Orban Stractare	•
O2.1 To ensure the pattern of blocks,	The development fronts onto the existing
streets, buildings and open space	street layout.
responds and contributes to distinct,	
legible precinct character.	
O2.2 To promote an urban structure that	The development is designed to be
supports accessibility and connectivity	accessible.
within and outside the precinct.	
O2.3 To ensure the urban structure	The development is considered to be
supports the built form, public realm and	consistent with the future character
activity intended for the precinct.	outlined in the draft Local Planning Policy
	<ul> <li>Waratah Village Precinct Context and</li> </ul>
	Character.
O2.4 To ensure an adaptable urban	The development is located in a
structure that can respond to and	residential precinct and is intended to
facilitate change within a precinct.	remain in this guise.

Design Element 3: Public Realm

Design Element 3. Fublic Nealin	
O3.1 To ensure the public realm is	Not applicable
designed to promote community health	
and wellbeing.	
O3.2 To enable local character and	Not applicable
identity to be expressed in public realm	
to enhance a sense of place.	
O3.3 To ensure than key environmental	Not applicable
attributes are protected and enhanced	
within the public realm.	
O3.4 To ensure the public realm is	Not applicable
designed to be inclusive, safe and	
accessible for different users and people	
of all ages and abilities.	
O3.5 To ensure public realm design is	Not applicable
integrated with the built form, movement	
network and landscape of the precinct.	

Design Element 4: Movement

O4.1 To ensure the movement network supports the function and ongoing development of the precinct.	The development utilises the existing movement network.
O4.2 To ensure a resilient movement network that prioritises affordable, efficient, sustainable and healthy modes of transport.  O4.3 To enable a range of transport choices that meet the needs of residents, workers and visitors.	The development includes bicycle parking. It is also located close to a bus route along Waratah Avenue (Bus 24) within walking distance (less than 100m).  The site is located in an area that provides transport choice.
O4.4 To ensure the quantity, location, management and design of parking supports the vision of the precinct.	The City is currently developing a precinct vision for the Waratah Village Precinct area through a draft Local Planning Policy – Precinct Plan following community engagement workshops in 2019. This will inform car parking management for the Waratah Village Precinct area.  The development has provided sufficient on-site car parking to ensure there is no reliance on street parking. The car parking area is also located beneath the building (basement level) and is not visible from the primary streetscape.

Design Element 5: Land Use

O5.1 To ensure current and planned land uses respond to the needs and expectations of the community.	The proposed residential use is consistent with the Local Planning Strategy as the current reflection of community expectations.
O5.2 To ensure the planned land use types contribute positively to the precinct character and amenity.	The precinct character and level of amenity has not been determined. However, the proposal is generally consistent with the development expectations attributable to the R80 higher density code. The R80 coded land, forms part of a transitional area around the Waratah Village.
O5.3 To achieve a mix of land uses and activity that supports the precinct vision.	Not applicable

Design Element 6: Built Form

Design Element of built Form	
O6.1 To ensure that the built form is	The bulk and scale of the development is
responsive to the purpose, context and	considered to be consistent with the
intended character of the precinct.	planned future character of the area as a
	medium rise suburban area (R80).
O6.2 To ensure building placement,	The building achieves the acceptable
scale and massing is appropriate for the	outcomes of the R-Codes for building
intended precinct and streetscape	height, setbacks, plot ratio and building
character.	depth and separation.

O6.3 To ensure that built form design reduces energy demand across the precinct by facilitating climate-responsive design.	The development seeks to maximise the northern aspect of the site. However, the overall sustainability of the design has not been fully demonstrated and a condition has been recommended to address this aspect.
O6.4 To ensure that built form design is responsive to the streetscape and contributes to a safe and comfortable public realm.	The building and landscaping have been designed to respond to the streetscape. The use of limestone and other materials found on housing in the area is supported by a landscape design that includes a relatively high number of small and medium trees. This reflects the 'leafy green' character of the streetscape.

#### <u>State Planning Policy 7.3 – Residential Design Codes Volume 2 – Apartments</u>

The purpose of State Planning Policy 7.3 - Residential Design Codes Volume 2 - Apartments (R-Codes) is to provide planning and design standards for residential apartments, including those within a mixed use development and activity centres context. In this regard, the R-Codes specifies a series of elements, with associated objectives, which developments are to achieve.

This can generally be achieved by meeting the acceptable outcomes. However, these are not to be read as prescribed deemed-to-comply standards as they do not necessarily guarantee a positive design outcome. Alternatively, or in addition to the acceptable outcomes, a proposal can also seek consideration based on achieving the related Design Guidance and the Element Objectives.

An assessment of the proposal against the R-Codes is detailed in full in **Attachment 13**. Those elements that were raised as the main areas of concern during public consultation or which require the imposition of conditions are detailed below. They are summarised below for ease of reference.

#### Building height

The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 2.2 Objectives for building height:

Element Objectives	Assessment
O2.2.1 – The height of development responds to the desired future scale and character of the street and local area, including existing buildings that are	Objective achieved  The overall building height of the proposed development is 15.7m high above the Natural Ground Level (NGL) in lieu of 15m taken from the highest roof point.
unlikely to change.	The building presents as four (4) storeys to the primary street and five (5) storeys to the rear. However, in accordance with the definition of 'storey', the basement floor is not considered to be a storey and is excluded from the building height calculation.

Element Objectives	Assessment
	The four (4) storey development is consistent with the acceptable outcomes building height for the R80 code. In the absence of a local planning policy that articulates the desired height for the location, the City must defer to the heights set out in Table 2.1 of the R-Codes.
O2.2.2 - The height of	Objective achieved
buildings within a development responds to changes in topography.	The site slopes from the primary street (north. The development seeks to utilise the slope of the site by maintaining a four (4) storey development from the primary street whilst filling the rear of the site. This reduces the height of the building at the primary street when compared to the rear of the building.
O2.2.3 – Development incorporates articulated	Objective achieved
roof design and/or roof top communal open space where appropriate.	The roof design is of a relatively low pitch and articulated design to minimise roof structure mass. There is no rooftop communal open space.
O2.2.4 – The height of	Objective achieved
development recognises the need for daylight and solar access to adjoining and nearby residential development, communal open space and in some cases, public spaces.	The proposed development complies with the default overshadowing requirement. The neighbouring property to the south (87 Waratah Avenue, Dalkeith) will be overshadowed by the development by 62m <sup>2</sup> or 2% of its total area at 12pm on 21 June 2020 (worst case).

<u>Side and rear setbacks</u>
The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 2.4
Objectives for side and rear setbacks:

Dejective achieved    Dojective achieved
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Element Objectives	Assessment
	It should be noted that the boundary wall height is less than two storeys high which is consistent with the acceptable outcome for boundary wall heights.
	The proposed western boundary wall abuts an existing 14m in length boundary wall on 14 Philip Road. The southern (rear) boundary wall abuts an existing 7.0m wide laneway for the entire length. The proposed boundary walls still provide adequate separation from adjoining properties for a development of this nature and scale.
O2.4.2 – Building boundary setbacks are	Objective achieved
consistent with the existing streetscape pattern or the desired streetscape character.	Side and rear setbacks for single houses are varied within the street block. More modern homes provide side and rear setbacks less than 3.0m in some cases. The development has achieved an average rear setback of 4.0m from the ground floor and above, which is consistent with the provision of a 'back yard' as seen on surrounding properties.
O2.4.3 - The setback of	Objective achieved
development from side and rear boundaries enables retention of existing trees and provision of deep soil areas that reinforce the landscape character of the area, support tree canopy and assist with stormwater management.	The existing street trees along Philip Road will remain. All existing trees on site will be removed. However, extensive tree plantings are proposed to the eastern Deep Soil Area.
O2.4.4 -The setback of	Objective achieved
development from side and rear boundaries provides a transition between sites with different land uses or intensity of development.	The property to the south is coded R-AC3, and there is currently a four (4) storey Mixed Use development on 87 Waratah Avenue, Dalkeith. The height, bulk and setback of this development is of similar bulk and scale to the existing development at 87 Waratah Avenue.

<u>Plot ratio</u>
The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 2.5 Objectives for plot ratio:

Element Objectives	Assessment
O2.5.1 – The overall bulk	Objective achieved
and scale of development is appropriate for the existing or planned character of the area.	The development proposes a plot ratio of 1.29 in lieu of the acceptable outcome of 1.0, which is 335m <sup>2</sup> or 29.5% of additional floor space.
	Administration acknowledges that the proposed development represents a significant departure from

Element Objectives	Assessment
	the existing bulk and scale of the surrounding single houses built or renovated under the previous Residential R10 code along Philip Road.
	The proposed development is consistent with the intended building envelope for a multiple dwelling development within the Residential R80 density code.
	The overall bulk and scale of the development responds to the relatively narrow lot, where this building is provided with setbacks that meet or exceed acceptable outcomes from the side and rear. The setbacks of the building are consistent with the existing streetscape, particularly to the eastern, western and southern lot boundaries.

<u>Building Separation</u>
The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 2.7 Objectives for building separation:

Element Objectives	Assessment
<b>O2.7.1</b> – New	Objective achieved
development supports the desired future streetscape character with spaces between buildings.	The building height and setbacks will allow for appropriate separation should adjoining properties be developed in the future.
	The proposed side and rear setbacks allow for a detached built form complementing the surrounding residential character.
	The proposal provides opportunity for passive surveillance, with half of all apartment balconies overlooking the street. The proposed setbacks are considered to achieve the desired R80 streetscape pattern.
<b>O2.7.2</b> – Building	Objective achieved
separation is in proportion to building height.	The building is four (4) storeys high and will achieve
to building holght.	acceptable outcomes for building separation.
<b>O2.7.3</b> – Buildings are	Objective achieved
separated sufficiently to provide for residential amenity including visual and acoustic privacy, natural ventilation, sunlight and daylight access and outlook.	Visual privacy meets the R80 acceptable outcomes of Element 3.5. Separation to the property boundaries is sufficient to allow daylight access and natural ventilation. Windows and balconies have been placed to allow outlook without impacting on visual privacy.
<b>O2.7.4</b> – Suitable areas	Objective achieved
are provided for communal	
and private open space, deep soil areas and	The relatively compliant eastern side setback allows for provision of a Deep Soil Area (DSA) and another

Element Obje	ectives	Assessment
landscaping buildings	between	DSA within the primary street setback area (a total of 129m²). This area will allow for plantings of 1 x large trees, 3 x medium tree and 5 x small trees in the area.
		The northern setback area will provide for a landscaped area between the primary street and the building.

## Orientation (overshadowing)

The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 3.2 Objectives for orientation and overshadowing:

Element Objectives	Assessment
O3.2.1 – Building layouts	Objective achieved
respond to the	
streetscape, topography	The building maximises daylight access by reducing
and site attributes while	the number of apartments that rely solely on south-
optimising solar and	facing openings (six (6) apartments take advantage of
daylight access within the	the eastern and western orientation). Four (4)
development.	apartments are oriented to the street to activate the
O2 2 2 Duilding form and	frontage.
O3.2.2 – Building form and orientation minimises	Objective achieved
overshadowing of the	The proposed development complies with the default
habitable rooms, open	overshadowing requirement. The proposal does not
space and solar collectors	overshadow any solar collectors or major openings to
of neighbouring properties	adjoining properties at mid-winter.
during mid-winter.	, , ,
	Due to the design and lot orientation, the maximum
	shadow cast at mid-winter is 2% of the rear property
	at 87 Waratah Avenue which is zoned R- AC3. It is
	noted that this falls over the balconies of the ground
	floor and first floor units of 87 Waratah Avenue units
	facing the laneway. However, it is also noted that the
	extent of mid-winter overshadowing to 87 Waratah
	Avenue is below the permitted percentage of
	overshadowing for a site coded Residential R25 or lower.
	IUWGI.

## Tree Canopy and Deep Soil Areas

The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 3.3 Objectives for tree canopy and deep soil areas:

Element Objectives	Assessment
O3.3.1 – Site planning	Objective achieved with Condition
maximises retention of	
existing healthy and	There is no arboriculture assessment of trees on or
appropriate and protects	adjoining the application site. All trees located on site
the viability of adjoining	are to be removed. In the event that an approval is
trees.	contemplated, a condition is recommended requiring
	an arboriculture assessment of the impacts of the

Element Objectives	Assessment
	development on adjoining trees, and the
	implementation of any associated recommendations.
<b>O3.3.2</b> – Adequate	Objective achieved with Condition
measures are taken to	
improve tree canopy (long	Arboriculture advice with respect to the proposed
term) or to offset reduction	development's impact on trees on the adjoining
of tree canopy from pre-	properties is to be managed by way of condition in the
development condition.	event of approval.
	Although no trees are retained onsite, the applicant
	has demonstrated a greater increase to the overall
	tree canopy within the proposed development through
	new plantings.
O3.3.3 – Development	Objective achieved with Condition
includes deep soil areas,	
or other infrastructure to	The acceptable outcome for deep soil area has been
support planting on	exceeded by the development (proposed 129m <sup>2</sup> in
structures, with sufficient	lieu of 114m <sup>2</sup> ).
area and volume to sustain	
healthy plant and tree	In the event of JDAP approval, it is recommended that
growth.	a condition for a Landscape Management Plan be
	imposed to ensure all landscaped areas will be
	maintained and managed appropriately as a condition
	of approval.

<u>Visual Privacy</u>
The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 3.5 Objectives for visual privacy:

	-
Element Objectives	Assessment
O3.5.1 – The orientation and design of buildings, windows and balconies minimises direct overlooking of habitable rooms and private outdoor living areas within the site and of neighbouring properties, while maintaining daylight and solar access, ventilation and the external outlook of habitable rooms.	<ul> <li>Objectives achieved with Condition</li> <li>The development is consistent with the acceptable outcomes for visual privacy as follows: <ul> <li>All major openings to bedroom and study windows are setback 3.0m.</li> <li>All major openings to habitable rooms other than bedroom and studies are setback 4.5m</li> <li>All balconies are setback 6.0m from the eastern and western lot boundaries.</li> <li>All balconies facing the south lot boundary- the visual cone falls within a 7.0m wide laneway for the entire southern lot boundary.</li> <li>Proposed screening is 1.6m high from the finished floor level (FFL).</li> </ul> </li> <li>The façades of the proposed development are articulated with portions stepping in and out, along with balconies and vegetation limiting direct overlooking.</li> </ul>

Element Objectives	Assessment
	If the abutting side lots are redeveloped in the future, they will need to be designed in accordance with the R-Codes. This will ensure adequate separation is provided between any new balconies/major openings and those currently proposed by the subject development.
	Furthermore, it is considered the orientation and design of the proposal has tried to minimise direct overlooking to the eastern, western and southern lots.
	In the event of JDAP approval, it is recommended that a condition be placed that requires the balustrading to the balconies of Apartments 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10 to be obscure glaze or solid to prevent downwards views into adjoining properties*.
	*Council will require all balustrades to be obscure glaze, and this has been upheld by JDAP previously.

## Pedestrian Access and Entries

The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 3.7 Objectives for pedestrian access and entries:

Element Objectives	Assessment
O3.5.1 – The orientation	Objectives achieved
and design of buildings,	
windows and balconies	The pedestrian entry is located on the western side of
minimises direct	the building and is not directly visible from the primary
overlooking of habitable	street being Philip Road.
rooms and private outdoor	The entry into the building is at grade legated to the
living areas within the site and of neighbouring	The entry into the building is at grade located to the western side of the building. The entry to the building
properties, while	is identified via a welcoming entry colonnade with
maintaining daylight and	trellis and canopy cover. This allows it to be easily
solar access, ventilation	accessed and identified which should encourage an
and the external outlook of	attractive street presence along Philip Road.
habitable rooms.	
O3.7.1 – Entries and	The entrance will be lit for safe entry at night.
pathways are universally	
accessible, easy to identify	
and safe for residents and	
visitors.  O3.7.2 – Entries to the	
development connect to	
and address the public	
domain with an attractive	
street presence.	

## Managing the Impact of Noise

The table below outlines the compliance of the proposal with the R-Codes Element 4.7 Objectives for visual privacy:

Element Objectives	Assessment
O4.7.1 – The siting and	Objective achieved – conditions required
layout of development minimises the impact of external noise sources and provides appropriate acoustic privacy to dwellings and on-site open space.	The development appears to locate noise sources appropriately to maintain residential amenity. The updated acoustic report dated 9 March 2021 has been reviewed by the City. The recommendations made within the acoustic report are recommended to be placed as a condition on the approval to achieve compliance with the assigned noise levels of the <i>Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations</i> 1997.
<b>O4.7.2</b> – Acoustic	Objective achieved – condition required
treatments are used to reduce sound transfer within and between dwellings and to reduce noise transmission from external noise sources.	This objective is addressed at the working drawings stage (building plans). A condition is recommended in the event of approval requiring compliance with this objective.

#### **Demolition and Construction Management**

During public consultation, concern was raised regarding the potential noise and traffic impacts as a result of construction of the development.

Based on the scale of the development and having regard to access to the site, it is considered appropriate that a Demolition and Construction Management Plan (DCMP) be prepared to ensure no adverse amenity or safety impacts to surrounding properties and pedestrian and vehicle traffic along Philip Road.

The DCMP will need to detail matters such as construction vehicle traffic and parking management for contractors, vibration, dust and noise management, method of excavation and land retention/piling methods.

The DCMP will need to detail matters such as construction vehicle traffic and parking management for contractors, vibration, dust and noise management, method of excavation and land retention/piling methods.

#### Parking and Traffic

Car and bicycle parking is controlled by Element 3.9 of the R-Codes. The development proposes 20 resident car parking bays, three (3) visitor parking bays and six (6) bicycle spaces. This provision meets the acceptable outcome requirements. No motorcycle parking is required in order to meet acceptable outcomes.

A Traffic Impact Statement (TIS) has been provided which demonstrates that the anticipated traffic generation for the development can be accommodated for within the existing traffic network. The TIS has been reviewed by the City and have agreed with this finding.

#### Waste Management

Waste management is controlled by Element 4.17 of the R-Codes and the City's Local Planning Policy and Guidelines relating to Waste Management. A Waste Management Plan has been prepared and reviewed by the City and were supportive of the management plan.

A condition is recommended to be placed on any approval that requires the preparation, approval and implementation of a Waste Management Plan in accordance with the City's Waste Management Guidelines.

#### **Conclusion:**

The application has been assessed in accordance with the planning framework. In instances where the proposal does not satisfy a provision or statute, a condition has been recommended to address the requirement.

The City acknowledges the proposal represents a change to the character of existing properties that adjoin the site. That notwithstanding, there are multiple sites within the street that are likely to take advantage of the R80 and R60 density codes over time. Philip Road provides an important transition between the newly coded Mixed Use RAC-3 (along Waratah Avenue) and lower density areas beyond with a default height of six (6) storey to a default height of four (4) storey for R80.

The potential changes in the form of subdivision, grouped dwellings and multiple dwellings can be managed through appropriate siting and design. Administration is of the view that the subject application has appropriately considered façade, street setback, form and streetscape presentation in order to achieve the relevant element objectives of the R-Codes or can be made capable by the application of conditions.

#### Officer Recommendation

It is recommended that the Metro Inner-North JDAP resolves to:

1. **Approve** DAP Application reference DAP/20/01922 and accompanying plans (attachment 13) in accordance with Clause 68 of Schedule 2 (Deemed Provisions) of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015,* and the provisions of the City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No. 3, subject to the following conditions:

#### **Conditions**

#### General

- 1. Pursuant to clause 26 of the Metropolitan Region Scheme, this approval is deemed to be an approval under clause 24(1) of the Metropolitan Region Scheme.
- 2. This decision constitutes planning approval only and is valid for a period of four (4) years from the date of approval. If the subject development is not substantially commenced within the specified period, the approval shall lapse and be of no further effect.
- 3. The development shall at all times comply with the application and the approved plans, subject to any modifications required as a consequence of any condition(s) of this approval.

#### Landscaping

- 4. Prior to the issue of a building permit, a detailed Landscaping Management Plan shall be submitted to and approved by the City of Nedlands and such landscaping is to be installed and maintained by the landowner in accordance with that plan, or any modifications approved thereto, for the lifetime of the development thereafter, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Planning / Park Services)
- 5. Prior to the issue of a building permit, an Arborist Report shall be submitted to the City of Nedlands, demonstrating that the construction and built development will not adversely affect the health of trees on the verge and to adjoining properties, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Planning / Park Services)
- 6. Prior to the issue of a building permit, the established Queensland Box Street Tree (City Tree Asset ID 1019) can be removed only if the street tree impacts upon vehicle safety and visual sightlines of the development which will be further investigated by the applicant, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Planning / Technical / Park Services)

### Demolition, Construction and Dilapidation Management

- 7. Prior to the issue of a building permit, the Demolition and Construction Management Plan and Dilapidation Report is to apply:
  - a) A Demolition and Construction Management Plan addressing the control of; vibration, dust, noise, waste, sand, sediment, temporary fencing, hoardings, gantries, site access / egress, site deliveries, heavy construction machinery and traffic control shall be provided to the City of Nedlands with or before the demolition permit and building permit approval applications are submitted.
  - b) Dilapidation Reports shall be conducted prior to demolition and/or excavation works for all adjoining property owners at the cost of the development applicant.
    - 10A and 10B Philip Road, Dalkeith
    - 14 Philip Road, Dalkeith
  - c) All adjoining property owners, as listed in b, will be notified in writing at least 14 days prior to the commencement of demolition and/or excavation works.

The Demolition and Construction Management Plan and Dilapidation Report is to undertaken to undertaken to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Building / Environmental Health / Waste / Technical Services)

#### Visual Privacy

- 8. Visual Privacy Screening:
  - a) Screening of balconies as shown on the approved plans to be installed prior to occupation and at least 1.6m high from the finished floor level.
  - b) Balcony balustrading to be obscure glaze or solid material for Apartments 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10 prior to occupation.

All visual privacy screening is to be installed for the lifetime of the development thereafter, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Planning Services)

#### Noise Management

- 9. Prior to the issuing of a building permit, the applicant is to demonstrate compliance with the recommendations within the Acoustic Report by Sealhurt Acoustic Design and Engineering dated 9 March 2021 to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. Where detailed acoustic assessment is recommended to achieve compliance with the requirements of the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 this is to be undertaken. (Environmental Health Services)
- 10. Prior to the issue of a building permit, a Noise Management Plan is to be submitted detailing measures that will be undertaken to ensure noise levels are kept within levels prescribed in the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997. The plan is to be prepared by a suitably qualified consultant and is to include:
  - a) sound proofing measures used in the design and construction of the development;
  - b) separation of noise-emitting equipment from bedroom windows and walls to habitable rooms;
  - c) predictions of noise levels;
  - d) control measures to be undertaken (including monitoring procedures);
  - e) a complaint response procedure; and
  - f) demonstration of all dwellings exceeding the minimum requirements of the National Construction Code as it relates to acoustic management.

All sound attenuation measures, identified by the plan or as additionally required by the City, are to be implemented prior to occupancy of the development or as otherwise required by the City and the requirements of the plan are to be observed at all times. (Environmental Health Services)

#### <u>Lighting Management</u>

- 11. Prior to the issue of a building permit, the applicant shall arrange a suitably qualified consultant to prepare a Lighting Management Plan which demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause adverse amenity impacts on the surrounding locality and comply with the relevant Australian Standard:
  - a) a full site plan indicating the proposed siting of lighting columns including details of their proposed height;
  - b) times of operation;
  - c) a Management Plan to detail the methods that will be employed to mitigate the impacts of light penetration and glare to the occupiers of adjacent property, including the use of an automatic timing device;
  - d) details of orientation and hooding and/or other measures to minimise their impact in the interests of pedestrian and/or vehicular safety and amenity;
     and

e) details where the proposed floodlighting is sited in close proximity to residential property, the spread of lighting from the lighting installation must be restricted in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard.

The Lighting Management Plan implemented for the lifetime of the development thereafter, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Environmental Health Services)

#### Vehicle Access, Car and Bicycle Parking

- 12. Prior to occupation, the car park ramp is to be managed by a priority-controlled system comprising of signage, traffic-controlled light system and appropriate set of mirrors to give priority to vehicles entering the development from Philip Road first as detailed in the Transport Impact Statement dated 3 December 2020, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Technical Services)
- All car parking dimensions, manoeuvring areas, crossovers and driveways shall comply with Australian Standard AS2890.1 to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Technical Services)
- 14. The visitor parking bays are to be clearly marked, signposted and made available to visitors at all times through use of an intercom system or similar, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Technical Services)
- 15. The bicycle rack shall be installed prior to occupation of the development and maintained for the life of the development to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Planning Services)

#### Energy Efficiency / Liveable Housing

- 16. Prior to the issue of a building permit, the applicant shall provide a report to the City that demonstrates that all dwellings exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars in accordance with A4.15.1 of State Planning Policy 7.3 Residential Design Codes Volume 2 Apartments. (Building Services)
- 17. Prior to the issue of a Building Permit, a minimum of 5 dwellings shall meet the 'Silver' performance level or 2 dwellings meet the 'Platinum' performance level as defined by the Liveable Housing Australia's Liveable Housing Design Guidelines and in accordance with A4.9.1 of State Planning Policy 7.3 Residential Design Codes Volume 2 Apartments. (Planning Services)

#### Waste Management

18. The Waste Management Plan dated 11 March 2021 prepared in accordance with the City of Nedlands Waste Management Local Planning Policy and Guidelines is to be implemented prior to occupation and maintained at all times, to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Waste Services)

### Materials and Services

19. Upon lodgement of the Building Permit, the materials, finishes and colours (as shown and annotated on the approved plans) shall be shown on the Building Permit plans (unless otherwise approved by the City) enacted prior to practical

- completion of the development and thereafter remain in place for the life of the development to the satisfaction of the City. (Planning Services)
- 20. Prior to occupation of the development the finish of the parapet / retaining walls is to be finished externally to the same standard as the rest of the development or in:
  - a) face brick;
  - b) painted render;
  - c) painted brickwork; or
  - d) other clean material as specified on the approved plans and maintained thereafter to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Planning Services)
- 21. Prior to occupation of the development, each dwelling unit shall be provided with mechanical clothes driers or alternatively shall have an adequate area provided for drying clothes. Any drying area shall be screened from view from any adjacent public place to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Environmental Health Services)
- 22. Prior to occupation of the development, all external fixtures including, but not limited to TV and radio antennae, satellite dishes, plumbing vents and pipes, solar panels, air conditioners, hot water systems and utilities shall be integrated into the design of the building and not be visible from the primary street, secondary street to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Environmental Health Services)
- 23. Prior to occupation of the development, all air-conditioning plant, satellite dishes, antennae and any other plant and equipment to the roof of the building shall be located or screened so as not to be highly visible from beyond the boundaries of the development site to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Environmental Health Services)
- 24. All dwellings to be individually metered for water usage prior to occupation. (Planning Services)

#### Stormwater

25. All stormwater generated on site is to be retained on site. An onsite storage/infiltration system is to be provided within the site for at least 1 in 100-year storm event. No stormwater will be permitted to enter the City of Nedlands's stormwater drainage system unless otherwise approved. (Technical Services)

#### **Advice Notes**

#### General Advice

1. This Approval relates to the details provided in the application; to undertake the development in a different manner to that stated in the application, a new application for Development Approval must be submitted to the City of Nedlands. (Planning)

- 2. A Certified Building Permit must be obtained prior to construction and thereafter an Occupancy Permit must be obtained; the applicant and owner should liaise with the City's Building Services in this regard. (Building)
- 3. The applicant is advised that the responsible entity (landowner) is responsible for the maintenance of any common property within the development. (Technical Services)
- 4. Any public spaces within the development which are proposed for activities (temporary or permanent) that are deemed to be a public building under the Health (Public Buildings) Regulations 1992, will need to comply fully with those Regulations. (Environmental Health)

### Landscaping Advice

- 5. All street tree assets in the nature-strip (verge) shall not be removed. Any approved street tree removals shall be undertaken by the City of Nedlands and paid for by the owner of the property where the development is proposed, unless otherwise approved by the City of Nedlands. (Parks Services)
- 6. The contractor/developer shall protect the City's street trees from any damage that may be caused by the scope of works covered by this contract for the duration of the contract. All work carried out under this contract is to comply with the City's policies, guidelines and Australian Standards relating to the protection of trees on or adjacent to development sites (AS 4870-2009). (Parks Services)
- 7. Prior to commencing landscaping of the nature strip / verge, refer to the City of Nedlands' Nature Strip Improvement Guidelines to ascertain if there is a requirement to obtain a Nature Strip Improvement Permit. (Parks Services)

#### Demolition, Construction and Dilapidation Management Advice

- 8. In relation to the Demolition and Construction Management Plan, the applicant is advised that the plan is to address but is not limited to the following matters:
  - a) hours of construction;
  - b) traffic management;
  - c) parking management;
  - d) access management;
  - e) management of loading and unloading of vehicles;
  - f) heavy vehicle access;
  - g) dust management;
  - h) waste management (where applicable);
  - i) protection of infrastructure and street trees within the road reserve;
  - j) the need for a dilapidation report of adjoining properties;
  - k) if required, details of and reasons for construction work on the construction site that is likely to be carried out other than between 7.00 am and 7.00 pm on any day which is not a Sunday or public holiday;
  - I) if required, details of and duration of activities on the construction site likely to result in noise emissions that fail to comply with the standard prescribed

under regulation 7 of the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997:

- m) predictions of noise emission on the construction site;
- n) use of City car parking bays for construction related activities;
- o) protection of infrastructure and street trees within the road reserve;
- p) security fencing around construction sites;
- q) gantries;
- r) dewatering management plan;
- s) contact details;
- t) site offices;
- u) details of measures to be implemented to control noise (including vibration) emissions;
- v) complaint response procedure to be adopted;
- w) details of how dust will be suppressed (e.g. by use of water tanker, independently powered water pumps, high volume hoses) or whether an approval from the water corporation for hydrant standpipe has been granted;
- x) details of how dust and sand drift will be controlled in the event that the landscape remains bare for any period of time after demolition (consideration of more permanent dust suppression or sand drift measures such as hydromulching); and
- y) any other relevant matters.

(Building / Environmental Health / Waste / Technical Services)

9. The applicant is advised that prior to the commencement of any demolition works, any Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) in the structure to be demolished, shall be identified, safely removed and conveyed to an appropriate landfill which accepts ACM.

Removal and disposal of ACM shall be in accordance with Health (Asbestos) Regulations 1992, Regulations 5.43 - 5.53 of the Occupational Safety and Health Regulations 1996, Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos 2nd Edition, Code of Practice for the Management and Control of Asbestos in a Workplace, and any Department of Commerce Worksafe requirements.

Where there is over 10m<sup>2</sup> of ACM or any amount of friable ACM to be removed, it shall be removed by a Worksafe licensed and trained individual or business. (Environmental Health Services)

10. The applicant is advised that dust control measures are to be applied during construction in accordance with City of Nedlands Health Local Laws 2017 and Department of Water and Environmental Regulation requirements. (Environmental Health Services)

#### Noise Management Advice

11. The applicant is advised to consult the City's Acoustic Advisory Information in relation to locating any mechanical equipment (e.g. air-conditioner, swimming pool or spa) such that noise, vibration impacts on neighbours are mitigated. The City does not recommend installing any equipment near a property boundary where it is likely that noise will intrude upon neighbours. Prior to selecting a

location for an air-conditioner, the applicant the applicant is advised to consult the online fairair noise calculator at www.fairair.com.au and use this as a guide to prevent noise affecting neighbouring properties. (Environmental Health Services)

#### Lighting Management Advice

- 12. The applicant is advised that in relation to the Lighting Management Plan:
  - a) a Suitably qualified lighting consultant is to be a Member of the illuminating Engineering Society of Australia and New Zealand;
  - b) the Relevant Australian Standard is Australian Standard AS.4282 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting; and
  - c) certification by a suitably qualified lighting consultant shall demonstrate that the development is in compliance with the relevant Australian Standard. On completion of the installation, the consultant is to confirm that the lighting conforms to the relevant Australian Standard and if not, remedial measures are to be undertaken to rectify the situation and bring about compliance with the relevant Australian Standard. The requirement for confirmation certification on completion of the installation is to be included as a condition on all planning approvals granted by the City.

(Environmental Health Services)

#### Vehicle Access, Car and Bicycle Parking Advice

- The applicant is advised that all works within the adjacent thoroughfare, i.e. road, kerbs, footpath, verge, crossover or right of way, also require a separate approval from the City of Nedlands prior to construction commencing. (Technical Services)
- A new crossover or modification to an existing crossover will require a separate approval from the City of Nedlands prior to construction commencing. (Technical Services)
- 15. All redundant crossovers to be removed and the verge and kerbing reinstated prior to occupation of the development to the satisfaction of the City of Nedlands. (Technical Services)

#### Waste Management Advice

- 16. The responsible entity (strata/corporate body) shall be liable for all bin replacement costs and/or repair costs relating to damage caused as a result of the bin compaction process. (Waste Services)
- 17. Recyclable waste stream waste bins shall not be compacted. (Waste Services)
- 18. Prior to the occupation of the development the responsible entity (strata/corporate body) shall confirm written service agreement for the 360L waste compactor. (Waste Services)
- 19. The applicant is advised that as the proposal consists of more than 3 dwellings, the City's Health Local Laws 2017 require an enclosure for the storage and

cleaning of waste receptacles to be provided on the premises, per the following requirements:

- a) sufficient in size to accommodate all receptacles used on the premises;
- b) constructed of brick, concrete, corrugated compressed fibre cement sheet or other material of suitable thickness approved by the City;
- c) walls not less than 1.8m in height and access of not less than 1.0 metre in width fitted with a self-closing gate;
- d) smooth and impervious floor not less than 75mm thick and evenly graded to an approved liquid refuse disposal system;
- e) easily accessible to allow for the removal of the receptacles;
- f) provided with a ramp into the enclosure having a gradient of no steeper than 1:8 unless otherwise approved by the City;
- g) provided with a tap connected to an adequate supply of water;
- h) adequately ventilated, such that they do not create a nuisance to residences (odour); and
- i) the location of all exhaust systems, ductwork and any other mechanical service is not to be such that it will cause a nuisance for residents.

(Environmental Health Services)

#### Materials and Services Advice

- 20. The applicant is advised that:
  - a) All internal water closets and ensuites without fixed or permanent window access to outside air or which open onto a hall, passage, hobby or staircase, are to be serviced by a mechanical ventilation exhaust system which is ducted to outside air, with a minimum rate of air change equal to or greater than 25 litres / second
  - b) Laundry facilities are to be provided in accordance with the Building Code of Australia, and adequately ventilated to reduce condensation, in accordance with AS1668.2 The use of mechanical ventilation and Airconditioning in buildings.

(Environmental Health Services)

#### Stormwater Advice

- 21. The applicant is advised that all downpipes from guttering are to be connected so as to discharge into drains, which shall empty into a soak-well; and each soak-well shall be located at least 1.8m from any building, and at least 1.8m from the boundary of the block. Soak-wells of adequate capacity to contain runoff from a 100-year recurrent storm event. Soak-wells are to be a minimum capacity of 1.0m³ for every 80m² of calculated surface area of the development. (Technical Services)
- 22. The applicant is advised that a sewage treatment and effluent disposal system or greywater reuse or treatment system is not to be installed unless an Approval to Construct or Install an Apparatus for the Treatment of Sewage has been issued by the City beforehand. (Technical Services)

#### **Swimming Pool Advice**

23. All swimming pool wastewater shall be disposed of into an adequately sized, dedicated soak-well located on the same lot. Soak-wells shall not be situated closer than 1.8m to any boundary of a lot, building, septic tank or other soak-well. (Environmental Health Services)

#### Telecommunications Advice

24. The applicant is advised by the City's Planning Services that developers are responsible for providing telecommunications infrastructure in their developments. To provide this infrastructure, they need to contract a carrier to install telecommunications infrastructure in their new development. If you choose National Broadband Network (NBN) to service your development, you will need to enter into a developer agreement with NBN. The first step is to register the development via http://www.NBNco.com.au/develop-or-plan-with-the-NBN/new-developments.html, once registered NBN will be in contact to discuss the specific requirements for the development. NBN requires you to apply at least six months before the required service date. All telecommunications infrastructure should be built to NBN guidelines found at http://www.NBNco.com.au/develop-or-plan-with-the-NBN/new-developments/builders-designers.html

#### **Reasons for Officer Recommendation**

The proposal provides an appropriate transition from its R80 to the abutting rear R-AC3 coded lots. The built form of the proposal meets the elements of the R-Codes, particularly with respect to the building envelope and height.

The development is on balance able to be supported given that no significant areas of discretion applied, with all element objectives having been appropriately achieved

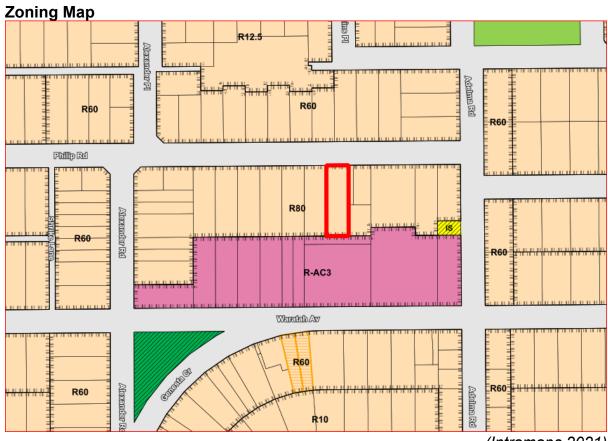
For the above reasons, it is recommended that the application be approved, subject to conditions.

# **Attachment 1- Aerial and Zoning Map**

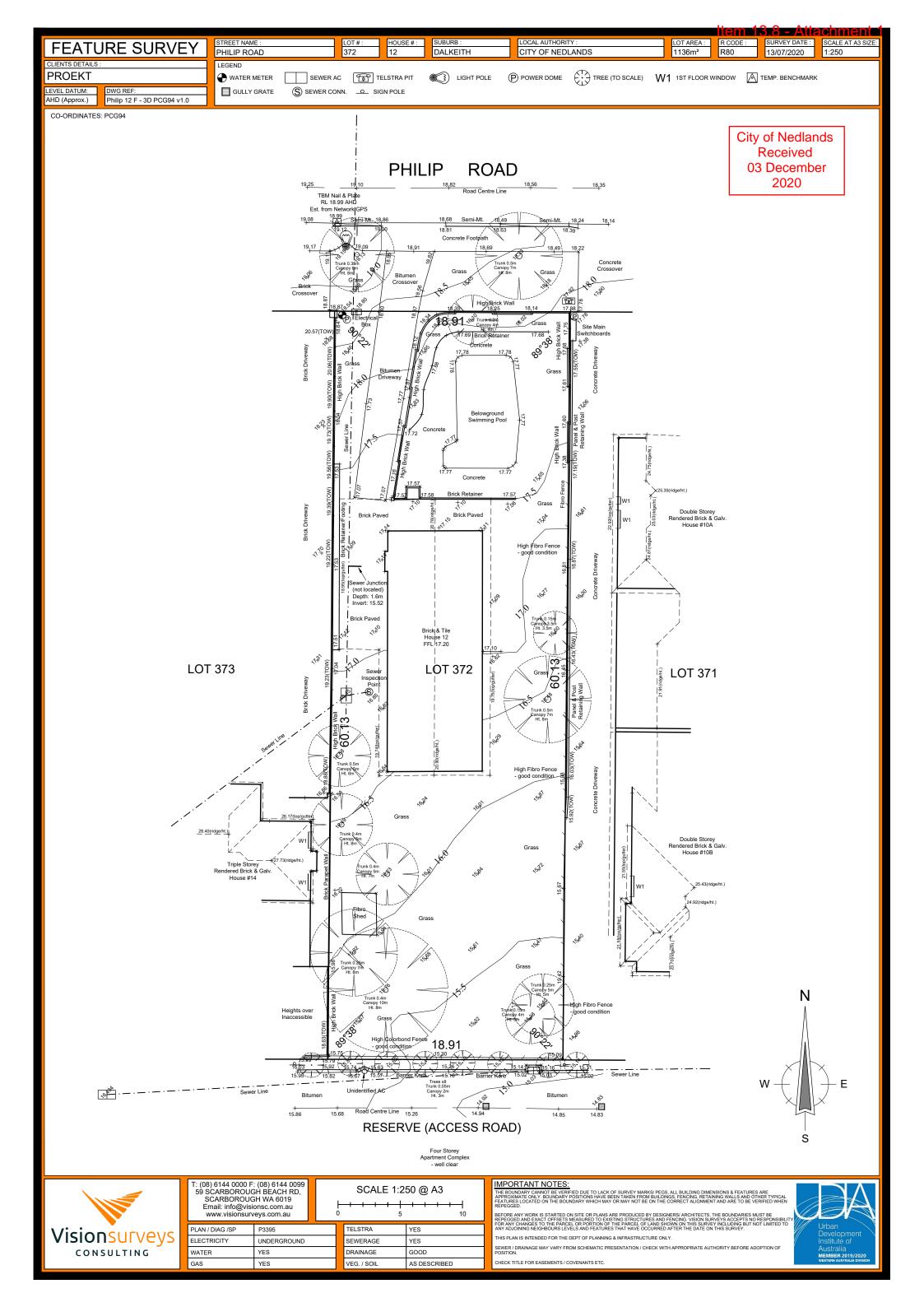
## **Aerial Plan**



(Intramaps 2021)



(Intramaps 2021)





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DRAWING LIST						
NUMBER	NUMBER TITLE					
A0.00	Cover Page	D				
A1.00	Survey + Demolition Plan	В				
A1.01	Site Plan	В				
A2.00	Basement Plan	В				
A2.01	Ground Floor Plan	D				
A2.02	Level 01 Plan	Α				
A2.03	Level 02 Plan	Α				
A2.04	Level 03 Plan	Α				
A2.05	Roof Plan	В				
A3.00	Elevations	В				
A3.01	Elevations	В				
A4.00	Sections	В				
A5.00	Solar Access & Ventilation Diagrams	Α				
A5.01	Solar Access & Ventilation Diagrams	Α				
A8.00	Apt G01/G02 - Types A & B	Α				
A8.01	Apt 101 & 201 - Type C	Α				
A8.02	Apt 102/202 & 103/203 - Types D & E	В				
A8.03	Apt 301 - Type F	Α				
A8.04	Apt 302 - Type G	А				

12 PHILIP ROAD DALKEITH DA PLANNING UPDATES SET 11/03/2021





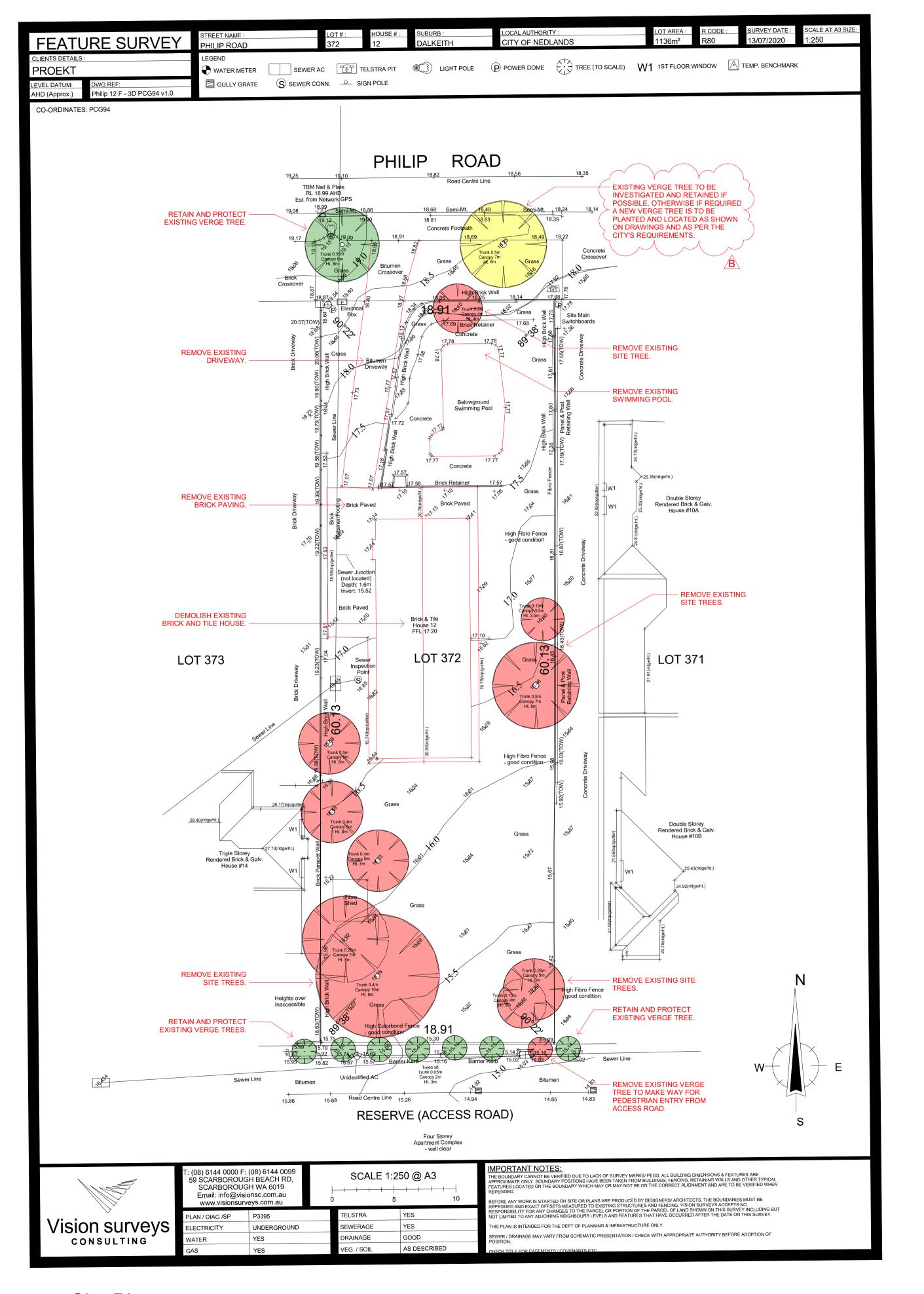
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Project 12 Philip Rd, Dalkeith

Cover Page

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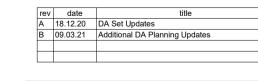
Architectural documents are to be read in conjunction with relevant structural, fire service, mechanical, hydraulic, electrical, civil and landscaping documents. Drawings are to be read in conjunction with the appropriate sections of technical applications.

City of Nedlands

**Amended Plans** 

Received 11 March 2021

DA SET



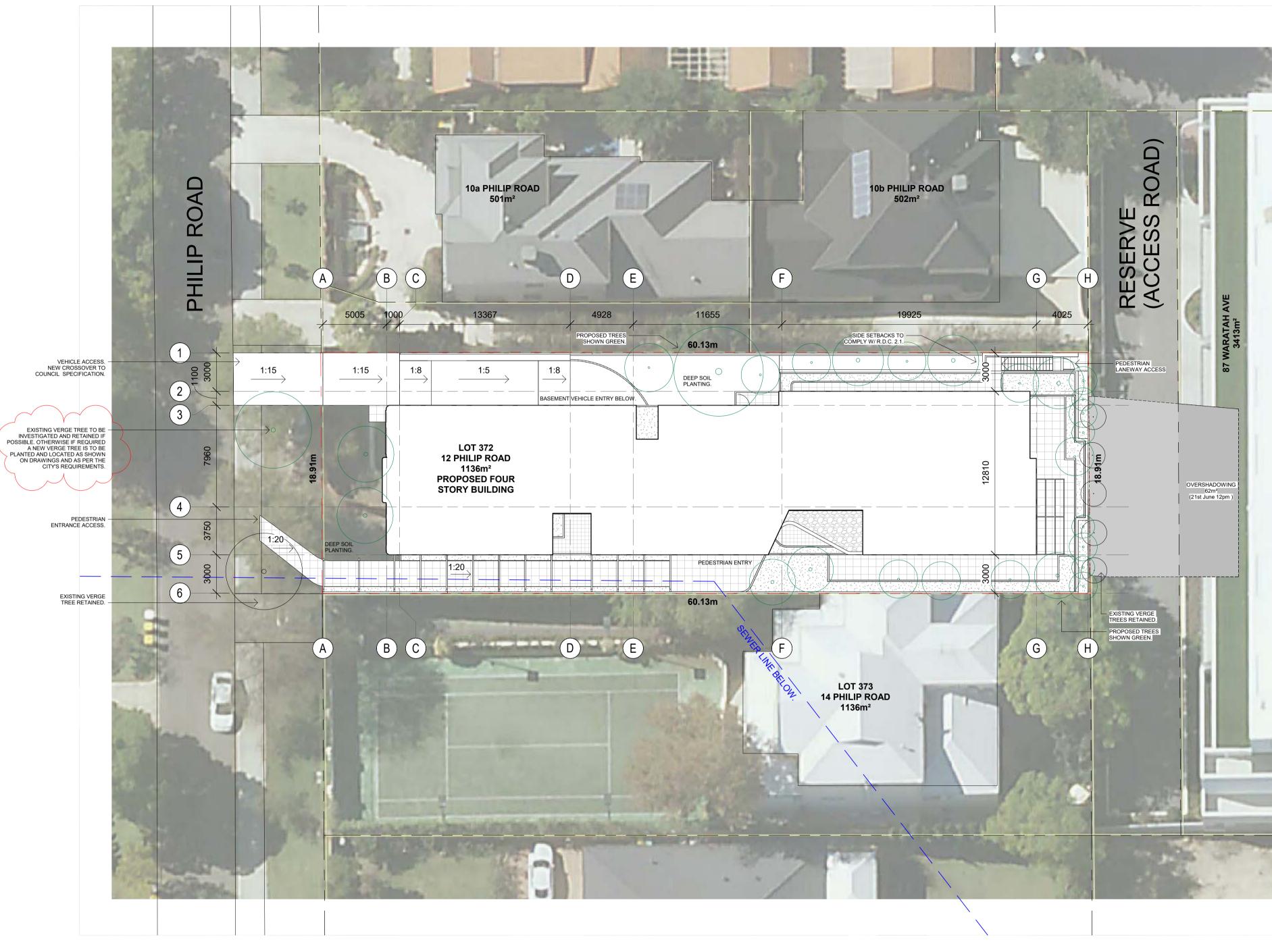
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Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd Drawing Title

Survey + Demolition Plan

1:200 <sub>a1</sub> A1.00 B



2 Site Plan 1:200

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rev date title
A 18.12.20 DA Set Updates
B 09.03.21 Additional DA Planning Updates

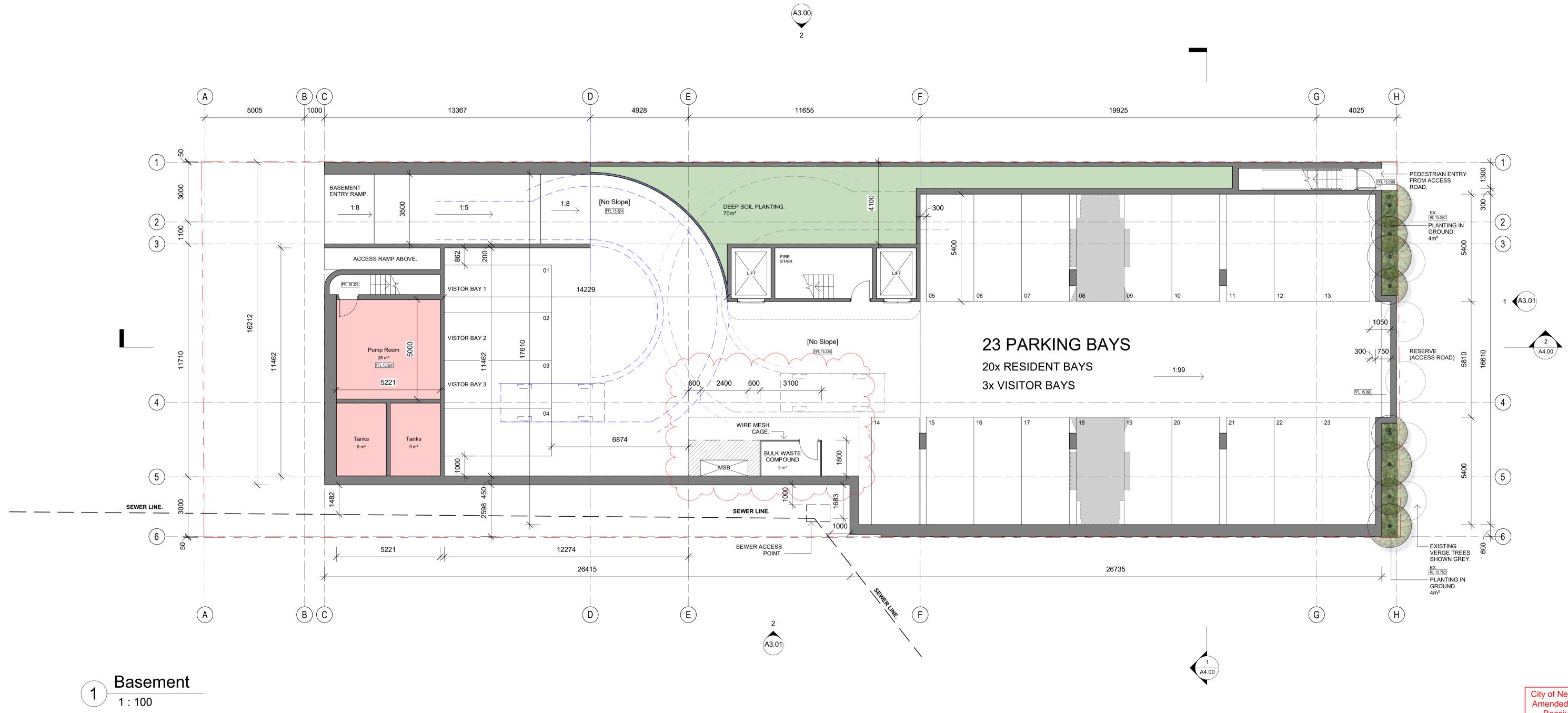


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Drawing Title Site Plan

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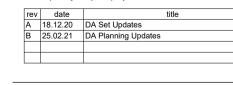


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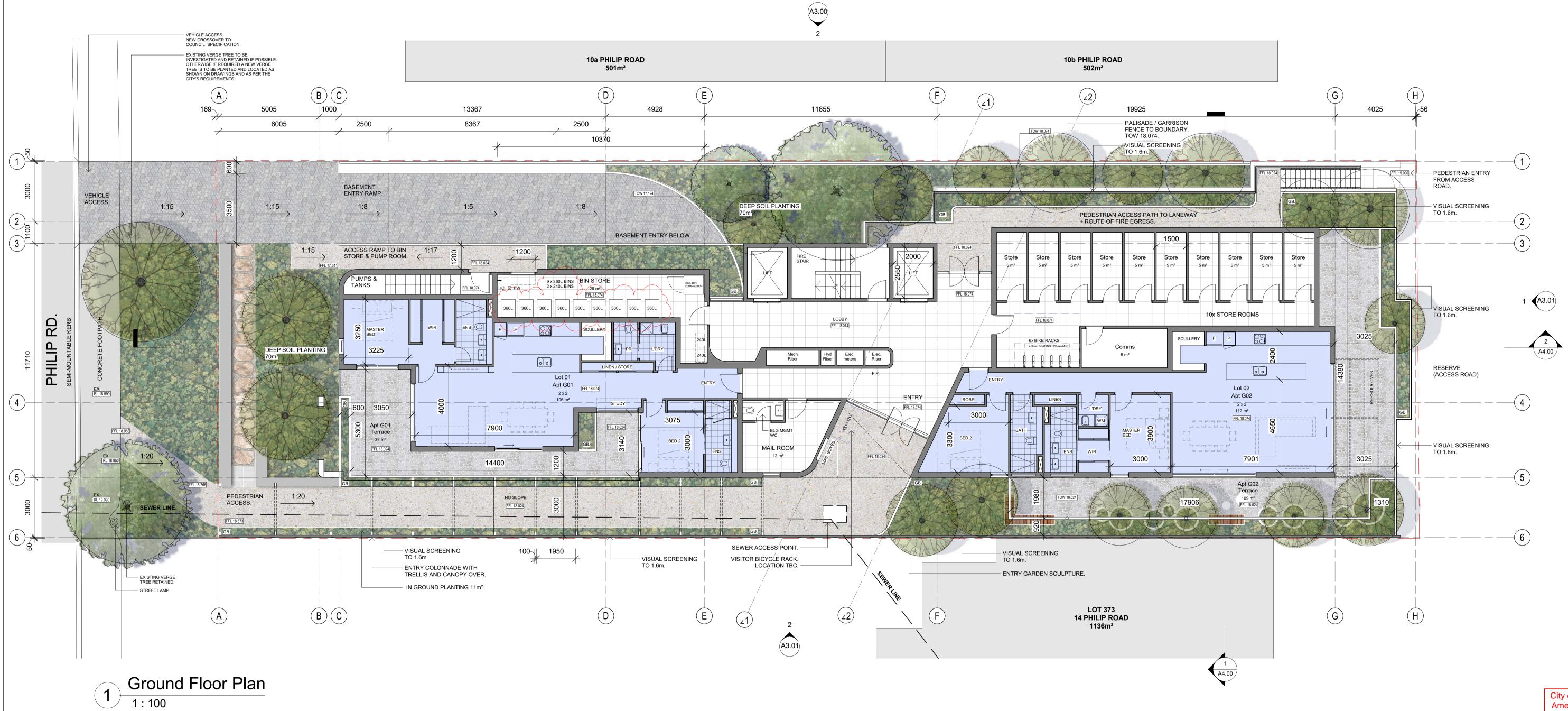
Drawing Title

Basement Plan

signed M&S awn M&S

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Apartment Schedule								
Lot	Level	Apt	Apt Type	<b>Layout Type</b>	Internal Area	Plot Ratio Area		
Lot 01	Ground Floor	Apt G01	Type A	2 x 2	106 m²	114 m²		
Lot 02	Ground Floor	Apt G02	Type B	2 x 2	112 m²	118 m²		
Lot 03	Level 1	Apt 101	Type C	3 x 3	161 m²	174 m²		
Lot 04	Level 1	Apt 102	Type D	3 x 2	137 m²	153 m²		
Lot 05	Level 1	Apt 103	Type E	2 x 2	90 m²	98 m²		
Lot 06	Level 2	Apt 201	Type C	3 x 3	161 m²	174 m²		
Lot 07	Level 2	Apt 202	Type D	3 x 2	137 m²	153 m²		
Lot 08	Level 2	Apt 203	Type E	2 x 2	90 m²	98 m²		
Lot 09	Level 3	Apt 301	Type F	3 x 3	194 m²	210 m <sup>2</sup>		
Lot 10	Level 3	Apt 302	Type G	3 x 3	162 m²	179 m²		
Total Ap	artments: 10				1350 m <sup>2</sup>	1471 m <sup>2</sup>		

Site Area: 1135.6m<sup>2</sup>

R80 Allowable Plot Ratio: 1136m² (1.0) R100 Allowable Plot Ratio: 1476m² (1.3)

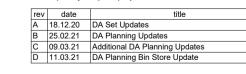
Current Plot Ratio Total: 1471m² (5m² under R100)

City of Nedlands Amended Plans	]
Received 11 March 2021	



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- Project 12 Philip Rd, Dalkeith Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title Ground Floor Plan

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drawing no rev



City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 11 March 2021

DA SET



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Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title Level 01 Plan

drawing no rev 1:100 <sub>@A1</sub> A2.02 A



1 Level 2 1: 100



DA SET



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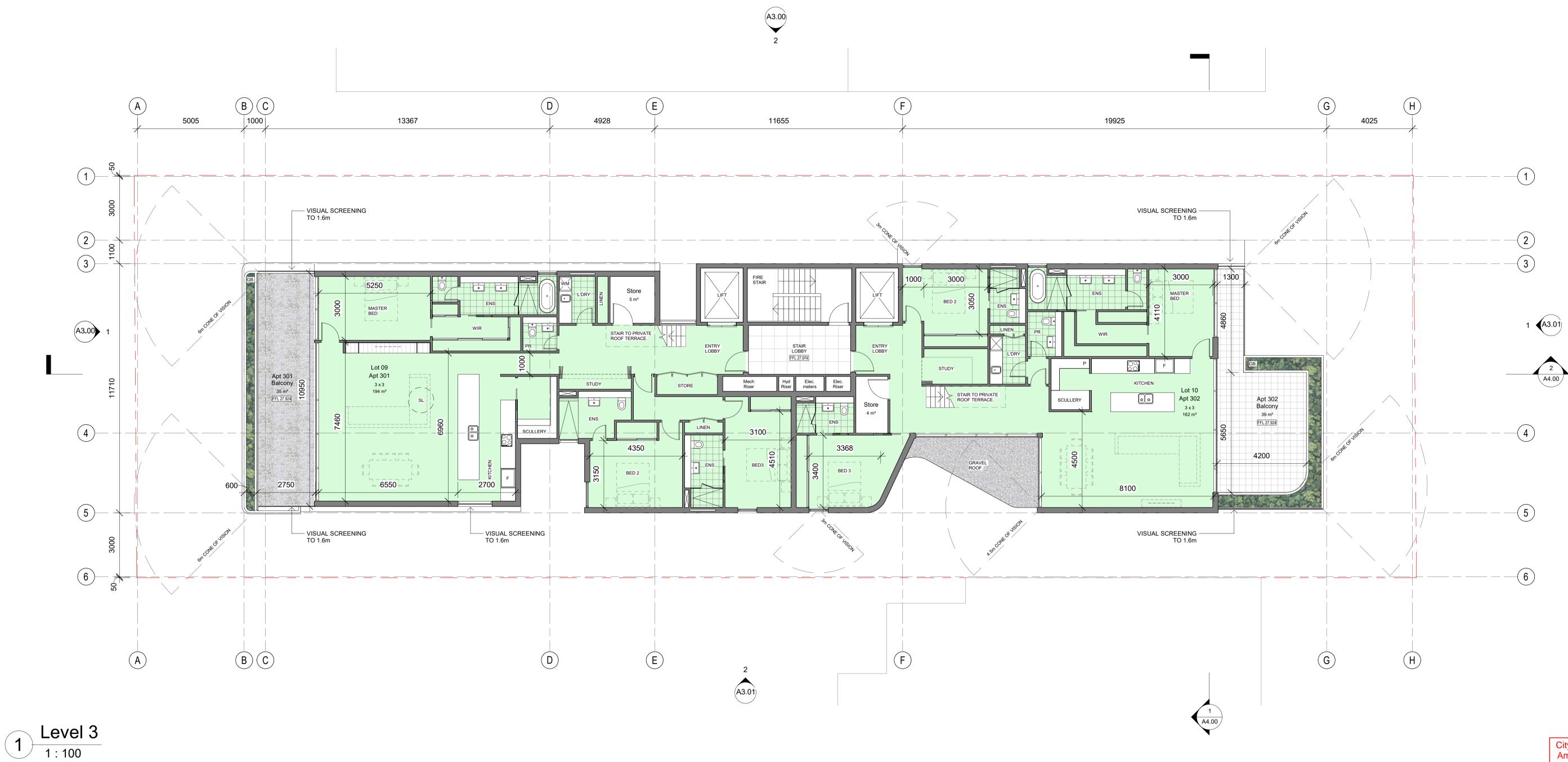
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- ARCHITECTS W: www.mandsarchitecture.com.au

Project 12 Philip Rd, Dalkeith Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title

Level 02 Plan

drawing no rev 1:100 <sub>@A1</sub> A2.03 A



City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 11 March 2021



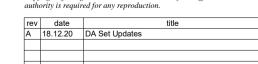
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Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title

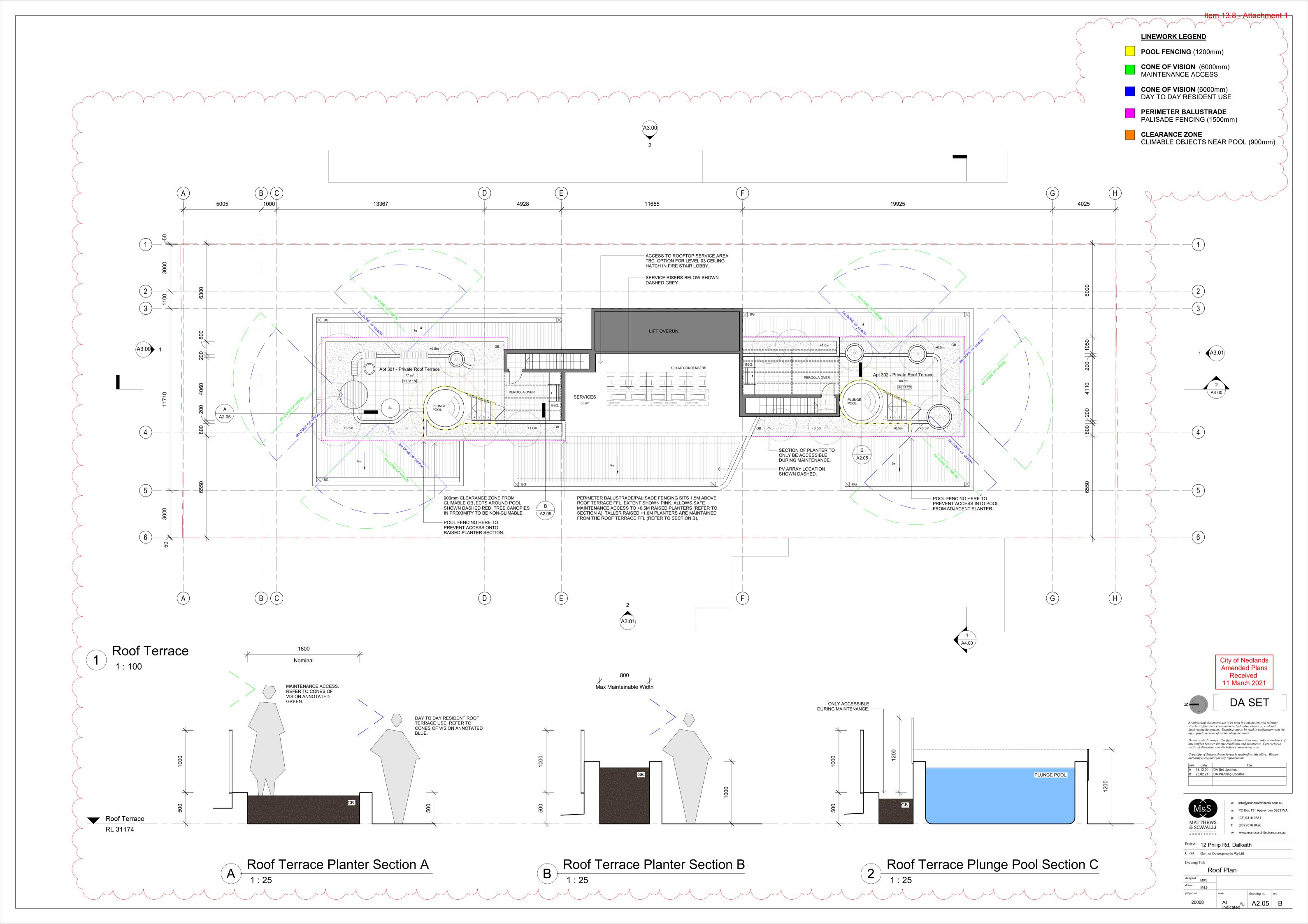
Level 03 Plan

M&S

Scale drawing

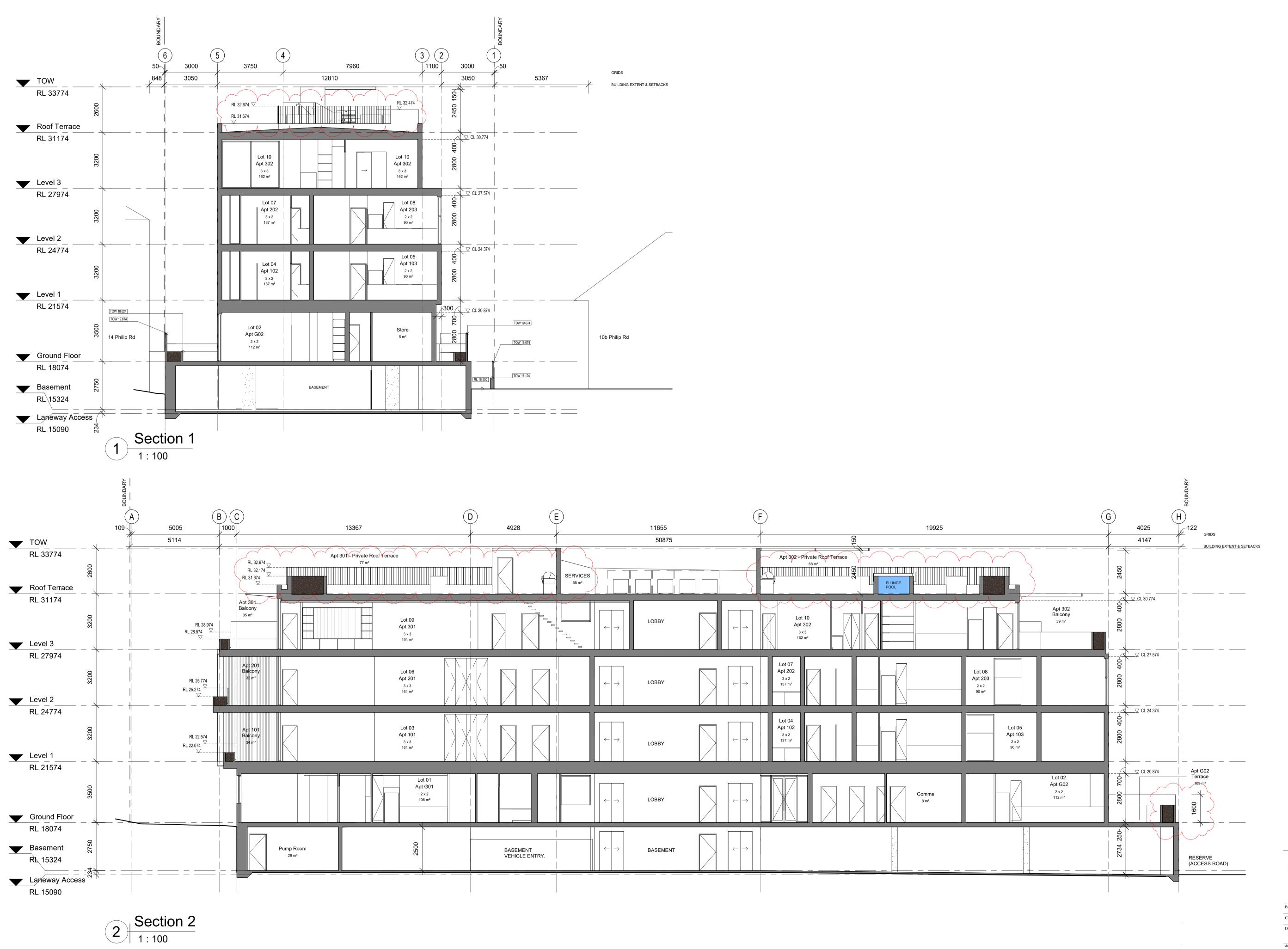
scale drawing no rev

1:100 @A1 A2.04 A









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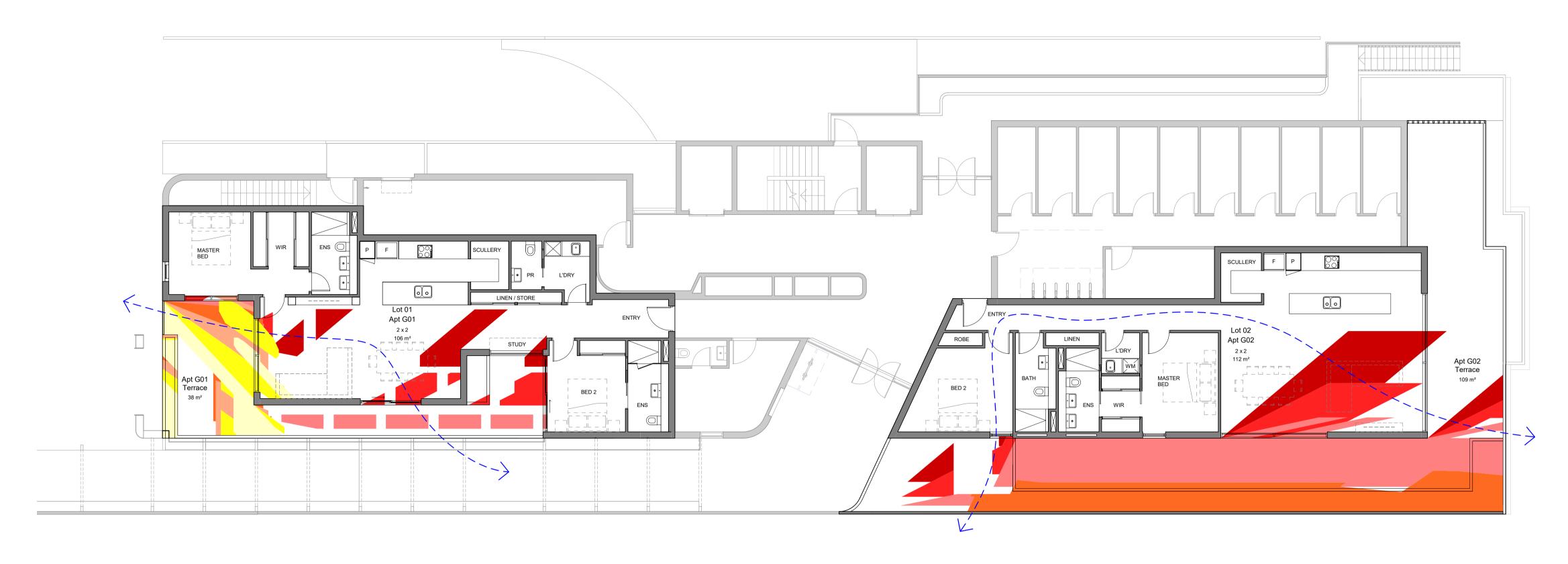
Project 12 Philip Rd, Dalkeith Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title Sections

designed M&S

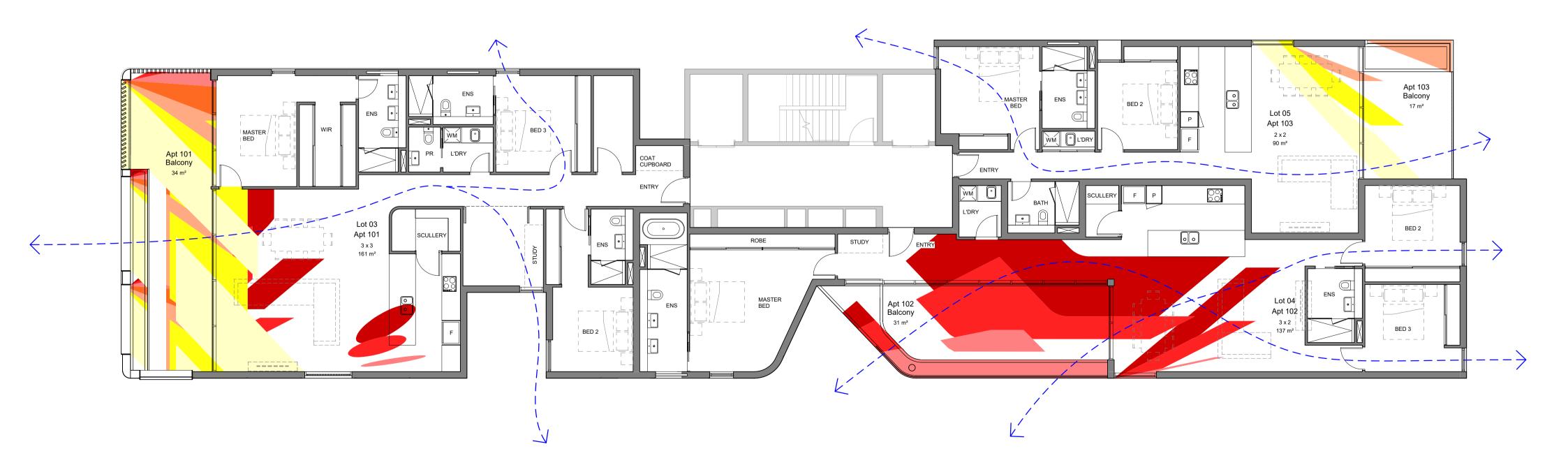
20008

drawing no rev 1:100 <sub>@A1</sub> A4.00 B

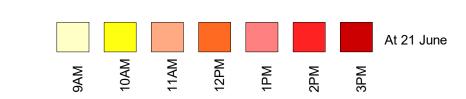


Ground Floor - Daylight Analysis

1: 100



2 Level 01 - Daylight Analysis
1:100



APT TYPE	DIRECT SUN HRS PER APARTMENT	NATURAL VENTILATION
APT <b>G01</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>G02</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>101</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>102</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>103</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>201</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>202</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>203</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>301</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>301</b>	5 HRS	$\checkmark$

TOTAL APRTMENTS: 10

100% of total apartments recieve at least 3 hours of sunlight between 9am - 3pm.

Ground: 100% 100% Level 01: 100% Level 02: 100% Level 03: 100% TOTAL:

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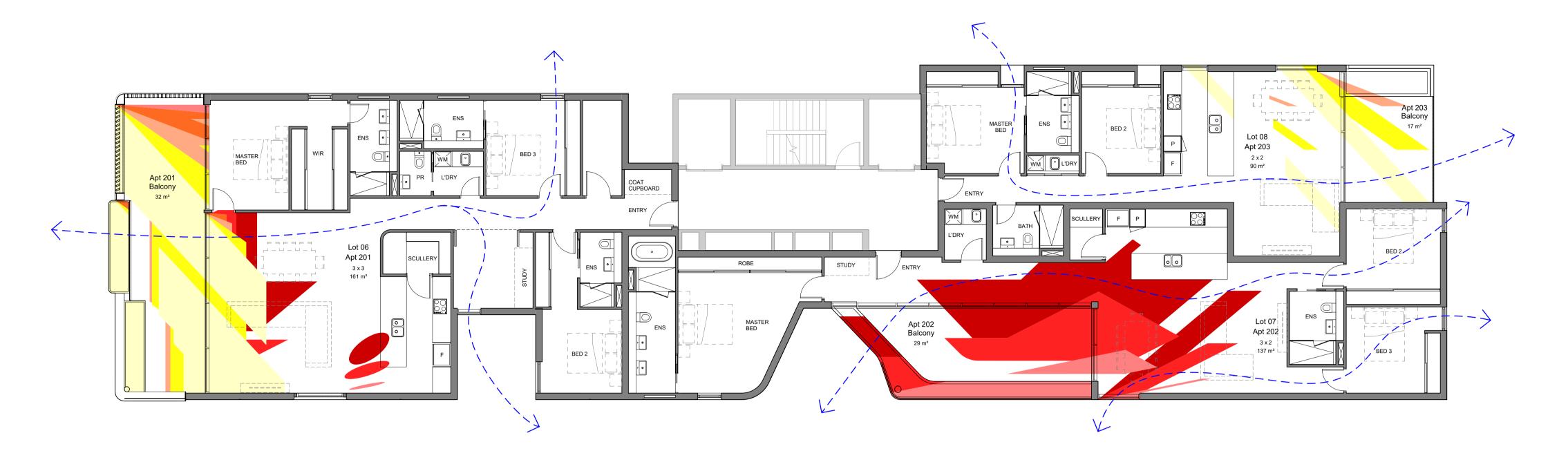
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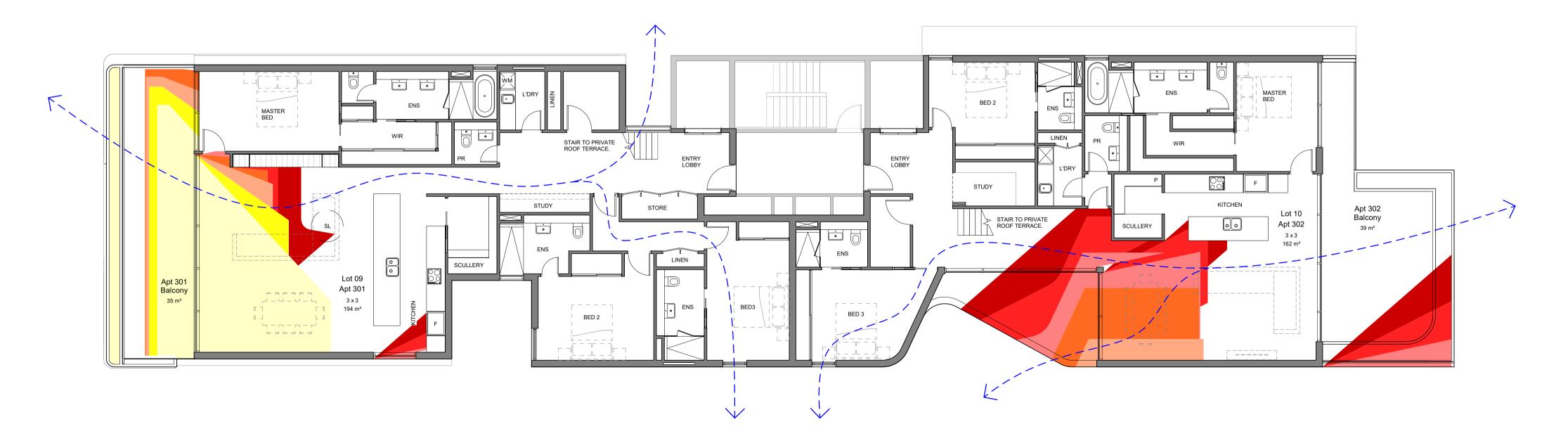
Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd Drawing Title Solar Access & Ventilation Diagrams

1:100 @<sub>A1</sub> A5.00 A



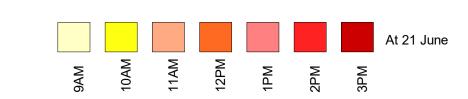
Daylight Analysis - 2 Second Floor

1: 100



Daylight Analysis - 3 Third Floor

1: 100



APT TYPE	DIRECT SUN HRS PER APARTMENT	NATURAL VENTILATION
APT <b>G01</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>G02</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>101</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>102</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>103</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
APT <b>201</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>202</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>203</b>	3 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>301</b>	7 HRS	$\checkmark$
Apt <b>301</b>	5 HRS	$\checkmark$

TOTAL APRTMENTS: 10

100% of total apartments recieve at least 3 hours of sunlight between 9am - 3pm.

Ground: 100% Level 01: 100% Level 02: 100% Level 03: TOTAL:





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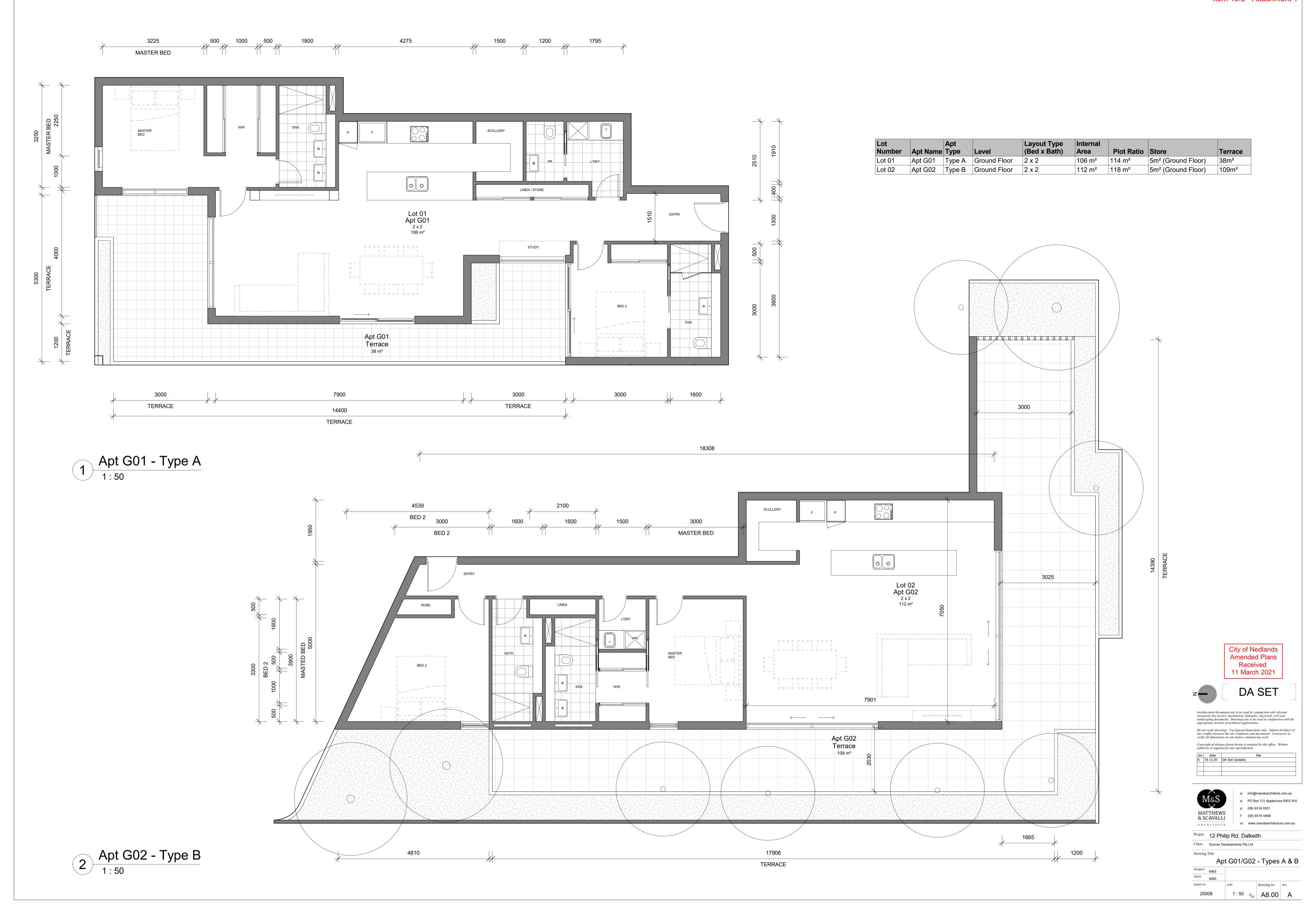
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Project 12 Philip Rd, Dalkeith

Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title Solar Access & Ventilation Diagrams

1:100 <sub>@A1</sub> A5.01 A





## 1 Apt 101 & 201 - Type C

Lot Number	Apt Name	Apt Type		Layout Type (Bed x Bath)	Internal Area	Plot Ratio	Store	Balcony
Lot 03	Apt 101	Type C	Level 1	3 x 3	161 m²		5m² (Apartment) & 5m² (Ground Floor	34m²
Lot 06	Apt 201	Type C	Level 2	3 x 3	161 m²		5m² (Apartment) & 5m² (Ground Floor	32m²



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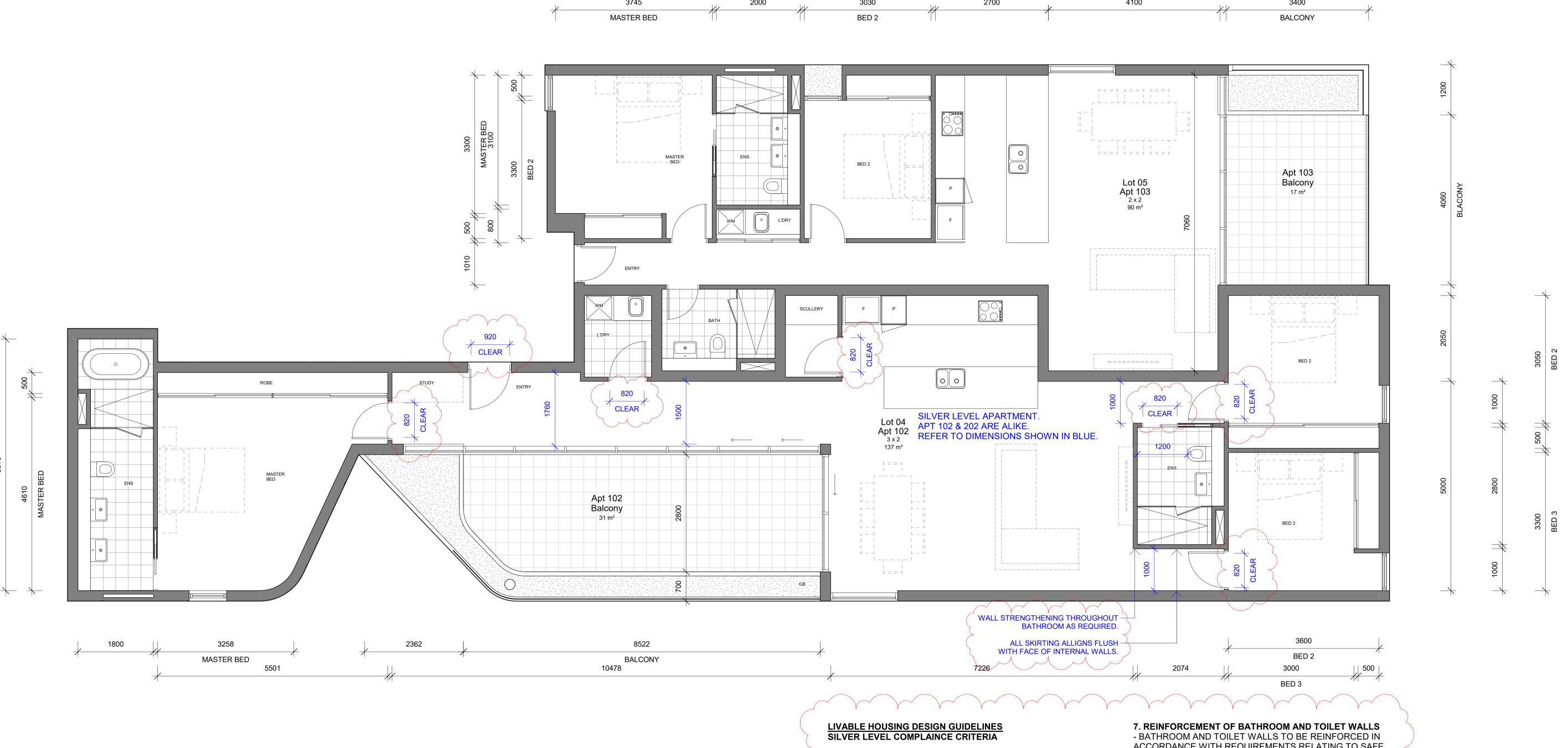
Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title

Apt 101 & 201 - Type C

scale drawing no rev

1:50 @AI A8.01 A



## Apt 102/202 & 103/203 - Types D & E

Lot				Layout Type					
Number	Apt Name	Apt Type	Level	(Bed x Bath)	Internal Area	Plot Ratio	Store	Balcony	Silver Level
Lot 04	Apt 102	Type D	Level 1	3 x 2	137 m²	153 m²	5m <sup>2</sup> (Ground Floor)	31m <sup>2</sup>	Achieved
Lot 07	Apt 202	Type D	Level 2	3 x 2	137 m²	153 m²	5m <sup>2</sup> (Ground Floor)	29m²	Achieved
Lot 05	Apt 103	Type E	Level 1	2 x 2	90 m²	98 m²	5m <sup>2</sup> (Ground Floor)	17m²	
Lot 08	Apt 203	Type E	Level 2	2 x 2	90 m²	98 m²	5m <sup>2</sup> (Ground Floor)	17m²	

1. DWELLING ACCESS - CAR PARKING AND ACCESS CORRIDORS COMPLIANT WITH RELEVANT BCA STANDARDS

2. DWELLING ENTRANCE

- MIN 820MM CLEAR OPENING - LEVEL THRESHOLD TRANSITION

- LEVEL LANDING AREA OF 1200MM X 1200MM AT ENTRY

3. CAR PARKING (WHERE PART OF DWELLING ACCESS)

4. INTERNAL DOORS AND CORRIDORS

- ALL DOORWAYS TO ROOMS ON ENTRY LEVEL PROVIDE; - CLEAR OPENING OF 820MM - LEVEL TRANSITION

- INTERNAL CORRIDORS PROVIDE MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF

5. TOILET

- PROVIDE A TOILET ON ENTRY LEVEL THAT PROVIDES;

- 900MM CLEAR BETWEEN WALLS - 1200MM CLEAR FORWARD OF PAN

- TOILET PAN LOCATED IN CORNER OF ROOM TO ENABLE GRABRAIL INSTALLATION

6. SHOWER - PROVIDE SLIP RESISTANT HOBLESS SHOWER RECESS - SHOWER RECESS LOCATED IN CORNER OF ROOM TO **ENABLE GRABRAIL INSTALLATION** 

ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO SAFE AND ECONOMICAL INSTALLATION OF GRABRAILS

8. INTERNAL STAIRWAYS - N/A

9. KITCHEN SPACE - NO REQUIREMENTS

10. LAUNDRY SPACE

- NO REQUIREMENTS

- NO REQUIREMENTS

11. ENTRY LEVEL BEDROOM SPACE

12. SWITCHES AND POWERPOINTS - NO REQUIREMENTS

13. DOOR AND TAP HARDWARE

- NO REQUIREMENTS

14. FAMILY/LIVING ROOM SPACE - NO REQUIREMENTS

15. WINDOW SILLS - NO REQUIREMENTS

16. FLOORING - NO REQUIREMENTS



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 B
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- Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd Drawing Title Apt 102/202 & 103/203 -Types D & E
- designed M&S

20008

1:50 <sub>@A1</sub> A8.02 B



Lot Number	Apt Name	Apt Type		Layout Type (Bed x Bath)	Internal Area	Plot Ratio	Store	Balcony
Lot 09	Apt 301	Type F	Level 3	3 x 3	194 m²		5m² (Apartment) & 5m² (Ground Floor)	35m²

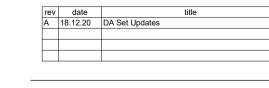


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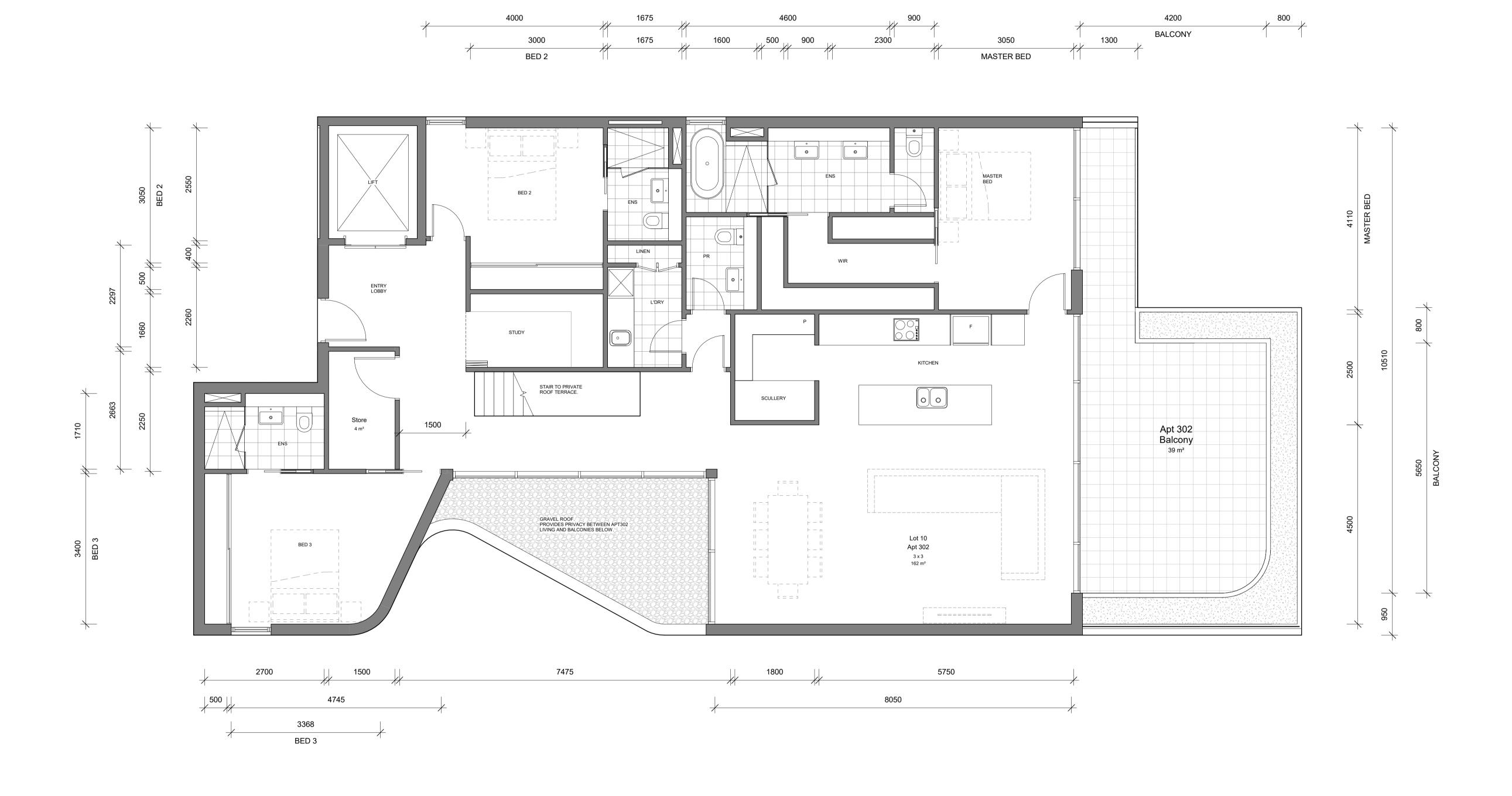


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- Project 12 Philip Rd, Dalkeith Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

Drawing Title Apt 301 - Type F

designed M&S

1:50 <sub>@A1</sub> A8.03 A



1 Apt 11 - Type G

	Apt Name	Apt Type			Internal Area	Plot Ratio	Store	Balcony
Lot 10	Apt 302	Type G	Level 3	3 x 3	162 m²		4m² (Apartment) & 5m² (Ground Floor)	39m²

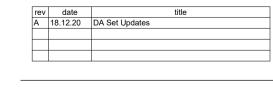


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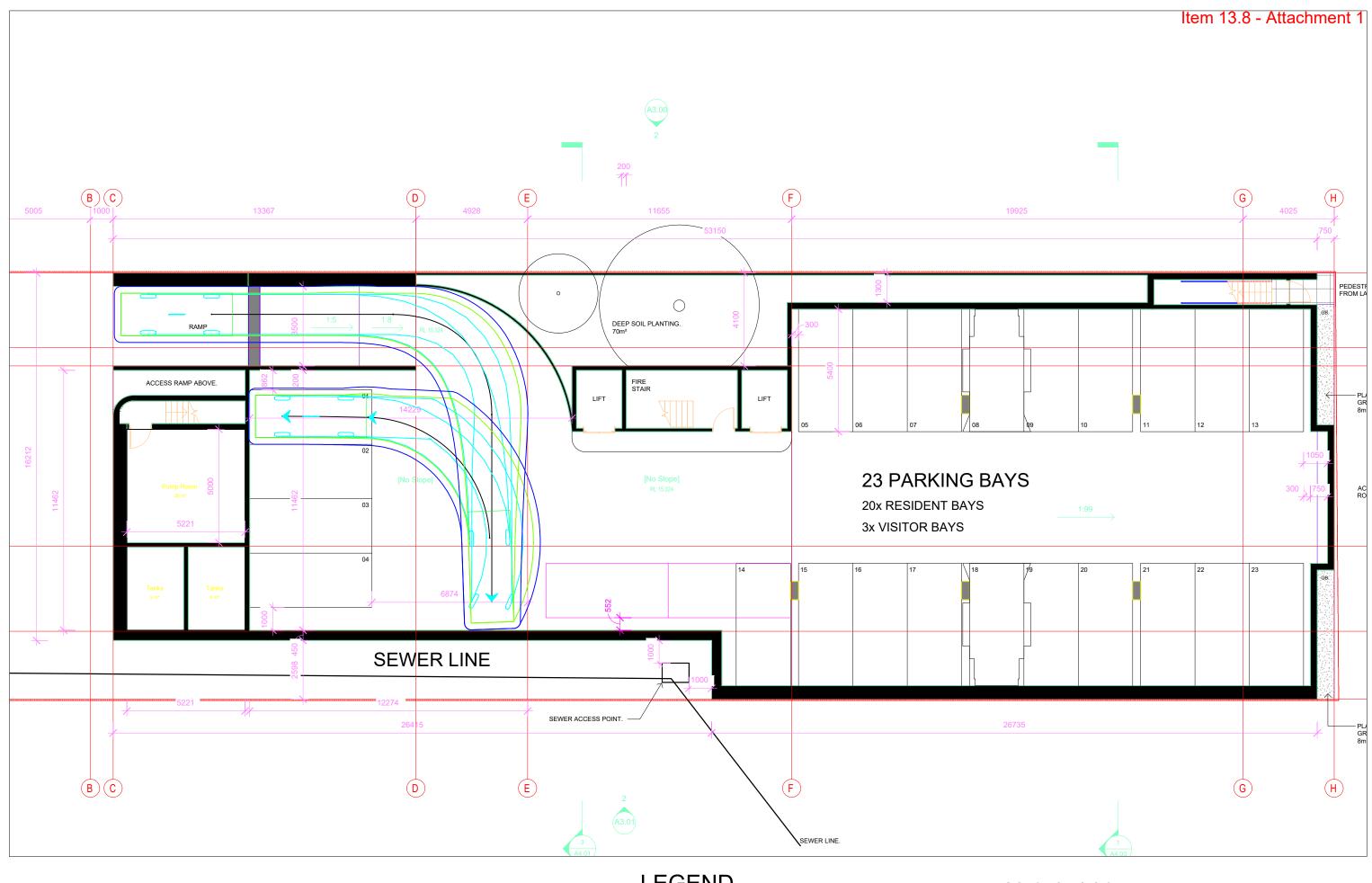
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Client Gunner Developments Pty Ltd Drawing Title

Apt 302 - Type G designed M&S

20008

1:50 <sub>@A1</sub> A8.04 A



12 Philip Road, Dalkeith B85 Passenger Vehicle Passenger Vehicle Entry to Bay 1

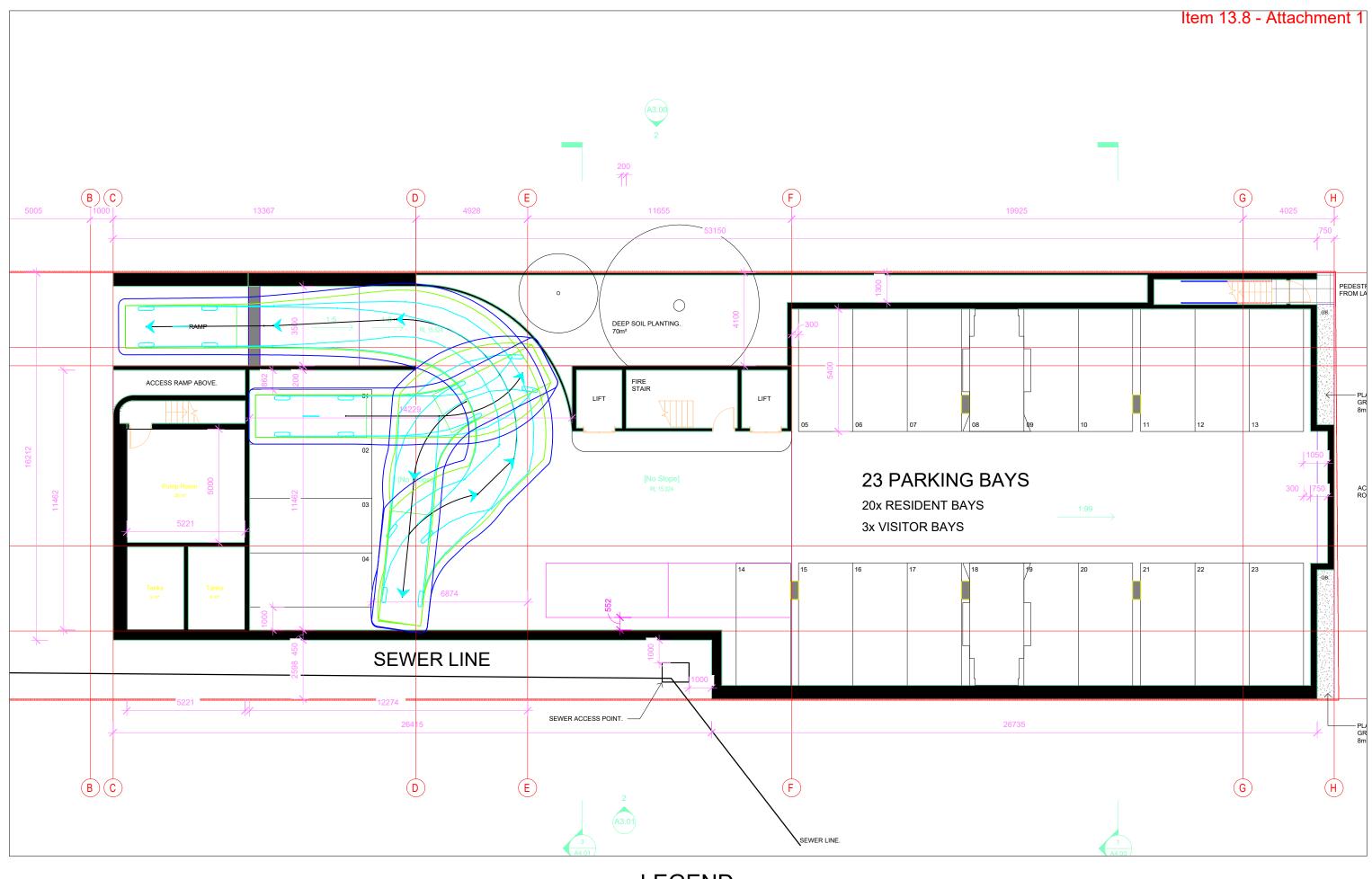
City of Nedlands Received 26 February 2021 LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 300mm Clearance



t20.170.sk01 22/02/2021

Scale: 1:150 @ A3





12 Philip Road, DalkeithB85 Passenger VehiclePassenger Vehicle Exit from Bay 1

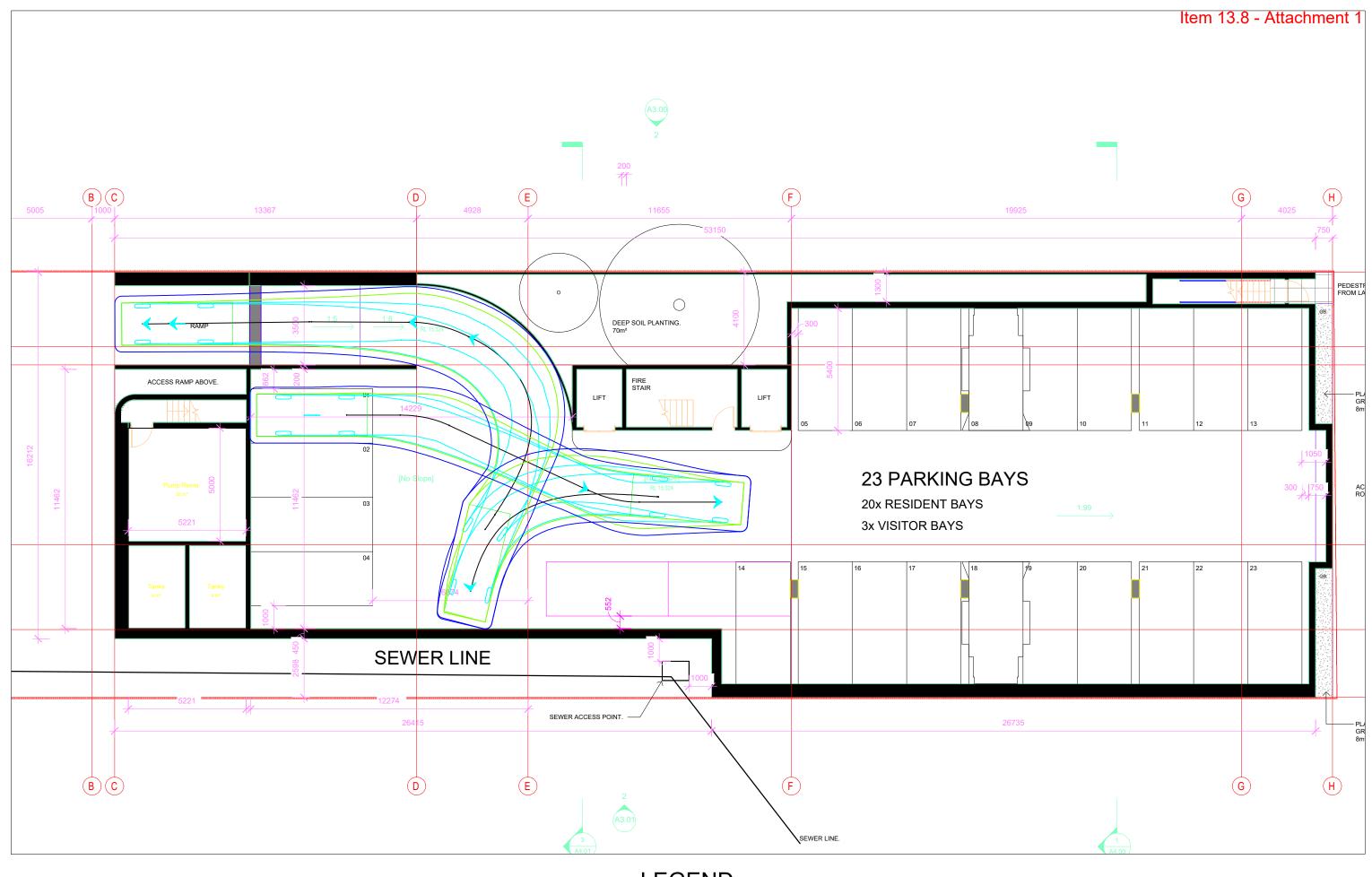
City of Nedlands Received 26 February 2021 LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 300mm Clearance



t20.170.sk02 22/02/2021

Scale: 1:150 @ A3





12 Philip Road, DalkeithB85 Passenger VehiclePassenger Vehicle Exit from Bay 1

City of Nedlands Received 26 February 2021 LEGEND Vehicle Body Wheel Path 300mm Clearance

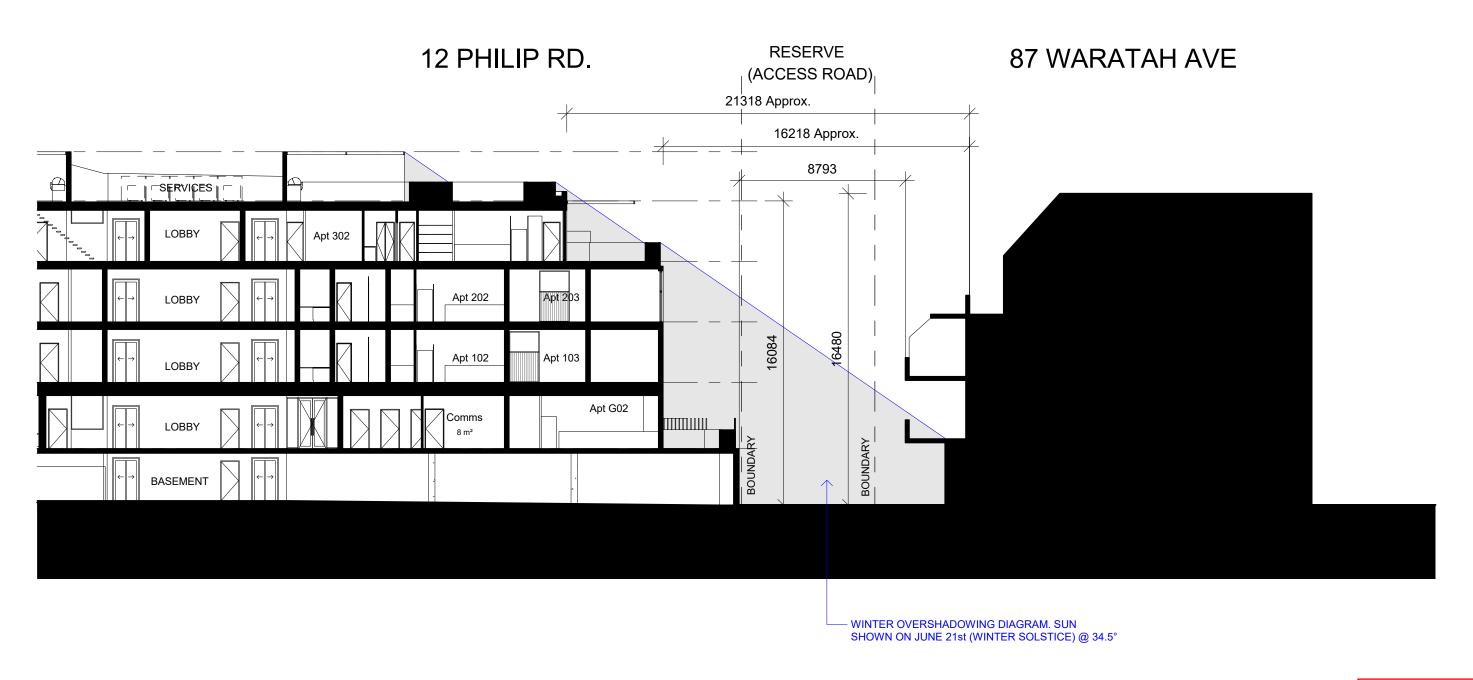


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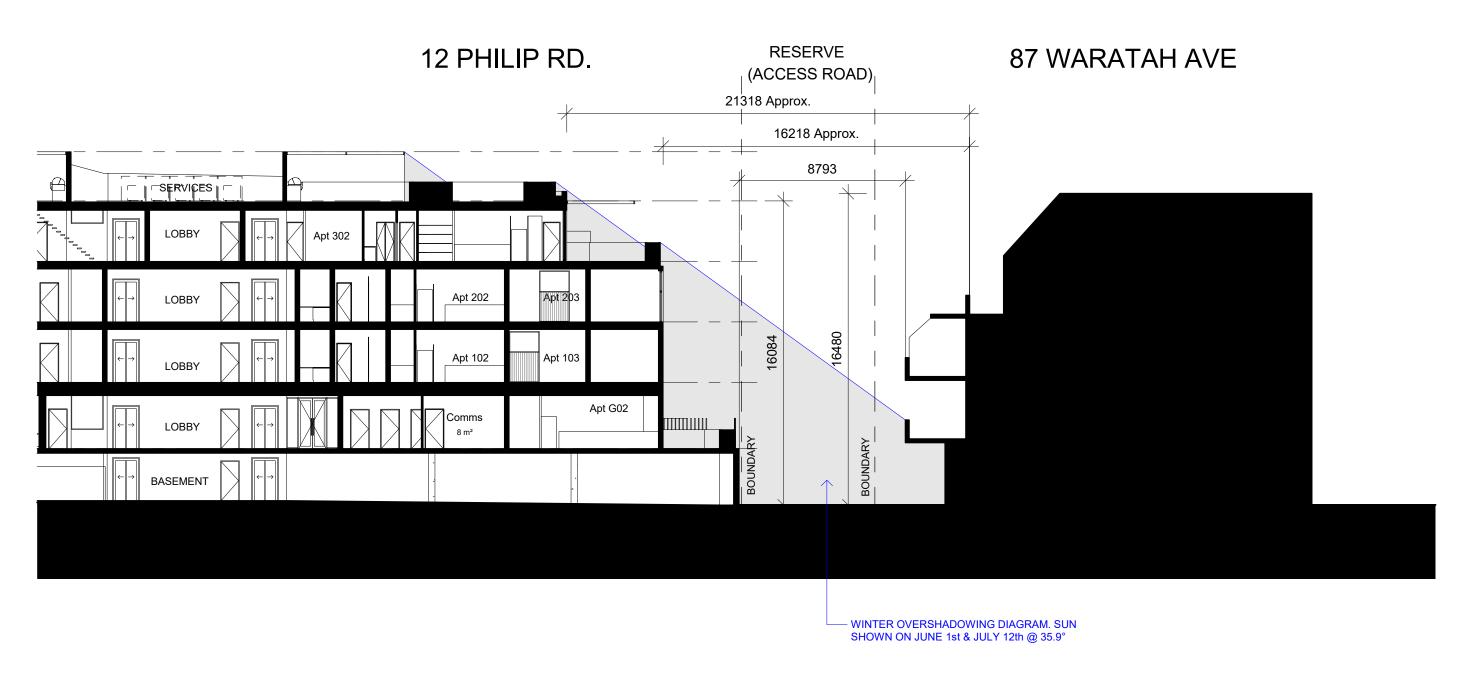
22/02/2021

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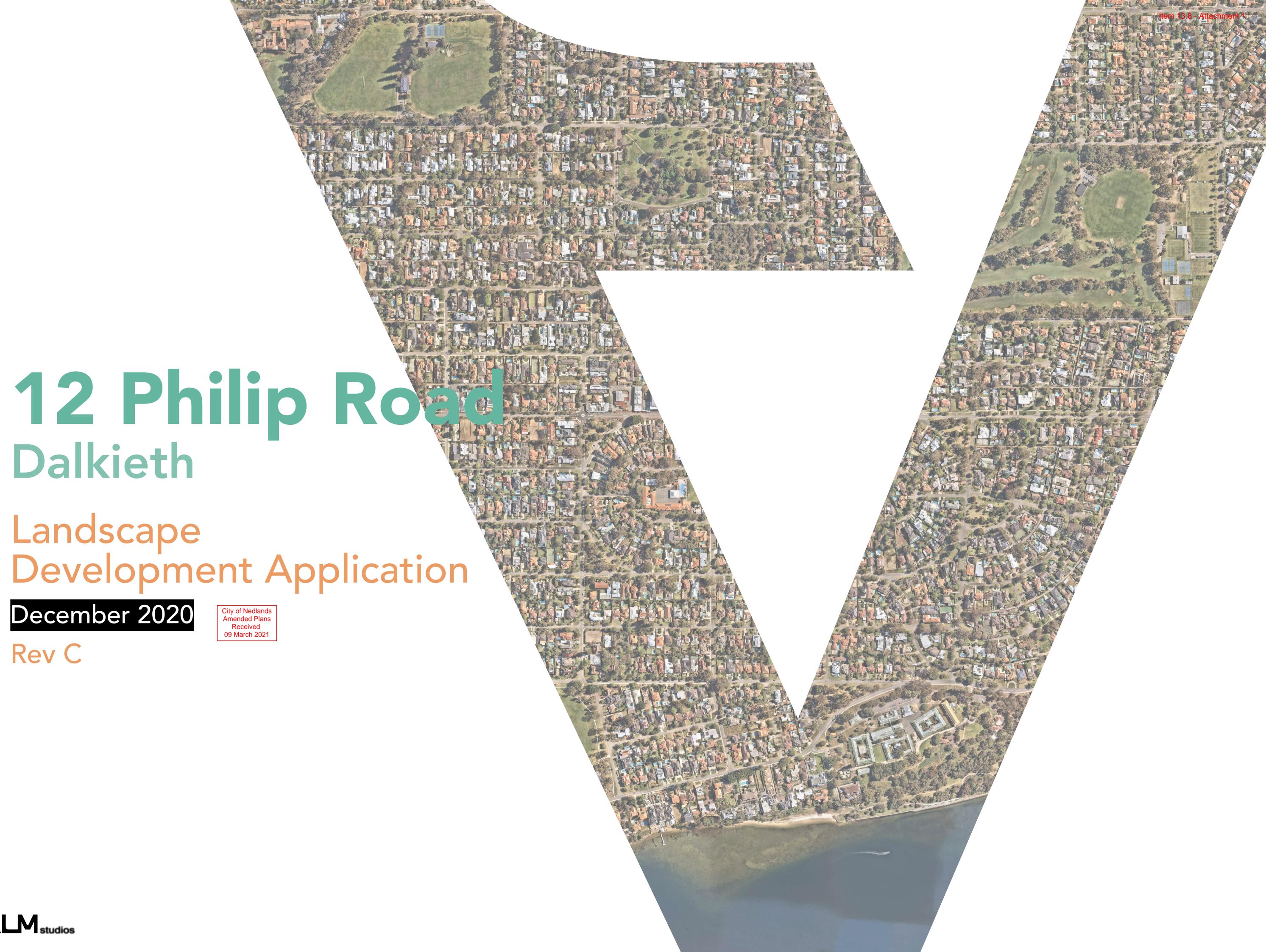




City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 26 February 2021



City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 26 February 2021

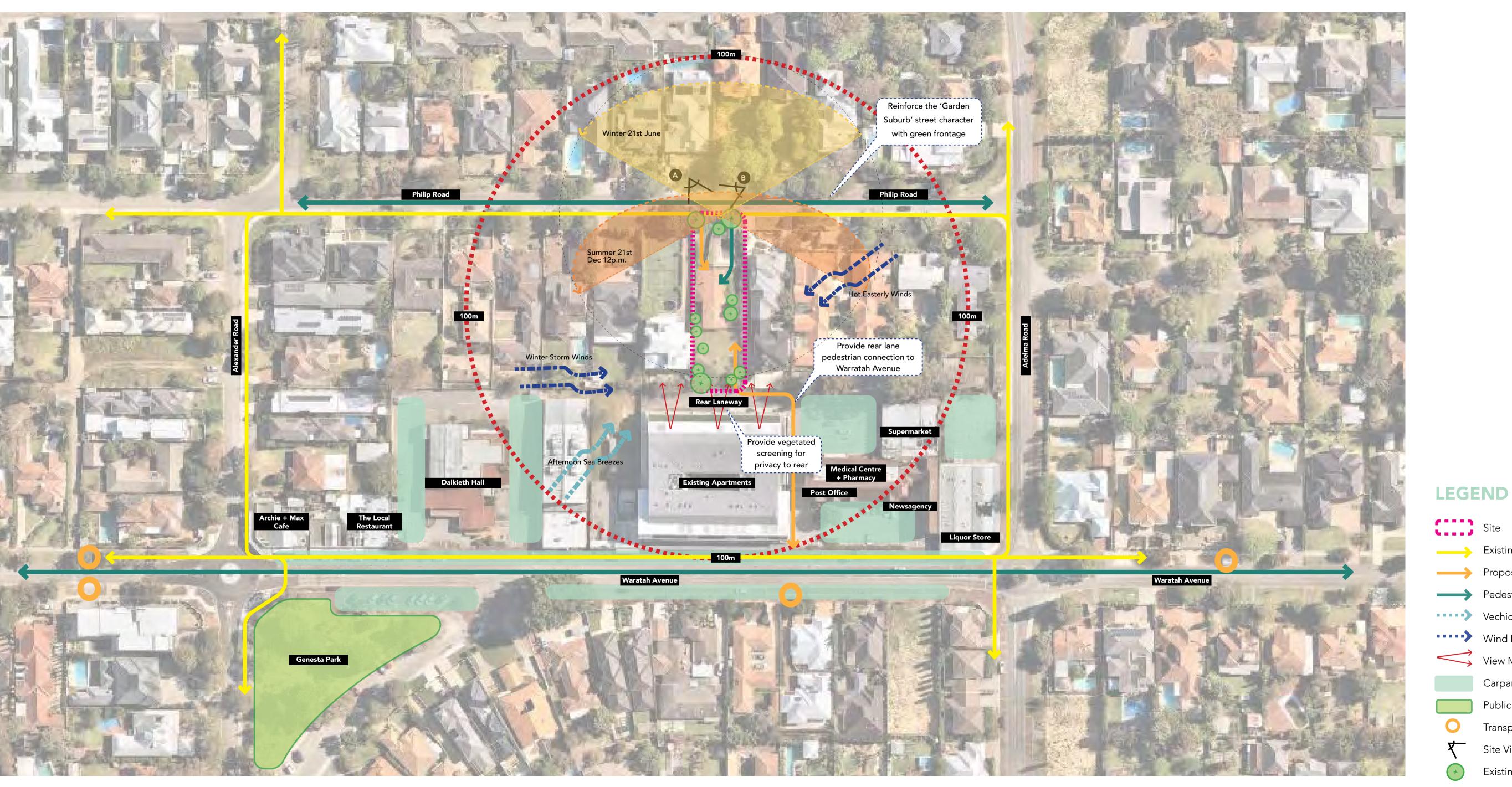




Rev C

## 1.1 Site Context

## Analysis



Site

Existing Pedestrian Link

Proposed Rear Lane

Pedestrian Link Vechicular Movement

Wind Direction

View Mitigation

Carparking

Public Open Space Transperth Bus Stop

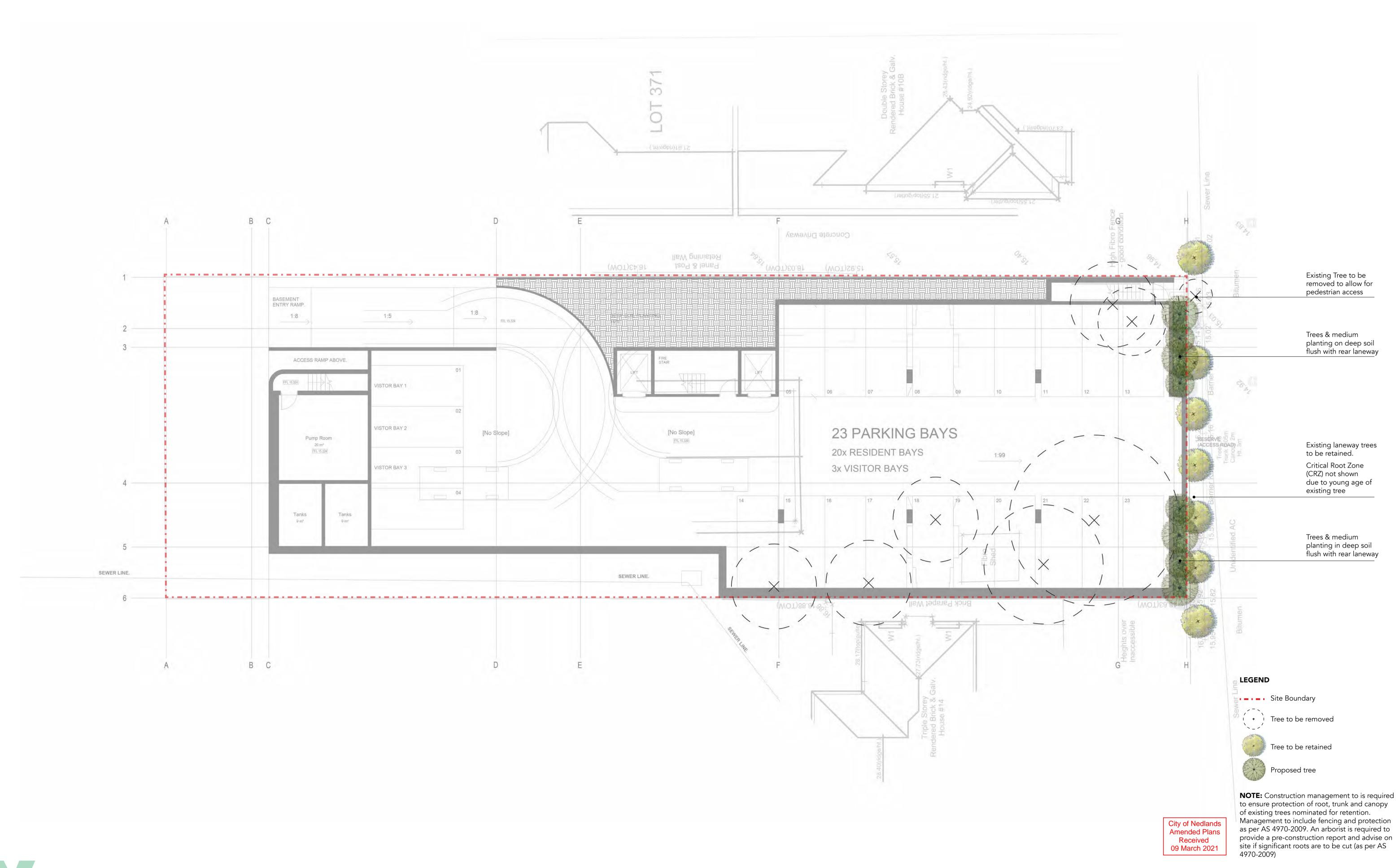
Site Views

Existing Trees

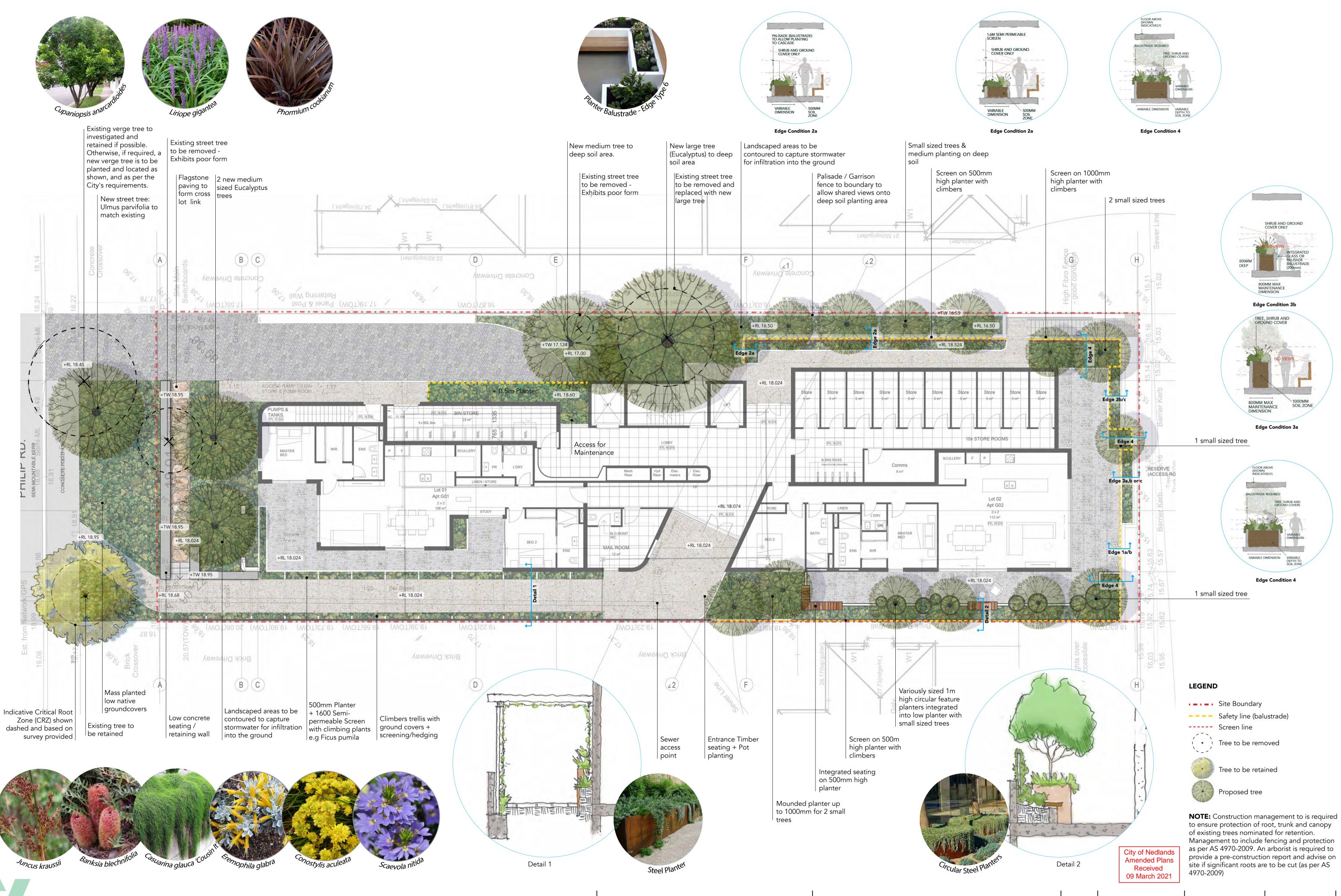


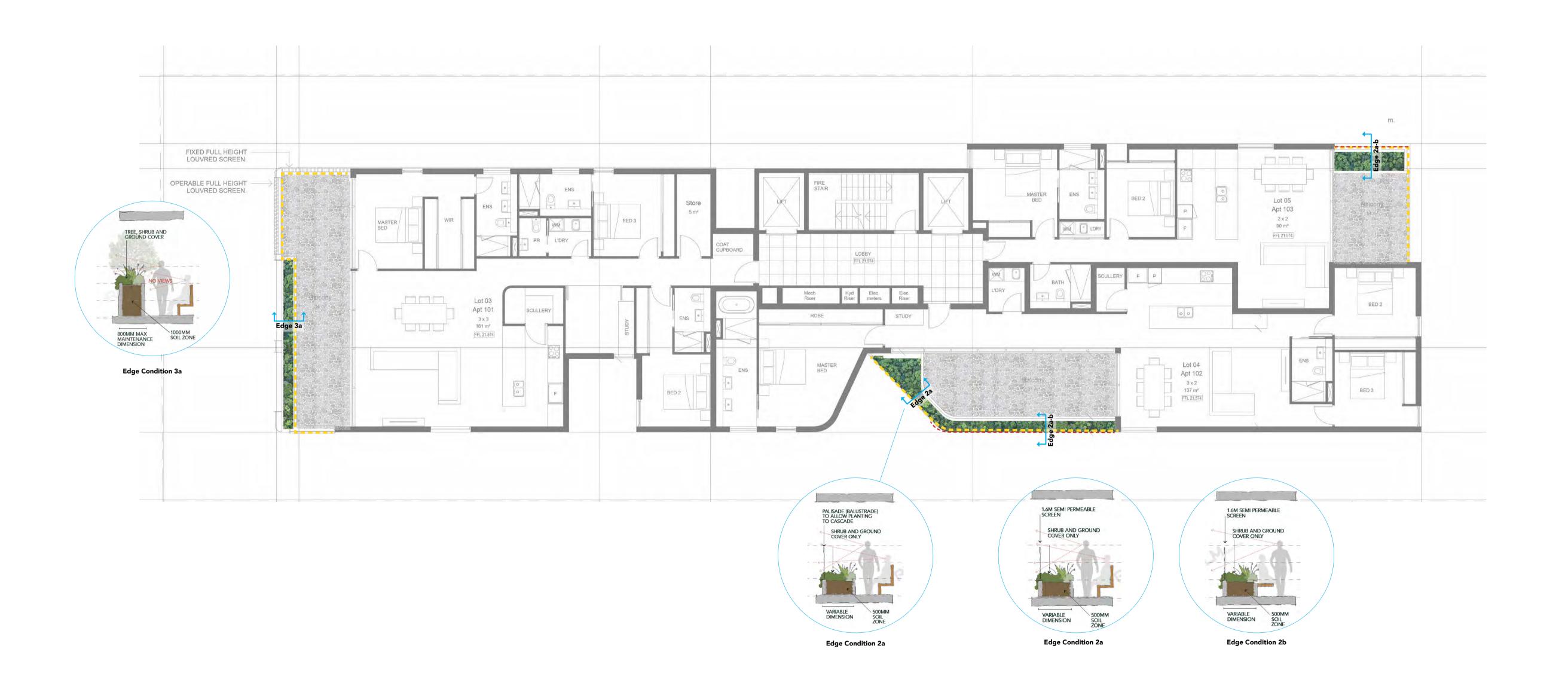
L01C











LEGEND

Site Boundary

---- Safety line (balustrade)





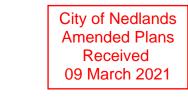
City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 09 March 2021



12 Philip Road, Dalkieth

LEGEND

Site Boundary ---- Safety line (balustrade)







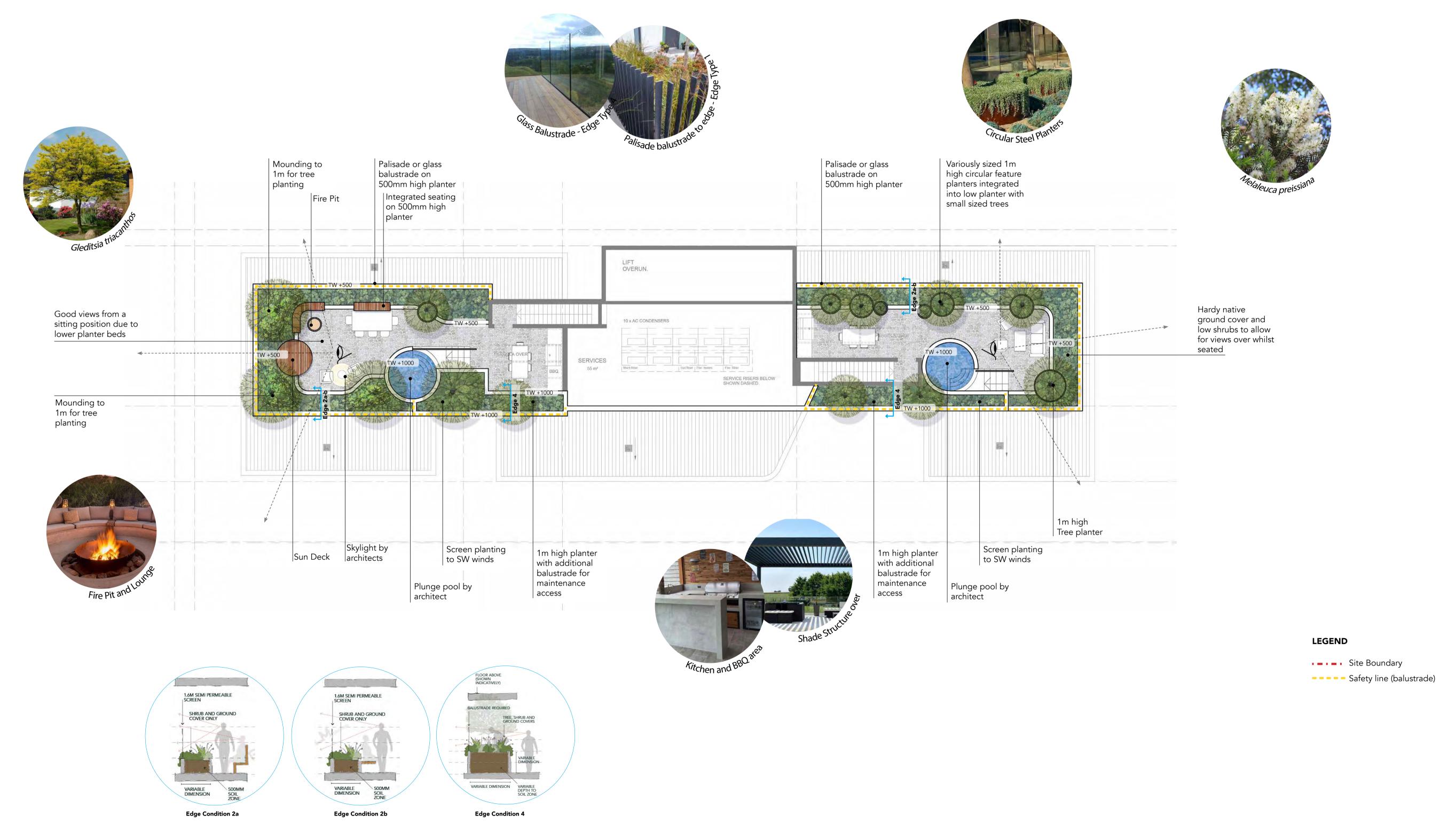
12 Philip Road, Dalkieth

LEGEND

Site Boundary ---- Safety line (balustrade)











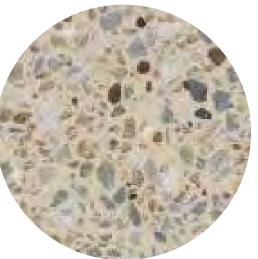
REALM

## **Material Schedule**

#### **Pavement**



Permeable Paving Driveway



Exposed Insitu Concrete Pedestrian Zone



Flagstone to all Balconies on Structure



Gravel & flagstone paving to form crooss lot link

#### Structures



Climbers trellis to structures



Shade structure on Rooftop



Kirchen and BBQ area



Ethanol Fire pit on Rooftop

#### Walls



Concrete wall to entrance

#### Pot Planters

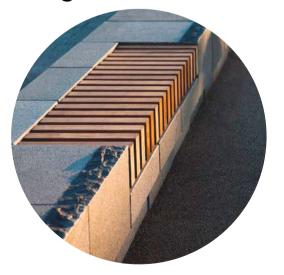


Planters on structure

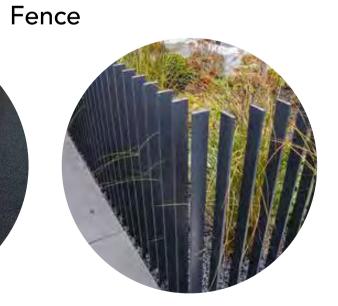


Integrated Circular Steel Rectangular Steel Planters to entrance

#### Seating



Composite Timber On Concrete wall

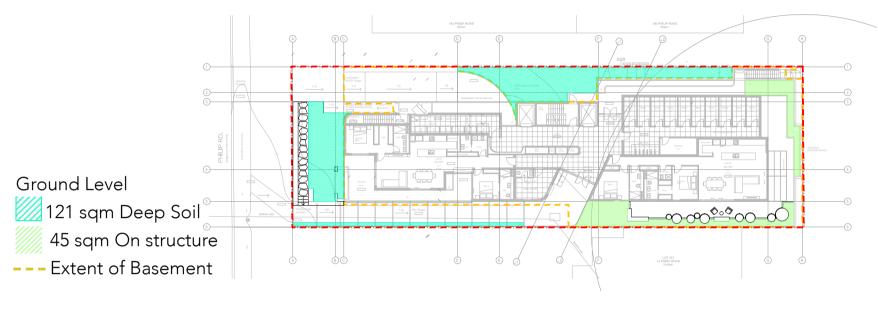


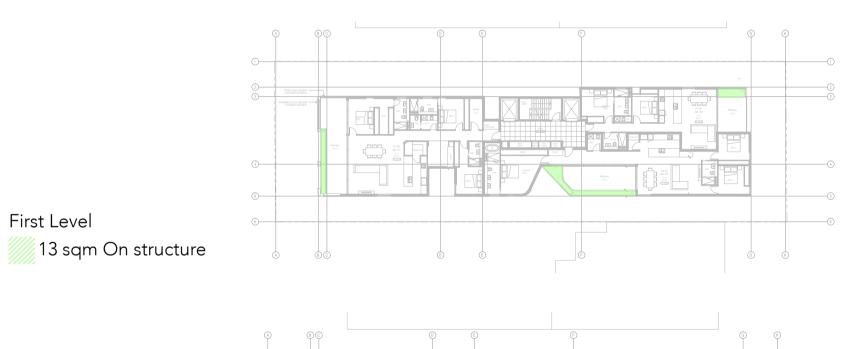
Palisade Balustrade

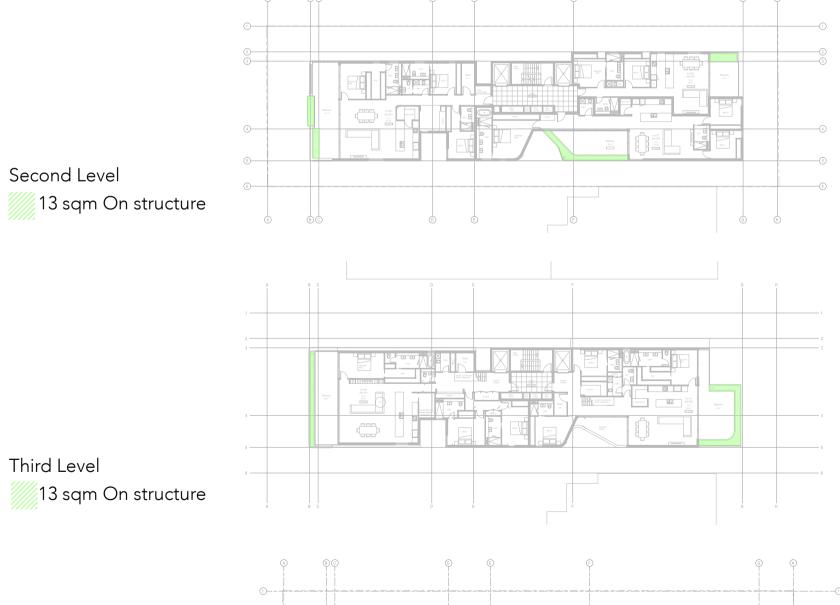
## Deep Soil

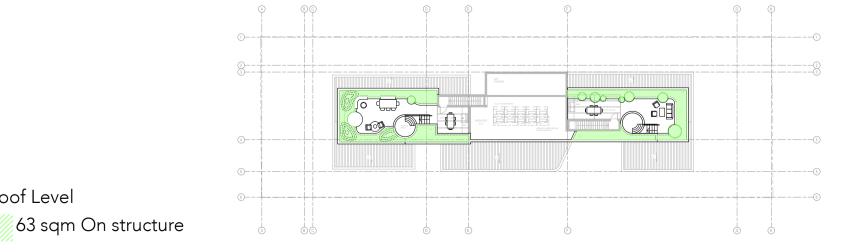
#### **Assessment**

# Basement 8.3 sqm Deep Soil









## Deep Soil

#### Calculation

DESIGN WA DEEP SOIL AREA (DSA) MINIMUN REG	QUIREMENTS
SITE AREA	1135.6 sqm
REQUIRED DEEP SOIL PLANTING (10% site area)	113.5 sqm

GROUND FLOOR DSA	
DEEP SOIL AREA	129 sqm

PLANTING ON STRUCTURE	
PLANTING ON STRUCTURE	147 sqm
TOTAL DSA + PLANTING ON STRUCTURE	276 sqm

DESIGN WA MINIMUN	I TREE REQUIREMENT
NUMBERS FOR 1135.6 sqm	1 LARGE & 1 MEDIUM TREES OR 1 LARGE TREES & SMALL TREES TO SUIT AREA

DEEP SOIL TRE	E PLANTING
LARGE	1
MEDIUM	3
SMALL	14

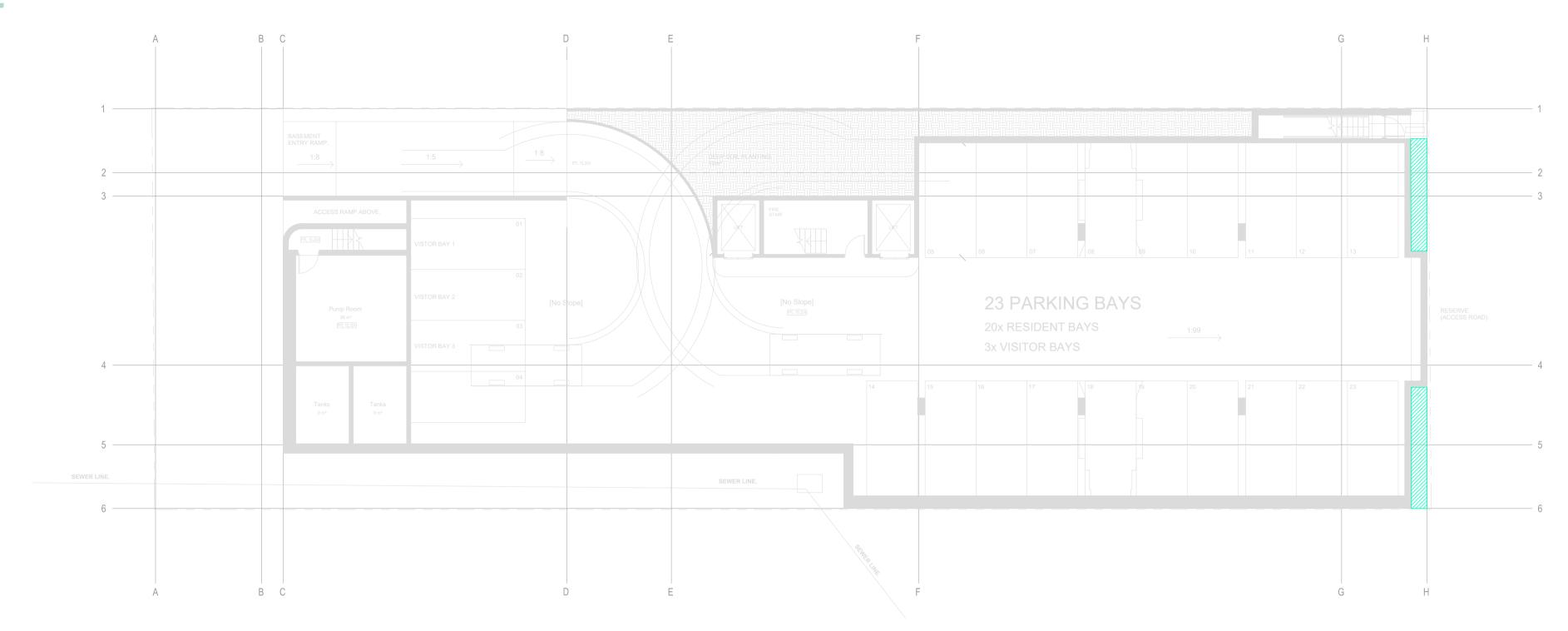
ON STRUCTURE	TREE PLANTING
SMALL	22

City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 09 March 2021

Roof Level

## Deep Soil

#### Assessment



## Deep Soil

### Calculation

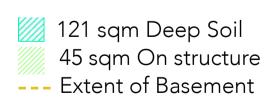
DESIGN WA DEEP SOIL AREA (DSA) MINIMUN R	EQUIREMENTS	
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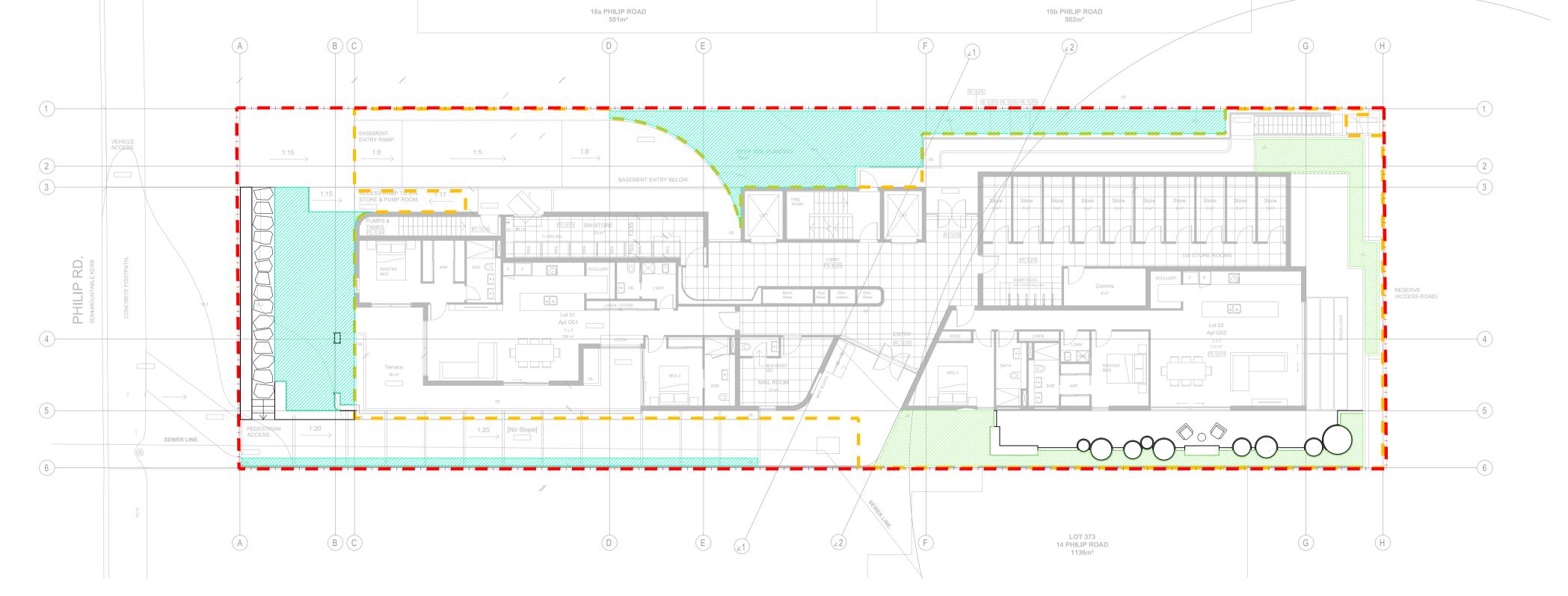
GROUND FLOOR DSA	
DEEP SOIL AREA	129 sqm

## Ground Level

Basement

8.3 sqm Deep Soil





City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 09 March 2021



Client:

Gunner Developments

## **Plant Schedule**

CAD Code	Botanic Name	Common Name	Mature Height (m)	Mature Spread (m)	Spacing (m)	Pot Size
	Native Trees					
AGO fle	Agonis flexuosa	WA Peppermint	7	5	4.0	90Lt
BAN att	Banksia attenuata	Candle Banksia/Blara	7	3	2.4	100Lt
BAN lit	Banksia littorailis	Swamp Banksia	10	8	6.4	100Lt
BAN pri	Banksia prionotes	Saw-toothed Banksia	5	3	2.4	100Lt
CAL cap	Callistemon viminalis 'Captain Cook'	Weeping Bottlebrush	2.5	2	1.6	100Lt
CUP ana	Cupaniopsis anarcardioides	Tuckeroo	8	7	5.6	100Lt
EUC gom	Eucalyptus gomphocephala	Tuart	30	20	16.0	500Lt
EUC sid	Eucalyptus sideroxylon	Red Iron Bark	18	10	8.0	200Lt
EUC tod	Eucalyptus todtiana	Coastal Blackbutt/Dwutta	6	5	4.0	100Lt
EUC vic	Eucalyptus victrix	Little Ghost Gum / Western Coolibah	7	5	4.0	100Lt
MAC rie	Macrozamia riedlei	Zamia Palm, Baian	3	3	2.4	100Lt
MEL pre	Melaleuca preissiana	Modong, Moonah	10	5	4.0	100Lt
MEL qui	Melaleuca quinquinervia	Broaf Leaf Paperbark	10	8	6.4	90Lt
CYA coo	Cyathea cooperii	Lacy Tree Fern	3	2	1.6	5Lt
0.17 000	Exotic Trees	2409 1100 1 0111		_	1.10	02.
DEL reg	Delonix regia	Poinciana	12	8	6.4	100Lt
GLE tsm	Gleditsia triacanthos 'Shademaster'		8	8	6.4	100Lt
		Honey Locust 'Shademaster'	1	<del>                                     </del>		
LAG ffc	Lagerstroemia fauriei 'Fantasy Crepe Mrytle'	Fantasy Crepe Myrtle	9	8	6.4	100Lt
SAP seb	Sapium sebiferum	Chinese Tallow	10	8	6.4	100Lt
	Australian Native Shrubs					
ACA sal	Acacia saligna	Coojong	7	5	4.0	130mm
ANI hum	Anigozanthos humilis	Cats Paw	0.5	0.5	0.4	130mm
BAN ble	Banksia blechnifolia	Groundcover Banksia	0.3	1.5	1.2	150mm
BAN niv	Banksia nivea	Couch Honeypot, Bulgalla	0.75	1	0.8	150mm
BEA ele	Beaufortia elegans	Elegant Beaufortia	0.8	1	0.8	170mm
CAL qlr	Calothamnus quadrifidus 'Little Ripper'	One Sided Bottlebrush	0.6	1	0.8	5Lt
ERE gkc	Eremophila glabra 'Kalbarri Carpet'	Tar Bush	0.2	2	1.6	150mm
GRE cri	Grevillea crithmifolia (prostate form)	Green carpet	0.5	3	2.4	150mm
MEL nes	Melaleuca nesophila 'Little Nessie'	Little Nessie	2	1.5	1.2	
OLE axi	Olearia axillaris	Little Smokie PBR	1	1	0.8	130mm
ORT lax	Orthrosanthus laxus	Morning Iris	0.4	0.5	0.4	130mm
PAT occ	Patersonia occidentalis	Native Iris/Komma	0.3	0.4	0.3	150mm
SCA nit	Scaevola nitida		1	2	1.6	13011111
		Shining Fanflower	0.0		<u> </u>	150
WES fab	Westringia fruticosa 'Aussie Box'	Westringia 'Aussie Box'	0.8	0.95	0.7	150mm
	Ferns					
ASP aus	Asplenium australasicum	Birds Nest Fern	0.8	1	0.8	170mm
BLE gib	Blechnum gibbum 'Silver Lady'	Silver Lady Fern	0.8	0.8	0.6	170mm
BLE GID						
CYA coo	Cyathea cooperi	Lacey Tree Fern	4	3	2.4	100Lt
	Cyathea cooperi Exotic Shrubs	Lacey Tree Fern	4	3	2.4	100Lt
		Lacey Tree Fern Fire Lily	0.6	0.6	0.4	100Lt 130mm
CYA coo	Exotic Shrubs					
CYA coo	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata	Fire Lily	0.6		0.4	130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'	Fire Lily  Cordyline Negra	0.6 2.5	0.6	0.4	130mm 5Lt
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily	0.6 2.5 0.5	0.6 1 0.5	0.4 0.8 0.4	130mm 5Lt 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8	0.6 1 0.5 0.8	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6	130mm 5Lt 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf Lillypilly 'Cascade'	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.2	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.2 0.7 0.3	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo	Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'  Grevillea thelemanniana  Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria	0.6 2.5 0.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun	Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 170mm 170mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf	Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 170mm 170mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff'	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 170mm 130mm 130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9 0.8 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum	Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps	Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3 1.5	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis aculeata  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella revoluta 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'  Grevillea thelemanniana  Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out'  Hemiandra pungens  Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa  Juncus kraussii  Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff'  Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet'  Poa labillardierei  Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare'  Climber  Ficus pumila  Native Climber  Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray'  Hibbertia scandens	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 170mm 130mm 130mm 150mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca	Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3 1.5	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 5Lt 130mm 130mm 130mm 25Lt  130mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis aculeata  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella revoluta 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'  Grevillea thelemanniana  Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out'  Hemiandra pungens  Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa  Juncus kraussii  Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff'  Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet'  Poa labillardierei  Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare'  Climber  Ficus pumila  Native Climber  Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray'  Hibbertia scandens	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca  PAN jId	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'  Grevillea thelemanniana  Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out'  Hemiandra pungens  Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa  Juncus kraussii  Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff'  Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet'  Poa labillardierei  Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare'  Climber  Ficus pumila  Native Climber  Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray'  Hibbertia scandens  Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca  PAN jld	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra'  Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon'  Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant'  Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'  Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem'  Native Australian Ground Cover  Carex appressa  Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'  Conostylis aculeata  Conostylis candicans  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta  Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev'  Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata'  Ficinia nodosa  Gahnia trifida  Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet'  Grevillea thelemanniana  Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out'  Hemiandra pungens  Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa  Juncus kraussii  Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff'  Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet'  Poa labillardierei  Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare'  Climber  Ficus pumila  Native Climber  Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray'  Hibbertia scandens  Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di'  Succulents	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine White Bower Vine	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3 0.3 1.5 4 3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 3 1.5 5	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 1.2 4.0	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 170mm 130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rlr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray' Hibbertia scandens Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di' Succulents Aloe 'Ivory Dawn'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine White Bower Vine	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 4 3 1.5 4 3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 3 1.5 5	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca  PAN jId  ALO idn  CRA ccf  ECH per	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tervoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tervoluta 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray' Hibbertia scandens Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di' Succulents Aloe 'Ivory Dawn' Crassula capitella 'Campfire'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine White Bower Vine  Aloe Ivory Dawn Campfire Crassula	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3 1.5 4 3	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 3 1.5 5 5	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 0.9 1.6 0.9 1.6 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 130mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca  PAN jId  ALO idn  CRA ccf  ECH per  KAL tom	Exotic Shrubs  Clivea miniata  Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tervoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tervoluta 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray' Hibbertia scandens Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di' Succulents Aloe 'Ivory Dawn' Crassula capitella 'Campfire' Echeveria 'Perle von Naurnberg'	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine White Bower Vine  Aloe Ivory Dawn Campfire Crassula Echeveria 'Perle von Nurnberg'	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3 1.5 4 3 0.8 0.8 0.9	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 150mm 130mm 150mm
CYA coo  CLI min  COR fna  HEM Irw  LIR gig  PHO cbm  SYZ lue  CAR app  CAS gci  CON acu  CON can  DIA rev  DIA rIr  DIA tva  FIC nod  GAH tri  GRE cgc  GRE the  HAR vwo  HEM pun  ISO nod  JUN kra  LOM Itf  MYO ins  POA lab  SCA apf  FIC pum  HAR vps  HIB sca  PAN jld  ALO idn  CRA ccf	Exotic Shrubs Clivea miniata Cordyline fruticosa 'Negra' Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic' Syzigium luehmannii 'Weeping Gem' Native Australian Ground Cover Carex appressa Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It' Conostylis aculeata Conostylis candicans Dianella revoluta Dianella revoluta 'Little Rev' Dianella tasmanica 'Variegata' Ficinia nodosa Gahnia trifida Grevillea crithmifolia prostrate 'Green Carpet' Grevillea thelemanniana Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Hemiandra pungens Isolepis nodosa see Ficinina nodosa Juncus kraussii Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Myoporum insulare 'Coastal Carpet' Poa labillardierei Scaevola aemula 'Purple Fanfare' Climber Ficus pumila Native Climber Hardenbergia violacea 'Purple Spray' Hibbertia scandens Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di' Succulents Aloe 'Ivory Dawn' Crassula capitella 'Campfire' Echeveria 'Perle von Naurnberg' Kalanchoe tomentosa	Fire Lily Cordyline Negra Li'l Red Wagon Daylily Evergreen Giant Lilyturf  Lillypilly 'Cascade'  Tall Sedge Cousin It'/Prostrate Casuarina Prickly Conostylis Grey Cottonheads Blueberry Flax Lily Little Rev Variegated Flax Lily Knobbly Club Rush Coast Saw-sedge Green Carpet Spider Net Grevillea Native Wisteria Snakebush Nodding Club-rush Shore Rush Lomandra 'Lime Tuff' Coastal Carpet Common Tussock Grass Purple Fanfare  Creeping Fig  Native Wisteria Snake Vine White Bower Vine  Aloe Ivory Dawn Campfire Crassula Echeveria 'Perle von Nurnberg' Pussy Ears	0.6 2.5 0.8 0.45 4 1.25 0.15 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.4 0.5 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.3 1 0.5 0.2 1 0.3 1.5 4 3 0.8 0.8 0.9	0.6 1 0.5 0.8 0.3 2 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.7 3 1.2 2 0.8 0.3 1 0.5 1 1 1 1 3 1.5 5 5 5 1 1 1 0.2 0.3	0.4 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.2 1.6 0.5 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.5 2.4 0.9 1.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm 130mm 150mm

## Selected species



Candle Banksia/Blara



Eucalyptus gomphocephala



Eucalyptus sideroxylon rosea Red Flowering Ironbark



*Lagerstroemia fauriei 'Fantasy Crepe Mrytle'* Fantasy Crepe Myrtle



Coojong



Beaufortia elegans Elegant Beaufortia



*Eremophila glabra 'Kalbarri Carpet'* Tar Bush



Hemerocallis 'Li'l Red Wagon' Li'l Red Wagon Daylily



Liriope gigantea 'Evergreen Giant' Evergreen Giant Lilytur



Phormium cookianum 'Black Magic'



Conostylis aculeata Prickly Conostylis



*Scaevola nitida* Shining Fanflower



Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia subsp. pallida 'Lime Tuff' Lomandra 'Lime Tuff'

SUCCULENTS



*Ficus pumila* Creeping Fig



Hardenbergia violacea 'White Out' Native Wisteria



Hibbertia scandens Snake Vine



Pandorea jasminoides 'Lady Di' White Bower Vine



Crassula capitella 'Campfire' Campfire Crassula

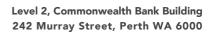


Kalanchoe tomentosa Pussy Ears



Senecio radicans Fish Hook Succulent

City of Nedlands Amended Plans Received 09 March 2021





# Waste Management Plan

#### Introduction

This Waste Management Plan ('WMP') has been prepared for the proposed residential apartment development at Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith ('site').

The WMP has been prepared in accordance with the City's Waste Management Local Planning Policy and Guidelines. The WMP sets out anticipated waste generation levels, bin storage requirements and waste collection approach for the development.

Subject to any relevant conditions of Development Approval, waste collection and disposal is to be undertaken in accordance with this WMP.

## **Proposed Development**

Land Use:	Residential
Number of Apartments:	10
- 2-Bed Apartments:	4
- 3-Bed Apartments	6
	Number of Apartments: - 2-Bed Apartments:

#### **Waste Generation Rates**

The Waste Management Guidelines specify the following minimum waste capacity rates for residential apartments.

Dwellings	General Waste	Recyclable Waste
Two Bedrooms (4) 120 Litres / Week		240 Litres / Week
Three Bedrooms (6)	120 Litres / Week	240 Litres / Week
Total Weekly Waste	1,200 Litres	2,400 Litres

#### **Bin Selection**

Type and Number of Bins

	General Waste	Recyclable Waste	
Proposed Bin Size	360 Litre	360 Litre	
Required Bins	1,200 / 360 = 3.3	2,400 / 360 = 6.6	
Proposed Bins NOTE 1	2	7	
Total Bins	9 x 360 Litre Bins		

#### NOTE 1

Refer below for details of General Waste compaction. Recyclable waste stream waste bins will not be compacted.



#### General Waste Compaction

A total of  $2 \times 360$  Litre bins will be provided for general waste. For this reason, a general waste compactor (2 to 1 compaction ratio) will be installed in the Bin Compound:

Brand: Orwak

Model: Flexi 4360 Single

Bin Size: 360 LitreNoise Level: 62.3 dba

• Dimensions: Width: 0.95m

Depth: 0.98m Height: 1.79m

#### Installation

In accordance with the recommendations in Clause 3.2.8 of the Acoustic Report dated 8 March 2021, the compactor is to be mounted on anti-vibration spring mounts with sufficient load-bearing capacity for the compaction unit weight plus the weight of a full bin.

### Operation, Maintenance and Repairs

Provisions relating to the operation of the compactor will be included in the Strata Management Statement, including:

- Compactor to be operated by dedicated personnel only (cleaner or caretaker);
- Compactor to be operated between 7am and 7pm only;
- Strata owners shall be responsible for regular maintenance of the compactor;
- Strata owners shall enter into an agreement with a suitable contractor to regularly service the compactor and carry out any urgent repairs within a maximum time period of 24 hours;
- Strata owners shall be responsible for the cost of any replacement bins as a result of damage caused by the compactor.

#### Refer Appendix 1 – Details of Compactor

https://www.orwakcompactors.com.au/balers-and-waste-compactors/orwak-flex/

### Frequency of Collection

General Waste: WeeklyRecyclable Waste: Fortnightly

#### **Bin Compound**

The Bin Compound is shown on the drawings for the Development Application and is of sufficient size to accommodate  $9 \times 360$  Litre bins and a general waste compactor, as illustrated below.

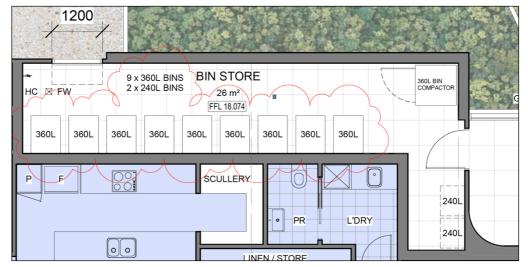
#### Food and Organic Waste

Provision has been made within the Bin Compound to accommodate  $2 \times 240$  Litre bins should the City introduce a Food and Organic Waste ('FOGO') service.



#### <u>Design</u>

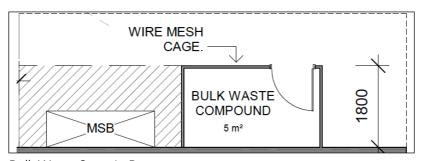
The Bin Compound is designed in accordance with Clause 9.3 of the Guidelines. A water tap and drain will be installed in the Bin Compound for bin washing.



Bin Compound

#### **Bulk Waste**

The City provides a bulk waste verge collection service twice a year. A separate compound for temporary storage of bulk waste will be provided in the Basement. Bulk waste will be moved to the verge by the residents for collection by the City.



Bulk Waste Store in Basement



Bulk Waste Verge Collection Zone



#### **Bin Collection**

#### **Location**

Philip Road Verge.

#### **Collector**

City of Nedlands (or the City's nominated contractor).

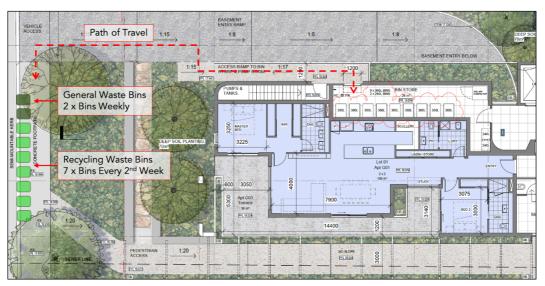
#### Presentation of Bins

Strata Management will be responsible for wheeling bins to the verge in the evening before the day of collection and returning bins to the Bin Compound after collection.

The collection point is illustrated below. Bins will be placed on the footpath adjacent to the carriageway for ease of collection by the City's side-loader waste truck. Bins will be placed 0.5 metres apart.

In the week when both general and recyclable waste is collected, up to  $9 \times 360$  Litre waste bins will be placed on the verge (7 recyclable waste and 2 general waste bins).

In the week when recyclables are not collected, a maximum of  $2 \times 360$  Litre general waste bins will be placed on the verge.



Proposed Bin Collection Point & Travel Path



# Appendix 1 – Details of Compactor

https://www.orwakcompactors.com.au/balers-and-waste-compactors/orwak-flex/

# ORWAK FLEX 4360

City of Nedlands Received 11 March 2021



# **COMPACT GENERAL WASTE IN 360 L BINS IN OUR**

### **NEW WASTE COMPACTOR FLEX 4360!**

It is a robust and reliable machine with a compact and lightweight design. The 4360 is easy, safe and convenient to use! The multiple-chamber unit offers a toploading setup, while the single-chamber version is based on the principle "Roll in! Compact! Roll out!".



# **Safety**



# **Orwak benefits**

#### **MORE PRODUCTIVE USE OF TIME**

Less time spent on waste handling, more time for your core activities!

#### **MORE SPACE & ORDER**

Our balers rapidly minimizes the space the waste takes up, keeping aisles free and tidy.

# LESS COSTS, MORE VALUE

More compaction = less waste volume to transport. Fewer transports required results in lower transportation costs and reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Sorting at source yields a higher quality of waste material for recycling.



# Why Orwak Flex?

- Versatile compaction for many different application areas
- + Hygienic and safe compaction and disposal of mixed or hazardous waste
- + Special solutions for special needs





City of Nedlands Received 11 March 2021

#### **ORWAK FLEX 4360 IS OPTIMIZED FOR:**

#### **SEMI-DRY WASTE**

+ General waste

Best suited for dry or semi-dry waste destined for landfill or incineration

# Smart in-bin compaction solution

ORWAK FLEX 4360 is an in-bin waste compactor for standard two-wheeled 360 L

#### **IDEAL FOR GENERAL WASTE**

The 4360 is perfect for the hotel and restaurant sector, where general waste needs to be disposed of in waste bins. The in-bin compactor provides impressive volume reduction, contributing to valuable space-saving and a more profitable waste management.

#### **SAFE AND USER-FRIENDLY**

Model 4360 is user-friendly! The multichamber version is a convenient top-loading installation, while the single-chamber version has an easy wheel-in, wheel-out operation. Safety and quality are our hallmarks and the compactor provides maximum personal safety both for the operator and those in the immediate vicinity. A bin indicator assures that the machine can only start, when the bin is in the right position.



Designed to fit the standard 360 Liter bins in the market.

#### **SMART DESIGN - EASILY EXTENDABLE**

The 4360 is a robust and stable machine that, thanks to its compact design, occupies little floor space. A good finish and easy access make cleaning quick and simple.

The compactor is easily extended with additional chambers. The front door on the single-chamber unit is then replaced by an apron for effortless movement of the press head from one chamber to the next.





Full protection and no access to moving parts: safety switches on the hatch and the front door/apron



The single-chamber unit with swing door

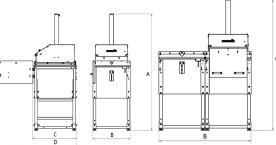


The multiple-chamber unit equipped with an apron with two handles

# **DIMENSIONS** & SPECIFICATIONS

DIMENSIONS ORWAK FLEX 4360					
Α	В	С	D	TRANSPORT HEIGHT	
Single: 2275 mm	Single: 950 mm	Single: 980 mm	Single: 1790 mm	Single: 2100 mm	
Double: 2275 mm	Double: 1900 mm	Double: 1060 mm		Double: 2100 mm	

Single: 2275 mm	Single: 950 mm	Single: 980 mm	Single: 1790 mm	Single: 2100 mm	
Double: 2275 mm	Double: 1900 mm	Double: 1060 mm		Double: 2100 mm	
MACHINE WEIGH	т				_
TOTAL WEIGHT	PRESS UNIT	SINGLE STAND			
Single: 240 kg	120 kg	120 kg			
Double: 360 kg					
TECHNICAL SPEC	CIFICATIONS				



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
BIN SIZE	CYCLETIME	PRESS FORCE	NOISE LEVEL	PROTECTION CLASS	OPERATING POWER
360 L	29 secs	1.5 ton, 15 kN	62.3 db (A)	IP 55	1x230 V, 50 Hz, 10 A

We reserve the right to make changes to specifications without prior notice. Bale/bag/bin weights are dependent upon material type.



City of Nedlands Heceived - Attachment 1 09 March 2021



# **Hughes Advisory**

12 Philip Road, DALKIETH - 10-Unit Multi-Residential Apartment Development

Acoustics - Schematic Design Assessment for DA (Rev1)
08 MAR 2021

PO Box 862 | CANNING BRIDGE | APPLECROSS | WA 6153

ABN: 86 161 563 551 ACN: 161 563 551



# **Hughes Advisory**

# 12 Philip Road, DALKEITH - 10-Unit Multi-Residential Apartment Development

Acoustics - Schematic Design Assessment for DA

MAR 2021

QA INFORMATION		
Project No	SEA-2020-032	
Project Name	12 Philip Road, DALKEITH - 10-Unit Multi-Residential Apartment Development	
Client	Hughes Advisory	
Report Title	Acoustics - Schematic Design Assessment for DA	
Filename	SEA-2020-032 RPT001_Rev1 DA	
Revision	Rev 1	
Reason For Issue	Revised issue for DA submission, responding to predicted noise scenario requests	
Authored By	Daryl Thompson	
Authorised By	- Janks	
Issue Date	08 MAR 2021	



PO Box 862 | CANNING BRIDGE | APPLECROSS | WA 6153

ABN: 86 161 563 551 ACN: 161 563 551



### **PROJECT PARTNERS**

Discipline	Entity	
Client	Hughes Advisory	HAd   Hughes Advisory
Architectural Design	Matthews & Scavalli	MATTHEWS & SCAVALLI
Planning Consultant	Stewart Urban Planning	STEWART URBAN PLANNING

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Sealhurst were appointed by Hughes Advisory to provide acoustic engineering consultancy and assessment(s) relating to the proposed multi-residential apartment development design, to be located at No. 12 Philip Road, in the suburb of DALKEITH, Western Australia. The project is in the process of submitting documentation to the City of Nedlands to pursue a Development Application process, in accordance with the City's Local Planning Scheme No. 3 Policy(s) relevant to this type of development.

The City's Development Application Checklist, item 16 seeks an "Acoustic / Noise Attenuation Report", applicable "Where an application gives causes for concern for increased noise a noise attenuation report may be required". In discussion with the City's Environmental Health Department, the reporting requirements at DA are intended to address potential noise emissions of any proposed new sources of noise which form part of the development.

The WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. amendments) is the statutory legislation governing all sources of noise which are introduced when a new building is constructed. Assessment under the Regulations is via the application of the Prescribed Methodology from which a set of Assigned Noise Level (ANL) limits are calculated applicable at the nearest relevant Noise-Sensitive Receiver (NSR) location(s).

The process is designed to ensure that all noise emissions are able to comply with the WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments);

Our original report (Ref: SEA-2020-032 RPT001 DA) dated November 2020 presented our early stage (DA) assessment of anticipated building services air conditioning plant serving residential units located at roof level, to ensure the eventual building services components are able to meet the applicable noise emission Regulations limits, assessed at the nearest off-site Noise Sensitive (residential) Receivers, NSRs 1 (10 Philip Road, at the east property boundary), and 2 (14 Philp Road, at the west property boundary).

Council have requested additional noise receiving properties be considered as NSR's – 10B Philip Road, and 87 Waratah Avenue which are at greater distances from the identified roof top plant enclosure and significantly screened by built form. Council have also requested that "On-site" apartments be considered under the WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments), which has been incorporated into assessments using noise predictions from example (typical) mechanical services external plant selections.

Subsequent amendments to the concept waste management scheme for the development have incorporated an electrical waste compactor machine (Ref: Appendix Error! Reference source not found.) in order to manage waste volumes and comply with the City's collection protocols. These changes have been assessed in this revised report SEA-2020-022 RPT001\_Rev1 DA.

As the development site is for multi-residential provision, the project also requires demonstration of additional design compliance elements under the National Construction Code, specifically relating to separating walls and floors as condition(s) of future Building Permit approval(s). These aspects are also covered in the scope of this report for completeness of Schematic Design.

The report is intended to form a basis of design reference at DA stage, allowing informed amendments where prospective changes may occur during the Detailed Design and construction phase(s).





#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Sealhurst were appointed by Hughes Advisory to provide acoustic engineering consultancy and assessment(s) relating to the proposed multi-residential apartment development design, to be located at No. 12 Philip Road, in the suburb of DALKEITH, Western Australia.

The project is in the process of submitting documentation to the City of Nedlands pursuant to securing Development Application approval, in accordance with the City's Local Planning Scheme No. 3 Policy(s) relevant to this type of development. Specifically, the City's Development Application Checklist, item 16 seeks an "Acoustic / Noise Attenuation Report", applicable "Where an application gives causes for concern for increased noise a noise attenuation report may be required".

This report (Ref: SEA-2020-032 RPT001\_Rev1 DA) presents our early stage (DA) Schematic Design assessment of the project covering anticipated noise emissions from building services plant serving residential units, the building structure and design of separation between individual apartment dwellings, and internal services noise levels to ensure the eventual building services components are able to meet the applicable noise emission Regulations limits, and the development complies with the minimum requirements of Section F5 under the National Construction Code Volume 1.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL NOISE EMISSIONS COMPLIANCE**

The WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (inc. amendments) represent the applicable statutory legislation covering all noise emissions from the new development. Assigned Noise Level (ANL) limits have been determined based upon an Influencing Factor of 1, resulting in limits of:

- 46 dB L<sub>A10</sub> during daytime periods, 0700 1900;
- 41 dB L<sub>A10</sub> during evening periods, 1900 2200; And,
- 36 dB L<sub>A10</sub> during night-time periods, 2200 0700;

The calculated ANL limits are applicable at the nearest Noise Sensitive Receiver (NSR) location(s), identified as existing adjacent residential property(s) at:

- NSR 1 10 Philip Road, east property boundary, approx. 25.6m from rooftop plant enclosure;
- NSR 2 14 Philp Road, west property boundary, approx. 24.4m from rooftop plant enclosure;
- NSR 3 10B Philip Road, west property boundary, approx. 23.9m from rooftop plant enclosure;
- NSR 4 87 Waratah Avenue, south property boundary, approx. 41.2m from rooftop plant enclosure;

ANL limits apply to all noise emissions – identified herein as a bank of residential Air Conditioning Condenser Units, (AC CU) located at roof level. The location takes advantage of natural visual (and acoustic) screening to both NSRs due to the building height and height of nearest receiving bedroom window(s);

Our assessment uses "Heating Mode" (highest noise emission) in all cases taken from 10x typical residential CU selections (1 per dwelling); Assessment is calculated at 24.4m (nearest unscreened) distance to NSR 2 (14 Philip Rd) and includes a conservative allowance for screening from the roof to assess the "worst" (i.e. highest noise) case.

At NSR's 1, 3 and 4 separation distances and screening by heavyweight concrete walls result in predicted external Condenser Unit noise being inaudible when compared to existing background noise levels at these receiving premises' facades.





At 24.4m plus a conservative attenuation allowance for building geometry screening, the cumulative predicted Sound Pressure Levels at NSR 2is 37.8dB(A) which is able to comply with the Regulations Assigned Noise Level limits during the day, and evening, though represents a minor exceedence during night-time hours of 1.8dB(A).

To address this minor exceedence during Schematic Design the following options are available:

- (i) Reselection of each individual CU units with a maximum Sound Power Level (SWL) rating of 62dB(A)
- (ii) Ensure selection and activation of CU systems with "Night Mode" settings which automatically reduce fan duty (and consequential noise levels by up to 10dB(A) after a 10PM; OR,
- Introduce a weather-proof (visual) louver screen wall to enclose the CU banks to the west details (iii) and visual reference are provided in Section 3.2.3.

In all options (for preliminary CU selections) adopting one of the preliminary noise control options ((i) to (iii) above) result in full compliance with the Regulations night-time limit of 36dB LA10.

Council have requested apartment units belonging to the 12 Philip Road development be assessed in terms of WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments) from anticipated noise emissions from the roof top CU plant enclosure.

The building geometry is such that the heavyweight concrete roof will effectively screen all CU noise to internal spaces, which are predicted to be inaudible where external noise propagation calculations are derived.

In terms of noise to the private roof top terraces, the building geometry screening walls which surround the plant deck are also shown as heavyweight concrete, which will shield the roof top terrace areas t the west south and north:

It is anticipated that any changes to CU unit specification, location, and/or enclosure design will be determined during the Detailed Design phase - where the CU selections and locations carry through to procurement, no further mitigation will be required for off-site noise emissions.

Residential-grade external Condenser Units (CUs) are typically broadband and steady-state in nature, hence tonality, modulation and impulsive penalties are not anticipated. Sealhurst recommend any proposed selections for procurement be reviewed prior, in terms of octave band sound levels, to determine compliance, and where any additional noise emissions sources not yet identified, be assessed to ensure the building is able to comply with the limits at all times.

We recommend the locations of CUs be reviewed in coordination with the determination of the proposed built form construction methodology, as these particulars become known, to ensure "on-site" and "off-site" noise amenity is achieved. External CUs will also require to be mounted on appropriate, load rated anti-vibration mounts, to avoid hum/noise disturbance from the CUs emanating into structure;

#### **WASTE COMPACTION NOISE**

We understand that as part of the Waste Management Plan provisioning for the development, a waste compaction device is proposed to compress residents' household waste, understood to be located within the Ground Floor Bin Store area. The ORWAK FLEX 4360 unit is proposed (See Appendix C.1).

In order to provide a reliable prediction model of the waste compaction system operations for comparison to the appropriate Regulations Assigned Noise Level limits, the following assumptions and application of the Regulations are set forward:

(i) Manufacturer-quoted Sound Pressure Level of SPL<sub>.1m</sub> 62.3dB is used to determine reference Sound Power Level (SWL) of 70.1dB(A), noting manufacturer noise data measured to ISO 11200:2014 Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Guidelines for the use of basic standards





for the determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions);

- (ii) Enclosing Bin Store materials to be finished in 110mm loadbearing face brick (Rw 46dB) with solid concrete roof over to apartments above; Tiled flooring, and solid core doorsets are shown;
- (iii) Given the estimated compaction processing times of maximum 4 minutes per week, carried out by a professional waste contractor on site within the Bin Stores between the hours of 7AM-7PM only, the appropriate applicable limit under the Regulations is the LA1 index, defined as 56dB LA1.
- Distance to NSR 2 (nearest) property at 10 Philip Road is estimated at 8m from the Bin Store external (iv) door;

Resulting noise breakout level during the 4 minute weekly compaction process is predicted at 44dB(A at 8m distance from the masonry Bin Store doorset, which complies with the applicable  $L_{A1}$  index of 56dB for short term noise sources during day time hours.

We note that as the compaction machine is electrically driven, the compaction noise levels will be dependent upon the type of waste being compacted. The overall "noise impact" is likely to be equivalent to residents walking their bins to the verge hence is not expected to generate a nuisance over and above existing weekly refuse collection processes.

For noise to "On-Site" residents, we recommend the ORWAK FLEX 4360 unit is mounted on anti-vibration spring mounts to avoid potential transmission of structure-borne sound to pass into adjacent residential apartments via machine couplings to heavyweight construction (e.g. concrete floor slab/walls.

Suitable spring mounts will be load-rated to carry the total compaction unit weight of 240kg (OR 360kg, pending single or double compaction unit selection) - PLUS the weight of the maximum "wheelie bin" refuse capacity, to ensure anti vibration efficiency is maintained in the mount system during operation.

#### SEPARATING CONSTRUCTION PERFORMANCE BETWEEN RESIDENTIAL APARTMENTS

#### **WALLS**

Multi-residential development must comply with the requirements of the National Construction Code (NCC) as the prevalent national legislation providing minimum requirements for acoustic separation for acoustic performance of separating walls and floors between apartment spaces, and for shared building services concealment.

The development is shown to comply with the minimum criteria, with detailed notes presented in Section 4.3 regarding proposed wall types and their application; Corresponding detailed mark ups are presented in Appendix B.1 which show where compliance criteria is applicable, notes on potential areas for additional consideration, and where practical at this stage, means to meet or exceed the standard for separating walls.

#### FLOOR/CEILING CONSTRUCTIONS

Clause FP5.1 of Section F5 of the NCC requires that separating floor constructions be designed to provide resistance to both airborne and impact sound transmission between residential apartments.

Vertical separation (floors) between Ground Floor and First Floor residential units are to be provided by reinforced concrete slab, (assumed depth 200 - 257mm), and may be supplemented below by a suspended ceiling, as design is progressed. This detail will meet/exceed the airborne criteria of >Rw+Ctr 50dB, though consideration must be made of the floor coverings and build up detail to achieve the NCC minimum performance criteria for impact sound.





Impact sound isolation describes the transfer of footfall, furniture movement and impact generated sound, and in multi-residential settings, impact sound isolation performance is directly linked to perception so quality and privacy. Integral to the achieved ratings and resultant amenity of impact sound isolation are floor coverings:

- Use of carpet on foam underlay, over a 200 mm thick structural slab provides exceptional degree of impact sound isolation performance, typically rated at ~45dB Ln,w, which is significantly below the NCC minimum;
- Modern aesthetics and market expectation may imply use of hard floor coverings (such as timber flooring, tiles and the like) where hard floor coverings are applied, the monolithic nature of a concrete mass floor slab equates to efficient transmission of impact noise, and additional treatments to the bare slab are required to achieve the minimum *NCC* impact sound isolation performance, (for compliance) and further improvements are often required to provide satisfactory amenity;

Section 4.5 sets out an informative section regarding end user amenity and compliance with the NCC in terms of impact sound isolation – this may be used as a partial reference where end client (apartment owner) preference for alternative floor finishes may arise. Sealhurst minimum recommended treatment to timber and tiled (e.g. hard) floor finishes is put forward at SD, proposing the use of a min. 4mm thick resilient matting layer, installed between hard floor finish and structural substrate, with suspended plasterboard ceiling in the receiving apartment unit(s) below.

This build-up is presented for information only at this stage and would fully comply with (and exceed) NCC impact sound isolation criteria of <62dB Ln,w.

#### **CONCEALED SERVICE DUCT WALLS**

Formal advice is given for building services duct and concealment/isolation able to comply with the minimum services duct wall provisions of the NCC as applicable to residential apartments. Minimum construction types and advice is set out in Section 4.3.1, and applicable to all building services.

All penetrations through rated walls must be acoustically sealed – general detailing specification is provided, to be integrated with services specifications as final penetration locations are resolved during construction.

#### **BUILDING SERVICES - INTERNAL NOISE**

#### **MECHANICAL SERVICES**

Mechanical services systems generating internal noise in this project is expected to be limited to internal apartment Air Conditioning (AC) FCUs only. Based upon our experience with typical residential AC split system Fan Coil Units (FCUs), we anticipate the internally generated noise levels from internal FCUs will be within the acceptable criteria under *AS2107:2016* using readily available standard units. To ensure this occurs, an example specification would be to select FCUs with sound pressure level ratings of <41dB(A) at 1m on "Medium" power setting from the unit.

A selection of external Condenser Units (CUs) are understood to be proposed to be located on individual apartment balconies, screened from view in vented cabinets. We recommend the locations of CUs be reviewed in coordination with the determination of the proposed built form construction methodology, as these particulars become known, to ensure "on-site" and "off-site" noise amenity is achieved. External CUs will also require to be mounted on appropriate, load rated anti-vibration mounts, to avoid hum/noise disturbance from the CUs emanating into structure;

NB – the internal fan coil unit (FCU) is as distinct from the external condenser unit (CU) component of the split system - specific advice re: sound power level limits are specified to ensure all residential AC system(s) meet environmental noise emissions *Regulations* limits.





#### **SERVICES PENETRATIONS**

All penetrations into services duct risers, plant room walls or any other acoustically rated wall to allow pipe reticulation must be acoustically sealed so as not to introduce degradation to the rated wall acoustic performance. Minimum sealing detail requirements are to pack any gap/void around pipe/duct with fibreglass insulation batt off cuts and then seal with a 10mm dense mastic bead.

Where larger gaps are present, gaps can be filled with 2 x 13mm plasterboard sections cut to fit, and then packed with fibreglass insulation off-cuts and sealed a with a 10mm dense mastic bead.





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#### INTRODUCTION



#### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 **General Appreciation**

Sealhurst were appointed by Hughes Advisory to provide acoustic engineering consultancy and assessment(s) relating to the proposed multi-residential apartment development design, proposed to be located at No. 12 Philip Road, in the suburb of DALKEITH, Western Australia.

The project is to present 10 x individual apartment dwellings on an existing residential Lot which is to be demolished as part of the development project. The site is situated within the established residential suburb of DALKEITH, with rear aspect backing on to local amenities.

In accordance with item 16 requirements under City of Nedlands' DA application checklist process, this report (Ref: SEA-2020-032 RPT001\_Rev1 DA) presents our early stage (DA) assessment of anticipated building services plant serving residential units, to ensure the eventual building services components are able to meet the applicable noise emission Regulations limits, assessed at the nearest off-site noise sensitive (residential) receiver(s).

As the development site is for multi-residential provision, the project requires demonstration of additional design compliance elements under the National Construction Code, specifically relating to separating walls and floors as condition(s) of future Building Permit approval(s). These aspects are also covered in the scope of this report for completeness of Schematic Design.

#### 1.1.1 **Project Status**

The project is in the process of submitting DA documentation to the City of Nedlands for approval, pursuant to commencing the detailed design stage of the development.

#### Applicable Acoustic Design Criteria

#### 1.2.1 Standard Multi-Residential Acoustic Design Framework

As a multi-residential development, the City's combined structure plan and development Policy(s) reference or imply the application of a range of acoustic criteria, drawn from a national design framework of design codes and standards encompassed by AS2107:2016, Section F5 of the National Construction Code (NCC, formerly the BCA), and WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. amendments).

The range of referenced acoustic criteria and consequential assessment(s) address the 3 primary components of multi-residential development design:

- External Noise Ingress Demonstrating the building internal spaces are able to achieve internal design sound levels, from external noise levels in accordance with referenced Australian Standard  ${\it AS}$ 2107:2016: Acoustics – Recommended design sound levels and reverberation times for building interiors,
- Separation between Adjacent Residences Ensuring the proposed separating constructions (e.g. walls, ii. floor/ceilings and the like) between adjacent individual dwellings are able to comply with Section F5 of the current edition of the National Construction Code (NCC, formerly the BCA);
- iii. Control of Noise Emissions - Ensuring that all noise emissions are able to comply with the WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments);



#### INTRODUCTION



The scope assessment in this report relates to items (ii) and (iii) – separation between dwellings and control of noise emissions.

#### Control of Noise Emissions – Early Assessment

Item 16 of the City's DA application checklist process identifies the requirement to provide an "Acoustic / Noise Attenuation Report", applicable "Where an application gives causes for concern for increased noise a noise attenuation report may be required".

The Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. amendments) is the applicable legislation governing all sources of noise which are introduced when the new building is constructed, and applicable at the nearest Noise-Sensitive Receiver (NSR). Assessment under the Regulations 1997 is achieved via the application of the Prescribed Methodology from which a set of Assigned Noise Level (ANL) limits are calculated, applicable at the nearest noise sensitive receiver location(s).

The City have provided the following advice regarding the nature and details of what an acoustic report must cover (where applicable) in order to satisfy item 16 at DA stage, as follows:

- Projected sound power levels of likely noisy equipment and activities and how they will be managed (i.e. early/late deliveries/collections (particularly waste), plant room design, location and orientation, roof or wall mounted air conditioner and venting units (location, design and projected sound power levels – including some indication of what could be expected at noise sensitive premises). This would need to be modelled on appropriate noise modelling software.;
- Details and requirement for any acoustic shrouding and /or walls surrounding the development generally (ii) (including all significant plant and noise generating equipment, such as the lifts).;
- $L_{A10}$  figures to be used for noise sensitive premises by the acoustic consultant, in addition to  $L_{A1}$  figures; (iii)
- Projected noise levels for deliveries and collections need to be modelled and a comparison made of noise (iv) received at neighbouring noise sensitive premises (including reversing beepers and the like);
- (v) Detail on plant, in terms of fans and whether timed or variable speed fans etc will be used to minimise noise impacts on noise sensitive receivers.

The early assessment process is designed to ensure that all noise emissions are able to comply with the WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments) in the finished project;

#### Schematic Design Report Aims

The primary aim of our report is assess the development against the framework of acoustic standards and hence communicate how the overall proposal has been acoustically designed for the purpose of minimising the effects of compliance with the National Construction Code, and in the control of noise emissions, sufficient to meet the Regulatory limits. Our report will achieve this by presenting a technical assessment of each applicable element of via detailed site appraisal and current project design information.

The report is intended to form a basis of design reference at DA stage, allowing informed amendments where prospective changes may occur during the Detailed Design and construction phase(s).

#### 1.3 **Project Inputs**

#### Schedule of Architectural Drawings

The following Architectural design drawings have been provided by Matthews & Scavalli Architects and have been used for our assessment. Details are current at the date of this report (08 MAR 2021).



#### 2 PROJECT CONTEXT



#### 2 PROJECT CONTEXT

# 2.1 Development Definition

#### 2.1.1 Proposed Development Site –12 Philip Rd, DALKIETH

The project site is currently disposed as a single residential Lot occupied by a brick and tile home and associated landscaping, which are to be demolished to allow the proposed development to be constructed.

The Lot will be redeveloped to present 10 individual apartments with basement car parking in a four-storey construction, joining a row of existing single and double storey residential homes, located close to a local amenities. The images (right) present the current site condition (top) and immediate neighbouring property – successive images show the site, existing streetscape, (courtesy Google Earth) and geographic context with proposed architectural render of the development design in -situ.

The development design provides a significant redevelopment of the existing site, replacing the single residential dwelling with 10 x individual apartments in a multi-residential building, in a more modern style, in keeping with current and recently completed residential development nearby.

In the area(s) immediately surrounding the site, Philip Road runs parallel to Waratah Avenue which passes Dalkeith Village town centre amenities. A short walking distance to the south lies Dalkeith Primary School. Perth Transport bus routes pass along Waratah Ave, linking the local area to Stirling Highway via periodic perpendicular road routes, and onward to Cottesloe and Fremantle to the south west, and Perth CBD to the north-east, which presents excellent transport amenity to and from the CBDs.

Although intermittent construction noise is apparent during the daytime hours on nearby residential development sites, the site is fairly benign in terms of existing (fixed) noise sources which presents an excellent opportunity for this type of infill residential development.







Where accompanied by careful selection of mechanical building services plant equipment for heating and cooling, the project design can be successfully integrated to engage with the local environmental noise sources whilst providing the required amenity from (and contribution to) local external noise.

#### 3.1 **Applicable Criteria**

3

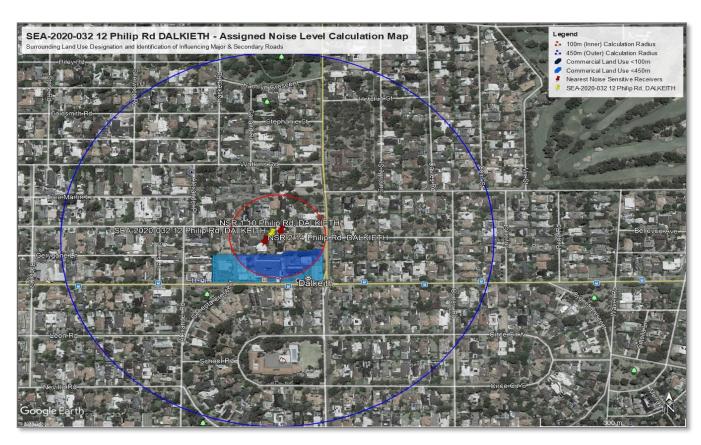
#### 3.1.1 WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments)

The Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (inc amendments) is the applicable legislation governing all sources of noise which are introduced when the new building is constructed, and applicable at the nearest Noise-Sensitive Receiver (NSR). The Regulations 1997 prescribe a specific methodology from which to calculate the Assigned Noise Level (ANL), which is the formal, objective and allowable noise emission limit due to the development. The ANL is different for each NSR, and is based upon an appraisal of the percentage Commercial and Industrial land surrounding the nearest noise sensitive receiver (NSR), and the volume and composition of road traffic in the vicinity of 450m (outer) and 100m (inner) boundary areas surrounding the designated NSR.

#### 3.1.2 **Determination of Land Use**

The land use determinations surrounding the proposed development site and NSR(s) is of an established residential suburb. The image below presents an overview of the calculation of surrounding land use area in the "Inner" and "Outer" calculation radii in the vicinity of the site and nearest NSRs. ANL limits were calculated on the basis of 24% Commercial (C) Land Use in the "Inner" circle calculation radius, and 1% Commercial Use in the "Outer" circle; No Industrial Land Use or nearby "Major" or "Secondary" road transport infrastructure have been identified which affect the site in terms of ANL calculation - as classified under the Regulations' Prescribed Methodology.

Where residential-only land uses are determined, the land use remains neutral in the calculation of the Assigned Noise Level.



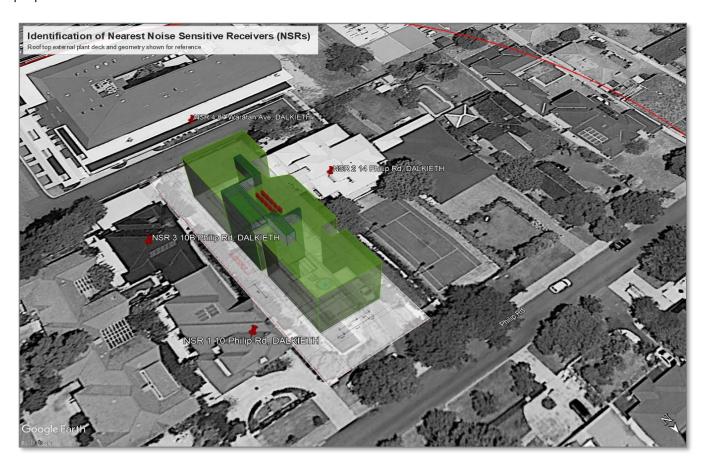


#### 3.1.3 Identification of Nearest Noise-Sensitive Receiver (NSR)

When calculating an Assigned Noise Level (ANL) limit, one must consider the nearest existing noise-sensitive receiver(s), NSR(s), as prescribed under Schedule 1 Part C, Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997), as the defining receiving location for noise emissions from a new development. The nearest NSRs have been identified as existing adjacent residential property(s) - including Council's requested assessment points at properties further afield:

- NSR 1 10 Philip Road, east property boundary;
- NSR 2 14 Philp Road, west property boundary;
- NSR 3 10B Philip Road, west property boundary; And,
- NSR 4 87 Waratah Avenue, south property boundary

The schematic image below shows the development site with NSR locations to the south, west and east of the rooftop plant enclosure - building geometry is shown to demonstrate extent of screening to the south and west properties:



#### Separation Distance to NSRs

Air Conditioning plant is shown at roof level. The roof level location would be expected to take advantage of natural visual (and acoustic) screening to the nearest "Off-site" noise receivers due to the height of the building as compared to the receiving buildings;

In these locations, estimated separation distances apply, of:

- 25.6m between First Floor Bedroom window at NSR 1 (10 Philip Rd) and SCREENED AC CU bank;
- 24.4m between First Floor Bedroom windows NSR 2 (14 Philip Rd) and AC CU bank;





- 23.9m between First Floor Bedroom window at NSR 3 (10B Philip Rd) and SCREENED AC CU bank;
- 36.6m between Third Floor windows at NSR 4 (87 Waratah Ave) and SCREENED AC CU bank;

For the purposes of our noise emission compliance assessment, predicted noise emissions from Air Conditioning Condenser Unit (AC CU) locations and consequential noise emission predictions are calculated at the NSR positions using these minimum distances, in accordance with inverse square law, and any influencing building geometry, i.e. parapet wall and roof pitch geometry screening. The indicative arrangement is shown in Section 3.2.2 with preliminary determination of noise emissions compliance results from typical (example) CU selections for this type of duty.

#### 3.1.5 Calculated Noise Emission Limits

ANL limits were calculated on the basis of 24% Commercial (C) Land Use in the "Inner" circle, and 1% Commercial Land Use in the "Outer" circle calculation radii, with no identified Industrial Land Use or nearby "Major" or "Secondary" road transport infrastructure, as classified under the Regulations' Prescribed Methodology. Based upon this calculation methodology, an Influencing Factor (IF) has been calculated as 1.

The Table below presents the resultant Assigned Noise Level limits, applicable at the nearest NSR(s):

D . (D D N .	T: (D	Assigned Level (dB)			
Part of Premises Receiving Noise	Time of Day	L <sub>A10</sub>	L <sub>A1</sub>	L <sub>Amax</sub>	
	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday	46	56	66	
Noise sensitive premises at locations within 15m	0900 to 1900 hours Sundays and public holidays	41	51	66	
of a building directly associated with a noise sensitive use	1900 to 2200 hours all days	41	51	56	
	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays	36	46	56	
Noise sensitive premises at locations further than 15m of a building directly associated with a noise sensitive use	All hours	60	75	80	
Commercial premises	All hours	60	75	80	
Industrial and Utility premises	All hours	65	80	90	

Appendix C presents the calculation methodology and assumptions used in our assessment.

## **Noise Source Character**

In addition to the ANL limits, particular noise sources can attract additional punitive dB levies based upon the noise source characteristics. Regulation 7 prescribes that the noise character must be "free" of annoying characteristics - specifically:

- (i) tonality (e.g. whining, droning)
- modulation (e.g. cyclical change in character, such as a siren) (ii)
- impulsiveness (e.g. banging, thumping) (iii)

Penalties apply up to a maximum of +15dB, for tonality (+5dB), modulation (+5dB) and impulsiveness (+10dB), where the noise source is NOT music.





#### 3.2 Identified Noise Emission Sources

#### 3.2.1 Individual Dwelling A/C Condenser Units – Noise Source Definition

Each individual residential dwelling is anticipated to be heated and cooled by internal Fan Coil Units (FCUs) connected to external Condenser Units (CUs) located in a central bank at Roof level. In order to provide a realistic preliminary assessment of likely noise emissions, typical CU units for this type and size of apartment have been applied to the CU locations to determine received Sound Pressure Level (SPL) at the nearest NSR.

Noise data from various manufacturers is often presented in a range of formats, with quoted numbers referring to of Sound Power Level (SWL) or measured Sound Pressure Levels at alternate distances/conditions; Hence a firm grasp of noise data format is essential to ensure accurate and reliable predictions. To avoid any ambiguity in the referenced terms, and homogenise the assessment (and any dependent calculations), we have presented the source data and adjustments for clarity – acoustic data used in our assessment(s) is highlighted orange as follows:

Preliminary CU - Make   Model	dB(A)	Octave Band Centre Frequency (Hz)							
Details		63	125	250	500	1k	2k	4k	8k
Daikin   RZQS140AV1 (CU) <sup>1</sup>		I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	
Cooling Mode <sup>2</sup>									
Manufacturer single figure Sound Pressure Level dB(A)	54dB(A)								
Quoted Octave Band Sound Pressure Level, measured at1m in anechoic conditions <sup>3</sup> ;		56	53	53	53	49	45	39	31
Adjusted to reference Sound Power Level, SWL (dB(A)) using First Principles	65dB(A)	66.8	63.8	63.8	63.8	59.8	55.8	49.8	41.8
Heating Mode <sup>4</sup>									
Manufacturer single figure Sound Pressure Level dB(A)	56dB(A)								
Not Provided – *Assumed* <sup>5</sup> Octave Band Sound Pressure Level, spectrally adjusted based upon single figure value;		58	55	55	55	51	47	41	33
Adjusted to reference Sound Power Level, SWL (dB(A)) using First Principles	67dB(A)	68.8	65.8	65.8	65.8	61.8	57.8	51.8	43.8
Panasonic S140 PE1R5B <sup>6</sup> (CU)									
Cooling Mode		П	1	1	1	1	1	П	т
Manufacturer single figure Sound Pressure Level dB(A)	54dB(A)								
Quoted Octave Band Sound Pressure Level, measured at1m in anechoic conditions;		52	54	51	50	50	48	39	31
Adjusted to reference Sound Power Level, SWL using First Principles	65.1dB(A)	62.8	64.8	61.8	60.8	60.8	58.8	49.8	41.8
Heating Mode									
Manufacturer single figure Sound Pressure Level dB(A)	55dB(A)								
Quoted Octave Band Sound Pressure Level, measured at1m in anechoic conditions;		56	54	53	52	50	49	41	33
Adjusted to reference Sound Power Level, SWL using First Principles	66dB(A)	66.8	64.8	63.8	62.8	60.8	59.8	51.8	43.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NOTE – Manufacturer data quotes "EPA SWL" at 69dB for a 53/55 unit, indicating a drop of 14-16dB(A) between measured SPL and reference SWL in anechoic chamber tests:

Note, octave band spectral data supplied is for "\$140 PE1RB5A" not "B" – exact model designation TBC during Detailed Design, prior to procurement to allow checking and verification;



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cooling mode generally emits lower sound pressure levels at low frequency due to the physics relating to condenser operation to generate cold coil conditions; <sup>3</sup> "Anechoic" conditions describes acoustic test chambers which are heavily insulated, and devoid of any reflected sound; The resulting measurement is not influenced by reflections, as occurs in the installed environment;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Heating mode generally emits slightly higher sound pressure levels at low frequency relating to condenser operation whining generate heated coil conditions;

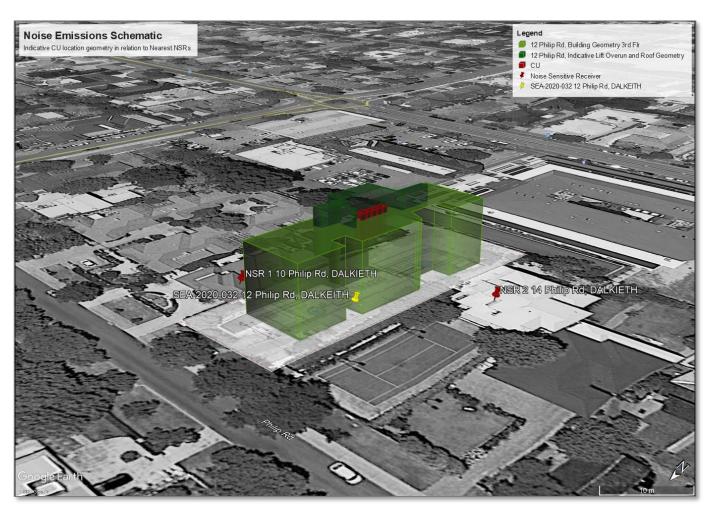
<sup>5 \*</sup>Assumed\* spectrum applies spectral characteristics of the condenser unit to the slightly increased sound pressure level quoted for Heating mode, to generate a spectrum for analysis;



#### **Schematic CU Locations**

3

Air Conditioning Condenser Units, (AC CU) are shown as a bank of 10 x units located at roof level; CU locations are represented schematically below, as used in our noise emissions assessment:



#### Condenser Unit Operations – Noise Compliance Summary to "Off-Site" Receivers

Our assessment uses "Heating Mode" (highest noise emission) in all cases, emanating from cumulative 10x CU units (1 per dwelling);

Given the layout of the site, distances from the CU banks and natural visual (and acoustic) screening to the south and west "Off-site" receivers. "Worst Case" assessments are therefore calculated at 24.4m (nearest unscreened) distance to NSR 2 (14 Philip Rd) and include a conservative allowance for building geometry screening from the roof location(s), to assess the potential "highest noise" case:

NB - regards "nearest unscreened distance" NSR's 1 (10 Philip Rd) and 3 (10B Philip Rd) have similar separation distances, however, both receiving property(s) are located behind lift overrun and surrounding structural wall geometry which provides significant additional screening to the west, north and south.

At 24.4m plus a conservative attenuation allowance for roof screening, the cumulative predicted Sound Pressure Levels received at the nearest NSR (NSR 2) from 10 x Condenser Unit operations are calculated as 37.8dB(A):

The results are valid using either the example Daikin or Panasonic CU selections;

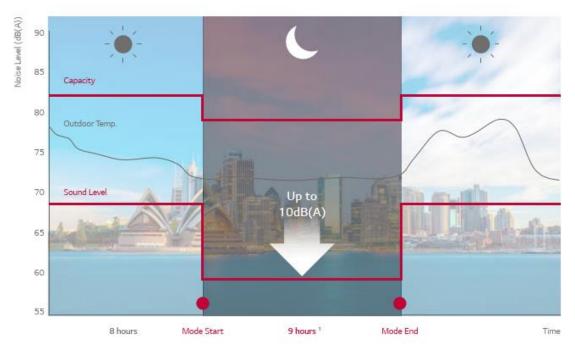




This result demonstrates the proposed CU bank will be able to comply with the Regulations Assigned Noise Level limits during day, and evening hours, however, a minor exceedence is predicted during night-time hours of 1.8dB(A);

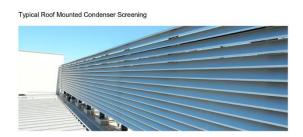
To address this during Schematic Design the following options are available:

- (i) Reselection of CU units with a maximum Sound Power Level (SWL) rating of 62dB(A) reduces the predicted Sound Pressure Level (SPL) at NSR 2 to 32.8dB(A) which is fully compliant with the Regulations night-time limit of 36dB LA10 and would be expected to be inaudible at the receiving property against typical background noise levels.
- CU systems are readily available with "Night Mode" settings which automatically reduce fan duty (ii) after a 10PM. Reductions of up to 10dB(A) are available using the night mode – see extract from current LG brand CU brochure below indicating typical performance:



A reduction of 10dB(A) after 10PM reduces the predicted Sound Pressure Level (SPL) at NSR 2 to 26.8dB(A) which is fully compliant with the Regulations night time limit of 36dB  $L_{A10}$  and would be inaudible at the receiving property against typical background noise levels.

(iii) Using the example CUs in our calculations, a weather proof (visual) louver screen wall could be installed to enclose the CU banks to the west. Typical Sound Pressure Levels (SPL) through a weather-proof louver screen wall will drop by between 5 - 9 dB(A) pending blade arrangement and open area.



The resulting predicted Sound Pressure Level (SPL) at NSR 2 would be conservatively reduced to 31.8dB(A) which is fully compliant with the Regulations night time limit of 36dB  $L_{A10}$  and would be inaudible at the receiving property against typical background noise levels.





Note – these results are based upon a preliminary selection of typical CU units only. It is anticipated that any CU unit specification will be undertaken at the appropriate time once mechanical heating and cooling loads are determined as design progresses. Any physical or specification requirements will be determined during the Detailed Design phase – where the CU selections and locations carry through to procurement, no further mitigation will be required for off-site noise emissions.

#### 3.2.4 Condenser Unit Operations – Noise Compliance Summary to "On-Site" Receivers

Council have requested apartment units belonging to the 12 Philip Road development be assessed in terms of WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (Incl. Amendments) from anticipated noise emissions from the roof top CU plant enclosure.

The building geometry is such that the heavyweight concrete roof will effectively screen all CU noise to internal spaces, which are predicted to be inaudible where external noise propagation calculations are derived.

In terms of noise to the private roof top terraces, the building geometry screening walls which surround the plant deck are also shown as heavyweight concrete, which will shield the roof top terrace areas t the west south and north;

#### 3.2.5 Note on Tonality

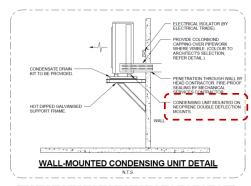
Residential CU units are typically broadband and steady-state in nature, hence tonality, modulation and impulsive penalties are not anticipated. Sealhurst recommend the final selections for procurement be reviewed prior to installation, in terms of octave band sound levels, to determine and any additional noise emissions sources not yet identified, be assessed to ensure the building is able to comply with the limits at all times.

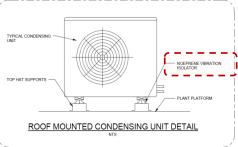
#### 3.2.6 Anti Vibration Mountings

For the avoidance of doubt, where any Condenser Units (CU) or building mechanical plant is mounted on ground or on framed stand(s), all units are to be mounted on anti-vibration mounts, or isolation hangers, or using neoprene double deflection footing mountings, as per schematic detail (right).

Where CU units are anticipated to be fixed directly to the floor slab or underside of the concrete slab above or mounted in steel frame trusses, FCUs must be installed to include a neoprene or rubber anti vibration mounts on hanging mechanism to avoid direct transmission of fan operating motion into the structure.

It is essential these or equivalent anti vibration mounting system(s) such as those nominated by the manufacurer of the ACC units, are installed and checked on site during the construction phase. Failure to install anti vibration or isolation mountings will introduce structural vibration into the roof frame and sheeting and any connected structural elements. Loose laid waffle pad is not sufficient.









#### 3.2.7 Noise From Waste/Refuse Collection

The following extract is taken from the Waste Management Plan for the development:

Regards waste/deliveries, the collection of refuse by public service vehicles is deemed exempt from noise emissions compliance under the Regulations Clause 14A, hence no treatments or additional mitigation is required/appropriate to be included in the development in this case.

We understand the refuse/bin collection point is located at the roadside - as the area is already served by weekly refuse collection, no additional impact upon local noise amenity is anticipated due to existing bin pick-up services.

#### 3.2.8 Noise from On-Site Waste Compaction

We understand that as part of the Waste Management Plan provisioning for the development, a waste compaction device is proposed to compress residents' household waste, understood to be located within the Ground Floor Bin Store area. The ORWAK FLEX 4360 unit is proposed (See Appendix C.1).

In order to provide a reliable prediction model of the waste compaction system operations for comparison to the appropriate *Regulations* Assigned Noise Level limits, the following assumptions and application of the *Regulations* are set forward:

- (i) Manufacturer-quoted Sound Pressure Level of SPL,1m 62.3dB is used to determine reference Sound Power Level (SWL) of **70.1dB(A)**, noting manufacturer noise data measured to *ISO 11200:2014*Acoustics Noise emitted by machinery and equipment Guidelines for the use of basic standards for the determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions);
- (ii) Enclosing Bin Store materials to be finished in 110mm loadbearing face brick (Rw 46dB) with solid concrete roof over to apartments above; Tiled flooring, and solid core doorsets are shown;
- (iii) Given the estimated compaction processing times of maximum 4 minutes per week, carried out by a professional waste contractor on site within the Bin Stores between the hours of **7AM-7PM** only, the appropriate applicable limit under *the Regulations* is the  $L_{A1}$  index, defined as **56dB**  $L_{A1}$ .
- (iv) Distance to NSR 2 (nearest) property at 10 Philip Road is estimated at 8m from the Bin Store external door;

Resulting noise breakout level during the 4 minute weekly compaction process is predicted at 44dB(A at 8m distance from the masonry Bin Store doorset, which complies with the applicable  $L_{A1}$  index of 56dB for short term noise sources during day time hours.

We note that as the compaction machine is electrically driven, the compaction noise levels will be dependent upon the type of waste being compacted. The overall "noise impact" is likely to be equivalent to residents walking their bins to the verge hence is not expected to generate a nuisance over and above existing weekly refuse collection processes.

For noise to "On-Site" residents, we recommend the ORWAK FLEX 4360 unit is mounted on anti-vibration spring mounts to avoid potential transmission of structure-borne sound to pass into adjacent residential apartments via machine couplings to heavyweight construction (e.g. concrete floor slab/walls.

Suitable spring mounts will be load-rated to carry the total compaction unit weight of 240kg (OR 360kg, pending single or double compaction unit selection) – PLUS the weight of the maximum "wheelie bin" refuse capacity, to ensure anti vibration efficiency is maintained in the mount system during operation.





## 3.3 Additional Notes on Predicted vs Completed Noise Amenity

#### 3.3.1 Detailed Design Process

The project is at pre-DA stage, therefore this report sets out design compliance(s) for the DA stage and appropriate level of detail. It is expected that this report will inform a subsequent Detailed Design process, to a greater level of detail such as is required to demonstrate compliance and approval to proceed to Building Permit stage.

#### 3.3.2 Installation Detailing

It is important to note that beyond design phase, and at the time of completion, noise levels measured following building completion will be a combination of the CUs installed for procurement, external noise sources, building services operation noise and noise from adjacent units.

Internal ambient conditions will ultimately depend on the quality of workmanship conducted during construction phase and adherence to the advice and specific detailing requirements at window frame, between window frame and facade concrete walls, and at junctions between external wall elements as set out in this report, and the anticipated Detailed Design works to follow.

#### 3.3.3 Design Review, Inspection and QA

Effective site inspections and QA/checking procedures on site during construction phase are critical in ensuring the design acoustic performances are not compromised by omissions, incomplete detailing, poorly sealed junctions and interstitial spaces in construction elements or other voids gaps introduced due to site tolerances and the like. Sealhurst recommend early site inspections be carried out during construction phase to coincide with acoustically critical installations of separating walls, floor/ceiling construction installations, glazing and window frame installations and roof construction sealing to establish and advise site staff of the standard of detailing to seek in regular day-to-day QA checks.

#### 3.4 Noise & Vibration during Construction Stage

The project will necessarily undertake a schedule of demolition and forward works to prepare the site for the new construction. This phase of works will inherently cause a period of potentially intrusive noise and vibration to the adjacent residential buildings.

Strictly speaking, all environmental noise emissions must demonstrate compliance with *Regulation 7* of the *WA Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997 (inc amendments)* which sets out the prescribed standard for calculating Assigned Noise Level limits for noise emissions, when received at the nearest noise sensitive neighbour.

#### 3.4.1 Extract from Sub-Regulation 13, Clause (6)

In practice, and especially with particular temporary noise sources such as construction works, limits applicable under the *Regulations* can present an impractical target - for such purposes, the legislation affords alternative guidance under *Regulation 13* whereby a noise management plan is to be established to manage and control noise Extract from Regulation 13 Clause (6)

Construction noise and vibration to surrounding residents is usually a condition of Building Permit approvals, and is satisfied by the creation of a suitable noise management plan to outline appropriate mitigation and administrative conditions to control construction noise, to the satisfaction of the approving local Council.





Clause (6) of Regulation 13 sets out the requirements for a Noise Management Plan, which are as follows:

- ....(6) A noise management plan prepared under sub regulation (3) (c) or (4) is to include, but is not limited to -
  - (a) details of, and reasons for, construction work on the construction site that is likely to be carried out other than between 0700 hours and 1900 hours on any day which is not a Sunday or public holiday;
  - (b) details of, and the duration of, activities on the construction site likely to result in noise emissions that fail to comply with the standard prescribed under regulation 7;
  - (c) predictions of noise emissions on the construction site;
  - (d) details of measures to be implemented to control noise (including vibration) emissions;
  - (e) procedures to be adopted for monitoring noise (including vibration) emissions;
  - (f) complaint response procedures to be adopted.

#### 3.4.2 Noise & Vibration Management Plan

Noise management plans engage the Contractor and affected nearby residents in an agreed plan which sets out a responsible and practical route to controlling or preparing for construction noise. A noise management plan can be extremely effective in maintaining good relations with neighbouring properties during potentially disruptive construction phases.

To address the issue of noise and vibration during construction phase, Sealhurst recommend a detailed noise management plan be established in accordance with *Regulation 13, Clause (6)* and in conjunction with the Contractor's demolition, forward works and construction schedules, to demonstrate that as much as practicable, a responsible and practical approach has been considered by the D&C team in terms of noise management.

In the event that Council require a more detailed noise management plan during construction phase, Sealhurst are able to prepare detailed noise and vibration management plan documentation for the planning, control and mitigation of noise and vibration during the Forward Works phase of the project.

A noise management plan (NMP) and vibration management plan (VMP) can be established in accordance with *Regulation 13*, *Clause (6)* and in conjunction with the Contractor's forward works and construction schedules, to demonstrate that as much as practicable, a responsible and practical approach will be considered by the D&C team in terms of noise and vibration management.

#### 3.4.3 AS 2436:2010 Guidelines

In lieu of Council request or requirement for a detailed construction noise and vibration management plan, to assist the developer and/or Main Contractor, we refer Section 4.6 of *AS 2436:2010 Guide to noise and vibration control on construction, demolition and maintenance sites.* Contained therein are generic practical approaches to be employed during construction which will allow compliance with the Standard.

The application of the principles in Section 4.6 of *AS 2436:2010* coupled with a public information service such as flyers to local residents and businesses setting out the extent and duration of potential works is often sufficient to limit potential complaint.

#### 3.4.4 Detailed Noise & Vibration Management Plan

In circumstances where noise and vibration is a particular concern, and practical compliance with the Assigned Noise Level limits is not possible, the legislation affords alternative guidance under *Regulation 13* whereby a noise management plan is to be established to manage and control noise emissions as much as is reasonably practicable, where potential exceedences are identified





In the event that Council require a more detailed noise management plan during construction phase, Sealhurst are able to prepare detailed noise and vibration management plan documentation for the planning, control and mitigation of noise and vibration during the Forward Works phase of the project.

A noise management plan (NMP) and vibration management plan (VMP) can be established in accordance with *Regulation 13, Clause (6)* and in conjunction with the Contractor's forward works and construction schedules, to demonstrate that as much as practicable, a responsible and practical approach will be considered by the D&C team in terms of noise and vibration management.





#### 4 INTERNAL SOUND TRANSMISSION & INSULATION

### 4.1 Applicable Criteria – Class 2 Residential Areas

#### 4.1.1 Section F5 NCC - Noise Isolation Between Dwellings

As the principle standard for the design and construction of buildings in Australia, the *National Construction Code* (*NCC*, formerly the *BCA*) defines aspects of performance applicable to each type of classification of building, depending upon its use.

In areas of the development defined as Class 2 multi-residential apartment space(s), minimum acoustic separation is determined by the *NCC Section F5 - Sound Transmission and Insulation*, which regulates acoustic (separation) performance between adjacent apartments via the prescription of minimum standards for the design and construction of separating wall and floor constructions.

The following general Performance (FP) clauses apply:

#### Clause FP5.1 - Floors separating-

- (a) sole-occupancy units; Or,
- (b) a *sole-occupancy units* [sic] from a plant room, lift *shaft*, stairway, *public corridor*, public lobby, or the like, or part of a different classification

must provide insulation against the transmission of airborne and impact generated sound sufficient to prevent illness or loss of amenity to the occupants.

Clause FP5.2 - Walls separating sole occupancy units, or a *sole-occupancy unit* from a plant room, lift *shaft*, stairway, *public corridor*, public lobby, or the like, or part of a different classification, must provide insulation against the transmission of-

- (a) airborne sound; and
- (b) impact generated sound, if the wall is separating a bathroom, *sanitary compartment*, laundry or kitchen in one *sole-occupancy unit* from a *habitable room* (other than a kitchen) in an adjoining unit,

sufficient to prevent illness or loss of amenity to the occupants

Clause FP5.3 - The required sound insulation of a floor or a wall must not be compromised by-

- (a) the incorporation or penetration of a pipe or other service element; or
- (b) a door assembly.

In addition to general performance clauses FP5.1, FP5.2 and FP5.3, additional specific clauses applicable to Class 2 buildings are detailed under "Deemed-to-Satisfy" Provisions. Clauses F5.4 (a) (i) and (ii), for floor constructions, F5.5 (e) for full height walls, and F5.6 (a) (i) and (ii) for concealed service duct walls are also directly applicable.



#### INTERNAL SOUND TRANSMISSION & INSULATION



#### 4.1.2 Summary of Acoustic Criteria Requirements

The application of the above Clauses has been simplified and summarised in the Table below, and coordinated with the Performance criteria and "Deemed-to-Satisfy" provisions of the NCC. Detailed mark ups of the applicable criteria are presented in Appendix B.1, which shows minimum performance requirements for all separating constructions, and any additional notes pertinent to compliance.

Clause	Performance Requirement	Applicable To	Mark Up Annotation	
FP5.2 (a)	R <sub>w</sub> +C <sub>tr</sub> of <u>not less</u> than <b>50dB</b> for a wall separating "likespaces" in adjacent <i>sole-occupancy units</i>	Separating walls between like- spaces e.g. "habitable-to- habitable"		
FP5.2 (a)	R <sub>w</sub> of <u>not less</u> than <b>50dB</b> for a wall separating a <i>sole-occupancy unit</i> from an adjoining part of a different classification the development	Separating walls between <i>sole-occupancy units</i> and parts of a different classification e.g. "public corridors, stairway etc."		
FP5.2 (b)	R <sub>w</sub> +C <sub>tr</sub> of <u>not less</u> than <b>50dB</b> AND incorporating a <b>discontinuous</b> construction between habitable (e.g. living room, bedroom) and wet area (e.g. bathroom, laundry, kitchen) adjacencies; OR between a <i>sole-occupancy unit</i> and a plant room or public corridor	Specific separating walls between <i>sole-occupancy units</i> and kitchen, bathroom, laundry, plant room or lift <i>shaft</i>		
F5.6 (a)(i)	R <sub>w</sub> +C <sub>tr</sub> of <u>not less</u> than <b>40dB</b> between habitable rooms and soil, waste and water supply pipes serving more than one <i>sole-occupancy unit</i>	Service duct walls passing adjacent to "habitable" areas		
F5.6 (a)(ii)	R <sub>w</sub> +C <sub>tr</sub> of <u>not less</u> than <b>25dB</b> between non-habitable rooms and soil, waste and water supply pipes serving more than one <i>sole-occupancy unit</i>	Service duct walls passing adjacent to "non-habitable" areas		
F5.5 (b)	A door may be incorporated in a wall in a Class 2 or 3 building that separates a sole-occupancy unit from a stairway, public corridor, public lobby or the like, provided the door assembly has an <b>R</b> <sub>w</sub> not less than <b>30dB</b>	Doors separating sole- occupancy units from public areas		
FP5.1 / F5.4 (a)	R <sub>w</sub> +C <sub>tr</sub> of <u>not less</u> than <b>50dB</b> for a floor separating sole- occupancy units or separating a sole- occupancy unit from a plant room, lift shaft, stairway, public corridor, public lobby etc.	Separating floors between <i>sole-occupancy units</i> or between <i>sole-occupancy units</i> and a plant room, public corridor etc.	Floors (noted on Mark ups as required)	
FP5.1 / F5.4 (a)	L <sub>n,w</sub> (impact) of <u>not more</u> than <b>62dB</b> for a floor separating sole-occupancy units  OR a sole-occupancy unit from a plant room, lift shaft, stairway or public corridor	Separating floors between sole- occupancy units or between sole-occupancy units and plant room, public corridors etc.	Floors (noted on Mark ups as required)	
F5.5 (e)	Where a wall that is required to have a min. sound insulation performance has a floor or roof above, the wall must continue to the underside of the floor or roof or a ceiling that has the same sound insulation as the wall	Separating walls to underside of adjoining roof structure	Noted on Mark ups as required	

#### 4.1.3 Notes on Discontinuous Wall Construction Requirements

The application of **discontinuous** construction in addition to the minimum  $R_w + C_{tr}$  rating of 50dB is a requirement of the *NCC* which seeks to provide adequate resistance to impact-generated sound transmission. The rating is applied in specific circumstances determined by the nature and use of adjacent spaces, typically where non-habitable (wet) areas (e.g. bathrooms, kitchens, WC, laundry and the like) are adjacent to habitable areas (e.g. sleeping and living areas) in adjacent apartment units, OR where plant rooms or lift shafts are adjacent to any part of an apartment unit.



#### **INTERNAL SOUND TRANSMISSION & INSULATION**



#### **Building Services Penetrations**

R<sub>w</sub>/R<sub>w</sub>+C<sub>tr</sub> values describe direct airborne sound transmission performance through a particular partition type when tested in laboratory conditions and under strictly controlled circumstances. A fully sealed, field-installed partition without penetrations may be expected to meet an equivalent field performance of separation. However, once separating walls are penetrated, the penetrations can severely undermine the design performances, and hence must be treated.

#### NCC Section F5 Clause FP5.6 of states:

"The required sound insulation of a floor or a wall must not be compromised by the incorporation or penetration of a pipe or other service element"

Where building services penetrate acoustically-rated separating walls, each penetration should be subject to a "pack-and-seal" detail. All void space between the penetration aperture and building service must be packed with a mineral wool or glassfibre insulation batt off-cut, and sealed with a dense mastic bead of minimum depth 10mm, in all cases. This standard acoustic detail should be documented as part of the Construction Drawings documentation set. Site QA during construction phase can then be referenced to the Standard Detail to ensure weaknesses that would negate the design performance of the separating wall are not introduced on site.

#### Construction "Deemed-to-Satisfy" for Separating Wall Elements 4.2

#### Section F5 of the referenced NCC states:

"Where masonry walls require wall ties, but are also required to be of discontinuous construction, the wall ties must be of resilient type".

Regarding masonry and concrete slabs, NCC Specification F5.2, Clause 2(a) Masonry and Clause 2(b) Concrete *Slabs* states:

- "(a) **Masonry** Units are to be laid with all joints filled solid, including those between the masonry and any adjoining construction
- b) Concrete slabs Joints between concrete slabs or panels and any adjoining construction must be filled solid"

Regarding sheeting materials, BCA Specification F5.2, Clause 2(c) Sheeting materials states:

#### "(c) Sheeting materials -

- (i) if one layer is required on both sides of a wall, it must be fastened to the studs with joints staggered on opposite sides; and
- (ii) if two layers are required, the second layer must be fastened over the first layer so that the joints do not coincide with those of the first layer; and
- (iii) joints between sheets or between sheets and any adjoining construction must be taped and filled solid. "

Regarding timber or steel-framed construction, NCC Specification F5.2, Clause 2(d) Timber or steel-framed construction states:

- " (d) **Timber or steel-framed construction** Perimeter framing members must be securely fixed to the adjoining structure and-
  - (i) bedded in resilient compound
  - the joints must be caulked so that there are no voids between the framing. (ii)





#### 4.2.1 Full Height Walls to Underside of Roof Construction

Clause F5.5 (f)(i) Section F5 of the NCC states:

"Where a wall that is required to have a min. sound insulation performance has a floor or roof above, the wall must continue to the underside of the floor or roof or a ceiling that has the same sound insulation as the wall".

In the case of Ground Floor and First Floor loadbearing walls, any acoustically-rated separating wall constructions are inherently full height and sealed to the underside of the supported slab over, hence complies. In the case of Upper Floor party and apartment boundary (acoustically-rated) walls, these walls are also required to be sealed to underside of roof construction over – either concrete slab where appropriate, or lightweight roof sheeting over, in order to comply with NCC *Clause F5.5 (f)(i)*.

Where full height walls to underside of roof sheeting is not preferred, an equivalent full height sealing detail is to be incorporated at the head of Upper Floor wall junctions with roof sheeting over. Void space between partition apex and roof sheet must be clad with an infill wall of double skin 13mm FR plasterboard on framing detail, hand-packed/stuffed with a mineral wool or fibreglass insulation batt off-cut, and sealing with a dense mastic bead, min 10mm depth. The infill wall detail must be installed to continue the separating wall to the underside of roof sheeting, and be packed and sealed as above to form an effective acoustic (and fire) seal.

#### 4.3 Assessment of Proposed Separating Wall Constructions

#### 4.3.1 Separating Walls between Adjacent Apartments

Under NCC Section F5, "Walls directly separating adjacent habitable spaces, or adjacent wet areas in separate apartments must meet or exceed Rw+Ctr 50 dB". We understand the primary construction wall type has not yet been determined. For a development of this type/scale, options at this stage could be anticipated as either:

(i) Cavity masonry 250mm (90/70/90) using standard brick (e.g. min. 5.7kg per unit or greater, solid core) brick, rated at Rw+Ctr 52dB;

Though not a requirement, the addition of an insulation quilt (e.g. 50mm thick, min density 11kgm<sup>-3</sup>), between masonry leaves significantly increases the airborne sound separation performance of the cavity masonry, and may be included at developer discretion;

- (ii) In-situ Concrete Panels, min 150mm thick concrete, rated at Rw+Ctr 51dB;
- (iii) Lightweight stud walls, w/concealed concrete columns using a twin stud arrangement (e.g. 2 x 64mm or 76mm studs), a suitable construction build-up is recommended for 2 x 13mm FR P/Board to one side of the stud(s), with a min. 40mm clear air gap to the opposite study, to be clad with 1 x 13mm FR P/Board; Internal cavity to be insulation lined with 2 x 75mm Glasswool insulation batt, min 14kgm-3 density;

This lightweight system is rated at Rw+Ctr 53dB under laboratory conditions, which is 3dB higher than NCC "requirements". However, experience demonstrates that lesser lightweight stud wall systems can underperform in field conditions where designed to the absolute limit of Rw+Ctr 50dB only;

Our minimum recommended lightweight wall system (using total  $3 \times 13$ mm FR P/Board sheets per lineal metre) is considered a reliable construction when installed in field scenarios, and will ensure compliance in the finished building, where installed full height and appropriately sealed and detailed.

NB - Wall construction option TBC during Detailed Design;





#### 4.3.2 Separating Walls between Adjacent Apartments – Discontinuous Construction

Where walls directly separate adjacent apartment areas of a different type (e.g. habitable to wet area adjacency), the NCC applies the additional requirement of **discontinuous construction** – that is, any wall must meet or exceed Rw+Ctr 50 dB and have a clear 20mm cavity between adjacent two separate leaves, as a means to control impact generated sound.

In the case of the prospective options presented for Schematic Design:

- (i) For cavity masonry, the NCC requires that to comply with this criteria, resilient-type wall ties must be used;
- (ii) For in-situ (or Pre-cast) concrete panels, a separate leaf of either 64mm stud work (or 90mm brickwork), must be installed a clear 20mm air gap between concrete and stud frame of brick leaf, with no adjoining mechanical connection, except at periphery;
- (iii) For lightweight twin stud construction, the twin studs are already "discontinuous" by virtue of the 40mm (recommended) clear air gap between studs, hence would comply;

Detailed mark ups in Appendix B1.1 shows the applicable area(s) and notes.

#### 4.3.3 Separating Walls to Stairwells

Walls directly separating residential apartment from (external) public access corridors are subject to NCC minimum acoustic performance criteria of Rw50dB ONLY. The cavity masonry (or blockwork) construction shown at 250mm (90/70/90) is typically shown. This type of construction is anticipated to exceed the minimum rating of Rw 50dB, therefore fully complies with the minimum requirements.

Requirements are indicated in detailed mark-ups, presented in Appendix B.1.

#### 4.3.4 Separating Walls to Lift Shafts

Walls directly separating residential apartments 103, 203 and 302 from the lift shaft are subject to NCC minimum acoustic performance criteria of Rw50dB plus discontinuous criteria. The discontinuous systems are assumed to be heavyweight (i.e. masonry) construction for structural requirements, hence an additional separated wall leaf will be required to the apartment side. Using one of the options for discontinuous construction identified in 4.3.2 would be anticipated to exceed the minimum rating of Rw 50dB and incorporate discontinuous construction, therefore would fully comply with the NCC minimum requirements.

Requirements are indicated in detailed mark-ups, presented in Appendix B.1.

#### 4.3.5 Perimeter Perpendicular Junctions to Building Envelope Wall

All perpendicular party wall junctions to building envelope (external) walls must be sealed air tight with sufficient mass equivalent to abutting separating wall construction to avoid introduction of flanking sound transmission paths which would otherwise negate the airborne sound insulation performance of the installed party wall.

Detailing junction to ALL minimum rated wall junctions with building envelope/facade wall, for example where window sub-frame meets building aperture, MUST be addressed during construction to ensure adequate seal and control of flanking sound transmission. Specific detailing advice will be provided where appropriate during Detailed Design as design is developed.





#### 4.4 Separating Floor Construction – NCC Minimum Requirements

Clause FP5.1 Section F5 of the NCC requires that separating floor constructions be designed to provide resistance to both airborne and impact sound transmission between residential apartments.

#### 4.4.1 Airborne Sound Transmission

The minimum *NCC* airborne sound insulation performance of **Rw+Ctr 50 dB** is required to be achieved between vertically adjacent residential apartments.

With an in-situ or precast concrete floor the minimum mass of a 200mm thick concrete slab is considered a "Deemed-to-Satisfy" construction for airborne sound transmission, regardless of the floor covering applied or presence of suspended ceiling to the apartment beneath.

#### 4.4.2 Impact Sound Insulation

The minimum *NCC* impact sound isolation performance of **Ln,w 62dB** is required to be achieved between vertically adjacent residential apartments. Impact sound isolation describes the transfer of footfall, furniture movement and impact generated sound, and in multi-residential settings, impact sound isolation performance is directly linked to perception so quality and privacy.\

Integral to the achieved ratings and resultant amenity of impact sound isolation are floor coverings:

- Use of carpet on foam underlay, over a 200 mm thick structural slab provides exceptional degree of impact sound isolation performance, typically rated at ~45dB Ln,w, which is significantly below the NCC minimum;
- Modern aesthetics and market expectation may imply use of hard floor coverings (such as timber flooring, tiles and the like) where hard floor coverings are applied, the monolithic nature of a concrete mass floor slab equates to efficient transmission of impact noise, and additional treatments to the bare slab are required to achieve the minimum *NCC* impact sound isolation performance, (for compliance) and further improvements are often required to provide satisfactory amenity;

In order to demonstrate compliance, the onus is placed upon a design which can be shown to comply either by the application of a laboratory tested resilient damping layer(s) OR by verification by field performance tests which demonstrate a compliant solution.

Typically, two practical approaches are available to achieve effective impact isolation between separating floors. Using resilient matting allows partial isolation of the hard floor finish from the concrete slab, and incorporating an insulated suspended ceiling to the receiving apartment below reduces noise transmission due to sound interaction with an insulated cavity. Further isolation can be provided by resiliently mounting the suspended ceiling.

It should be noted that the *NCC* minimum impact rating requirement represents a relatively low level of performance, and the transmission of impact generated sound typically represents one of the major complaints in multi-residential buildings. Consequently, Sealhurst recommend that separating floor constructions be designed in excess of the *NCC* minimum, preferably using a combination of resilient matting and suspended plasterboard ceilings

The integration of floor finishes should be considered as early as possible in the project design development, to ensure the desired end-performance for impact sound isolation amenity is able to be achieved with the preferred underlying structure and architecture, and preferred interior finishes. Our experience over a number of years/projects demonstrates **impact sound performance** to be one of the fundamental yardsticks by which





prospective purchasers will ultimately judge the subjective impression of the "acoustics" of their purchased apartment.

Further, general (subjective) perception in finished buildings which have been specified to achieve the base NCC minimum compliance criteria, **Ln,w 62dB only** for impact sound isolation (e.g. footfall, furniture movement, impact generated sound) indicates this performance can be considered inadequate in terms of modern marketplace expectation of quality, thus presenting the risk of high likelihood of dissatisfied purchasers and subsequent complaint. Therefore in this project we recommend an impact rating performance target of ≤55dB Ln,w (exceeds NCC minima) to align with potential expectations of quality.

#### 4.5 Separating Floor/Ceiling Construction –

#### 4.5.1 Example Detailing & Ratings

The following Table is intended to demonstrate a range of soft and hard floor coverings, assuming a minimum 200mm thick reinforced concrete slab construction. The table ascribes ratings to idealised separating floor/ceiling construction build ups, that are able to meet the *NCC* minimum performance criteria and greater levels of isolation for impact sound insulation performance, as may be determined appropriate for the concrete slab/suspended ceiling combination(s) as the design develops

The table is intended to assist in providing a functional understanding for developers, architects and the like regarding the application of impact sound ratings, and demonstrate how the addition of suspended ceiling void(s), addition of void insulation and use of resilient matting or mountings can affect the base bare slab, by direct comparison between each system - all based upon a 200 to 257 mm thick slab.

The table provides notional Ln,w ratings, with subjective/practical description of what can be expected for a given rating:

Floor slab thickness	Suspended Ceiling	Insulated void	Floor Covering	Notional impact sound isolation rating, Ln,w (dB)	Subjective Description
200mm – 257mm	None	n/a	Bare Slab Ln,w 70dB		Ln,w 70dB included for illustration only, to add subjective context to the Ln,w dB ratings - Does not comply with NCC minimum performance;
200mm – 257mm	None	n/a	Carpet on foam underlay Ln,w <45dB		Excellent floor isolation "at source" due to soft floor covering; resultant transmission barely audible, even under heavy load;
200mm – 257mm	None	n/a	Tiles/Timber, no resilient matting	Ln,w 65dB	Ln,w 65dB does not comply with NCC minimum performance; subjectively, very poor footfall characteristics, high levels of intrusive noise from movement in the apartment above;
200mm – 257mm	None	n/a	Tiles/Timber, on standard (4mm thickness) resilient matting		Ln,w 60dB complies with NCC minimum performance, though resultant "amenity" in the apartment below would be characterised by very clear and intrusive footfall noise;  There is a risk of non-compliance (i.e. a result of >62dB LnT,w under field testing), due to varying/site tolerances etc;



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Floor slab thickness	Suspended Ceiling	Insulated void	Floor Covering	Notional impact sound isolation rating, Ln,w (dB)	Subjective Description
200mm – 257mm	Nominal 50 - 100mm depth void to 13mm flush plasterboard	No Insulation	Tiles/Timber, no resilient matting	Ln,w 59 - 62dB	Ratings of Ln,w 60 – 62dB can be achieved using suspended ceiling only, with no insulating void quilt, or resilient matting installed, however, there is risk of non-compliance in individual installations (i.e. a result of LnT,w 63dB under field test scenario), and resultant "amenity" in the apartment below would be characterised by a slightly dulled, but clearly audible and intrusive footfall noise, received in the unit below;
200mm – 257mm	Nominal 50 - 100mm depth void to 13mm flush plasterboard	50mm Insulation quilt, 11kgm-3 density	Tiles/Timber, no resilient matting	Ln,w 57 - 60dB	Ratings of Ln,w 57 – 60dB can be achieved using suspended ceiling with the addition of an insulation quilt, but with no resilient matting installed;  Not including the resilient matting does imply a risk of non-compliance in individual installations (i.e. a result of >LnT,w 62dB under field test scenario) - this risk is increased where solid AFS-type wall constructions form party walls without stud frame/linings - this is due to transmission of impact/footfall noise directly into the connected wall and down radiated into the apartment below;  Notwithstanding potential homogenous (i.e. AFS type) wall transfer issues, resultant "amenity" in the apartment below would be characterised by a dulled, audible footfall noise, noticeably less intrusive, as received in the unit below;
200mm – 257mm	Nominal 50 - 100mm depth void to 13mm flush plasterboard	50mm Insulation quilt, 11kgm-3 density	Tiles/Timber, on standard (4mm thickness) resilient matting	Ln,w 50 - 55dB	Ratings of Ln,w 50 – 55dB can be achieved using suspended ceiling with the addition of an insulation quilt, AND resilient matting installed;  The disconnection between floor covering and slab, in addition to the insulated suspended ceiling below the slab implies no risk of non-compliance, and high likelihood of satisfactory amenity in the finished building, characterised by significantly dulled, perhaps just audible footfall noise, hence greater degree of perceived privacy





Notwithstanding notional (idealised) system ratings, the key points from the table, and for the Schematic Design are that:

- (i) Targeting and achieving the NCC impact rating (62dB Ln,w) ONLY will likely produce subjectively very poor performance, despite NCC compliance;
- (ii) The lower the Ln,w rating value, the better noise amenity/perception of quality/privacy in the receiving apartment below;
- (iii) Impact sound isolation performance is not necessarily influenced by the depth of the concrete slab;
- (iv) Impact sound isolation performance is strongly influenced by the inclusion of resilient layers (matting below tiles/screed, or hanging points for suspended ceilings below slab);
- (v) Regards resilient hanging points (mounts), these may be used where installation of resilient matting is not preferred that is, where installation of moisture barrier or other installation issues cause construction programming conflict/lack of efficiency, with the installation of a resilient matting an important note must be made that the isolation performance of resilient mounts are largely negated when installed with an in-situ (e.g. AFS) type wall system without internal room wall lining/cladding;
- (vi) In the case where in-situ (e.g. AFS) type party walls (unlined) are preferred, and standard resilient matting is not preferred, alternative then is to use resilient matting beneath the screed, to avoid potential construction programming conflict;
- (vii) Overall impact sound isolation rating may be further improved by 1– 3 dB, by the inclusion of an insulating quilt (notionally 50 mm thick, 11 kg/m³ density) laid in the suspended ceiling void;

A few performance principles for the assumed 200 – 257 mm thick concrete slab build-ups rated above –

- Better Ln,w dB ratings can be achieved using 150 mm thick slab and isolation mounted suspended ceilings, than a 3c/257mm thick without resilient mounts.
- Skim coat u/side of exposed concrete ceiling with hard floor surface above, using standard resilient matting, in our opinion does not create a suitable end-product acoustic;
- Where skim coat u/side of exposed concrete ceiling with hard floor surface above is the project preference, a higher performance resilient matting (e.g. Regupol Sound 17, dimpled, 9mm thickness) in conjunction with an isolated topping screed (~60mm) should be considered from the outset;

#### And,

- Where timber floor finish is proposed, recommend equivalent treatment; where isolated/floated screed is not preferred, 12-13mm engineered timber flooring, on standard resilient matting (e.g. 4mm thickness), and incorporating a suspended ceiling w/50mm thick 11kgm-3 insulation quilt in the formed void below the slab, is recommended.

#### 4.5.2 Schematic Design – Prelim Minimum Recommendations for Separating Floor/Ceiling Construction

Our minimum recommendations to install appropriate (compliant) treatment(s) under soft and hard floor coverings are as follows:

#### SOFT FLOOR COVERINGS

Apartments which are finished with a soft floor covering such as carpet on a foam underlay over a minimum 200mm thick reinforced concrete slab meets the "Deemed-To-Satisfy" provision for impact sound, and can be expected to significantly exceed the NCC minimum impact sound insulation performance requirement of  $\mathbf{Ln,w} \leq \mathbf{62 \ dB}$ , by virtue of the isolation of impact generated sound at source.





#### HARD FLOOR COVERINGS

Our standard minimum recommended design solution where concrete slab floors have hard floor finish and suspended ceiling below is to install a resilient damping layer in all areas with a hard (i.e. timber or tiles) floor covering, in addition to a suspended plasterboard ceiling with insulated ceiling cavity layer below.

A recommended resilient damping layer product is DAMTEC Estra® at 4mm thickness (or equivalent performing) beneath the screed layer of the tiled floor finish and detailed at floor edges and perimeter junctions as per manufacturer's installation instructions:

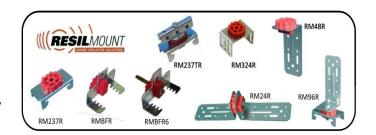


The product has been laboratory tested to provide an increase in impact sound insulation performance of  $\Delta 19dB$ Lw when used in conjunction with a standard bare concrete floor7.

#### Alternative Installation for Tiled Floor Areas

Alternative solutions to meet the minimum NCC performance exist where resilient matting is not preferred for construction, installation or other nonacoustic factors;

An example of an alternative proprietary system would be resilient hangers systems can be incorporated below the slab to suspended ceilings below to partially isolate impact sound transmission, in conjunction with an insulated ceiling void space.



It must be noted that resilient mount systems are not suitable in all circumstances and are particularly limited when isolating vertically adjacent apartments with concrete slab floors, which also have integrally connected concrete perimeter walls, such as found in in-situ (e.g. AFS) concrete/in-situ concrete construction systems. In these circumstances, impact sound travels down the concrete walls and is radiated as impact sound from walls, UNLESS walls are also appropriately lined with either resiliently mounted or discontinuous plasterboard linings, or insulated cavity linings.

In all instances, systems are designed to meet the NCC minimum criteria, which must be acknowledged as the national design target, below which compliance is not achieved. A number of systems exist which can significantly increase impact sound isolation, to lower (more stringent) targets, such as those used by hoteliers, and in luxury homes. Such systems are likely to be engineered and make use of one or more resilient floor /ceiling products, in conjunction with concrete floor slab and insulated ceiling voids below.

<sup>7</sup> Standard bare concrete floor is defined as 140mm depth, as prescribed in ISO 140:8 Acoustics - Measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements - Part 8: Laboratory measurements of the reduction of transmitted impact noise by floor coverings on a heavyweight standard floor.





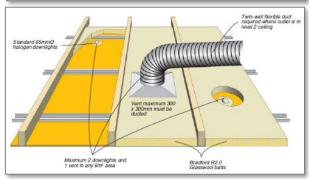
#### 4.5.4 Installation of Downlights and Services in Acoustically Rated Bulkhead Floor/Ceilings

Where plasterboard ceilings are used over wet areas there are typically mechanical exhaust systems, hydraulic pipework and lighting installed above which must be treated appropriately to retain the acoustic performance of the ceiling layer for noise from the apartment unit above, and from resisting sound from the exhaust system and hydraulic pipework systems.

The installation diagrams are an extract from the CSR Redbook and show ideal construction arrangements whereby insulation is cut away around down lights, to a maximum number of 4 lights per 6m<sup>2</sup> of plasterboard ceiling area to avoid reducing the effectiveness of the plasterboard layer as an acoustic barrier.

For toilet exhaust fan (TEF) terminals, grilles are shown as having a maximum dimension of 300mm x 300mm.

# Standard 65mmQ hakgen downlights Glasswoot batts Afteringm 4 downlights in any 6m area an



#### 4.5.5 Coordination with Building Services in Ceiling Voids

Wet area services (e.g. hydraulic and mechanical building services) are also typically installed above or suspended below wet areas, concealed behind suspended plasterboard ceilings. Whilst the addition of a suspended plasterboard ceiling improves both airborne and impact sound, additional treatment will be required for services concealment.

Within concealed services voids over wet areas, a 50mm insulation quilt must be installed, laid loose over the plasterboard layer as per minimum services concealment requirements (Rw+Ctr 25dB) presented in Section 4.1.

#### 4.5.6 Balconies over External Terraces/Balconies

The *NCC* performance standards regarding impact sound insulation between apartment spaces applies to **internal** living spaces only and as such, balconies that are directly above terraces/balconies below are not subject to the same airborne and impact sound insulation performance requirements (or any other rigidly defined codes).

A resilient layer may be applied to outdoor balcony areas, at the discretion of the developer, in order to decrease flanking transmission of structure-borne noise which may occur when occupants use the balcony space. The developer may also wish to consider the application of rubber 'feet' on balcony furniture legs as a mechanism to reduce noise from furniture scraping.

Balconies located over internal apartment areas must be treated to achieve the minimum impact sound insulation performance as discussed in Section 4.5.





#### 4.6 Additional Minimum Construction Requirements

#### 4.6.1 Entry Door Sets

All entry door sets to guest rooms from entry lobbies must be capable of achieving  $R_w30dB$  or greater. This performance can typically be achieved through use of a solid core door, minimum thickness 40mm or greater, hung in a well-fitted door frame and incorporating effective compressible seals at both jambs and at the head of the frame. Brush seals can also be used at the threshold, providing the obstruction to airflow does not circumvent any relief air mechanism, which may be required as part of any mechanical ventilation strategy.

Sealhurst recommend the installation of soft close mechanisms and neoprene pads where apartment entry doors meet door frames to minimise the introduction of intrusive structure-borne noise from the closing or slamming of entry doors being propagated throughout the building.

#### 4.6.2 Notes Regarding Soft Close Mechanisms to Kitchen Fixed Furniture

In addition to the inclusion of a secondary wall leaf (discontinuous construction) between adjacent kitchen spaces, Sealhurst further **recommend** all fixed furniture components such as kitchen tops, cupboards and drawers be fitted using isolating rubber grommet type fixings where structural connection with the wall is apparent, to further isolate transmission of impact sound from worktops into the surrounding structure. All closing cupboards and drawers should be fitted with soft-close mechanisms.

NB – isolating rubber grommet type fixings and soft close mechanisms are **recommended** in all kitchen joinery applications across the development. Benefits include reduced structural noise transmission from cupboard door slams, resulting in an improved sense of privacy, coupled with an increase in the subjective perception of quality within apartment units.

Floor standing whitegoods such as refrigerators and dishwashers should also incorporate an isolation treatment. Fitting rubber castor cups underneath the feet of these items will reduce the direct transmission of noise and vibration into the floor.

#### 4.6.3 Balconies over External Terraces/Balconies

A resilient layer may be applied to outdoor balcony areas, at the discretion of the developer, in order to decrease flanking transmission of structure-borne noise which may occur when occupants use the balcony space. The developer may also wish to consider the application of rubber 'feet' on balcony furniture legs as a mechanism to reduce noise from furniture scraping.





#### 4.7 NCC Minimum Requirements for Building Services

#### 4.7.1 Overview of Requirements

In addition to separating walls and floors, the *NCC* requires shared building services to be acoustically separated from adjacent residential apartment spaces to a performance deemed adequate to meet the minimum NCC criteria, by the provision acoustic "Rw+Ctr" ratings for the concealment of pipe work, service ducts and the like.

The following section advises on applicable criteria and minimum provisions to meet NCC requirements – it is envisaged the project will be assessed at completion of detailed design stage, prior to application for Building Permit at the appropriate time.

#### 4.7.2 Applicable Criteria

The table below refers the prescription of *Section F5* of the *NCC* regarding minimum airborne sound insulation parameters for building services noise isolation. The criteria relate to acoustic performance for concealed service duct walls (e.g. risers, suspended ceilings and the like) which separate shared building services from individual guest room spaces.

The performance criteria are designed to ensure a minimum level of acoustic amenity is provided for building occupants - minimum acoustic performance(s) for concealed services can be summarised as follows:

Performance Requirement	Applicable To	Mark Up Annotation
$R_w + C_{tr}$ of not less than 40dB between habitable rooms and soil, waste and water supply pipes serving more than one dwelling	Service duct walls passing habitable areas	
$R_w + C_{tr}$ of not less than 25dB between non-habitable rooms and soil, waste and water supply pipes serving more than one dwelling	Service duct walls passing wet areas	

The acoustic performances of such service duct walls and their required constructions can be interpreted as follows, when applied to ceiling voids containing SHARED services:

Clause F5.6 (a) (i):

Where plant/ducting/pipes servicing a single unit located above a floor slab, are hung below the slab and separated from the unit below the slab by a suspended ceiling system AND the space below the slab is separating an upstairs space from a downstairs **habitable** room (i.e. living room, bedroom and the like), the concealment mechanism must achieve  $R_w + C_t$  40dB or greater.

The minimum performance(s) are also required for shared downpipes and drainage stacks located in cavities or dedicated building services risers which pass adjacent to **habitable** spaces; And,

Clause F5.6 (a) (ii):

Where ducts/pipes servicing a single unit above a floor slab, are hung below the slab and separated from the unit below the slab by a suspended ceiling system AND the space below the slab is considered a **non-habitable room** (i.e. kitchen, bathroom, laundry, WC and the like), the suspended layer must achieve the lesser performance of  $R_w+C_t$  25dB or above.

The minimum performance(s) are required for shared downpipes and drainage stacks located in cavities or dedicated building services risers which pass **non-habitable** spaces (e.g. wet areas).





#### 4.1 Building Services Duct Walls - Rated Minimum Constructions in Residential Areas

Hydraulic and mechanical services layouts will often show the intention for reticulated pipe and ductwork to be arranged behind concealed layers and routed to vertical services ducts throughout the building. From an acoustic compliance perspective, the concealing element/duct wall must meet the performances/treatments prescribed in the referenced *NCC* Clauses *Clause F5.6* (a) (i) and *Clause F5.6* (a) (ii).

The following table(s) present minimum rated services concealment constructions to meet the minimum standard – the table has been updated to reflect use of rated "laminated pipe wall" hydraulic pipework, (shown green) and the applications of suitable pipe wrapping, and combinations thereof which are able to practically achieve the NCC services requirements, and hence can be shown to comply;

#### 4.1.1 Services Concealed in Vertical Ducts

Application	Specification	Schematic	Est. Rating (R <sub>w</sub> +C <sub>tr</sub> )	NCC Compliant
Concealment of shared services riser/duct wall, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed next to an adjoining apartment's <b>HABITABLE AREAS</b> (living rooms, bedrooms, etc)	Unlagged Standard PVC Pipe, mounted on rubber isolation pipe clips behind 2 x 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Waste Pipe	40dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services riser/duct wall, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed next to an adjoining apartment's HABITABLE AREAS (living rooms, bedrooms, etc)	Laminated wall (rated) pipe, wrapped with Pyrotek Soundlag 4525C or equivalent performing pipe lagging material, mounted on anti-vibration pipe clips behind 1 x 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Weste Pipe	43dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed next to an adjoining apartment's <b>HABITABLE AREAS</b> (living rooms, bedrooms, etc)	Alternative masonry solution - Unlagged Standard PVC Pipe, mounted on rubber isolation pipe clips behind 1 x 90mm brickwork leaf with render/plaster set over	100mm Waste Pipe	40dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed next to an adjoining apartment's <b>HABITABLE AREAS</b> (living rooms, bedrooms, etc)	Upgraded masonry solution - Standard PVC Pipe, wrapped with Pyrotek Soundlag 4525C or equivalent performing pipe lagging material, mounted on rubber isolation pipe clips behind 1 x 90mm brickwork leaf with render/plaster set over	100mm Waste Pipe	>45dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services riser/duct wall, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed next to an adjoining apartment's NON-HABITABLE AREAS (wet areas etc)	Standard PVC pipe lagged with Soundlag 4525C or equivalent performing pipe lagging material, mounted on anti-vibration pipe clips behind 1 x 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Waste Pipe	25dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services riser/duct wall, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed next to an adjoining apartment's NON-HABITABLE AREAS (wet areas etc)	Laminated wall (rated) pipe, mounted on anti-vibration pipe clips behind 1 x 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Waste Pipe	25dB	COMPLIES







#### 4.1.2 Services Concealed in Horizontal (Ceiling Space) Ducts

Application	Specification	Schematic	Est. Rating (Rw+Ctr)	NCC Compliant
Concealment of shared services, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed over an adjoining apartment's HABITABLE AREAS (living rooms, bedrooms etc)  *Typically over habitable area ceiling spaces*	Standard PVC pipe lagged with Soundlag 4525C or equivalent performing pipe lagging material, mounted on rubber isolation pipe clips behind 2 x 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Waste Pipe	43dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed over an adjoining apartment's HABITABLE AREAS (living rooms, bedrooms etc)  *Typically over habitable area ceiling spaces*	Laminated wall (rated) pipe, wrapped with Pyrotek Soundlag 4525C or equivalent performing pipe lagging material, mounted on anti-vibration pipe clips behind 1 x 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Waste Pipe	43dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed over an adjoining apartment's NON-HABITABLE AREAS (bathrooms, laundry, WC etc)  *Typically over wet area ceiling spaces*	Standard PVC pipe lagged with Soundlag 4525C or equivalent performing pipe lagging material, mounted on rubber isolation pipe clips behind 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Weste Pipe	25dB	COMPLIES
Concealment of shared services, or services to/from an adjacent apartment which are routed over an adjoining apartment's NON-HABITABLE AREAS (bathrooms, laundry, WC etc)  *Typically over wet area ceiling spaces*	Laminated wall (rated) pipe, mounted on rubber isolation pipe clips behind 13mm plasterboard sheet, with 50mm cavity insulation (min density 11kgm <sup>-3</sup> )	100mm Waste Pipe	25dB	COMPLIES

Coordination of minimum concealed services ducts/suspended ceilings is critical in achieving compliance with the minimum requirements of the NCC.





#### 4.2 Ancillary Construction Requirements for Concealed Services Duct Walls

#### 4.2.1 All Services

The *NCC* makes provision of additional criteria specific to the placement and function of mechanical building services. Specification F5.2 makes the following *'Deemed-To-Satisfy'* provisions under Clause 2:

#### 2. Construction deemed to satisfy

- (e) Services
- (i) Services must not be chased into concrete or masonry elements
- (ii) A door or access panel required to have a certain Rw+Ctr that provides access to a duct, pipe or other service must
  - (A) not open into any **habitable** room (other than a kitchen); and (B) be firmly fixed such that the rebate or frame is overlapped by the access panel by not less than 10mm, be fitted with a sealing gasket along all edges and be constructed of-
    - (aa) wood, particleboard or block board >33mm thick
    - (bb) compressed fibre reinforced cement sheeting >9mm thick
    - (cc) Other suitable material with mass per unit area >24.4 kgm-2
- (iii) A water supply pipe must -
  - (A) Only be installed in the cavity of a discontinuous construction; and
  - (B) In the case of a pipe that serves only one sole-occupancy unit, not be fixed to the wall leaf on the side adjoining any other sole-occupancy unit, and have a clearance of at least 10mm to the other leaf
- (iv) Electrical outlets must be offset from each other -
  - (A) In masonry walling, not less than 100mm; and
  - (B) In timber or steel framed walling, not less than 300mm





#### 4.3 Mechanical Building Services Noise Control

#### 4.3.1 Residential AC System FCUs

Mechanical services systems generating internal noise in this project is limited to internal apartment Air Conditioning (AC) FCUs only. We understand the proposed AC system' exact models have yet to be selected. Based upon our experience with typical residential units, we anticipate the internally generated noise levels from internal FCUs will be within the acceptable criteria under *AS2107:2016*.

NB – the internal FCU is as distinct from the external condenser unit (CU) component of the split system - specific advice re: sound power level limits are specified to ensure all residential AC system(s) meet environmental noise emissions *Regulations* limits, as required under Sound Attenuation Objectives' noise emissions criteria;

In addition to internal noise levels, the external Condenser Unit connected to the internal FCU unit must also comply with *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997* limits at the nearest noise sensitive receiver - see Section 3.

#### 4.3.2 Toilet and General Exhaust Fans

Noise from the operation of the bin store exhaust system, inclusive of fan, ducting, duct routing, and discharge point(s) must be designed so as not to impact the internal noise amenity of residents.

In addition to internal noise levels, any General Exhaust Fans (GEF) must also comply with *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997* limits at the nearest noise sensitive receiver *- see Section* 3.

#### 4.3.3 Residential Components - Anti-Vibration Mountings

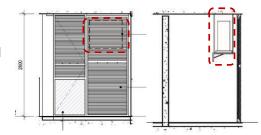
For the avoidance of doubt, where any residential CU, TEF, EVAP unit or other piece of reciprocating building plant equipment is mounted to the primary structure - that is on individual balcony Store room floor/wall mounts, roof level located CU banks, or framed stand areas on any future roof plant deck enclosure(s), each equipment item is to be isolated from structure using either:

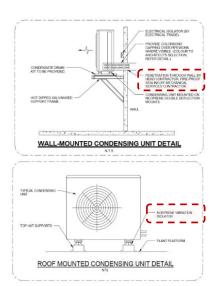
- (i) Mounted on anti-vibration mounts;
- (ii) Isolation hangers;
- (iii) Using neoprene double deflection footing mountings, as per schematic detail (right).

Where internal FCU units are anticipated to be fixed directly to the underside of the concrete slab above in ducted systems, or mounted on steel frame trusses, FCUs must be installed to include a neoprene or rubber anti vibration mount hanging mechanism to avoid direct transmission of fan operating motion into the structure.

It is essential these or equivalent anti vibration mounting system(s) such as those nominated by the manufacurer of the AC units, are installed and checked on site during the construction phase.

Failure to install anti vibration or isolation mountings will introduce structural vibration into primary structure, and/or roof frame and sheeting and any connected structural elements. Loose laid waffle pad is not sufficient.









#### 4.4 Hydraulic Building Services Noise Control

#### 4.4.1 Hydraulic Services Treatments

For the purposes of this report, "hydraulic services" refers to all piping installations relating to sewerage, storm water, hot and cold water supply and gas; "hydraulic services noise treatments" refers to "hydraulic services" which are reticulated in services ducts adjacent to apartments.

#### 4.4.2 Use of Pipe Wrapping

For the avoidance of doubt, ALL standard PVC hydraulic pipe work (inclusive of down pipes, storm water pipes, hot and cold water supply pipes, drainage and foul waste pipes) reticulated within services ducts/risers/concealed ceiling voids adjacent to apartments is to be wrapped in a suitable loaded vinyl or mineral wool pipe wrapping.

#### 4.4.3 Use of Acoustically Rated Hydraulic Pipework

The option to use an alternative to standard PVC hydraulic pipe work and associated NCC-compliant services details is presented as a potential cost-efficient addition to the hydraulic design – See Tables in Section 4.1.1 (vertical ducts) and 4.1.2 (Horizontal (ceiling) ducts) for reference.

REHAU RAUPIANO PLUS<sup>TM</sup>, VALSIR and similar systems utilise a laminate pipe wall construction to provide an integrally sound-insulated system of abrasion-resistant and smoothed processed polymer inner layer (1); a highly rigid middle layer made from mineral reinforced processed polymer (2) and an impact–resistant/shock-proof external skin.

The system has been well-established in Europe since 1996, undergoing testing to German (DIN 4109), and UK acoustic standards, and has been recently tested and verified against local Australian Standards in a practical laboratory test set up in the National Acoustics Laboratory (NAL).

Test results (using plasterboard duct walls) have shown equivalent or better noise insulation results when compared to a standard PVC pipe wrapped in pipe

wrapping product when installed behind a concealed services duct wall WITH an insulation quilt in the cavity space.

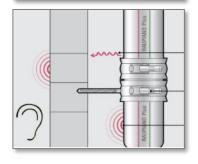
The product offers potential cost efficiencies per lineal metre over standard PVC pipe plus lagging, therfore as a coordinated cost-benefit Sealhurst can recommend the use of the REHAU RAUPIANO PLUS™ acoustically rated pipe system work in place of lagged PVC pipe work, as a minor cost benefit should the project wish to pursue this strategy, on the proviso that services ducts carry insulation quilt laid in the void space, as per our standard minmum details presented in Section 4.1.1 and 4.1.2.

#### 4.4.4 Anti-Vibration Pipe Clips

All pipes should be secured in cavities, voids or service risers using resilient pipe clip connections which incorporate an isolating rubber or neoprene collar, to avoid introducing pipeborne noise into the surrounding structural elements.

Pipe clips should be installed OVER pipe wrapping where installed, and not overtightened so as to reduce/remove the isolation effect of the rubber inserts.











#### 4.4.5 Penetrations into Services Ducts/Riser Walls

All penetrations into services duct risers, plant room walls or any other acoustically rated wall to allow pipe reticulation must be acoustically sealed so as not to introduce degradation to the rated wall acoustic performance. Minimum sealing detail requirements are to pack any gap/void around pipe/duct with fibreglass insulation batt off cuts and then seal with a 10mm dense mastic bead.

Where larger gaps are present, gaps can be filled with 2 x 13mm plasterboard sections cut to fit, and then packed with fibreglass insulation off-cuts and sealed a with a 10mm dense mastic bead.

NB - Expanding foam MUST NOT be used to seal gaps/voids in acoustically rated riser/duct walls, as this can be severely detrimental to the separation performance (R<sub>w</sub>) of the wall.

#### 4.4.6 Sound Isolation of Pumps

Section F5.7 of the NCC states:

"A flexible coupling must be used at the point of connection between the service pipes in a building and any other circulating or other pump".

Therefore all pipe runs connected to hydraulic circulation pumps or similar plant equipment must be connected via flexible couplings to avoid the introduction of structure borne noise through rigid connections.

Sealhurst recommend the following note be appended to the GENERAL NOTES section on all services Hydraulic Services layout drawings for completeness:

- (i) It is the responsibility of the Hydraulics Consultant to make provision for flexible couplings to all pumps
- (ii) It is the responsibility of the Hydraulics Contractor to install all flexible couplings in accordance with the Specification.

#### 4.4.7 Emergency Fire Pump – Maintenance Operations

Under emergency operation, Fire pump plant noise emissions are exempt from any *Regulatory* requirements. However, Fire pump plant is subject to mandatory routine maintenance operations under AS 1851, which is considered as a regular noise emission source, requiring some degree of noise attenuation.

Where fire pump equipment is left untreated, the combination of diesel pumps, combustion engine exhaust muffler and water flow noise through piping and valve systems can generate significant levels of noise (> 100dB(A)) potentially causing significant disturbance to residents during testing, and to nearby off-site noise-sensitive receivers.



The fire pump room is currently shown located at Basement Level in the northwest corner of the building footprint – pending mechanical ventilation strategy, pump room doors and/or walls may require ventilation louvers to allow air flow for diesel engine operation which act as noise leak points.





#### 4.4.8 Recommended Fire Pump Noise Containment Strategy

In terms of consideration for "noise" containment, advice for bounding construction and overall strategy is provided below:

Considering the various noise emission paths and cumulative treatment costs, our recommended strategy for Fire Pump plant test noise control is to apply purpose-built Enviropac plant enclosure system.

The Enviropac enclosure (estimated cost to install ~\$15,000 anecdotally from previous projects) reduces in-room noise levels during testing from >100dB(A) to 78dB(A), significantly reducing noise controls for mechanical ventilation air path noise control requirements, and largely removing OH&S requirement for hearing protection and mandatory signage.

Vibration Isolation Mounts - All fire pump plant equipment and connected pipe and ductwork are to be mounted in anti-vibration isolation mounts; Primary plant skid mounts are to be load-rated to the static and dynamic load requirements of the plant, TBC;

Secondary controls can be applied to the Fire Pump room internal surfaces in the form of acoustically absorptive wall and ceiling surface treatments, though would be much less effective at reducing noise levels – typical maximum in-room noise reduction from 100% absorptive treatment to all surfaces (except flooring) would be of the order of 4dB(A) only, hence \$ cost-per dB reduction when factoring in materials and labour is maximised using the Enviropac system.

To further minimise the risk of potential noise nuisance during maintenance testing, each test should be scheduled to occur during weekdays, preferably in the mid-afternoon period, when generated noise is likely to be effectively masked by the presence of external local noise.

Fire Pump Room doorsets, application of "Enviropac" residential specification for muffler and jacket, and mechanical supply and exhaust air paths to/from atmosphere TBC as these details become known.





#### 4.5 Electrical Building Services Noise Control

The following notes are of significance to the acoustic design, to be coordinated with the Electrical design consultant and installation Contractor:

#### 4.5.1 Location of Back-to-Back Sockets in Acoustically Rated Walls

Typical apartment layouts are shown - where apartment types are back-to-back, the following clauses apply:

"Electrical outlets must be offset from each other -

- (A) in masonry walling, not less than 100mm; and
- (B) in timber or steel framed walling, not less than 300mm."

Offset can be vertical or horizontal.

#### 4.5.2 Electrical Services Penetrations

All electrical services penetrations into services duct risers, plant room walls or any other acoustically rated wall to allow electrical cable reticulation (including cable trays) must be acoustically sealed. Minimum sealing detail requirements are to pack any gap/void around cable/cable tray penetration with fibreglass insulation batt off cuts and then seal with a 10mm dense mastic bead.

Where larger spaces are present, the open penetration area can be filled with 2 x 13mm plasterboard sections cut to fit, and then packed with fibreglass insulation off-cuts and sealed a with a 10mm dense mastic bead.

NB - Expanding foam MUST NOT be used to seal gaps/voids in acoustically rated walls, as this can be severely detrimental to the separation performance (R<sub>w</sub>) of the wall.



#### A. SCHEDULES OF INFORMATION

#### A.1 Architectural Drawings

The following Architectural design drawings have been provided by Matthews & Scavalli Architects and have been used for our assessment – acoustic design compliance and advice is based upon the information contained within these drawings:

DWG. REF	TITLE	DATE	REV	ISSUE STATUS
A2.00	BASEMENT PLAN	10.08.20	А	DRAFT DA
A2.01	GROUND FLOOR PLAN	10.08.20	А	DRAFT DA
A2.02	LEVEL 01 PLAN	10.08.20	Α	DRAFT DA
A2.03	LEVEL 02 PLAN	10.08.20	Α	DRAFT DA
A2.04	LEVEL 03 PLAN	10.08.20	А	DRAFT DA
A2.05	ROOF PLAN	10.08.20	Α	DRAFT DA



B ARCHITECTURAL MARK UPS



#### B. ARCHITECTURAL MARK UPS

B.1 NCC Compliance - Minimum Wall Requirements





#### C. CALCULATION OF NOISE EMISSIONS LIMITS

An Assigned Noise Level is calculated for each noise sensitive receiver using a combination of environmental factors local to the receiver. A standard set of ANL's exist to provide a base level of acoustic amenity, as shown in the Table below. These levels are modified by an Influencing Factor (IF) to reflect noise sensitivity in the specific environment relative to the subject development.

To calculate the additional Influencing Factor (IF), concentric circles are drawn around the nearest noise-sensitive reception point; one at 450m radius and one at 100m radius. Percentages are calculated for the amount of land area within the circles used for noise emitting purposes (e.g. industrial or commercial uses) which are compared to the total area encompassed by the concentric circles.

Traffic volume is taken into account in order to reach an acceptable ANL, or noise reception level, appropriate for the area in which the receiver is to be situated.

Part of Premises	Time of Day	Assigned Level (dB)			
Receiving Noise	Time of Day	L <sub>A10</sub>	L <sub>A1</sub>	L <sub>Amax</sub>	
	0700 to 1900 hours Monday to Saturday	45 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	65 + influencing factor	
Noise sensitive premises at locations	0900 to 1900 hours Sundays and public holidays	40 + influencing factor	50 + influencing factor	65 + influencing factor	
within 15m of a building directly associated with a noise sensitive use	1900 to 2200 hours all days	40 + influencing factor	50 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	
	2200 hours on any day to 0700 hours Monday to Saturday and 0900 hours Sunday and public holidays	35 + influencing factor	45 + influencing factor	55 + influencing factor	
Noise sensitive premises at locations further than 15m of a building directly associated with a noise sensitive use	All hours	60	75	80	
Commercial premises	All hours	60	75	80	
Industrial and Utility premises	All hours	65	80	90	





#### Calculation of Influencing Factor (IF)

The Influencing Factor (IF) is calculated using the following equation:

#### Influencing Factor (IF) = I + C + TF

#### Where;

 $I = (\% \text{ of industrial land usage within } 100 \text{m} + \% \text{industrial land usage within } 450 \text{m}) \times 1 / 10$ 

 $C = (\% \text{ of commercial land usage within } 100\text{m} + \% \text{commercial land usage within } 450\text{m}) \times 1 / 20$ 

TF = +6 if there is a major road within 100m of the development

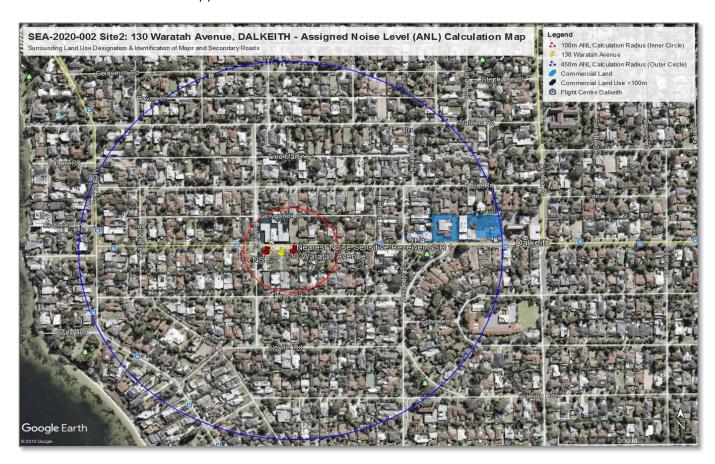
- +2 if there is a major road within 450 m of the development
- + 2 if there is a secondary road within 100m of the development

The maximum value the transport factor (TF) can reach is 6;

A major road is defined as having Annual Average Weekday Traffic (AAWT) flows in excess of 15,000 vehicle movements per day. A secondary road is defined as having Annual Average Weekday Traffic (AAWT) flows in excess of 6,000 vehicle movements per day.

#### Identification of Land Use

The image below presents review and classification of surrounding Commercial (C) and Industrial (I) land use in the inner and outer radii in the vicinity of the site and nearest NSR. ANL limits were calculated on the basis of 14% Commercial (C) Land Use in the Inner Circle and 2% in the surrounding Outer Circle calculation radius only. The calculated ANL limits are applicable to all noise emissions:







#### ASSIGNED NOISE LEVEL LIMITS - SUMMARY CALCULATION TABLE

Land Use Type & IF Calculation					
Industrial					"I"
% Area in Inner Circle	0%				
% Area in Outer Circle	0%				0.0
Commercial					"C"
% Area in Inner Circle	20%				
% Area in Outer Circle	1%				+0.76
Roads	Location	Estimated vehicle Movements per day	Classification	Result	"TF"
Not Applicable					0
		<b>1</b>			
INFLUENCING FACTOR					+0.76

The resultant IF therefore equals 1, determining the applicable Assigned Noise Level limits at the NSR.

#### C.1 ORWAK FLEX 4360 Waste Compactor Product Technical Data



# ORWAK FLEX 4360

City of Nedlands
Received



#### **COMPACT GENERAL WASTE IN 360 L BINS IN OUR**

#### **NEW WASTE COMPACTOR FLEX 4360!**

It is a robust and reliable machine with a compact and lightweight design. The 4360 is easy, safe and convenient to use! The multiple-chamber unit offers a toploading setup, while the single-chamber version is based on the principle "Roll in! Compact! Roll out!".



# Safety



## **Orwak benefits**

#### **MORE PRODUCTIVE USE OF TIME**

Less time spent on waste handling, more time for your core activities!

#### **MORE SPACE & ORDER**

Our balers rapidly minimizes the space the waste takes up, keeping aisles free and tidy.

#### LESS COSTS, MORE VALUE

More compaction = less waste volume to transport. Fewer transports required results in lower transportation costs and reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Sorting at source yields a higher quality of waste material for recycling.



# Why Orwak Flex?

- + Versatile compaction for many different application areas
- + Hygienic and safe compaction and disposal of mixed or hazardous waste
- + Special solutions for special needs





# Smart in-bin compaction solution

### **ORWAK FLEX 4360 IS OPTIMIZED FOR:**

#### **SEMI-DRY WASTE**

+ General waste

Best suited for dry or semi-dry waste destined for landfill or incineration

ORWAK FLEX 4360 is an in-bin waste compactor for standard two-wheeled 360 L

#### **IDEAL FOR GENERAL WASTE**

The 4360 is perfect for the hotel and restaurant sector, where general waste needs to be disposed of in waste bins. The in-bin compactor provides impressive volume reduction, contributing to valuable space-saving and a more profitable waste management.

#### **SAFE AND USER-FRIENDLY**

Model 4360 is user-friendly! The multichamber version is a convenient top-loading installation, while the single-chamber version has an easy wheel-in, wheel-out operation. Safety and quality are our hallmarks and the compactor provides maximum personal safety both for the operator and those in the immediate vicinity. A bin indicator assures that the machine can only start, when the bin is in the right position.



Designed to fit the standard 360 Liter bins in the market.

#### **SMART DESIGN - EASILY EXTENDABLE**

The 4360 is a robust and stable machine that, thanks to its compact design, occupies little floor space. A good finish and easy access make cleaning quick and simple.

The compactor is easily extended with additional chambers. The front door on the single-chamber unit is then replaced by an apron for effortless movement of the press head from one chamber to the next.





Full protection and no access to moving parts: safety switches on the hatch and the front door/apron



The single-chamber unit with swing door

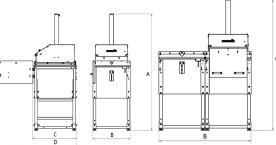


The multiple-chamber unit equipped with an apron with two handles

## **DIMENSIONS** & SPECIFICATIONS

DIMENSIONS ORWAR FLEX 4360						
A	В	c	D	TRANSPORT HEIGHT		
Single: 2275 mm	Single: 950 mm	Single: 980 mm	Single: 1790 mm	Single: 2100 mm		
Double: 2275 mm	Double: 1900 mm	Double: 1060 mm		Double: 2100 mm		
MACHINE WEIGH	т					

	Single: 2275 mm	Single: 950 mm	Single: 980 mm	Single: 1790 mm	Single: 2100 mm	
	Double: 2275 mm	Double: 1900 mm	Double: 1060 mm		Double: 2100 mm	
Ī						
L	MACHINE WEIGH	т				
	TOTAL WEIGHT	PRESS UNIT	SINGLE STAND			
	Single: 240 kg	120 kg	120 kg			
	Double: 360 kg					
ı		NINI O A WI O NIO				
	TECHNICAL SPEC	THICATIONS				



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS						
BIN SIZE	CYCLETIME	PRESS FORCE	NOISE LEVEL	PROTECTION CLASS	OPERATING POWER	
360 L	29 secs	1.5 ton, 15 kN	62.3 db (A)	IP 55	1x230 V, 50 Hz, 10 A	

We reserve the right to make changes to specifications without prior notice. Bale/bag/bin weights are dependent upon material type.



**ACOUSTIC GLOSSARY** 



#### D. ACOUSTIC GLOSSARY

#### **Acoustic Measurement Parameter Definitions**

#### dB

Decibel: a logarithmic scale applied to acoustic units such as sound pressure and sound power. Decibels are always the ratio between two numbers. Sound Pressure in Pascals becomes "Sound Pressure Level re 2x10<sup>-5</sup>Pa" in decibels. Sound Power in watts becomes "Sound Power Level re 10<sup>-12</sup>W" in decibels. It is also used for sound reduction or sound insulation and is the ratio of the amount of sound energy incident upon a partition and the proportion of that energy which passes through the partition. The result is stated as a "decibel reduction".

#### dB(A)

A-weighting: This is an electronic filter which attenuates sound levels at some frequencies relative to the sound levels at other frequencies. The weighting is designed to produce the relative response of a human ear to sound at different frequencies. The A-weighted sound level is therefore a measure of the subjective loudness of sound rather than physical amplitude. A-weighting is used extensively and is denoted by the subscript A as in La10, Laeq etc. (Levels given without the subscript 'A', are linear sound levels without the A-weighting applied, e. g. L10, Leq etc.).

#### Sound Power Level, (SWL)

Sound power level refers to the reference value of acoustic power (of a noise source, e.g. building services plant unit). Given a well-defined operation condition, (i.e. steady state), the sound power level of a machine is a fixed value and describes the rate at which sound energy is emitted, reflected, transmitted or received, per unit time. The SI unit of sound power is the watt (W), and is expressed as a logarithmic ratio of sound power versus reference sound power, re  $10^{-12}$ W" in decibels (dB), or A-Weighted decibels, dB(A);

Sound power level (SWL) is the acoustic energy emitted by a source which produces a resulting Sound Pressure Level (SPL) at some distance. While the Sound Power Level (SWL) of a given source is fixed, the resultant Sound Pressure Level (SPL) at a given receiver location depends upon the distance and angle from the noise source, and the acoustic characteristics of the area in which the receiver is located;

#### **Sound Pressure Level, (SPL)**

Sound Pressure Level (SPL) is a measure for the resulting effect of the energy (Sound Power Level, SWL) of an acoustic source (or a collection of sources) and is dependent upon the distance and angle between the source(s) and receiver location, the acoustic properties of the surrounding geometry and influencing surface finishes between the source-receiver path;

Sound Pressure Level (SPL) is always depends on position and environment.

#### L<sub>Aeq,T</sub>

The "A" weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level. This may be thought of as the "average" sound level over a given time "T". It is used for assessing noise from various sources: industrial and commercial premises, construction sites, railways and other intermittent noises.

#### $L_{A90,T}$

The "A" weighted sound pressure level that is exceeded for 90% of the time T. It reflects the quiet periods during that time and is often referred to as the "background noise level". It is used for setting noise emission limits for industrial and commercial premises.





#### $L_{Amax}$

The maximum "A" weighted sound pressure level during a given time on fast or slow response.

#### $L_{pA}$

The "A" weighted sound pressure Level. The sound pressure level is filtered through a standard frequency weighting known as A-weighting. This filter copies the frequency response of the human ear, so that the resulting sound level closely represents what people actually hear.

#### R

Is the sound reduction index of a construction element in octave or 1/3 octave bands and can only be measured in a laboratory. There must be no flanking transmission.

#### R'

Is the sound reduction index of a construction element in octave or 1/3 octave bands measured on site, and normally includes flanking transmission (i.e. where sound travels via paths other than straight through the element being tested, such as columns, ducts, along external walls, etc.).

#### $R_w$

To get the weighted sound reduction index (R<sub>w</sub>) of a construction, the R values are measured in octave or 1/3 octave bands covering the range of 100Hz to 3150Hz. The curve is adjusted so that the unfavourable deviation (or shortfall of the actual measurements below this standard curve) averaged over all the octave or 1/3 octave bands is not greater than 2dB. The value of the curve at 500 Hz is the  $R_w$ .

#### R'w

The apparent sound reduction index, which is determined in exactly the same way as the Rwbut on site where there is likely to be some flanking transmission.

#### D

This is the "level difference". It is determined by placing a noise source in one room and measuring the noise levels in that room (the "source room") and an adjacent room (the "receiver room"). The level difference is calculated by simply deducting the "receiver" noise level (dB) from the "source" noise level (dB).

#### $D_{w}$

This is the weighted level difference. D is measured on site in octave or 1/3 octave bands covering the range of 100Hz to 3150Hz. The D values are compared to a standard weighting curve. The curve is adjusted so that the "unfavourable deviation" (or shortfall of the actual measurements below this standard curve) averaged over all the octave or 1/3 octave bands is not greater than 2dB. The D<sub>w</sub> is then the value of the curve at 500Hz.

#### $D_{nw}$

This is the weighted normalised level difference. D is measured on site in octave or 1/3 octave bands covering the range of 100Hz to 3150Hz. As the level difference is affected by the area of the common wall/ floor and the volume of the receiving room, as well as the amount of absorption in the receiving room, in the case of the Dotw, the results are "normalised" by a mathematical correction to 10m<sup>2</sup> of absorption (D<sub>n</sub>). The same weighting curve as for Dwis used to obtain the single figure: Dww.



City of Nedlands Received 09 March 2021





# Proposed Residential Development 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith

Transport Impact Statement

PREPARED FOR:
Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

December 2020

Item 13.8 Attachmediateds Received 03 December 2020

# **Document history and status**

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**Client:** Gunner Developments Pty Ltd

12 Philip Road, Dalkeith **Project:** 

**Document revision:** r01a

**Project number:** t20.170

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APPENDIX A: PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN

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#### 1.0 Introduction

This Transport Impact Statement has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Gunner Developments Pty Ltd with regard to the proposed four-storey residential development to be located at 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith in the City of Nedlands.

The Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines (WAPC, Vol 4 – Individual Developments, August 2016) states: "A Transport Impact Statement is required for those developments that would be likely to generate moderate volumes of traffic¹ and therefore would have a moderate overall impact on the surrounding land uses and transport networks". **Section 5.0** of Transcore's report provides details of the estimated trip generation for the proposed development.

Accordingly, as the total peak hour vehicular trips are estimated to be less than 100 trips, a Transport Impact Statement is deemed appropriate for this development.

The subject site is presently occupied by a residential property with vehicular access to the subject site currently available from Philip Road.

The subject site of approximately 1,136m<sup>2</sup> total area is bound by Philip Road to the north, commercial properties to the south and residential properties to the immediate east and west as shown in **Figure 1**.

Key issues that will be addressed in this report include the traffic generation and distribution of the proposed development, access and egress arrangements and parking demand and supply.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Between 10 and 100 vehicular trips per hour



Figure 1. Location of the subject site

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## 2.0 Proposed Development

The subject site is presently occupied by a residential property. The Development Application (DA) proposes replacement of the existing single residential dwelling at the subject site with a four-storey apartment building with associated basement car park facility. The proposed development provides for a total of 10 apartments (mix of two and three-bedroom units).

The breakdown of floorspace for each level is detailed in **Table 1**.

**Table 1. Land Use Schedule** 

Level	Two-bedroom	Three-bedroom
Ground floor	2	-
Level 1	1	2
Level 2	1	2
Level 3	-	2
Total	4	6

All parking associated with the development will be provided on-site through the basement carpark with access onto Philip Road. The Philip Road full-movement crossover connects to the ramp leading directly into the basement carpark. Total car parking provision includes 23 bays.

The waste and recycle bin storage area is located at the ground floor and is accessible via the access ramp. It is anticipated that the waste collection will take place from the frontage road which is typical for these types of developments.

Pedestrians can access the site directly via the existing pedestrian footpath on the southern side of Philip Road.

Refer to **Appendix A** for plan of the proposed development.

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#### **Vehicle Access and Parking** 3.0

#### 3.1 Vehicle Access

The proposed development will be served by a single, full movement crossover on Philip Road, as shown in **Figure 2**. The proposed crossover is located at the northeast corner of the subject site.

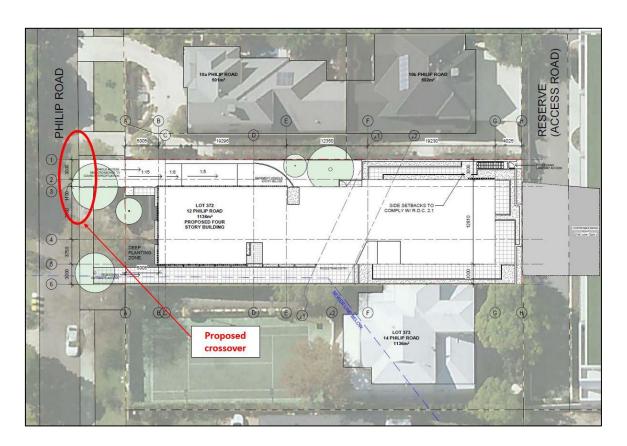


Figure 2: Proposed development crossover

#### 3.2 **Parking**

On-site parking for the proposed development consists of 23 car parking bays, all located at the basement. It is understood that the proposed car parking supply is in accordance with the relevant parking requirements and as such it is expected that the proposed parking provision is sufficient to meet the parking demand of the proposed development.

The basement car park is accessed via a 4.1m wide crossover on Philip Road leading into the car park via a straight 3.5m wide ramp.

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### 3.2.1 Ramp Management System

The car park ramp is designed to accommodate single-directional traffic at any one time (one-way ingress or one-way egress). Therefore, it is proposed to be managed by a priority-controlled system with priority granted to vehicles entering the carpark. It is advised that the priority-controlled system should consist of the appropriate signage, including a "Give Way to Incoming Traffic" sign installed near the exit of the car park, traffic-control light system triggered by sensors built into the driveway and the appropriate set of mirrors.

It also should be noted that the proposed ramp is straight and serves only 23 parking bays. Further, as the development is residential and frontage road is a local road, the traffic flows in and out of the car park are expected to be "tidal". This means that in the morning, the vast majority (if not all) of the traffic would exit the carpark while in the afternoon/early evening the vast majority (if not all) of the traffic would enter the carpark. Therefore, no traffic conflicts at the ramp are expected under normal circumstances.

Moreover, the parking management system should be communicated to all the residents in writing so that users of the ramp and driveway are familiar with the car park operation principles.

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#### **Provision for Service Vehicles** 4.0

The waste collection for the proposed development is anticipated to take place off Philip Road which is the current arrangement for all the adjacent properties. The rubbish bins will be wheeled out from the bin store area to the ground level and lined up along Philip Road for pick up on designated collection days.

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### **5.0** Daily Traffic Volumes and Vehicle Types

### 5.1 Existing Development Trip Generation

The subject site is currently occupied by a residential dwelling and therefore assumed to generate negligible traffic volume.

### 5.2 Proposed Development Trip Generation

The traffic volumes likely to be generated by the proposed development have been estimated based on the proposed land uses in accordance with the *ITE Trip Generation Manual 10th Edition*. The adopted trip rates are conservative resulting in a robust assessment considering the site location, surrounding land uses and adjacent roads traffic.

Accordingly, the trip rates which were used to estimate the proposed development traffic generation are as follows:

### Multifamily Housing (Mid-Rise) - 221

- Weekday daily: 5.44 trips per dwelling;
- ♣ Weekday AM peak hour: 0.36 trips per dwelling; and,
- Weekday PM peak hour: 0.44 trips per dwelling.

Accordingly, it is estimated that the traffic generations for the proposed residential apartment development are:

- ♣ Weekday daily: 5.44 x 10 = 54vpd;
- Weekday AM peak hour: 0.36 x 10 = 4vph; and,
- ♣ Weekday PM peak hour: 0.44 x 10 = 5vph.

Accordingly, it is estimated that the proposed residential development would generate a total of approximate **54** daily vehicle trips with about **4** and **5** trips during the AM and PM peak hour periods. These trips include both inbound and outbound vehicle movements. It is anticipated that most of the vehicle types would be passenger cars and to the lesser extent 4WDs since the developments is a luxury residential apartment complex.

The peak hour traffic generation and peak hour split detailed in **Table 2** was based on the following directional split assumptions for peak hour periods referenced from ITE Trip Generation Manual:

- **♣** Daily split estimated at 50%/50% for inbound/ outbound trips associated with residential development;
- ♣ Morning (AM) peak split estimated at 26%/74% for inbound/ outbound trips associated with residential development; and,

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4 Afternoon (PM) peak split estimated at 61%/39%, for inbound/ outhound with ound the sember associated with residential development.

Table 2. Estimated peak hour trips for the proposed development

Land Use		Daily	aily AM I		M Peal	K	PM Peak		
	Traffic Split	In	Out	Traffic Split	In	Out	Traffic Split	In	Out
Multi-Storey	50%	27		26%	1		61%	3	
Residential	in			in			in		
Development	50%		27	74%		3	39%		2
	out			out			out		
Total		5	54			4			0

With respect to the location of the development, permeability and layout of the surrounding road network and the actual traffic operation conditions at local intersections, the assumed distribution for traffic arriving to the site is assumed as follows:

- **♣** 35% to and from the west of Philip Road;
- **♣** 50% to and from the north of Adelma Road; and,
- **↓** 15% to and from the south of Adelma Road.

The directional morning, afternoon and total daily trip distribution of the developmentgenerated traffic is illustrated in Figure 3.



Figure 3. Estimated traffic movements for the subject development – morning, afternoon peak and total daily trips

### 5.3 Impact on Surrounding Road Network

The WAPC Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines (2016) provides guidance on the assessment of traffic impacts:

"As a general guide, an increase in traffic of less than 10 percent of capacity would not normally be likely to have a material impact on any particular section of road but increases over 10 percent may. All sections of road with an increase greater than 10 percent of capacity should therefore be included in the analysis. For ease of assessment, an increase of 100 vehicles per hour for any lane can be considered as equating to around 10 percent of capacity. Therefore, any section of road where the development traffic would increase flows by more than 100 vehicles per hour for any lane should be included in the analysis."

It is clear that the traffic increase from the proposed development would be significantly less than the critical threshold (100vph per lane) with the most pronounced traffic increases being 3vph on Philip Road (east of the development) during the peak hours. Therefore, the impact on the surrounding road network is not considered to be significant.

### Traffic Management on the Frontage Streets O3 December 6.0

Philip Road is constructed as single-carriageway, two-lane undivided road, with pedestrian footpath on southern side of the road. Refer to Figure 4 for more details.

Philip Road is classified as an Access Road in the Main Roads WA Functional Road Hierarchy and it operates under a default build-up area 50km/h speed limit regime. There are no formal traffic counts available for this road. However, based on its function it is estimated that this road carries low traffic.

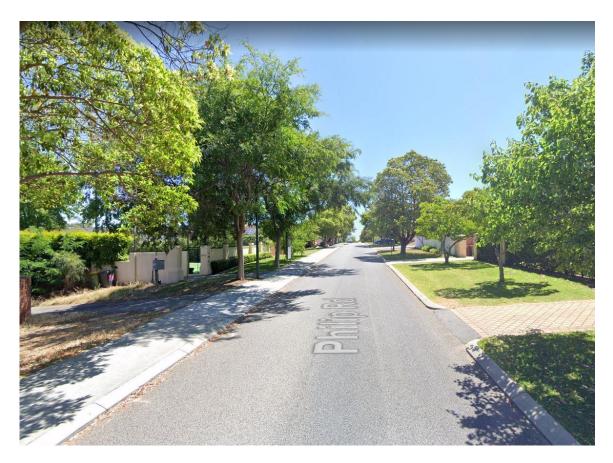


Figure 4. Westbound view along Philip Road

### 7.0 Public Transport Access

According to the current Transperth bus network map, the subject site does not have direct access to the public transport system. The closest bus route is Transperth route 24 operating on Waratah Avenue which is approximately 60m south of the subject site. The nearest bus stop is located on Waratah Avenue approximately 330m walking distance from the subject site. The nearest bus stop is accessible from the subject site via the existing footpaths and pedestrian crossing facilities. The bus route of 24 provides links to Claremont Primary School, QE2 medical centre, Kings Park and the Perth CBD.

In addition, bus service No. 23 operates along Victoria Parade and the nearest bus stop is located approximately 870m walking distance from the subject site. This bus route provides links to Claremont Primary School and Elizabeth Quay bus station.

Nearby public transport services are illustrated in the relevant Transperth service map (see **Figure 5** for more details.)



Figure 5. Local bus map (Source: Transperth)

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#### **Pedestrian Access** 8.0

Pedestrian access to the proposed residential development is available directly from the exiting extensive footpath network within the locality. The existing footpath network provides direct and convenient access to and from local food and beverage, retails, medical centre and other commercial amenities.

Moreover, the proposed development provides an access to Waratah Avenue via the set of stairs at the rear of the building and an existing 1.0m wide easement that runs through the site to the south for ease of access to the local commercial centre.

Pedestrian crossing facilities are available at either end of Philip Road.

#### **Cycle Access** 9.0

The Department of Transport Bike Maps series within the vicinity of the subject site shows a good cyclist connectivity near the subject site as illustrated in Figure 6.

As can be seen from the illustration, a Perth Bicycle Network (PBN) with continuous signed route is in place along Waratah Avenue, to the south of the subject site, while Adelma Road, to the east of the subject site, is classified as a "good road riding environment".



Figure 6. Perth bike map series – local area (source: Department of Transport)

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# 10.0 Site Specific Issues

No particular site-specific issues have been identified for the proposed development.

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# 11.0 Safety Issues

No particular traffic related safety issues have been identified for the proposed development.

12.0 Conclusions

AttyachNeelrahds Received 03 December 2020

This Transport Impact Statement has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Gunner Developments Pty Ltd with regard to the proposed four-storey residential apartment development to be located at 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith in the City of Nedlands. The proposed development entails a total of 10 apartments over ground and three floors with a basement car park.

The subject site is presently occupied by a residential dwelling with vehicular access onto Philip Road. As part of the development, a total of 23 parking bays are provided on site for the use of residents. The car park access/egress is facilitated via the proposed full-movement crossover on Philip Road coupled with an internal ramp. It is advised that the carpark ramp will be managed by a priority-controlled system comprising signage, traffic-control light system and appropriate set of mirrors.

The site features good accessibility by the existing pedestrian/cyclist path network and has a convenient access to the public transport services operating in immediate vicinity.

The traffic analysis undertaken in this report shows that the traffic generation of the proposed development is estimated to be in the order of 54 daily trips, 4 morning peak hour trips and 5 afternoon peak hour trips, respectively (inbound and outbound movements combined). Accordingly, the traffic impact of the proposed development is relatively low and as such would not have any significant impact on the surrounding road network.

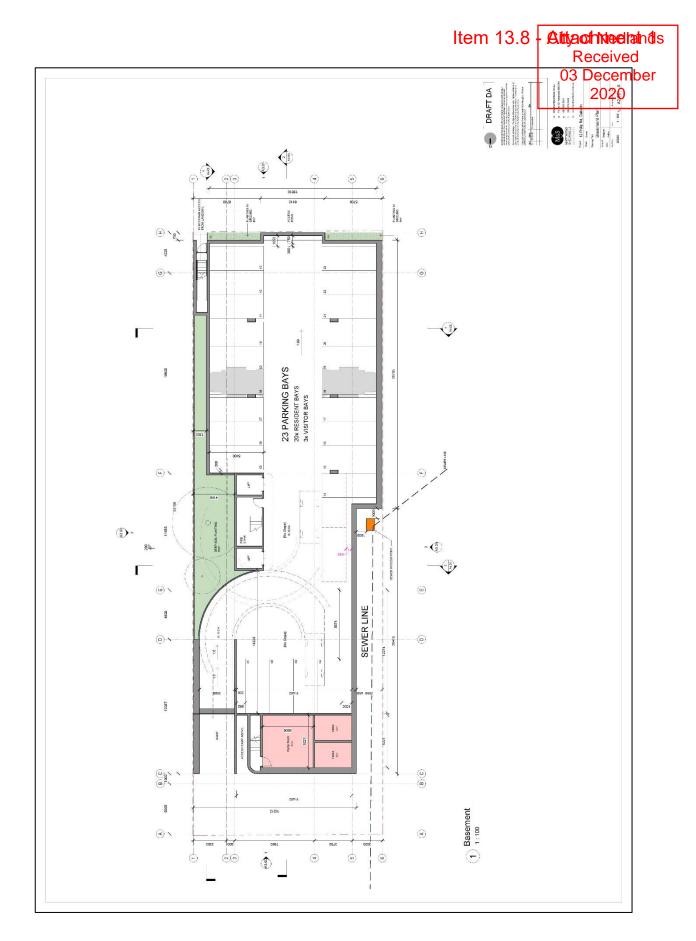
No particular transport or safety issues have been identified for the proposed development.

Finally, it is concluded that traffic-related issues should not form an impediment to the approval of the proposed development.

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# **Appendix A**

### PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN



14 March 2021

Architectural Peer Review Assessment

(State Planning Policy 7.0 Design of the Built Environment; Schedule 1 - Design Principles) 12 Phillip Road, Dalkeith

Design quality eva	lua	ition					
Apply the	3	Supported					
applicable rating to	2	Supported with conditions					
each Design Principle	1	Further information required					
Tinciple	0	Not supported					
Principle 1 - Context and character	3	Good design responds to and enhances the distinctive characteristics of a local area, contributing to a sense of place.					
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 3.9, 4.10, 4.11, 4.12 as relevant.					
		1a. COMMENTS					
		<ul> <li>The application would be the 2<sup>nd</sup> proposal of its scale in the immediate environs. This locality is in transition from suburban sub-division to higher density suburban communities in a 'Village Centre'. The proposed design is appropriate to its use, function and target market within the context of Perth western suburbs.</li> </ul>					
		1b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT					
		The proposed design is successful within its context.					
Principle 2 - Landscape quality	3	Good design recognises that together landscape and buildings operate as an integrated and sustainable system, within a broader ecological context.					
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 4.12 and 4.16 as relevant.					
		1a. COMMENTS					
		<ul> <li>The landscape proposals are well designed. The successful integration compliments and support the design proposals.</li> </ul>					
		1b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT					
		<ul> <li>The proposed design is successful within its context.</li> </ul>					
Principle 3 - Built form and scale	3	Good design ensures that the massing and height of development is appropriate to its setting and successfully negotiates between existing built form and the intended future character of the local area.					
		As informed by SPP7.3Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 4.10 and 4.11 as relevant.					
		3a. COMMENTS					
		<ul> <li>The proposal is based on the height, form and density guidance noted in the CoN TPS. The site is well suited to benefit from the public and social infrastructure of Dalkeith and Nedlands.</li> </ul>					
		The proponents put forward a sound justification for exceeding the plot ratio limits. Namely compliance with height and form guidance and efficient floorplates due to large unit size and good general arrangement planning.  3b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT					
		The proposal is appropriate to its physical context within the framework of					

		City of Nedlands Item 13.8 - Attaिक्शक्रिकी 1				
		the current and future TPS.  14 March 2021				
Principle 4 - Functionality and build quality	3	Good design meets the needs of users efficiently and effectively, balancing functional requirements to perform well and deliver optimum benefit over the full life-cycle.				
Danie quanty		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.7, 4.12, 4.15, 4.17, 4.18 as relevant.				
		4a. COMMENTS				
		The general arrangement planning of the proposal is well considered and would be successful for the building residents. The building amenity- such as bin, stores, entrance, parking are functional and efficient.				
		4b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT				
		The proposed design is successful within its context.				
Principle 5 - Sustainability	2	Good design optimises the sustainability of the built environment, delivering positive environmental, social and economic outcomes.				
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.9, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.11, 4.12, 4.15, 4.16, 4.17 as relevant.				
		5a. COMMENTS				
	<ul> <li>The application documents communicate that the project achieves the minimum standard of environmental sustainability credentials. Based proposed target market- it is a missed opportunity to aim so low. In m opinion a minimum expectation in this market is the use of renewable energy.</li> </ul>					
		5b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT				
		The proposal is acceptable within its context.				
		<ul> <li>2<sup>ND</sup> REVIEW- Applicant has verified an energy statement will be provided post approval. As noted above proposal is acceptable and supported.</li> </ul>				
Principle 6 -	2	Good design optimises internal and external amenity for occupants, visitors and				
Amenity		neighbours, providing environments that are comfortable, productive and healthy.				
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3,4.4, 4.5, ,4.7, 4.9, 4.11, 4.12, 4.15, 4.16, 4.17,4.18 as relevant.				
		6a. COMMENTS				
		<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> review. Overall the general arrangement planning is successful.</li> </ul>				
		1st Review. Comments was made in the design presentation regarding the				
		planning around long apartment on the western flank. The corridor length				
		and planning around the entrance and balcony may be better resolved.  6b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT				
		1st Review. The proposal is acceptable within its context.				
		<ul> <li>1 Review. The proposal is acceptable within its context.</li> <li>1st Review. Please reconsider apartment planning as noted above to aid plan</li> </ul>				
		functionality and the knock-on effects of the composition of elevations.				

revised.

2<sup>ND</sup> REVIEW- Applicant has provided supporting diagrams to communicate observations made regarding apartment planning. Elevations have been

		<ul> <li>Proposal is acceptable and supported.</li> <li>City of Nedlands         AttaRaceettl         14 March 2021</li> </ul>					
Principle 7 - Legibility	3	Good design results in buildings and places that are legible, with clear connections and easily identifiable elements to help people find their way around.					
		As informed bySPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.1, 3.4,3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4.5 as relevant.					
		<ul> <li>7a. COMMENTS</li> <li>The general arrangement planning is skilfully executed.</li> <li>In particular the street level pedestrian and vehicle thresholds and routes are clearly defined and well resolved within the streetscape.</li> <li>7b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT</li> </ul>					
Principle 8 - <b>Safety</b>	2	<ul> <li>The proposal is successful within its context.</li> <li>Good design optimises safety and security, minimising the risk of personal harm and supporting safe behaviour and use.</li> <li>As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.1,3.4, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8,3.9, 4.5 as relevant.</li> </ul>					
		<ul> <li>8a. COMMENTS <ul> <li>1st Review. Please re-consider the appropriateness and safety measures around the resident's roof garden and amenity, in particular the plunge pool.</li> <li>2ND REVIEW- Applicant has provided supporting diagrams to communicate observations made regarding safety.</li> </ul> </li> <li>8b. RECOMMENDATIONS <ul> <li>1st Review. The proposal is not supported in its current form.</li> <li>1st Review. Please address safety concerns around pool barriers and planter maintenance.</li> <li>2nd Review. Proposal is acceptable within its context. Safety in design features are a Building code compliance issue and will be addressed in later stages.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
Principle 9 - Community	3	Good design responds to local community needs as well as the wider social context, providing environments that support a diverse range of people and facilitate social interaction.  As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4.5, 4.9,4.18 as relevant.					
		<ul> <li>9a. COMMENTS</li> <li>The design is a good contribution to the 'Village Centre' and would provide additional residential choices for this community. The increased density will help to support the local economy of the sub-urban independent shops and community amenity.</li> <li>9b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT</li> <li>The proposal is successful within its context.</li> </ul>					
Principle 10 Aesthetics	3	Good design is the product of a skilled, judicious design process that results in attractive and inviting buildings and places that engage the senses.					

City of Nedlands

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14 March 2021

### 10a. COMMENTS

- 1<sup>st</sup> Review. Overall the design is well considered and (with minor exceptions) is of high quality.
- 1st Review. The form, material selections and landscape, set In a tree lined street with adjacent high quality neighbouring apartment buildings results in a 'Village Centre' that would be a good contribution to the building stock in this locality.
- 1<sup>st</sup> Review. The design is well connected for pedestrians with links for residents at the front and rear. There is a coherent and legible entrance and parking arrangement for residents and visitors.
- 1<sup>st</sup> Review. The building has one area that with minor amendment could be improved. The building will be viewed primarily from its long flank elevations. It is considered that the East Elevation is the least successful. The uniformity of the design is bi-sected with a blacked-out section of wall that backs onto the lift shaft. By unifying material selections across the building, the built form would present as a singular mass along this long flank. Windows could be introduced to the stairwell to animate the composition on this façade.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Review. The building design is of high quality and is well suited to the context and community.

### 10b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT

- 1st Review. The proposal is acceptable in its current form.
- 1<sup>st</sup> Review. Suggest a reconsideration of the east elevation to achieve a cohesive form from long street vistas.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Review. The proposal is acceptable and supported.

### 10 March 2021

# Landscape Peer Review Assessment (State Planning Policy 7.0 Design of the Built Environment; Schedule 1 - Design Principles)

Design quality eva	Design quality evaluation									
Apply the applicable rating to		Supported								
		Supported with conditions								
each Design Principle	1	Further information required								
	0	Not supported								
Principle 1 - Context and character		Good design responds to and enhances the distinctive characteristics of a local area, contributing to a sense of place.								
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 3.9, 4.10, 4.11, 4.12 as relevant.								
		1a.[Comments]								
		1b. [Recommendations]								
Principle 2 - Landscape quality	,	Good design recognises that together landscape and buildings operate as an integrated and sustainable system, within a broader ecological context.								
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.6, 4.12 and 4.16 as relevant.								
		3 Siting the development								
		3.2 Orientation								
		<ul> <li>The proponent has provided a plan detailing trees to be retained/ removed as part of the updated set.</li> </ul>								
		<ul> <li>One existing street tree was already proposed to be retained, the updated documents show an additional tree to be retained- the tree was formerly to be replaced. The tree is a well- established Queensland Box street tree on the eastern side of the Phillip Road verge. Whilst close to the proposed crossover it has been noted to be assessed during the construction process in order to to attempt to retain this tree.</li> </ul>								
		The proposed development appears to present well to the street.								
		3 - Supported								
		3.3 Tree Canopy and Deep Soil Areas								
		3.3.1								
		<ul> <li>Two existing trees are proposed for retention on the northern street verge and a number of small trees (five shown adjacent site) are to be retained on the southern laneway boundary.</li> </ul>								
		<ul> <li>A significant number of canopy trees are proposed for the new development</li> <li>3.3.2</li> </ul>								
		<ul> <li>The proposed extent of DSA is shown to exceed the minimum requirement.</li> <li>3 – Supported</li> </ul>								
		3.4 Communal Open Space								
		3.4.1								

- Communal open space is somewhat limited to access ways with outdoor access largely focused upon to exclusive private courts/ balconies. The access ways have natural light are proposed to utilise quality materials and attention to soft landscape detailing
- The area of external communal spaces however is considered appropriate given the low number of residents.

### 3 - Supported

### 3.6 Public Domain Interface

- The articulation of the façade and the incorporation of broad ground level planting areas is supported. This is particularly pertinent to the proposed large tree at the termination of the driveway.
- The open nature of the façade facing Phillip Road and the incorporation of additional tree planting between the building and the road is supported.
- The use of planting to create a garden environment to the access ways serves to enhance the amenity of the streetscape.

### 3 - Supported

### 4.12 Landscape design

#### 4.12.1

The overall design appears to be a result of close collaboration within the consultant team with consideration for the landscape treatment and character.

- The landscape materials and finishes complement the development, and the clear use of the precedent images and local context are clearly expressed in the proposals.
- Consideration should be given to the proposed dark planters to the upper balconies and the associated difficulties of generated heat to the planting medium.
- The design input to the various edge interfaces is acknowledged and supported drainage treatments to these conditions to be included prior to commencement.

#### 4.12.2

- The selection of sensory plantings that complement the garden character of the surrounding urban context is supported
- Plantings on Levels 1 and 2 show the same varieties in full sun and full shade.
   More detail should be provided to demonstrate how plants will thrive with differing solar conditions.

#### 4.12.3

- The intention to irrigate all softscape areas is supported in order to establish and maintain the verdant nature of the proposed development.
- Additional information should be provided to demonstrate best practice water wise irrigation.

	3 – Supported	10 March 2021
	<ul> <li>4.16 Water Management and Conservation</li> <li>An approach to water management is not outlined proponent has committed to provide additional information commencement.</li> <li>3 – Supported</li> <li>2b. [Recommendations]</li> </ul>	
Principle 3 - Built form and scale	Good design ensures that the massing and height of deve setting and successfully negotiates between existing built character of the local area.  As informed by SPP7.3Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 4.10 and 4.11	form and the intended future
	3a. [Comments] 3b. [Recommendations]	
Principle 4 - Functionality and build quality	Good design meets the needs of users efficiently and effective requirements to perform well and deliver optimum benefit of the As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.7, 4.12	over the full life-cycle.
	4a. [Comments] 4b. [Recommendations]	
Principle 5 - Sustainability	Good design optimises the sustainability of the built environmental, social and economic outcomes.  As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.9, 4.1, 4.4.17 as relevant.	
	5a. [Comments] 5b.[Recommendations]	
Principle 6 - Amenity	Good design optimises internal and external amenity for one ighbours, providing environments that are comfortable, As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 4.	productive and healthy.
	<ul><li>4.11, 4.12, 4.15, 4.16, 4.17,4.18 as relevant.</li><li>6a. [Comments]</li><li>6b.[Recommendations]</li></ul>	
Principle 7 - Legibility	Good design results in buildings and places that are legible and easily identifiable elements to help people find their w	
	As informed bySPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.1, 3.4,3.6, 3.7, 3.8,	, 3.9, 4.5 as relevant.

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		7a. [Comments]	10 March 2021
		7b.[Recommendations]	
Principle 8 - <b>Safety</b>	,	Good design optimises safety and security, minimising the risk of supporting safe behaviour and use.	of personal harm and
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.1,3.4, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8,3.9, 4	1.5 as relevant.
		8a.[Comments]	
		8b.[Recommendations]	
Principle 9 - Community		Good design responds to local community needs as well as the providing environments that support a diverse range of people a interaction.	
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9,	4.5, 4.9,4.18 as relevant.
		9a.[Comments]	
		9b.[Recommendations]	
Principle 10 Aesthetics		Good design is the product of a skilled, judicious design process attractive and inviting buildings and places that engage the sens	
		As informed by SPP7.3 Element Objectives 3.1, 3.4, 4.8 as relevant.	
		10a.[Comments]	
		10b.[Recommendations]	

## **Summary of Consultation Comments – 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith**

1.0	Built Form Comments	Respondents who raised issue	Planning Response	Applicant Response
1.1	The development exceeds the permitted Acceptable Outcomes of the R-Codes Vol. 2 as follows:  • building height of 4 storey results in an excessive number of floors;  • wall heights exceed 15m;  • building on boundary wall heights are too excessive;  • side setbacks are not compliant;  • building separation is not compliant; and  • pedestrian access to the building is not compliant.	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29  Total: 23	As discussed in the SPP7.3 R-Codes Vol. 2 Assessment (Attachment 13) and the Responsible Authority Report (RAR), the proposal meets the element objectives for:      Building height     Side and rear setbacks     Plot ratio     Building separation     Orientation     Tree Canopy and Deep Soil Areas     Visual privacy     Pedestrian access and entries     Managing the impact of noise  A detailed assessment of the points raised above is further discussed in the RAR.	Height of Four Storeys The Acceptable Outcome for R80 is four storeys. As explained in our Planning Statement, neither the Basement nor the roof-top level fall within the definition of 'storey' under SPP7.3 Volume 2.  Indicative Heights Table 2.2 in SPP7.3 shows indicative building heights only, which do not form part of the Acceptable Outcome. Table 2.2 indicates an indicative height of 15 metres for a four storey building, comprising a 4 metre height for the ground floor, 3 metres for upper floors, and "at least" 2 metres for rooftop articulation. Table 2.2 does take into consideration topography and measures the indicative height from the finished level of the ground floor.  Boundary Walls Detailed justification for the proposed boundary walls is provided in the Planning Statement.  The boundary walls are much lower than the maximum contemplated by the Acceptable Outcomes and with the exception of the portion at the site's south-west corner, the boundary walls abut driveways, a right of way or the existing boundary wall of the dwelling to the west.  The side basement wall to the east boundary is setback off the boundary to accommodate a landscape planter. The majority of the wall on the east boundary is a low level (1 to 1.6m) retaining wall for the driveway and deep soil landscape area. Most of the wall to the west boundary is a retaining wall for the pedestrian walkway and has a similar height to the existing brick boundary wall that runs adjacent to the neighbour's driveway.

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				It is not considered the boundary walls have any adverse impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties.
				Side Setbacks Excluding the boundary walls to the Basement level (refer above), the side and rear setbacks of the building satisfy the Acceptable Outcome being a 3 metre minimum setback and 3.5 metre average setback.
				Building Separation  We have reviewed the Building Separation distances and confirm that all Acceptable Outcomes are satisfied, with the exception of one variation.
				The rear portion of the outdoor terrace for Apartment G02 is not screened to a height of 1.6 metres where it abuts the rear Right of Way. This terrace is setback 1 to 2 metres from the Right of Way, which is 7 metres in width. The 1st Floor balconies to the existing apartments on the other side of the Right of Way are at the equivalent level of the proposed Ground Floor apartments and appear to be setback in the order of 1.5 metres from the boundary of the Right of Way, resulting in a total balcony-to-balcony separation of 9.5 to 10.5 metres, whereas the Acceptable Outcome is 12 metres.
				Having reviewed this issue, the Architectural Drawings have been amended to include a 1.6 metre high screen along the southern (rear) side of the Ground Floor terrace to Apartment G02, to maintain an acceptable level of privacy for the residents of the development to the rear.
				Pedestrian Access Justification for the position of the pedestrian entry doors to the lobby is provided in the Planning Statement.
1.2	The development is not in keeping with the existing built form and context of the suburb which is characterised by low	2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18,	It is noted that the proposed development is consistent with the R80 density coding of the site. The site is located in an existing	The development is consistent with the future desired built form for the locality, consistent with the R80 density code.

	density development, large leafy blocks and a quiet neighbourhood along Philip Road.	20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29  Total: 22	residential neighborhood which has undergone some more recent subdivision and redevelopment, having been up coded from R10, R12.5 and R20 to R60, R80 and R-AC3, is intended to accommodate additional built form and density.  The proposed development has been assessed to meet the element objectives for primary controls within the Residential Design Codes Volume 2 – Apartments (R-Codes Vol. 2) and is therefore considered to be an appropriate form of development for the subject site.	The built form is consistent in scale with the existing apartments to the rear. The building is four storeys in height, with the Basement, lift core and roof-top structures not visible when viewed by a pedestrian standing in front of the site on Philip Road. The dwellings to the east are two storeys and the house to the west is three storeys.  The proposed height of 4 storeys is not totally disproportionate to the scale of the adjacent buildings.
1.3	The development results in excessive bulk and scale contrary to the context and character of the area.	2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29  Total: 21	In terms of the scale and built form, the scale of development is considered appropriate for an a Mid-rise neighborhood center as per the R-Codes.  Overall, the development will contribute to the emerging medium rise residential area along Philip Road and the surrounding area.  A detailed assessment of the building height and setbacks is further discussed in the RAR.	When a higher density code is introduced to an area, it is inevitable that the scale of new development will be different to that existing, as the area transitions from low to higher density development.  The built form of the development, including its height, scale, materials and architecture, has been endorsed by the City's Architectural Peer Review process.
1.4	Development creates overshadowing issues for surrounding properties.	4, 6, 11, 15, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28  Total: 13	As discussed in the SPP7.3 R-Codes Vol. 2 Assessment (Attachment 13) and RAR, the proposal meets the acceptable outcomes and the element objectives for orientation, which takes into account overshadowing of adjoining properties.	The development satisfies the overshadowing Acceptable Outcomes of SPP7.3V2.  Notwithstanding, following the Community Information Session that the Applicant attended, further modelling was undertaken of the extent of shadow that falls directly upon the north-facing elevation of the apartments to the rear at noon 21st June each year.  Refer attached Shadow Analysis.  This modelling confirmed that all of the apartments on the Second, Third and Mezzanine Floors of the adjoining development remain in direct sunlight at this time of year.  The modelling also confirmed that the internal floor area of the apartments on the Ground Floor of the adjoining development remain in sunlight at 21st June.

				The modelling indicates that at noon 21st June, the balcony to three centrally located apartments on the First Floor of the adjoining development will partially be in shade. The other three balconies on the First Floor will not be in shade at noon 21st June but would be in shade in either the morning or afternoon. As the shadow passes from west to east during the day, all six First Floor balconies in the adjoining development will receive direct sunlight at some point during the day.
				We have also modelled the date before and after 21st June when the midday shadow from the proposed development does not impact any of the balconies on the First Floor of the adjoining development. These dates are from 1st June to 12th July each year (refer Shadow Analysis). This means that for approximately 323 days of the year (almost 90% of the year), the shadow from the proposed development does not have any impact on the adjoining apartments to the south.
				<ul> <li>Notes on Shadow Analysis:</li> <li>1. The Ground Floor of the adjoining development does not contain any apartments.</li> <li>2. The adjoining apartments depicted in the Shadow Analysis is based on information available to the Applicant. The precise position and design of the development may be slightly different to that shown.</li> </ul>
1.5	Insufficient balcony setbacks and height of the proposal will result in visual privacy and overlooking impacts to those living near the proposed development.	22, 24, 26, 27, 28	As discussed in the SPP7.3 R-Codes Vol. 2 Assessment ( <b>Attachment 13</b> ) and RAR, the proposal meets the acceptable outcomes and the element objectives for visual privacy, building height and side setbacks for the development.	The building height satisfies the Acceptable Outcomes. All balconies are setback in accordance with required visual privacy setbacks and / or screened to a height of 1.6 metres. As noted above, screening has been added to the rear of the terrace to Apartment G02 on the Ground Floor.
1.6	The proposal will set a dangerous precedent for the area.	13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, <b>Total: 8</b>	Noted. The City's Local Planning Scheme No.3 (LPS3) was gazetted in April 2019, creating significant density code changes to some areas of the City of Nedlands. Under the previous Town Planning Scheme No.2	Each Application must be considered on its merits having regard to site context and planning considerations.

				item 10.0 - / titaemment 1
			(TPS2), the site was zoned Residential with a density code of R10. Under LPS3, the site's zoning remains Residential, however the density code has increased to R80. It is unlikely the site zoning will be down coded.	
1.	Plot ratio is non-compliant for the development proposed at 1.29 in lieu of 1.0 which is a 335m² increase and is unacceptable.		As discussed in the SPP7.3 R-Codes Vol. 2 Assessment ( <b>Attachment 13</b> ) and RAR, the proposal meets the element objectives for plot ratio.	The plot ratio of the development is addressed in the Planning Statement for the Application. Given the building satisfies the Acceptable Outcomes with respect to setbacks and height, the plot ratio simply becomes a calculation of the internal areas of the building, with little influence on the bulk and scale of the building.  The City's Architectural Peer Reviewer stated the "proponents put forward a sound justification for exceeding the plot ratio limits".
1.	for a development which reinforces and builds on the character of Nedlands, I am also aware that Dalkeith has its own character and this development will not appear out-of-place in Dalkeith. As such, I am very pleased to support this	17, 19 Total: 2	Noted.	The Applicant is pleased to see there is a level of support within the community for the proposed development.
1.	development.  Unattractive bulky design, blank walls and boxy architectural style.	6, 15 Total: 2	The proposed development has been independently reviewed by an architectural professional appointed by the City of Nedlands to undertake an assessment of the architectural quality of the building against the ten principle of good design outlined under SPP7. The assessment provided support and support with conditions. These have been appropriately addressed through the provision of amended plans and material for the City's assessment.	Considerable effort has gone into designing a building with an architectural style that is appropriate to its context, including the materials, design and landscaping (refer to the Architect's Design Principles Report). The design and architecture of the development has been endorsed by the City's Architectural Peer Review process.

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			A detailed assessment of the Peer Design	
			Review Advice is further discussed in the	
			RAR.	
	The managed data and managed to the	00		The site falls had a seture form front to make The
	The proposal does not response to the		Noted.	The site falls by 4 metres from front to rear. The
	natural topography of the site.	Total: 1		proposed finished level of the Ground Floor is set
				slightly lower than the level of the site at the street
				frontage, while the level of the Basement at the
				rear of the site matches that of the Right of Way.
				We are aware of the City's desire to create a mid-
				block laneway through Waratah Village Centre
				and whilst the site cannot legally obtain access to
1.10				
				Waratah Avenue from the Right of Way, the
				Basement level is intended to allow for future rear
				access via the Right of Way should this become
				available, including for the collection of waste.
				In addition lands canad areas on the cost side of
				In addition, landscaped areas on the east side of
				the building have been 'terraced' to reduce the
				height of boundary retaining and create a 'soft'
				landscaped edge.
	The roof design does not minimise nor		Noted.	The roof is higher than adjacent buildings
4 4 4	prevent glare to adjoining residents.	Tatal. 4		managing any place will not offect ediscout
1.11	prevent glare to adjoining residents.	Total: 1		meaning any glare will not affect adjacent
1.11	prevent glare to adjoining residents.			residents.
		Respondents who	Planning Response	residents.
2.0	Planning Framework Comments	Respondents who raised issue	Planning Response	residents.  Applicant Response
	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28	Planning Response  Please refer to response in 1.6.	residents.  Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80
2.0	Planning Framework Comments	Respondents who raised issue	- '	residents.  Applicant Response
	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28	- '	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between
2.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28	- '	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the
2.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28	Please refer to response in 1.6.	Residents.  Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.
2.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue	Please refer to response in 1.6.  Planning Response	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response
2.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24	Please refer to response in 1.6.  Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds
2.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and deep soil	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue	Please refer to response in 1.6.  Planning Response	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of
2.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24	Please refer to response in 1.6.  Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a minimum deep soil area (DSA) of 113.6m² (ie.	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of
2.0 2.1 3.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and deep soil	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24	Please refer to response in 1.6.  Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a minimum deep soil area (DSA) of 113.6m² (ie. 10% of the 1,135.6m² lot size), given no tree	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of in-ground tree planting (14 small, 3 medium, 1
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2.0 2.1 3.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and deep soil	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24	Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a minimum deep soil area (DSA) of 113.6m² (ie. 10% of the 1,135.6m² lot size), given no tree is retained on site.  A total of 129m² of DSA is provide for the site	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of in-ground tree planting (14 small, 3 medium, 1 large tree) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (1
2.0 2.1 3.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and deep soil areas for trees.	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24 Total: 5	Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a minimum deep soil area (DSA) of 113.6m² (ie. 10% of the 1,135.6m² lot size), given no tree is retained on site.  A total of 129m² of DSA is provide for the site and complies with the R-Codes Volume 2.	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of in-ground tree planting (14 small, 3 medium, 1 large tree) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (1 large / 1 medium tree)
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2.0 2.1 3.0	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and deep soil areas for trees.	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24 Total: 5	Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a minimum deep soil area (DSA) of 113.6m² (ie. 10% of the 1,135.6m² lot size), given no tree is retained on site.  A total of 129m² of DSA is provide for the site and complies with the R-Codes Volume 2.  Noted. Although no trees are retained onsite, the applicant has demonstrated a greater	Applicant Response  It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of in-ground tree planting (14 small, 3 medium, 1 large tree) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (1 large / 1 medium tree)  It was determined that none of the existing trees were worthy of retention, with a tree on the eastern side of the site difficult to retain and protect during construction. Instead, to
2.0 2.1 3.0 3.1	Planning Framework Comments  The site is zoned R80 and is not appropriate for the area.  Landscaping Comments  There is a lack of open space for the proposed development and deep soil areas for trees.	Respondents who raised issue 18, 24, 28 Total: 3  Respondents who raised issue 2, 8, 11, 12, 24 Total: 5	Planning Response  The R-Codes Volume 2, Table 3.3a requires a minimum deep soil area (DSA) of 113.6m² (ie. 10% of the 1,135.6m² lot size), given no tree is retained on site.  A total of 129m² of DSA is provide for the site and complies with the R-Codes Volume 2.  Noted. Although no trees are retained onsite, the applicant has demonstrated a greater increase to the trees being planted within the	It is agreed the existing zoning is R80. The R80 code allows for a transition in densities between the Waratah Village Centre to the rear and the R60 area to the north.  Applicant Response  The amount of Deep Soil Area (11.3%) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (10%). The amount of in-ground tree planting (14 small, 3 medium, 1 large tree) exceeds the Acceptable Outcome (1 large / 1 medium tree)  It was determined that none of the existing trees were worthy of retention, with a tree on the eastern side of the site difficult to retain and

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				ground trees will be planted (14 small, 3 medium, 1 large tree), plus trees planted in structure.
3.3	How is the development going to protect existing established and mature trees on adjoining neighbors properties without damaging root systems and tree canopies?		Arboriculture assessment with respect to the proposed development's impact on trees on the adjoining properties is to be managed by way of condition.	Detailed investigations of any nearby trees will be undertaken prior to commencement.  The trees mentioned in this submission appear to be the trees running along the driveway of the adjacent site to the east. These appear to be slender trees that do not encroach into the subject site. We expect the root system would also be contained within the adjacent site.  Regardless, the development includes a substantial deep soil area and landscape strip along this boundary. While some excavation for the driveway is required, and a boundary wall will be provided to retain the landscaping where it is above NGL, we do not envisage works in this area will have a significant impact on the adjacent trees.  A condition of approval can be imposed to ensure suitable investigations are carried out.
3.4	Can the developer consider a hedge to fence height for screening along lot boundaries to allow enough sunlight to adjoining trees on neighbouring lots.		Noted. This is not a planning requirement. However, this is up to the discretion of the applicant.	A detailed Landscape Plan has been submitted and it is presumed that a condition of approval will be imposed requiring the final details of all planting to be submitted and agreed to by the
3.5	The proposed tree species are not water wise and large canopies will impact adjoining neighbours such as the Agonis Flexuosa, Banksia Attenuate Candle Banksia, Banksia Littorailis Swamp Banksia, Eucalyptus Gomphocephala Tuart and the Eucalyptus Sideroxylon Iron Bark.	Total: 1	The proposed development has been independently reviewed by a landscape architect professional appointed by the City of Nedlands to undertake an assessment of the landscape quality of the development against the principles for good landscape quality outlined under SPP7. The assessment provided support and support with conditions. These have been appropriately addressed through the provision of amended landscape plans.  A detailed assessment of the Peer Design Review Advice is further discussed in the RAR.	City, prior to installation.
3.6	The Acacia Saligna plant and Dianella species can become a weed and is considered a pest in South Africa. Can		Noted. Please refer to response in 3.6.	

	the species be replaced with a more friendly tall shrub?			
4.0	Traffic, Parking and Access Comments	Respondents who raised issue	Planning Response	Applicant Response
4.1	Development will result in an undesirable level of traffic along Philip Road which is already overcrowded with street parking issues.	2, 6, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29 <b>Total: 14</b>	A Traffic Impact Statement (TIS) has been provided which demonstrates that the anticipated traffic generation for the development can be accommodated for within the existing traffic network. The TIS has been reviewed by the City's Technical Services, who agreed with this finding.  As discussed in the SPP7.3 R-Codes Vol. 2 Assessment (Attachment 13), the development meets the acceptable outcomes and element objectives for car parking.	The Traffic Impact Statement for the Application states:  "it is estimated that the proposed residential development would generate a total of approximately 54 daily vehicle trips with about 4 and 5 trips during the AM and PM peak hour periods. These trips include both inbound and outbound vehicle movements."  As a result of the low level of traffic generated by a development with only 10 apartments, the Traffic Impact Statement concludes that the "impact on the surrounding road network is not considered to be significant."
4.2	Increased traffic along Philip Road will impact upon pedestrians and cyclists	2, 6, 11, 20, 22, 23, 24, <b>Total: 7</b>	Noted. Please refer to response in 4.1.	Refer above. There is an existing footpath of 2 metres in width that runs along Philip Rd, positioned adjacent to the kerb, in full visibility of vehicles entering / exiting the site.
4.3	Parking for 20 residents and 3 visitors - 20 additional cars in Philip Road is far too many, and 3 visitor bays is simply inadequate. If further developments like this eventuate, traffic and parking will become unmanageable along Philip Road.	5, 10, 16, 24 <b>Total: 4</b>	Noted. Please refer to response in 4.1.	Refer above.
4.4	The development has inadequate car parking for residents and visitors.	10, 15, 20 <b>Total: 3</b>	Noted. Please refer to response in 4.1.	The amount of parking provided satisfies the Acceptable Outcomes and is deemed sufficient to meet demand, with each apartment having two car bays. For a development of only 10 dwellings, the provision of 3 visitor bays is considered adequate to meet demand.
4.5	No traffic studies have been undertaken for the proposed development.	6, 27 <b>Total: 2</b>	Noted. Please refer to response in 4.1.	Refer to Traffic Impact Statement lodged with the Application.
4.6	The health of residents living close by to the development will be impacted upon by exhaust fumes/gases from extra vehicles in the area.	10, 21 <b>Total: 2</b>	Noted.	As stated above, the development is expected to generate only 54 daily vehicle trips (inbound and outbound), which is not significant.
4.7	Safety of pedestrians along Philip Road will be compromised from the vehicles	11, 20 <b>Total: 2</b>	The City's Technical Services Unit have reviewed development and determined the	The vehicle driveway has excellent sight lines with no structures proposed where the driveway / crossover meets the existing footpath, which is

### Item 13.8 - Attachment 1

		T		Item 10.0 - Attachment 1
	entering and existing the development from poor vehicle sightlines.		parking areas and access areas are acceptable.	aligned adjacent to the kerb. All structures within the site adjacent to the driveway at the front property boundary are low level and do not restrict driver visibility.
4.8	The development proposes no loading bays for huge delivery trucks which they would ultimately park along Philip Road.	10 Total: 1	Noted. There is no requirement under the R-Codes Volume 2 for the development to provide loading bays.	The development only has 10 dwellings and will not require any large delivery trucks to visit the site apart from when residents move in / out, which will occur infrequently.
5.0	Noise, Waste and Light Impacts	Respondents who raised issue	Planning Response	Applicant Response
5.1	The proposal will result in more residents moving in and creating noise from balconies impacting the peaceful neighborhood and surrounding properties	2, 6, 11, 18, 23, 28 Total: 6	The Acoustic Report (prepared by Sealhurst dated 9 March 2021) shall be implemented to ensure the development comply with the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997.	This is subjective and relates to behavior of future residents, which is not a relevant consideration.
5.2	The development will result in undesirable noise within the surrounding area.	11, 18, 23, 28 Total: 4	Noted. Please refer to response in 5.1.	The Application is accompanied by an Acoustic Assessment which makes a series of recommendations to ensure noise from mechanical equipment and services, as well as noise received by residents within the development, will be within acceptable levels.
5.3	Waste management is poorly managed and will result in waste trucks services block Philip Road making it unsafe for vehicles and pedestrians.	11, 22 Total: 2	The Waste Management Plan (prepared by Stewart Urban Planning dated 11 March 2021) in accordance with the City of Nedlands Waste Management Local Planning Policy and Guidelines is to be implemented prior to occupation and maintained at all times.	Discussions have been held with the City's Coordinator of Waste Services who has advised that a verge collection is appropriate given the small scale of the development. A revised Waste Management Plan has been submitted.
5.4	Light spill from the development and all the residents will have an impact to existing residents. How is the development going to manage this?	22, 29 Total: 2	A condition will be recommended for a Lighting Management Plan which demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause adverse amenity impacts on the surrounding locality and comply with the relevant Australian Standard.	Lighting will be carefully planned and installed to minimize light spill to adjacent properties. This is a detailed design issue that can be addressed by a condition of approval.
5.5	Construction noise from the development will be undesirable to surrounding properties.	Total: 1	Noted. The City is aware of the issues of noise, parking and traffic that will result from the construction of the development if approved. A standard condition for a Construction Management Plan will be submitted and approved by the City to reduce impacts of noise, traffic and construction disruptions.	A Construction Management Plan will be submitted. All construction noise is required to comply with the maximum assigned noise levels under the Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations.
5.6	The proposed pools on the roof will generate much undesirable noise at this height and impact adjoining residents.	28 Total: 1	Noted. Please refer to response in 5.1.	The Application is accompanied by an Acoustic Assessment which makes a series of recommendations to ensure noise from mechanical equipment and services, as well as

## Item 13.8 - Attachment 1

		T		item 10.0 - Attachment
				noise received by residents within the development, will be within acceptable levels.
6.0	Other Matters	Respondents who raised issue	Planning Response	Applicant Response
6.1	Why has the developer not considered town houses instead multiple dwellings which are out of character with the surrounding area.	5, 16, 22, 23, 24 Total: 5	Noted.	It is the proponent's choice to determine the housing typology that they wish to seek approval for. By way of comparison, the site is of sufficient size to be developed with 9 townhouses (grouped dwellings) or up to 14 single bedroom grouped dwellings.
6.2	The small unit sizes do not encourage families into the development and will lead to antisocial behavior in the area.	6, 18, 23 Total: 3	As discussed in the SPP7.3 R-Codes Vol. 2 Assessment ( <b>Attachment 13</b> ), the proposal meets the acceptable outcomes and the element objectives for apartment size.	The average apartment size in the development is 135m², which is not "small" and well above the minimum recommended areas set out in State Planning Policy 7.3.
6.3	A Dilapidation Report is to be done, of either side homes and behind the development prior to the start of any works on site to protect adjoining neighbours.	4, 27 Total: 2	A condition will be recommended for a Dilapidation Report be undertaken prior to any demolition and excavation works.	This is not a relevant planning consideration. This is an issue for the contracted builder who will undertake the construction works.
6.4	The developers and architects have not even tried to consult with the community prior to lodging their development application which is disrespectful to existing residents.	10, 15 Total: 2	Noted.	There is no requirement to consult prior to lodgement. After lodgement, the proponent has attended both a Councilor Briefing and Community Information Meeting.
6.5	The proposal will decrease property values and will adjacent properties to the development be compensated	18, 21 <b>Total: 2</b>	Noted. Not a planning consideration.	This is subjective and not a relevant planning consideration.
6.6	Under the section "Your questions answered", for the proposed development, it states the subject is zoned 'Mixed Use' under the City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No.3 and has a density coding of R-AC3. It is my understanding that the zoning of the proposed development site is R80. Can you please clarify this for me?	1 Total: 1	This is an error on the City's behalf on YourVoice. 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith is zoned Residential R80.	Noted.
6.7	The security of the neighborhood will be compromised since there is no stopping owners of units renting their place out and sold to investors rather than families. This decreases the sense of community with residents not intending the stay in the area long term.	23 Total: 1	Noted.	This is subjective and not a relevant planning consideration.

### **Submissions**

	Respondents	Total
Objection	2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29	24
Support	17, 19	2
Neither support nor	1, 4, 8	2
object		3
	TOTAL	29

ELEMENT 2.2 BUILDING HEIGH	IT				
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT			
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance				
O2.2.1 – The height of development responds to the desired future scale and character of the street and local area, including existing buildings that are unlikely to change.  O2.2.2 – The height of buildings within a	Acceptable Outcome A2.2.1 Satisfied  The development satisfies the four storey height limit applicable to R80. As per the definitions of 'Storey' and 'Basement', the calculation of the number of storeys excludes the Basement. The calculation of the number of storeys excludes the Basement.  The term Storey is defined in SPP7.3 V2 as:  Storey - the portion of a building which is situated between the top of any floor and the top of the floor next above it and if there is no floor above it, that portion between the top of the floor and the ceiling above it but does not include:  — a basement — a space that contains only a lift shaft, stairway or meter room — a mezzanine — a loft.  The term Basement is defined in SPP7.3 V2 as:	Objective achieved  The building presents as 4 storeys to the primary streamd 5 storeys to the rear. However, in accordance with the definition of 'storey', the basement floor is not considered to be storey and is excluded from the building height.  The building presents as 4 storeys to the primary streamd 5 storeys to the rear. However, in accordance with the definition of 'storey', the basement floor is not considered to be storey and is excluded from the building height.  The 4 storey development is consistent with the default building height for the R80 code. In the absence of a local planning policy that articulates the desired height for the location, the City must defer to the heights set out in Table 2.1 of the R-Codes Vol 2.  Objective achieved			
development responds to changes in topography.	Basement – a building floor level in which 50 per cent or more of its volume is below natural ground level.  More than 50% of the Basement volume is below natural ground level:  • Volume of Basement Above NGL: 907m <sub>2</sub> 48.3%  • Volume of Basement Below NGL: 973m <sub>2</sub> 51.7%	The site slopes from the primary street (north) to the rear (south) by approximately 2.5m high. The development seeks to utilise the slope of the site by maintaining a 4 storey development from the primary street whilst filling the rear of the site. This reduces the height of the building at the primary when compared to the rear of the building.  Objective achieved			
O2.2.3 – Development incorporates articulated roof design and/or roof top communal open space where appropriate.	Refer to diagram below.	The roof design is of a relatively low pitch and articulated design to minimise roof structure mass. There is no rooftop communal open space.			
O2.2.4 – The height of development recognises the need for daylight and solar access to adjoining and nearby residential development, communal open space and in some cases, public spaces.		Objective achieved  The proposed development complies with the default overshadowing requirement. The neighbouring property to the south (87 Waratah Avenue, Dalkeith) will be overshadowed by the development by 62m² or 2% of its total area at 12pm on 21 June 2020 (worst case).			

## **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

**A2.2.1** – Development complies with the building height limit (storeys) set out in Table 2.1, except where modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the building height limit set out in the applicable local planning instrument.

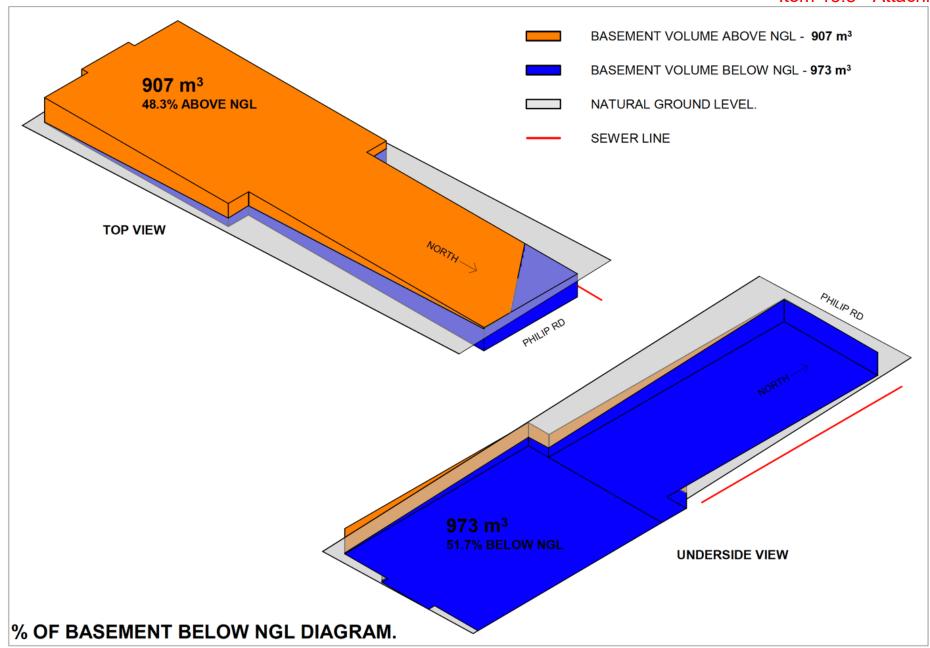
# (Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	Low	/-rise	Mediu	m-rise		density ential	_		_	density centres	Planned areas
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Building height (storeys) refer 2.2	2	3	3	4	4	5	3	6	7	9	

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved:**

The building will be four storeys in height (maximum of 4 storeys in R80 density). However Maximum height to top of roof is 15.7m above natural ground level (15m acceptable outcome).

,	
LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	In the absence of a local planning policy that articulates the desired height for the location, the City must defer to the heights set out in Table 2.1 of the R-Codes Vol 2.



ELEMENT 2.3 STREET SETBAC	KS	
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT

	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance	
<b>O2.3.1</b> – The setback of the development from the street reinforces and/or complements the existing or proposed landscape character of the street.	Acceptable Outcome A2.3.1 Satisfied        Required Setback: 2m     Proposed Setback: 5m to 6m	Objective achieved  The development will be setback a minimum of 5.0m the northern street boundary. The front setback articulated along the façade, with setbacks varying 6m from the ground floor and 5.0m from the upper flo
O2.3.2 – The street setback provides a clear		Objective achieved

# ive achieved

evelopment will be setback a minimum of 5.0m from orthern street boundary. The front setback is ated along the façade, with setbacks varying from m the ground floor and 5.0m from the upper floors.

## ive achieved

The ground floor area between the front lot boundary and the building is comprised of a landscaped areas and a clear pedestrian path to the building. These elements are considered to provide a clear transition between the public and private realms.

## Objective achieved

There is one ground floor apartment facing the street. There are a total of 3 upper floor apartments that face the street. The privacy for the ground floor apartment is achieved through landscaping. The upper floor apartments utilise balconies to increase the setbacks to indoor living areas and bedrooms.

### Objective achieved

Each apartment that faces the street includes balconies and indoor living areas with passive surveillance to the street. There are windows and balconies that directly overlook the pedestrian and vehicle entries into the development.

## **O2.3.3** – The street setback assists in achieving visual privacy to apartments from the street.

transition between the public and private realm.

**O2.3.4** – The setback of the development enables passive surveillance and outlook to the street.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.2.1 – Development complies with the street setback set out in Table 2.1, except where modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the street setback set out in the applicable local planning instrument

## (Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	Low	/-rise	Medium-rise		Medium-rise Higher density residential		Neighbourhood centre	Mid-rise urban centres	_	density centres	Planned areas
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Minimum primary and secondary street setbacks refer 2.3	4m <sup>4</sup>	2m	2	m	2	m	2m or Nil <sup>5</sup>	2m or Nil <sup>5</sup>	2m o	or Nil ⁵∣	

- (4) Minimum secondary street setback 1.5m
- (5) Nil setback applicable if commercial use at ground floor

# **Acceptable Outcome Achieved**

R80 provides a minimum 2m setback. The proposed development achieves a minimum of 5m from the primary street.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	In the absence of a local planning policy that articulates the desired primary street setback for the location, the City must defer to the street setbacks set out in Table 2.1 of the R-Codes Vol 2.

ELEMENT 2.4 SIDE AND REAR	SETBACKS				
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT			
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidanc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
O2.4.1 – Building boundary setbacks provide for adequate separation between neighbouring properties.	Acceptable Outcome A2.4.1 Partially Satisfied  Building Setbacks – Ground & Upper Storeys  Minimum Side / Rear Setback  Required: 3m  Proposed: 3m Side / 4m Rear  Average Side Setback  Required: 3.5m  Proposed: 3.6m West / 4.1 East  Building Setbacks – Walls Built to Boundary  Acceptable Outcome  Boundary Wall of 2-Storeys where it abuts an existing wall.  Boundary Wall of 2-Storeys permitted to one boundary only and not  exceeding two-thirds the length of the boundary (2/3 of 60m = 40m).  Element Objective Assessment  O2.4.1 is satisfied for the following reasons:	There is adequate separation between neighbouring properties due to compliance with the acceptable outcomes for side/rear setbacks from the ground floor and above.  However, it is noted that the proposed boundary walls as a result of the basement level on the eastern, western and southern lot boundaries results in the following variations to the Acceptable Outcomes as follows:  • Proposed 3 boundary walls in lieu of one lot boundary only.  • Proposed boundary walls exceed 2/3 length as follows:  - East side: 88% in lieu of 66.66% in length.  - South side: 93% in lieu of 66.66% in length.  The proposed western boundary wall abuts an existing 14m in length boundary wall on 14 Philip Road and the southern (rear) boundary wall abuts an existing 7.0m wide laneway for the entire length. The proposed boundary walls still provide adequate separation from adjoining properties for a development of this nature and scale.			

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**O2.4.2** – Building boundary setbacks are consistent with the existing streetscape pattern or the desired streetscape character.

- **O2.4.3** The setback of development from side and rear boundaries enables retention of existing trees and provision of deep soil areas that reinforce the landscape character of the area, support tree canopy and assist with stormwater management.
- **O2.4.4** –The setback of development from side and rear boundaries provides a transition between sites with different land uses or intensity of development.

- The Basement wall is proposed to be built to the rear boundary and southernmost portions of the side boundaries of the site.
- The Basement wall (including the portion setback 1.3m from the eastern boundary) has a combined length of 69 metres, being less than 50% of the combined length of the side and rear boundaries. This excludes stand-alone boundary retaining walls and fencing to the pedestrian entry, vehicle access ramp and deep soil area.
- Excluding the setback portions of the Basement wall, the length of wall that is actually built to the boundary is 40 metres, being equivalent to the length allowed by A2.4.1 to one side boundary only.
- The Basement wall is lower than the 2-storey height limit under SPP7.3 V2.
- The height of the boundary wall adjacent to the site's eastern boundary ranges from 3.0m to 4.5m above natural ground level, measured to the top of the visual privacy screen (1.7m above the external walkway floor level).
- The height of the boundary wall adjacent to the site's western boundary ranges from 2.7m to 3.9m above natural ground level, measured to the top of the visual privacy screen (1.7m above the terrace floor level).
- The Basement wall on the western boundary has a length of 26.5 metres, of which 14 metres abuts the existing parapet wall of the adjoining dwelling.
- The portion of the boundary wall to the north of the existing adjoining parapet wall is situated adjacent to a driveway, while the retaining / screen wall to the pedestrian entry also abuts a driveway and is of a similar height to an existing boundary wall in this location.
- The boundary wall on the eastern side of the site also abuts an existing driveway, while the Basement wall to the rear boundary abuts a Right of Way.
- These surrounding driveways provide a buffer between the development and adjoining residential properties and ensure that the proposed boundary walls have minimal impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties.
- With the exception of the small portion of the wall at the south-west corner of the site, none of the boundary walls abut any adjoining outdoor living areas.

#### Objective achieved

Side and rear setbacks for single houses are varied within the street block. More modern homes provide side and rear setbacks less than 3.0m in some cases. The development has achieved an average rear setback of 4.0m from the ground floor and above, which is consistent with the provision of a 'back yard' as seen on surrounding properties.

#### Objective achieved

The existing street trees along Philip Road will remain. All existing trees on site will be removed. However, extensive tree plantings are proposed to the eastern DSA.

## Objective achieved

The property to the south is coded R-AC3, and there is currently a 4 storey Mixed-Use development on 87 Waratah Avenue. The height, bulk and setback of this development is of similar bulk and scale to the existing development at 87 Waratah Avenue.

- · Landscaping to the eastern boundary will reduce the visual impact of the wall where it is setback from the boundary.
- The Basement boundary walls are located on the rear portion of the site and will have limited, if any, impact on the streetscape and setting of Philip Road.
- It is not considered the boundary walls, being less than two storeys in height to 50% of the combined length of the side / rear boundaries, will have any impact on the amenity of adjoining properties. Refer to diagram below for an illustration of proposed boundary walls.

Acceptable Outcome A2.4.2 Satisfied ✓



#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- A2.4.1 Development complies with the side and rear setbacks set out in Table 2.1, except where:
  - a) modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the side and rear setbacks set out in the applicable local planning instrument AND /OR
  - **b)** a greater setback is required to address 3.5 Visual privacy.

(Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	Low	/-rise	Mediu	Medium-rise		density ential	Neighbourhood centre	Mid-rise High density urban urban centres centres		Planned areas	
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Boundary wall height (storeys) <sup>1,2</sup> refer 2.4	1	3	1 3	2 3	2 3		2	3	4		
Minimum side setbacks <sup>6</sup> refer 2.4	2m	3m	3m		3	m	Nil				
Minimum rear setback refer 2.4	3	m	31	3m		m	6m	Nil Nil			
Average side setback where building length exceeds 16m refer 2.4	2.4m	3.5m	3.5m	3.5m	3.5m	4.0m	NA	NA	1	NA	

- (2) Wall may be built up to a lot boundary, where it abuts an existing or simultaneously constructed wall of equal or greater proportions
- Where the subject site and an affected adjoining site are subject to different density codes, the length and height of any boundary wall on the boundary between them is determined by reference to the lower density code

- (4) Boundary wall only permitted on one boundary, and shall not exceed 2/3 length.
- (6) Boundary setbacks will also be determined by provisions for building separation and visual privacy within this SPP and building separation provisions of the NCC.

#### **Side and Rear Setbacks**

3m for side and rear setbacks is required to meet acceptable outcomes. This development meets this requirement as follows:

- East side 3.0m
- West side 3.0m
- South side (rear)- 4.0m

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

## **Boundary Walls**

Proposed boundary walls as follows:

- Proposed boundary wall height of 2 storeys (Acceptable Outcome is 2 storeys),
- Proposed 3 boundary walls in lieu of one lot boundary only.
- Proposed boundary walls exceed 2/3 length as follows:
  - East side: 88% in lieu of 66.66% in length.
  - West side: 44% in lieu of 66.66% in length.
  - South side: 93% in lieu of 66.66% in length.

## **Acceptable Outcome not achieved**

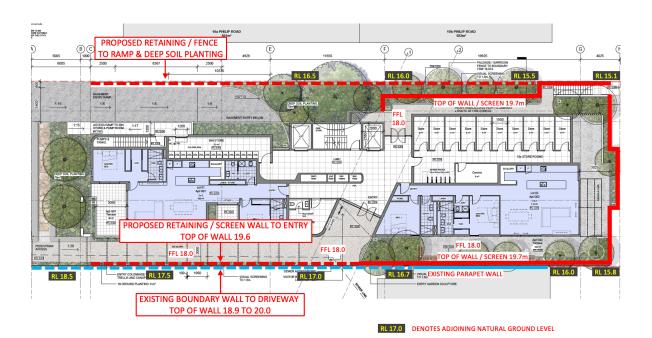
The development is generally consistent with the visual privacy separation acceptable outcomes. This matter will be addressed in Element 3.5.

**A2.4.2** – Development is setback from the boundary in order to achieve the Objectives outlined in 2.7 Building separation, 3.3 Tree canopy and deep soil areas, 3.5 Visual privacy and 4.1 Solar and daylight access.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Elements 2.7, 3.3, 3.5 and 4.1 have been achieved by this development.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.



ELEMENT 2.5 PLOT RATIO						
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT				
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.					
O2.5.1 – The overall bulk and scale of development is appropriate for the existing or planned character of the area.	Acceptable Outcome A2.5.1 Not Satisfied Acceptable Outcome Permitted: 1.0 1,136m2 Proposed: 1.29 1,471m2 The plot ratio of the building has been calculated in accordance with the definition of 'Plot Ratio Area' in SPP7.3 V2. Refer to diagram below.  Element Objective Assessment O2.5.1 is satisfied for the following reasons: The proposed development satisfies the Acceptable Outcomes of SPP7.3 V2 with respect to: building height;	Administration acknowledges that the proposed development represents a significant departure from the existing bulk and scale of the surrounding single houses built or renovated under the previous Residential R10 code along Philip Road under Town Planning Scheme No.2 which has been since replaced by the City's current Local Planning Scheme No.3 adopted on 16 April 2019.  The proposed development is, however, consistent with the intended building envelope for a multiple dwelling development within the Residential R80 density code.				

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- side / rear boundary setbacks (ground and upper floors); and
- visual privacy.
- The proposed development exceeds the Acceptable Outcomes of SPP7.3 V2 with respect to:
  - primary street setback (2 metres permitted; 5 to 6 metres proposed);
  - deep soil landscaping (114m<sub>2</sub> required; 145m<sub>2</sub> proposed);
  - tree planting;
  - outdoor living areas; and
  - access to sunlight and ventilation.
- For these reasons, the plot ratio floor area does not add to the bulk and scale of the building and does not have any adverse impact on the amenity of the locality or adjoining properties.
- In the circumstances of this Application, the plot ratio of the building is essentially a mathematical calculation of how the spaces within the building envelope are used, with no corresponding town planning impacts.
- Consistent with the intent of WAPC Planning Bulletin 113/2015, the proposed plot ratio represents a variation of 25% and does not exceed the plot ratio (1.3:1) applicable to the next higher density code of R100 under SPP7.3 V2.
- The site abuts the Waratah Village mixed use activity centre which is coded R-AC3 where a plot ratio of 2:1 is permitted.
- A five storey mixed use building occupies the abutting land to the south within the Waratah Village R-AC3 area.
- The proposed bulk and scale of the building is appropriate to the existing and planned character of the area and achieves a suitable transition between the R60 coded areas to the north and the R-AC3 activity centre to the south.

The overall bulk and scale of the development responds to the relatively narrow lot, where this building is provided with setbacks that meet or exceed acceptable outcomes from the side and rear. The setbacks of the building is consistent with the existing streetscape, particularly to the eastern, western and southern lot boundaries.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A2.5.1** – Development complies with the plot ratio requirements set out in Table 2.1, except where modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the plot ratio set out in the applicable local planning instrument.

(Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	Low	/-rise	Mediu	m-rise		density ential	Neighbourhood centre	Mid-rise urban centres	_	density centres	Planned areas
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Plot ratio <sup>7</sup> refer 2.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.2	2.0	2.5	3.0	

(6) Refer to Definitions for calculation of plot ratio

## **Acceptable Outcome not achieved**

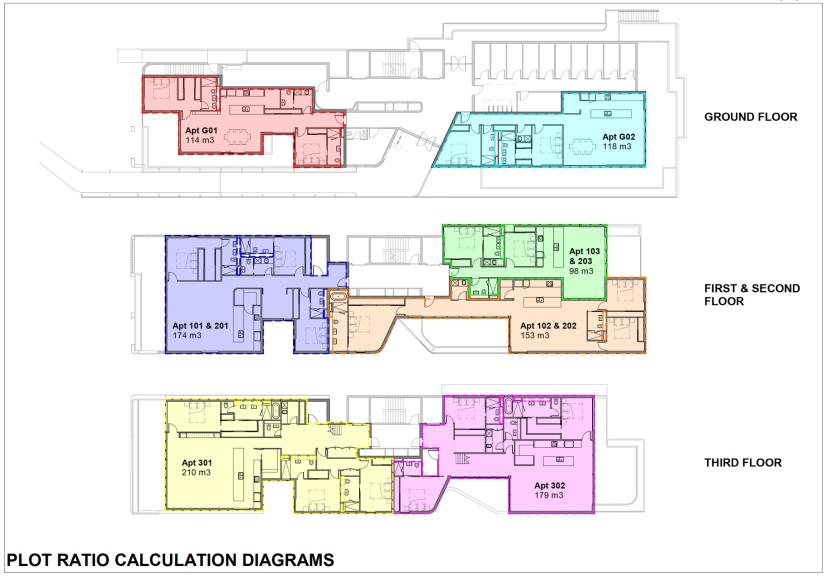
Plot ratio area for the development has been calculated at 1135.6m<sup>2</sup>. The acceptable outcome of 1.0 for R80 is 1135.6m<sup>2</sup>.

The proposed plot ratio for the development is 1.29 or 1,471m<sup>2</sup> in lieu of 1.0 or 1135.6m<sup>2</sup>.

The development is proposing an additional 0.29 or 335.4m<sup>2</sup> of additional plot ratio.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

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	ELEMENT 2.6	BUILDING DEPTH				
			APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
			Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			

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<b>O2.6.1</b> – Building depth supports apartment layouts that optimise daylight and solar access and natural ventilation.	Acceptable Outcome A2.6.1 Satisfied  No single aspect apartments are proposed.	Objective achieved  The proposed apartments are well planned and propose a building depth which provides sufficient access to daylight
O2.6.2 – Articulation of building form to allow adequate access to daylight and natural ventilation where greater building depths are proposed.	uilding form to allow and natural ventilation outdoor living area	
O2.6.3 – Room depths and / or ceiling heights optimise daylight and solar access and natural ventilation.		Objective achieved  The proposal optimises the site's northern aspect, minimising the number of dwellings with no northern light. All of the apartments have a floor to ceiling height of at least 2.8m and meet the acceptable outcomes for solar and daylight access and natural ventilation.

# **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A2.6.1 – Developments that comprise single aspect apartments on each side of a central circulation corridor shall have a maximum building depth of 20m. All other proposals will be assessed on their merits with particular consideration to 4.1 Solar and daylight access and 4.2 Natural ventilation.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

There is no single aspect apartment in the proposed development.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

<b>ELEMENT 2.7</b>	BUILDING SEPARATION				
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT			
		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
	nent supports the desired	Acceptable Outcome A2.7.1 Satisfied √	Objective achieved		
future streetscape character with spaces between buildings.			The building height and setbacks will allow for appropriate separation should adjoining properties by developed in the future.		

**O2.7.2** – Building separation is in proportion to building height.

**O2.7.3** – Buildings are separated sufficiently to provide for residential amenity including visual and acoustic privacy, natural ventilation, sunlight and daylight access and outlook.

**O2.7.4** – Suitable areas are provided for communal and private open space, deep soil areas and landscaping between buildings

The proposed side and rear setbacks allow for a detached built form complementing the surrounding residential character. The proposal provides opportunity for passive surveillance, with half of all apartment balconies overlooking the street. The proposed setbacks are considered to achieve the desired R80 streetscape pattern.

## Objective achieved

The building is 4 storeys high and will achieve acceptable outcome for building separation.

## **Objective achieved**

Visual privacy meets the R80 acceptable outcomes of Element 3.5. Separation to the property boundaries is sufficient to allow daylight access and natural ventilation. Windows and balconies have been placed to allow outlook without impacting on visual privacy.

## **Objective achieved**

The relatively compliant eastern side setback allows for provision of a deep soil area (DSA) and another DSA within the primary street setback area (a total of  $129m^2$ ). This area will allow for plantings of 1 x large trees, 3 x medium tree and 5 x small trees in the area.

The northern setback area will provide for a landscaped area between the primary street and the building.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### **A2.7.1** – Development complies with the separation requirements set out in Table 2.7.

Table 2.7 Building separation

		Building height			
	Separation between:	≤ 4 storeys (up to 15m)	5-8 storeys (up to 28m)	≥ 9 storeys (over 28m)	
	Habitable rooms/balconies	12m	18m	24m	
Within site boundary	Habitable and non-habitable rooms	7.5m	12m	18m	
,	Non-habitable rooms	4.5m	6m	9m	
To adjoining property boundaries	Habitable rooms/balconies and boundary	Refer 2.4 Side and rear setbacks (Table 2.1) and 3.5 Visual privacy (Table 3.5)	9m	12m	

Distances apply from major openings of rooms, or the inside of balustrading of balconies.

Average dimensions may be applied subject to major openings meeting other requirements for privacy, daylight and the like

# **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

# Within site boundary

Yes – the development meets the acceptable outcomes.

# To adjoining property boundaries

Yes – the development meets the acceptable outcomes for 2.4 and 3.5.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 3.2	ORIENTATION		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVE	S	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
	following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance	
O3.2.1 – Building layout	s respond to the and site attributes while	Acceptable Outcome A3.2.1 Satisfied ✓	Objective achieved
optimising solar and day development.		Acceptable Outcome A3.2.2 N/A ✓	The building maximises daylight access by reducing the number of apartments that rely solely on south-facing
		Acceptable Outcome A3.2.3 Satisfied  All abutting properties are coded R80 or higher.	openings (6 apartments takes advantage of the eastern and western orientation). Four apartments are oriented to the street to activate the frontage.
O3.2.2 – Building form a overshadowing of the ha	and orientation minimises	Acceptable Outcome A3.2.4 N/A ✓	Objective achieved
space and solar collector properties during mid-wi	rs of neighbouring		The proposed development complies with the default overshadowing requirement. The proposal does not overshadow any solar collectors or major openings to adjoining properties at mid-winter.
			Due to the design and lot orientation, the maximum shadow cast at mid-winter is 2% of the rear property at 87 Waratah Avenue which is zoned R- AC3 It is noted that this falls over the balconies of the ground floor and first
			floor units of 87 Waratah Avenue units facing the laneway. However, it is also noted that the extent of mid-winter overshadowing to 87 Waratah Avenue is below the permitted percentage of overshadowing for a site coded Residential R25 or lower.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.2.1 – Buildings on street or public realm frontages are oriented to face the public realm and incorporate direct access from the street.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

A total of 3 apartments directly face the street. Direct access is provided between the street and the lobby entrance.

A3.2.2 – Buildings that do not have frontages to streets or public realm are oriented to maximise northern solar access to living areas.

### Acceptable Outcome not applicable

A3.2.3 – Development in climate zones 4, 5 and 6 shall be designed such that the shadow cast at midday on 21st June onto any adjoining property does not exceed:

- adjoining properties coded R25 and lower 25% of the site area1
- adjoining properties coded R30 R40 35% of the site area1
- adjoining properties coded R50 R60 50% of the site area<sup>1</sup>
- adjoining properties coded R80 or higher Nil requirements.
- (1) Where a development site shares its southern boundary with a lot, and that lot is bound to the north by other lot(s), the limit of shading at A3.2.3 shall be reduced proportionally to the percentage of the affected properties northern boundary that abuts the development site. (Refer to Figure A7.2 in Appendix 7)

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The adjoining property to the south is coded R-AC3. Acceptable Outcome is nil requirements. The neighbouring property to the south (87 Waratah Avenue, Dalkeith) will be overshadowed by the development by 62m<sup>2</sup> or 2% of its total area at 12pm on 21 June 2020 (worst case).

**A3.2.4**— Where adjoining sites are coded R40 or less, buildings are oriented to maintain 4 hours per day solar access on 21 June for existing solar collectors on neighbouring sites.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 3.3	TREE CANOPY AND DEEP SOIL AREAS			
		APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		

**O3.3.1** – Site planning maximises retention of existing healthy and appropriate and protects the viability of adjoining trees.

**O3.3.2** – Adequate measures are taken to

improve tree canopy (long term) or to offset

reduction of tree canopy from pre-development

O3.3.3 - Development includes deep soil areas,

or other infrastructure to support planting on

structures, with sufficient area and volume to

sustain healthy plant and tree growth.

Acceptable Outcome A3.3.1 to A3.3.2 √

The existing vegetation on the site is not considered to meet the criteria listed in A3.3.1 and a better landscape solution can be achieved by planting advanced trees in designated landscape areas around the building.

trees in designated landscape areas around the build

Acceptable Outcome A3.3.3 Satisfied

The development does not have any detrimental impact on any trees on the adjoining sites. One verge tree will be removed and replaced.

Acceptable Outcome A3.3.4 to A3.3.6

Satisfied √

Deep Soil Areas (In Ground)

• 129m<sub>2</sub> (11.3%).

Tree Planting (In Ground)

- 14 small sized trees.
- 3 medium sized tree.
- 1 large sized tree.

Tree Planting (In Structure)

· 22 small sized trees in structure.

Acceptable Outcome A3.3.7 N/A ✓

## Objective achieved with Condition

There is no arboriculture assessment of trees on or adjoining the application site. All trees located on site are to be removed. In the event that an approval is contemplated, a condition is recommended requiring an arboriculture assessment of the impacts of proposal on adjoining trees, and the implementation of any associated recommendations.

## **Objective achieved with Condition**

Arboriculture advice with respect to the proposed development's impact on trees on the adjoining properties is to be managed by way of condition.

Although no trees are retained onsite, the applicant has demonstrated a greater increase to the overall tree canopy within the proposed development.

## **Objective achieved with Condition**

The acceptable outcome for deep soil area (A3.3.4) has been exceeded by the development.

In the event of JDAP approval, it is recommended that a condition for a Landscape Management Plan be imposed to ensure all landscaped areas will be maintained and managed appropriately as a condition of approval.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

condition.

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A3.3.1** – Retention of existing trees on the site that meet the following criteria:

- healthy specimens with ongoing viability AND
- species is not included on a State or local area weed register AND
- height of at least 4m AND/OR
- trunk diameter of at least 160mm, measured 1m from the ground AND/OR
- average canopy diameter of at least 4m.

## Acceptable Outcome not achieved

No existing trees on the site are proposed to be retained.

A3.3.2 – The removal of existing trees that meet any of the criteria at A3.3.1 is supported by an arboriculture report.

## Acceptable Outcome not achieved

No arborist report was submitted.

A3.3.3 – The development is sited and planned to have no detrimental impacts on, and to minimise canopy loss of adjoining trees.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The surrounding properties incorporate small and medium trees into the landscaping in the rear and along the side boundaries. The setbacks of the proposed development will ensure against impact on trees located on neighbouring properties.

**A3.3.4** – Deep soil areas are provided in accordance with Table 3.3a. Deep soil areas are to be co-located with existing trees for retention and/or adjoining trees, or alternatively provided in a location that is conducive to tree growth and suitable for communal open space.

**Table 3.3a** Minimum deep soil area and tree provision requirements

Site Area	Minimum deep soil area	Minimum requirement for trees 1
Less than 700m²		1 medium tree and small trees to suit area
700 – 1,000m²	10% <b>OR</b>	2 medium trees OR 1 large tree and small trees to suit area
>1,000m²	7% if existing tree(s) retained on site  (% site area)	1 large tree and 1 medium tree for each additional 400m² in excess of 1000m² OR 1 large tree for each additional 900m² in excess of 1000m² and small trees to suit area

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Minimum requirement for trees includes retained or new trees Refer Table 3.3b for tree sizes

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

As no trees are to be retained, 10% of the site area (113.6²) is to be deep soil area. A total of 129m² of deep soil area is proposed.

In the front DSA facing between the street and building, a total of 2 x medium streets are proposed.

In the eastern DSA, a total of 1 x large trees, 1 x medium tree and 5 x small trees are proposed.

A3.3.5 – Landscaping includes existing and new trees with shade producing canopies in accordance with Tables 3.3a and 3.3b.

#### Table 3.3b Tree sizes

Tree size	Indicative canopy diameter at maturity	Nominal height at maturity	Required DSA per tree	Recommended minimum DSA width	Minimum DSA width where additional rootable soil zone (RSZ) width provided¹ (min 1m depth)	Indicative pot size at planting
Small	4-6m	4-8m	9m²	2m	1m (DSA) + 1m (RSZ)	100L
Medium	6-9m	8-12m	36m²	3m	2m (DSA) + 1m (RSZ)	200L
Large	>9m	>12m	64m²	6m	4.5m (DSA) + 1.5m (RSZ)	500L

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Rootable areas are for the purposes of determining minimum width only and do not have the effect of reducing the required DSA.

## Acceptable Outcome achieved

Trees within the DSA within the front setback area:

- 2 x Medium trees at 200L are proposed.
- The 2 medium trees located in DSA with a minimum width of 3.0m and minimum 4m<sup>2</sup> DSA with RSZ greater than 1.0m in depth.

#### Trees within the eastern DSA:

- 1 x Large tree at 500L is proposed.
- 1 x Medium tree at 200L is proposed.
- 5 x Small trees at 100L are proposed.
- The 1 large tree is located in DSA with a minimum width of 6.0m and minimum 4.5m² DSA with RSZ greater than 1.5m in depth.
- The 1 medium trees located in DSA with a minimum width of 3.0m and minimum 2m<sup>2</sup> DSA with RSZ greater than 1.0m in depth.
- The 5 small trees located in DSA with a minimum width of 2.0m and minimum 5m<sup>2</sup> DSA with RSZ greater than 1.0m in depth.

A3.3.6 – The extent of permeable paving or decking within a deep soil area does not exceed 20 per cent of its area and does not inhibit the planting and growth of trees.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Yes - the DSA calculation noted above excludes paved areas.

A3.3.7 – Where the required deep soil areas cannot be provided due to site restrictions, planting on structure with an area equivalent to two times the shortfall in deep soil area provision is provided.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

FI	ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
		Acceptable Outcome A2 4 4 to A2 4 7	Objective achieved

- **O3.4.1** Provision of quality communal open space that enhances resident amenity and provides opportunities for landscaping, tree retention and deep soil areas.
- O3.4.2 Communal open space is safe, universally accessible and provides a high level of amenity for residents.
- **O3.4.3** Communal open space is designed and oriented to minimise impacts on the habitable rooms and private open space within the site and of neighbouring properties.

# Acceptable Outcome A3.4.1 to A3.4.7

Communal Open Space not required for 10 dwellings.

## Objective achieved

The overall communal open space requirement for up to 10 dwellings under Table 3.4 is informal seating associated with deep soil or other landscaped areas. There is no applicable minimum dimensions or areas.

The development proposes informal space at the entrance to the building and within the front setback area and along the eastern lot boundary. These areas are can be used by residents or visitors to sit as there are low concrete seating provided.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.4.1 – Developments include communal open space in accordance with Table 3.4

Table 3.4 Provision of communal open space

Development size	Overall communal open space requirement	Minimum accessible / hard landscape area (included in overall area requirement)	Minimum open space dimension
Up to 10 dwellings	Informal seating associated with deep soil or other landscaped areas	NA	NA
More than 10 dwellings	Total: 6m² per dwelling up to maximum 300m²	At least 2m² per dwelling up to 100m²	<u>4m</u>

Satisfied ✓

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The overall communal open space requirement for up to 10 dwellings under Table 3.4 is informal seating associated with deep soil or other landscaped areas. There is no applicable minimum dimensions or areas.

The development proposes informal space at the entrance to the building and within the front setback area and along the eastern lot boundary.

A3.4.2 – Communal open space located on the ground floor or on floors serviced by lifts must be accessible from the primary street entry of the development.

## Acceptable Outcome not applicable

A3.4.3 – There is 50 per cent direct sunlight to at least one communal open space area for a minimum of two hours between 9am and 3pm on 21 June.

A3.4.4— Communal open space is co-located with deep soil areas and/or planting on structure areas and/ or co-indoor communal spaces.

## **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

**A3.4.5** – Communal open space is separated or screened from adverse amenity impacts such as bins, vents, condenser units, noise sources and vehicle circulation areas.

## **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

A3.4.6 – Communal open space is well-lit, minimises places for concealment and is open to passive surveillance from adjoining dwellings and/or the public realm.

## **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

**A3.4.7** – Communal open space is designed and oriented to minimise the impacts of noise, odour, light-spill and overlooking on the habitable rooms and private open spaces within the site and of neighbouring properties.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 3.5 VISUAL PRIVACY		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
O3.5.1 – The orientation and design of buildings, windows and balconies minimises direct overlooking of habitable rooms and private outdoor living areas within the site and of neighbouring properties, while maintaining daylight and solar access, ventilation and the external outlook of habitable rooms.	Acceptable Outcome A3.5.1 to A3.5.4 Satisfied  All visual privacy setbacks are achieved, as follows:  Major Openings to Bedrooms / Studies  3 metre setback provided to all bedrooms and studies.  Open Access Walkways  3 metre setback provided; or  Screened to height of 1.6 metres where the 'cone of vision' to the west and east side boundaries is less than 3 metres  Major Openings to Habitable Rooms other than Bedrooms  4.5 metre setback provided; or	Objective achieved with Condition  The development is consistent with the acceptable outcomes for visual privacy.  The façades of the proposed development is articulated with portions stepping in and out, along with balconies and vegetation limiting direct overlooking.  If the abutting side lots are redeveloped in the future, they will need to be designed in accordance with the R-Codes Volume 2. This will ensure adequate separation is provided between any new balconies/major openings and those currently proposed by the subject development.

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• Obscure glass below a height of 1.6 metres above floor level.

<u>Unenclosed Private Outdoor Terraces and Balconies</u>

- Ground Floor: Screened to a height of 1.6 metres facing west side boundary;
- 1<sub>st</sub> to 3<sub>rd</sub> Floors: Screened to a height of 1.6 metres where the 'cone of vision' to the side boundaries is less than 6 metres:
- Roof Terraces: 6 metre setback provided.
- Rear Boundary: 6 metre 'cone of vision' setback measured to south side of abutting Right of Way consistent with SPP7.3 Volume 1.

Furthermore, it is considered the orientation and design of the proposal has tried to minimises direct overlooking to the eastern, western and southern lots.

In the event of JDAP approval, it is recommended that a condition be placed on any approval that requires the balustrading to the balconies of Apartments 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10 to be obscure glaze or solid to prevent downwards views into adjoining properties.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A3.5.1** – Visual privacy setbacks to side and rear boundaries are provided in accordance with Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Required privacy setback to adjoining sites

	First 4	5th storey and	
Cone of vision from unscreened:	Adjoining sites coded R50 or lower	Adjoining sites coded higher than R50	above
Major opening to bedroom, study and open access walkways	4.5m	3m	
Major openings to habitable rooms other than bedrooms and studies	6m	<u>4.5m</u>	Refer Table 2.7
Unenclosed private outdoor spaces	7.5m	6m	

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Adjoining properties are coded R80 to the east and west and R-AC3 to the south.

All cone of vision complies as follows:

- All major openings to bedroom and study windows are setback 3.0m.
- All major openings to habitable rooms other than bedroom and studies are setback 4.5m
- All balconies are setback 6.0m from the eastern and western lot boundaries.
- All balconies facing the south lot boundary- the visual cone falls within a 7.0m wide laneway for the entire southern lot boundary.
- All proposed screening is 1.6m high from the FFL.

A3.5.2 – Balconies are unscreened for at least 25 per cent of their perimeter (including edges abutting a building).

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All units meet this acceptable outcome.

A3.5.3 - Living rooms have an external outlook from at least one major opening that is not obscured by a screen.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All living rooms have an external outlook to the courtyard/balcony.

**A3.5.4** – Windows and balconies are sited, oriented, offset or articulated to restrict direct overlooking, without excessive reliance on high sill levels or permanent screening of windows and balconies.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

No habitable room is solely provided with a highlight window. As noted in the Building Separation section above, visual privacy is maintained due to compliant side and rear setbacks.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 3.6	PUBLIC DOMAIN INTERFACE		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
O3.6.1 – The transition between the private and public domain enhances the privacy and safety of residents.		Acceptable Outcome A3.6.1 to A3.6.9	Objective achieved
		Satisfied	The public-private interface for the development incorporates an open landscape front area between the street and the building and passive surveillance from all four apartments that front the street.
O3.6.2 – Street facing development and landscape design retains and enhances the			Objective achieved
amenity and safety of th including the provision of	e adjoining public domain, f shade.		Two trees are proposed along the street boundary with will provide shade. The landscaping is open in nature to prevent concealment and to demarcate the public-private interface.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A3.6.1** – The majority of ground floor dwellings fronting onto a street or public open space have direct access by way of a private terrace, balcony or courtyard.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Apartment 1 fronts the street. The development plans show direct access between the master bed, courtyard and the front setback area.

**A3.6.2** – Car-parking is not located within the primary street setback; and where car parking is located at ground level behind the street setback it is designed to integrate with landscaping and the building façade (where part of the building).

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The proposed car parking area is located in the basement level. The vehicle entry is integrated into the building design.

**A3.6.3** – Upper level balconies and/or windows overlook the street and public domain areas.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Apartments 3, 6 and 9 include balconies and windows that overlook the primary street.

**A3.6.4** – Balustrading includes a mix of visually opaque and visually permeable materials to provide residents with privacy while maintaining casual surveillance of adjoining public domain areas.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Glass balustrading is proposed to the street-facing balconies. Privacy screening is proposed for the side elevations of the balconies facing the eastern and western lot boundaries.

**A3.6.5** – Changes in level between private terraces, front gardens and the ground floor level of the building and the street level average less than 1m and do not exceed 1.2m.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

There is no significant level change between the street and the building or surrounding gardens.

A3.6.6 – Front fencing includes visually permeable materials above 1.2m and the average height of solid walls or fences to the street does not exceed 1.2m.

## Acceptable Outcome not applicable

No front fencing is proposed.

**A3.6.7** – Fencing, landscaping and other elements on the frontage are designed to eliminate opportunities for concealment.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The landscaped area within the front setback area of the building is open and will eliminate areas for concealment.

A3.6.8 – Bins are not located within the primary street setback or in locations visible from the primary street.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Bins will be located within an integrated bin storage room that is located within the building. The store will screen bins from view.

- **A3.6.9** Services and utilities that are located in the primary street setback are integrated into the design of the development and do not detract from the amenity and visual appearance of the street frontage.<sup>1</sup>
  - (1) Firefighting and access to services such as power and water meters require careful consideration in the design of the front façade. Consult early with relevant authorities to resolve functional requirements in an integrated design solution.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Meter boxes are located within the a room on the ground floor of the building and will not be viewable from the street.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

	ADDI ICANIT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	APPLICANT COMMENT  Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the	ASSESSOR COMMENT  Element Objectives, through either a performance based
	solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance	e provided in the policy may be of assistance.
O3.7.1 – Entries and pathways are universally accessible, easy to identify and safe for residents and visitors.	Acceptable Outcomes A3.7.1 and A3.7.2  Satisfied  Acceptable Outcome A3.7.3 Partially  Satisfied  Element Objective Assessment The entry doors to the lobby are not visible from the street and for this reason A3.7.3 is not satisfied. The design of the entry satisfies the Element Objectives	Objective achieved  The entry into the building is at grade located to th western side of the building. The entry to the building i identified via a welcoming entry colonnade with trellis an canopy cover. This allows it to be easily accessed an identified which should encourage an attractive street presence along Philip Road.  The entrance will be lit for safe entry at night.
O3.7.2 – Entries to the development connect to and address the public domain with an attractive street presence.	as the pedestrian path leading to the lobby is clearly defined, universally accessible, visible from the street, well lit at night, and connected to the footpath. The small size of the project does not require wayfinding for visitors.	
	Pedestrian Entry from Footpath to Lobby	
	Acceptable Outcomes A3.7.4 to A3.7.7	
	Satisfied	

## ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A3.7.1** – Pedestrian entries are connected via a legible, well-defined, continuous path of travel to building access areas such as lift lobbies, stairs, accessways and individual dwelling entries.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The pedestrian entry is located on the western side of the building and will be readily identifiable as the entry point into the development. There is a straight line of travel from the street into the building and to the lift and stairs.

**A3.7.**2 – Pedestrian entries are protected from the weather.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The entry pathway for pedestrians will be partially covered with a trellis and canopy cover that will provide shade.

A3.7.3 – Pedestrian entries are well-lit for safety and amenity, visible from the public domain without opportunity for concealment, and designed to enable casual surveillance of the entry from within the site.

### **Acceptable Outcome not achieved**

The pedestrian entry is located on the western side of the building and not directly visible from the primary street being Philip Road.

**A3.7.4** – Where pedestrian access is via a shared zone with vehicles, the pedestrian path is clearly delineated and/or measures are incorporated to prioritise the pedestrian and constrain vehicle speed.

### Acceptable outcome not applicable

**A3.7.5** – Services and utilities that are located at the pedestrian entry are integrated into the design and do not detract from the amenity of the entry.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All services and utilities are located away from the entry and concealed.

**A3.7.6** – Bins are not located at the primary pedestrian entry.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Bins are located away from the entry in the bin storage room.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 3.8 VEHICLE ACCESS		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT

<b>O3.8.1</b> – Vehicle access points are designed and
located to provide safe access and egress for
vehicles and to avoid conflict with pedestrians,
cyclists and other vehicles.

**O3.8.2** – Vehicle access points are designed and located to reduce visual impact on the streetscape.

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

# Acceptable Outcome A3.8.1 to A3.8.7

# Satisfied V

- · One driveway is provided to Philip Rd.
- The driveway does not serve more than 10 dwellings.
- The driveway is 3.5m in width and 0.6m from side (east) boundary.
- No structures or planting is proposed within the visual sight line truncations where driveway meets the front boundary.
- Driveway width restricted to a functional minimum commensurate with the low number of car parking bays that it services.
- A traffic management system (signage) will be installed to give priority to cars entering the basement.

#### Objective achieved

The vehicle access point is located perpendicular to the street and provided with appropriate sight lines to Philip Road, which is a local access road.

#### Objective achieved

The vehicle access point is limited to a single crossover and driveway located towards the eastern lot boundary of the site. The driveway will be integrated into the building and landscaping.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A3.8.1** – Vehicle access is limited to one opening per 20m street frontage that is visible from the street.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

There is one vehicle access point into the property. The frontage of the property is 18.91m wide.

A3.8.2 – Vehicle entries are identifiable from the street, while being integrated with the overall façade design and/ or located behind the primary building line.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The vehicle access is visible from the street and is integrated into the building. The driveway leads under the building to the car parking area in the basement level.

**A3.8.3** – Vehicle entries have adequate separation from street intersections.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The crossover will be located approximately 95m from the nearest street intersection (Adelma Road).

A3.8.4 – Vehicle circulation areas avoid headlights shining into habitable rooms within the development and adjoining properties.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The driveway is separated from the ground floor apartments via a stairwell. This will avoid headlights shining into Apartment 1. The driveway will elevate downwards to the basement and should reduce the impact of headlights from vehicles to and from the site.

A3.8.5 – Driveway width is kept to a functional minimum, relative to the traffic volumes and entry/egress requirements.

### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The driveway is proposed at 4.4m, which will allow for vehicles to pass, consistent with A3.8.6.

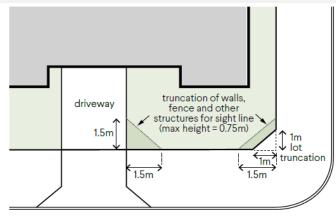
A3.8.6 – Driveways designed for two way access to allow for vehicles to enter the street in forward gear where:

- the driveway serves more than 10 dwellings
- the distance from an on-site car parking to the street is 15m or more OR
- the public street to which it connects is designated as a primary distributor, distributor or integrated arterial road.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

As there are 10 dwellings, one-way access has been provided. All vehicles will be able to exit in forward gear.

**A3.8.7** – Walls, fences and other structures truncated or reduced to no higher than 0.75m within 1.5m of where walls, fences, other structures adjoin vehicle access points where a driveway meets a public street and where two streets intersect (refer Figure 3.8a).



**Figure 3.8a** Truncation at street corner to provide sightlines (refer A3.8.7).

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

No front fence is proposed or structures greater than 0.75m high is located within the 1.5m x 1.5m truncation area.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

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ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
O3.9.1 – Parking and facilities are provided for	Acceptable Outcome A3.9.1 to A3.9.6	Objective achieved		
cyclists and other modes of transport.	Satisfied  Acceptable Outcome A3.9.7 Satisfied  The visitor parking bays (3) are located in the basement	The development proposes 20 resident car parking bays, 3 visitor parking bays and 6 bicycle spaces. This provisions meets the acceptable outcome requirements. No motorcycle parking is required in order to meet		
O3.9.2 – Car parking provision is appropriate to the location, with reduced provision possible in areas that are highly walkable and/or have good public transport or cycle networks and/or are close	and will be positioned to be visible from (and close to) the driveway entry point to the basement. The visitor car bays will be marked "Visitor Parking". Visitors will be able to access the basement via the building's intercom system.	acceptable outcomes.  Objective achieved  Car parking provision meets the acceptable outcome requirements for Location B for residential parking (20		
to employment centres.	Acceptable Outcome A3.9.8 to A3.9.9 N/A ✓	provided, 12.5 required). Visitor parking provision meets the acceptable outcome of 3 spaces.=		
O3.9.3 – Car parking is designed to be safe and	Acceptable Outcome A3.9.10 Satisfied ✓	Objective achieved		
accessible.	Basement does not protrude more than 1m above natural ground level at the front of the site. Where the basement protrudes above natural ground level, it is fully concealed	Car parking has been designed to AS2890.1 as required by acceptable outcomes.		
	from view to prevent any negative visual impact on the streetscape of Philip Road. The reduced width of the	The City's Technical Services Unit has also reviewed the car parking layout and is satisfied with the proposal.		
O3.9.4 – The design and location of car parking minimises negative visual and environmental impacts on amenity and the streetscape.	driveway to the basement also assists with reducing visual impacts on the streetscape.	Objective achieved  The car parking area is located at basement level and is		
impacte on amonity and the offoctoupe.		completely screened from the view of the street.		

## ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.9.1 – Secure, undercover bicycle parking is provided in accordance with Table 3.9 and accessed via a continuous path of travel from the vehicle or cycle entry point.

#### Table 3.9 Parking ratio

Parking types		Location A	Location B
	1 bedroom dwellings	0.75 bay per dwelling	1 bay per dwelling
Car parking <sup>1</sup>	2+ bedroom dwellings	1 bay per dwelling	1.25 bays per dwelling
Cai parking	Visitor	1 bay per four dwellings up to 12 dwellings	
	Visitor	1 bay per eight dwellings for the 13th dwelling and above	
Diagrala markings	Resident	0.5 space per dwelling	
Bicycle parking <sup>1</sup>	Visitor	1 space per 10 dwellings	
Motorcycle/ Scooter parking <sup>2</sup>	Developments exceeding 20 dwellings provide 1 motorcycle/scooter space for every 10 car bays		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Calculations of parking ratios shall be rounded up to the next whole number.

#### Definitions

**Location A:** within 800m walkable catchment of a train station and/or 250m of a transit stop (bus or light rail) of a high-frequency route and/or within the defined boundaries of an activity centre.

Location B: not within Location A.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

Bicycle parking requirement: 5 spaces + 1 visitor space = 6 required. A total of 6 bicycle racks are provided.

The bicycle parking area is located in an accessible area within the storage area and accessed through the lobby.

**A3.9.2** – Parking is provided for cars and motorcycles in accordance with Table 3.9.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

**Development site is Location B.** 

Resident car parking requirement: 10 x 1.25 bays per dwelling = 12.5 required. A total of 20 car bays provided for residents.

Visitor car parking requirement: 10 x 1 bay per 4 dwellings = 3 required. A total of 3 car bays provided for visitors.

Motorcycle bays are not required as the development does not exceed 20 units. Only 10 units proposed.

A3.9.3 – Maximum parking provision does not exceed double the minimum number of bays specified in Table 3.9

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

A total of 24 spaces are provided, whereas the amount that is double the minimum requirement is 31 bays.

A3.9.4 – Car parking and vehicle circulation areas are designed in accordance with AS2890.1 (as amended) or the requirements of applicable local planning instruments.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The design has been assessed as meeting the Australian standard.

**A3.9.5** – Car parking areas are not located within the street setback and are not visually prominent from the street.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All car parking is located within the basement level and is screened from the street.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For each five motorcycle/scooter parking bays provided in accordance with Table 3.9, car parking bays may be reduced by one bay.

A3.9.6 - Car parking is designed, landscaped or screened to mitigate visual impacts when viewed from dwellings and private outdoor spaces.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All car parking is located within the basement level and is screened from the street.

A3.9.7 – Visitor parking is clearly visible from the driveway, is signed 'Visitor Parking' and is accessible from the primary entry or entries.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved - condition recommended

Visitor car parking bays are located in the basement level. A condition is recommended in the event of approval that requires the visitor car parking to be signed appropriately.

**A3.9.8** – Parking shade structures, where used, integrate with and complement the overall building design and site aesthetics and have a low reflectance to avoid glare into apartments.

#### Acceptable Outcome not applicable

**A3.9.9** – Uncovered at-grade parking is planted with trees at a minimum rate of one tree per four bays.

## **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

**A3.9.10** – Basement parking does not protrude more than 1m above ground, and where it protrudes above ground is designed or screened to prevent negative visual impact on the streetscape.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The basement parking does not protrude above 1.0m above ground level as viewed from the streetscape being Philip Road.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.1	SOLAR AND DAYLIGHT ACCESS			
ELEMENT OBJECTIVE	: q	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
	e following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
<b>O4.1.1</b> – In climate zones 4, 5 and 6: the		Acceptable Outcome A4.1.1 to A4.1.4	Objective achieved	
	d designed to optimise the eiving winter sunlight to	Satisfied <b>√</b>	All the apartments have living rooms and private open space that will receive at least 3 hours of direct sunlight between 9am - 3pm. This is more than the minimum 70%	

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private open space and via windows to habitable rooms.

- 100% of dwellings receive the required minimum 2 hours of direct sunlight to habitable rooms or external living areas between 9am and 3pm 21st June
- 100% of dwellings receive 3 hours and 50% receive 5+ hours.

of dwellings having living rooms and private open space to obtain at least 2 hours of direct sunlight.

In addition, it is considered that the building maximises orientation to its northern aspect, having regard to its adequate separation from surrounding properties. It is also noted that the City's consultant architect did not raise any specific concerns regarding solar/daylight access.

## Objective achieved

The proposal does not rely on lightwells or skylights as the primary daylight source for any habitable room.

In addition, for each apartment, every habitable room is provided with at least one window, visible from all parts of the room, with their being more than 10% of the total floor area of the respective room owning to the floor-to-ceiling glazed portion.

## Objective achieved

Covered balconies are provided to shade openings into living areas.

**O4.1.2** – Windows are designed and positioned to optimise daylight access for habitable rooms.

**O4.1.3** – The development incorporates shading and glare control to minimise heat gain and glare:

- from mid-spring to autumn in climate zones 4, 5 and 6 AND
- year-round in climate zones 1 and 3.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.1.1** – In climate zones 4, 5 and 6 only:

- a) Dwellings with a northern aspect are maximised, with a minimum of 70 per cent of dwellings having living rooms and private open space that obtain at least 2 hours direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm on 21 June AND
- **b)** A maximum of 15 per cent of dwellings in a building receiving no direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm on 21 June.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All 10 apartments will have direct sunlight into living rooms and private open space for at least 3 hours on June 21 between 9am-3pm (100%).

**A4.1.2** – Every habitable room has at least one window in an external wall, visible from all parts of the room, with a glazed area not less than 10 per cent of the floor area and comprising a minimum of 50 per cent of clear glazing.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Each habitable room is provided with a minimum glazed area of 10% of the floor area, all of which is clear glaze.

**A4.1.3** – Lightwells and/or skylights do not form the primary source of daylight to any habitable room.

# **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Each room has an external window as the primary source of daylight.

- **A4.1.4** The building is oriented and incorporates external shading devices in order to:
  - minimise direct sunlight to habitable rooms:
    - between late September and early March in climate zones 4, 5 and 6 only AND
    - in all seasons in climate zones 1 and 3
  - permit winter sun to habitable rooms in accordance with A 4.1.1 (a).

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All covered balconies are provided.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.2	NATURAL VENTILATION			
ELEMENT OBJECTIVE	is	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
apartments with natural  O4.2.2 – Individual dwe optimise natural ventilat	llings are designed to ion of habitable rooms.	Acceptable Outcome A4.2.1 to A4.2.4  Satisfied  100% of dwellings are naturally cross-ventilated. No single aspect apartments are proposed, with all dwellings having an external wall with openings to at least two sides of the apartment. No habitable rooms rely upon light wells.	All apartments achieves natural ventilation. This is considered to be maximised given compliant side and rear setbacks to achieve natural ventilation.  Objective achieved  Each habitable room in the development is provided with a relatively large window with openings. The acceptable outcome for distance between openings in a room has been achieved.  Objective achieved	
	apartments are designed from natural ventilation.		No single aspect apartments are proposed.	

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.2.1** – Habitable rooms have openings on at least two walls with a straight line distance between the centre of the openings of at least 2.1m.

# **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All rooms achieve this requirement.

A4.2.2 -

- (a) A minimum 60 per cent of dwellings are, or are capable of, being naturally cross ventilated in the first nine storeys of the building
- (b) Single aspect apartments included within the 60 per cent minimum at (a) above must have:
  - ventilation openings oriented between 45° 90° of the prevailing cooling wind direction AND
  - room depth no greater than 3 × ceiling height
- (c) For dwellings located at the 10th storey or above, balconies incorporate high and low level ventilation openings.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All apartments are capable of cross ventilation (100%).

No single aspect apartment is proposed.

The development is only 4 storeys.

A4.2.3 – The depth of cross-over and cross-through apartments with openings at either end and no openings on side walls does not exceed 20m.

## **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

**A4.2.4** – No habitable room relies on lightwells as the primary source of fresh-air.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All rooms are provided with external windows.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

<b>ELEMENT 4.3</b>	SIZE AND LAYOUT OF DWELLINGS		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
O4.3.1 – The internal si is functional with the ab accommodate furniture goods, appropriate to the size.	settings and personal	Acceptable Outcome A4.3.1 to A4.3.4 Satisfied ✓	Objective achieved  The overall size and internal dimensions of the dwellings are considered adequate and functional for the intended household size.
O4.3.2 – Ceiling heights provide for well-proporti good natural ventilation	ioned spaces that facilitate		Objective achieved  Floor to ceiling heights of minimum 2.8m are provided throughout the development to provide for well-

Level	Apt	Apt Type	Layout Type	Internal Area
Ground Floor	Apt G01	Type A	2 x 2	103 m²
Ground Floor	Apt G02	Type B	2 x 2	112 m²
Level 1	Apt 101	Type D	3 x 3	161 m²
Level 1	Apt 102	Type E	3 x 2	137 m²
Level 1	Apt 103	Type F	2 x 2	90 m²
Level 2	Apt 201	Type D	3 x 3	161 m²
Level 2	Apt 202	Type E	3 x 2	137 m²
Level 2	Apt 203	Type F	2 x 2	90 m²
Level 3	Apt 301	Type G	3 x 3	194 m²
Level 3	Apt 302	Type H	3 x 3	165 m²

proportioned spaces. Dwellings are provided with appropriate ventilation and solar access, as addressed in 4.1 and 4.2 above.

All habitable rooms (bedrooms and living areas) satisfy the minimum area and dimensions in Table 4.3b (refer Architectural Drawings).

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.3.1** – Dwellings have a minimum internal floor area in accordance with Table 4.3a.

Table 4.3a Minimum floor areas for dwelling types

Dwelling type	Minimum internal floor area
Studio	37m²
1 bed	47m²
2 bed × 1 bath <sup>1</sup>	67m²
3 bed ×1 bath <sup>1</sup>	90m²

<sup>1</sup>An additional 3m<sup>2</sup> shall be provided for designs that include a second or separate toilet, and 5m2 for designs that include a second bathroom.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

- 4 x 2 Bed Apartments: 67m<sup>2</sup> required floor area. Proposed minimum of 98m<sup>2</sup>.
- 6 x 3 Bed Apartments: 90m² required floor area. Proposed minimum of 153m².

A4.3.2 – Habitable rooms have minimum floor areas and dimensions in accordance with Table 4.3b.

Table 4-3b Minimum floor areas and dimensions for habitable rooms

Habitable room type	Minimum internal floor area	Minimum internal dimension
Master bedroom	10m²	,3w
Other bedrooms	9m²	'am
Living room – studio and 1 bed apartments	N/A	3.6m
Living room – other dwelling types	N/A	4m
<sup>1</sup> Excluding robes		

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All rooms now meet acceptable outcome requirements.

**A4.3.3** – Measured from the finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are:

- Habitable rooms 2.7m
- Non-habitable rooms 2.4m
- All other ceilings meet or exceed the requirements of the NCC.

## **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

A ceiling height of 2.8m is achieved for the development.

**A4.3.4** – The length of a single aspect open plan living area is equal to or less than 3 x the ceiling height. An additional 1.8m length may be provided for a kitchen, where the kitchen is the furthest point from the window in an open plan living area provided that the maximum length does not exceed 9m.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.4	ENT 4.4 PRIVATE OPEN SPACE AND BALCONIES			
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		

O4.4.1 – Dwellings have good access to
appropriately sized private open space that
enhances residential amenity.

**O4.4.2** – Private open space is sited, oriented and

designed to enhance liveability for residents.

**O4.4.3** – Private open space and balconies are integrated into the overall architectural form and

# Acceptable Outcome A4.4.1 to A4.4.2

## Satisfied V

# • All dwellings are provided with balconies or terraces that exceed the minimum area and dimension set out in Table 4.4 (refer Architectural Drawings).

• Only partial screening required with >25% unscreened to all balconies.

# Acceptable Outcome A4.4.3 Satisfied ✓

Refer to Landscape Plan for integration of landscaping with building design.

# Acceptable Outcome A4.4.4 Satisfied ✓

• All fixtures and services will be integrated into the building and screened.

#### Objective achieved

All apartments are provided with generous areas of private open space which either meet or exceed acceptable outcomes for minimum dimensions and overall size. The location and orientation of private open spaces maximise outlook to the street and/or deep soil areas. The proposed private open spaces are therefore considered to positively contribute to residential amenity for each apartment.

#### **Objective achieved**

Private open spaces are well integrated into the building design and are all provided with landscaped areas.

#### Objective achieved

The balconies have been well articulated and are provided with a mix of visually-permeable balustrades and 1.6m high screening. Overall, the balconies are considered to be well integrated into the overall architectural form and detail of the building.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

detail of the building.

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A4.4.1 – Each dwelling has private open space accessed directly from a habitable room with dimensions in accordance with Table 4.4.

Table 4.4 Private open space requirements

Dwelling type	Minimum Area¹	Minimum Dimension <sup>1</sup>
Studio apartment + 1 bedroom	8m²	2.0m
2 bedroom	10m²	2.4m
3 bedroom	12m²	2.4m
Ground floor / apartment with a terrace	15m²	3m

<sup>1</sup> Services and fixtures located within private open space, including but not limited to air-conditioner units and clothes drying, are not visible from the street and/or are integrated into the building design.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

All Apartments are provided with private open space that meets the size and dimension requirements of Table 4.4.

**A4.4.2** – Where private open space requires screening to achieve visual privacy requirements, the entire open space is not screened and any screening is designed such that it does not obscure the outlook from adjacent living rooms.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Screening is proposed on balconies for except got Apartments 1 and 2. The entire open space is not screened and outlook is not obscured.

A4.4.3 – Design detailing, materiality and landscaping of the private open space is integrated with or complements the overall building design.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The balconies are fully integrated into the design of the building. The ground floor private open space areas are integrated into the landscaping of the development.

**A4.4.4** – Services and fixtures located within private open space, including but not limited to air-conditioner units and clothes drying, are not visible from the street and/or are integrated into the building design.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

No services are shown on the private open space areas.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.5	CIRCULATION AND COMMON SPACES			
ELEMENT OBJECTIVE	:e	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
	e following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
	aces have adequate size	Acceptable Outcome A4.5.1 to A4.5.5	Objective achieved	
and capacity to provide access for all residents		Satisfied ✓	In addition to the lift, there is a stairway that links all floors. This provides additional capacity.	
			There are limited opportunities for concealment. The corridors widths on direction on the ground floor are offset by a 1.5m wide corridor at those points. The main area of concealment would be the stairway and associated doors. This can be managed by lighting and integration of glazed panels to the doors (if these are not required to be fire rated). This matter is not considered sufficient to warrant a condition on any planning approval granted.	
O4.5.2 – Circulation and attractive, have good ar opportunities for social iresidents.	nenity and support		Objective achieved  The circulation corridors and common spaces will be lit and allow for social interaction to occur, particularly in the communal area on the ground floor.	

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.5.1** – Circulation corridors are a minimum 1.5m in width.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The minimum width of circulation corridors is 1.5m.

A4.5.2 – Circulation and common spaces are designed for universal access.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

Circulation corridors are a minimum of 1.5m, which is sufficient to allow for universal access. All doorways and thresholds into the lift are at grade. All apartments meet silver level criteria of the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines, which ensures access into each dwelling is universally accessible.

A4.5.3 – Circulation and common spaces are capable of passive surveillance, include good sightlines and avoid opportunities for concealment.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The circulation corridors are straight on upper floors. On the ground floor, there are a number of right-angle bends in the corridor. However, these are offset by relatively wide corridor widths.

**A4.5.4** – Circulation and common spaces can be illuminated at night without creating light spill into the habitable rooms of adjacent dwellings.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The circulation corridors are capable of being lit. There are no windows directly into apartments that would create a nuisance.

**A4.5.5** – Bedroom windows and major openings to living rooms do not open directly onto circulation or common spaces and are designed to ensure visual privacy and manage noise intrusion.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

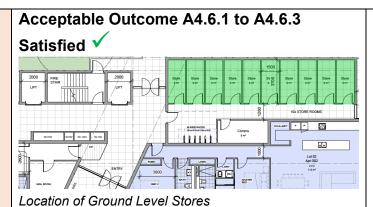
There are no windows and major openings that open directly onto the circulation corridors.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.6	STORAGE		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES		APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	

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**O4.6.1** – Well-designed, functional and conveniently located storage is provided for each dwelling.



#### Objective achieved

All apartments are provided with a secure, weatherproof storeroom located within the dwelling. All stores are appropriately dimensioned, conveniently located and not readily visible from common areas.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.6.1** – Each dwelling has exclusive use of a separate, ventilated, weatherproof, bulky goods storage area. This can be located either internally or externally to the dwelling with dimensions in accordance with Table 4.6.

Table 4.6 Storage requirements

Dwelling type	Storage area <sup>1</sup>	Minimum dimension <sup>1</sup>	Minimum height¹
Studio dwelling	3m²		
1 bedroom dwelling	3m²	15	0.1
2 bedroom dwellings	4m²	1.5m	2.1m
3 bedroom dwellings	5m²		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dimensions exclusive of services and plant.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

A minimum storeroom area of 5m<sup>2</sup> is provided. The minimum dimension provided is 1.5m. Minimum height is 2.8m. Each of the 10 store rooms exceeds the minimum area and height of the acceptable outcomes.

**A4.6.2** – Bulky good stores that are not directly accessible from the dwelling/private open space are located in areas that are convenient, safe, well-lit, secure and subject to passive surveillance.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All storerooms are located directly off the circulation corridors which increases manoeuvrability.

- **A4.6.3** Storage provided separately from dwellings or within or adjacent to private open space<sup>1</sup>, is integrated into the design of the building or open space and is not readily visible from the public domain.
- (1) Storage on/adjacent to private open space is additional to required open space area and dimensions.

Storerooms are all located within the building and not viewable from the public domain.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.7	MENT 4.7 MANAGING THE IMPACT OF NOISE		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVE	:9	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
	e following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance	
O4.7.1 – The siting and	layout of development	Acceptable Outcome A4.7.1 to A4.7.3	Objective achieved – conditions required
minimises the impact of and provides appropriat dwellings and on-site op	e acoustic privacy to	Satisfied  Refer to Acoustic Assessment.	The development appears to locate noise sources appropriately to maintain residential amenity. The updated acoustic report dated 9 March 2021 has been reviewed by the City's Environmental Health Unit and the recommendations made within the acoustic report be placed as a condition on the approval to achieve compliance with the assigned noise levels of the <i>Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations</i> 1997.
sound transfer within an	nents are used to reduce d between dwellings and ssion from external noise		Objective achieved – condition required  This objective is addressed at the working drawings stage (building plans). A condition is recommended in the event of approval requiring compliance with this objective.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.7.1** – Dwellings exceed the minimum requirements of the NCC, such as a rating under the AAAC Guideline for Apartment and Townhouse Acoustic Rating (or equivalent).

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved – condition recommended.

An acoustic report has been provided which has been assessed. The updated acoustic report dated 9 March 2021 is has been reviewed by the City's Environmental Health Unit and the recommendations made within the acoustic report be placed as a condition on the approval to achieve compliance with the assigned noise levels of the *Environmental Protection (Noise) Regulations 1997*.

**A4.7.2** – Potential noise sources such as garage doors, driveways, service areas, plant rooms, building services, mechanical equipment, active communal open space and refuse bins are not located adjacent to the external wall of habitable rooms or within 3m of a window to a bedroom.

Major noise emitters shown on the development plans include the bin store, service area, building services and mechanical equipment are not located adjacent to any habitable rooms.

**A4.7.3** – Major openings to habitable rooms are oriented away or shielded from external noise sources.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The development is located in a residential area with limited external noise sources. The main noise source is Smyth Road, which is a local access road. The majority of the development is located away from the street.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.8 DWELLING MIX		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance	
O4.8.1 – A range of dwelling types, sizes and configurations is provided that caters for diverse household types and changing community demographics.	Acceptable Outcome A4.8.1 to A4.8.2  Satisfied   • 4 (40%) 2-bed dwellings and 6 (60%) 3-bed dwellings are proposed.  • The number of dwellings does not exceed 10.  • Apartment types are distributed throughout the building.	Objective achieved  The development provides a mix of four 2 bed apartments and six 3 bed apartments. There is a distribution of each type throughout the development. It is considered that the development will cater generally for singles or couples, small families and downsizers. In the context of the location, the dwelling mix is considered appropriate.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### A4.8.1 –

- a) Dwelling mix is provided in accordance with the objectives, proportions or targets specified in a local housing strategy or relevant local planning instrument OR
- b) Where there is no local housing strategy, developments of greater than 10 dwellings include at least 20 per cent of apartments of differing bedroom numbers.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

- a) There is currently no local housing strategy or local planning instrument that provides guidance on dwelling mix.
- b) A minimum of 2 dwellings are required to have differing bedroom numbers. The development proposes 40% 2 bedroom and 60% 3 bedroom apartments.
- A4.8.2 Different dwelling types are well distributed throughout the development, including a mix of dwelling types on each floor.

Differing dwelling types are located on each floor as follows:

- Ground: 2 x 2 bed
- Level 1: 1 x 2 bed and 2 x 3 bed
- Level 2: 1 x 2 bed and 2 x 3 bed
- Level 3: 2 x 3 bed

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

	ELEMENT 4.9	UNIVERSAL DESIGN		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES		:s	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
	Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
	O4.9.1 – Development includes dwellings with universal design features providing dwelling options for people living with disabilities or limited mobility and/or to facilitate ageing in place.		Acceptable Outcome A4.9.1 ✓	Objective achieved
			Apartments 102 and 202 are designed to meet Silver Level requirements.	The provision of two Silver Level apartments (Apartments 102 and 202) provide dwelling options for people living with disabilities or limited mobility, and also supports aging in place.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### A4.9.1 -

- a) 20 per cent of all dwellings, across a range of dwelling sizes, meet Silver Level requirements as defined in the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines (Liveable Housing Australia) **OR**
- **b)** 5 per cent of dwellings are designed to Platinum Level as defined in the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines (Liveable Housing Australia).

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The development is proposing Apartments 102 and 202 meeting silver level requirements.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.10 FAÇADE DESIGN				
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
O4.10.1 – Building façades incorporate proportions, materials and design elements that respect and reference the character of the local area.  O4.10.2 – Building façades express internal functions and provide visual interest when viewed from the public realm.	Acceptable Outcome A4.10.1 and A4.10.4  Satisfied   Acceptable Outcome A4.10.2 N/A   Acceptable Outcome A4.10.3 N/A   There are no adjoining buildings of an appropriate design to reference key datum points for the façade design.  Acceptable Outcome A4.10.5 N/A   Acceptable Outcome A4.10.6 N/A	The façade incorporates a number of materials and textures to provide visual relief. The employment of a concealed help reduce the building bulk. The balconies and limestone feature provide interest to the primary façade.  The use of materials and finishes found on surrounding housing provides a connection back to the existing character. The façade presents a modern contemporary building design which will fit with the existing streetscape of Philip Road.  Objective achieved  The entry into the building is well-defined by the presence		
	Detail of Front Facade	of the entry colonnade with trellis and canopy over the pedestrian path to the building entrance. Upper floor balconies provide visual interest and identify the location of apartments.  All building servicing are located within the building in the basement and ground floor levels which will not be visible from the primary street.  The use of a number of materials, colour, angles and textures reduces the impression of the building being box-like.		

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### **A4.10.1** – Façade design includes:

- scaling, articulation, materiality and detailing at lower levels that reflect the scale, character and function of the public realm
- rhythm and visual interest achieved by a combination of building articulation, the composition of different elements and changes in texture, material and colour.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

A mix of materials including limestone, render, metal and glass are used in the façade to provide visual interest and to draw attention towards the entry. The façade is articulated by being broken into horizontal and circular segments.

A4.10.2 – In buildings with height greater than four storeys, façades include a defined base, middle and top for the building.

#### Acceptable Outcome not applicable

**A4.10.3** – The façade includes design elements that relate to key datum lines of adjacent buildings through upper level setbacks, parapets, cornices, awnings or colonnade heights.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Both adjacent buildings on Philip Road are two storey residential homes with relatively high wall and roof pitches. The façade has incorporated materials commonly seen on housing in the street, such as face brick and render.

**A4.10.4** – Building services fixtures are integrated in the design of the façade and are not visually intrusive from the public realm.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

All services will be located within the building and not visible from the street.

- A4.10.5 Development with a primary setback of 1m or less to the street includes awnings that:
  - define and provide weather protection to entries
  - are integrated into the façade design
  - are consistent with the streetscape character.

#### Acceptable Outcome not applicable

**A4.10.6** – Where provided, signage is integrated into the façade design and is consistent with the desired streetscape character.

#### **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.11 ROOF DESIGN				
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
O4.11.1 – Roof forms are well integrated into the	Acceptable Outcome A4.11.1 to A4.11.3	Objective achieved		
building design and respond positively to the street.	Satisfied			

- The roof is integrated into the design of the building and not visible from the surrounding public realm.
- Private roof terraces are provided for Apartments 9 and 10 below.
- · Roof top services are screened from view.

**O4.11.2** – Where possible, roof spaces are utilised to add open space, amenity, solar energy generation or other benefits to the development.

Concealed / Integrated Roof Design



Private Roof Terraces with Landscaping to Edges

The roof design has been designed to be concealed as much as possible to reduce the building bulk of the proposed development.

The roof design is fully integrated into the façade to break up the height and bulk of the building when viewed from the street.

#### Objective achieved

The roof space has been utilised as private open space areas for only Apartments 301 and 302 only. The private roof space meets visual privacy setbacks requirements and minimises overlooking through extensive landscaping around the edge space of the roof space of the development.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.11.1** – The roof form or top of building complements the facade design and desired streetscape character.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

The roof design has been designed to be concealed as much as possible to reduce the building bulk of the proposed development.

**A4.11.2** – Building services located on the roof are not visually obtrusive when viewed from the street.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

Services such as the lift core overrun, air conditioning units are shown on the roof. The bulk of the services are located in the middle portion of the development and will not be visually obtrusive when viewed from the street.

A4.11.3 – Useable roof space is safe for users and minimises overlooking and noise impacts on private open space and habitable rooms within the development and on adjoining sites.

The roof space has been utilised as private open space areas for only Apartments 301 and 302 only. The private roof space meets visual privacy setbacks requirements and minimises overlooking through extensive landscaping around the edge space of the roof space of the development.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

ELEMENT 4.12 LANDSCAPE DES	SIGN		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
O4.12.1 – Landscape design enhances streetscape and pedestrian amenity; improves the visual appeal and comfort of open space areas; and provides an attractive outlook for habitable rooms.	Acceptable Outcome A4.12.1 to A4.12.4  Satisfied ✓  Refer to Landscape Plan.	Objective achieved  The Landscape Plans includes low shrub plantings and two medium trees within the front setback area. This will provide visual relief to the building, as well as provide shade in the front setback open space area.  The overall landscape design will provide an attractive	
O4.12.2 – Plant selection is appropriate to the orientation, exposure and site conditions and is suitable for the adjoining uses.		outlook for apartments looking down into the site and reduce the bulk and scale of the building.  Objective achieved  The revised Landscaping Plans have been reviewed by the City's Landscape Architect Consultant who advised the species selection was appropriate for the site and their proposed planting locations within the development.	
<b>O4.12.3</b> – Landscape design includes water efficient irrigation systems and where appropriate incorporates water harvesting or water re-use technologies.		Objective achieved  The revised Landscape Plan and irrigation via sof landscaped areas have been assessed by the City's Landscape Architect Consultant as being acceptable for a project of this scale for the proposed development.  Due to the size of the development, water harvesting has	
O4.12.4 – Landscape design is integrated with the design intent of the architecture including its built		not been achieved.  Objective achieved	

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form, materiality, key functional areas and sustainability strategies.

The landscaping has been integrated into the built form outcomes, particularly in relation to the open space areas, ground floor private open space areas and the private outdoor living areas on the roof.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.12.1** – Submission of a landscape plan prepared by a competent landscape designer. This is to include a species list and irrigation plan demonstrating achievement of Waterwise design principles.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Updated Landscape Plans by Realm Studios dated 9 March were submitted.

**A4.12.2** – Landscaped areas are located and designed to support mature, shade-providing trees to open space and the public realm, and to improve the outlook and amenity to habitable rooms and open space areas.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

A significant number of trees are proposed to be planted within the DSA areas and on structure within balcony areas and the roof space. The landscape areas are considered to improve the amenity to each apartment unit for residents.

**A4.12.3** – Planting on building structures meets the requirements of Table 4.12.

Table 4.12 Planting on structure: minimum soil standards for plant types and sizes

Plant type	Definition	Soil volume	Soil depth	Soil area
Large tree	Over 12m high, crown spread at maturity	76.8m³	1,200mm	64m² with minimum dimension 7m
Medium tree	8-12m high, crown spread at maturity	36m³	1,000mm	36m² with minimum dimension 5m
Small tree	4-8m high, crown spread at maturity	7.2m³	800mm	3m×3m
Small ornamentals	3-4m high, crown spread at maturity	3.2m³	800mm	2m × 2m
Shrubs			500-600mm	
Ground cover			300-450mm	
Turf			200mm	

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

Updated Landscape Plans by Realm Studios dated 9 March were submitted, showing on structure plantings.

**A4.12.4** – Building services fixtures are integrated in the design of the landscaping and are not visually intrusive.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Building services have been integrated inside the building within the basement and ground floor levels and will not impact on landscaped areas.		
LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT	
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.	

LEMENT 4.13 ADAPTIVE REUSE				
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
O4.13.1 – New additions to existing buildings are contemporary and complementary and do not detract from the character and scale of the existing building.	Element 4.13 Not Applicable √	Objectives not applicable  This proposal is not retaining the existing dwelling.		
O4.13.2 – Residential dwellings within an adapted building provide good amenity for residents, generally in accordance with the requirements of this policy.				

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A4.13.1 – New additions to buildings that have heritage value do not mimic the existing form and are clearly identifiable from the original building.

#### **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

A4.13.2 – New additions complement the existing building by referencing and interpreting the scale, rhythm and materiality of the building.

#### **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

# ELEMENT 4.14 MIXED USE

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
O4.14.1 – Mixed use development enhances the streetscape and activates the street.	Element 4.14 Not Applicable ✓	Objectives not applicable  The proposal is only for a multiple dwelling development	
O4.14.2 – A safe and secure living environment for residents is maintained through the design and management of the impacts of non-residential uses such as noise, light, odour, traffic and waste.		only.	

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.14.1** – Where development is located within a mixed use area designated within the local planning framework, ground floor units are designed for future adaption to non-residential uses.

#### Acceptable Outcome not applicable

**A4.14.2** – Ground floor uses including non-commercial uses, such as communal open space, habitable rooms, verandahs and courtyards associated with ground floor dwellings, address, enhance and activate the street.

#### **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

**A4.14.3** – Non-residential space in mixed use development is accessed via the street frontage and/or primary entry as applicable.

#### **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

**A4.14.4** – Non-residential floor areas provided in mixed use development has sufficient provision for parking, waste management, and amenities to accommodate a range of retail and commercial uses in accordance with the requirements.

#### **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

A4.14.5 – Mixed use development is designed to mitigate the impacts of non-residential uses on residential dwellings, and to maintain a secure environment for residents.

## **Acceptable Outcome not applicable**

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

#### **ELEMENT 4.15 ENERGY EFFICIENCY** APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES** Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance. Objective met – condition recommended **O4.15.1** – Reduce energy consumption and Acceptable Outcome A4.15.1 Satisfied ✓ greenhouse gas emissions from the development. The development includes: A number of measures have been listed by the proponent, · An array of PV solar panels on the roof; including photovoltaic cells on the roof. However, it is • Energy efficient heating devices; recommended a condition be placed to ensure compliance with the acceptable outcome as a minimum. · Solar powered lighting to external open space and common areas. Consistent with Element 4.15 of SPP7.3V2, it is proposed that all dwellings exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars. This will be achieved through the selection of water and energy saving fixtures and fittings during the detailed design phase. An energy efficiency statement can be provided prior to commencement of works, pursuant to a condition of approval.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### A4.15.1 -

- a) Incorporate at least one significant energy efficiency initiative within the development that exceeds minimum practice (refer Design Guidance) OR
- b) All dwellings exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars.<sup>1</sup>

Compliance with the NCC requires that development shall achieve an average star-rating across all dwellings that meets or exceeds a nominated benchmark, and that each unit meets or exceeds a slightly lower benchmark. Compliance with this Acceptable Outcome requires that each unit exceeds that lower benchmark by at least half a star.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved – condition recommended

Photovoltaic cells are proposed on the western aspect of the roof.

It is recommended that a condition be placed that requires the incorporation of at least one significant energy efficiency initiative, or all dwellings to exceed the minimum NATHERS requirements by 0.5 stars.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

# **ELEMENT 4.16** WATER MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
<b>O4.16.1</b> – Minimise potable water consumption throughout the development.	Acceptable Outcome A4.16.1 to A4.16.3  Satisfied  All dwellings will be individually metered for water usage.	Objective achieved – condition recommended  It is recommended that a condition be placed on any approval that requires individual metering of water usage		
<b>O4.16.2</b> – Stormwater runoff from small rainfall events is managed on-site, wherever practical.	Landscaped deep soil areas will be contoured to capture stormwater for direct infiltration into the ground during small rainfall events (refer Landscape Plan).  Details of stormwater management from major rainfall events, including overland flow paths, on-site detention	Objective achieved – condition recommended  A standard stormwater management condition placed or any approval will ensure this objective is achieved.		
O4.16.3 – Reduce the risk of flooding so that the likely impacts of major rainfall events will be minimal.	systems and overflow into the local drainage system, will be provided prior to commencement.	Objective achieved  The site slopes by approximately 2.5, from the primary street to the rear. The finished level of the ground floor will be at ground level or above.		

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A4.16.1 – Dwellings are individually metered for water usage.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved - condition recommended

It is recommended that a condition be placed on any approval requiring individual metering.

**A4.16.2** – Stormwater runoff generated from small rainfall events is managed on-site.

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved - condition recommended

Stormwater run-off is to be accommodated by on-site soak wells. It is recommended that a condition be placed on any approval granted requiring this outcome.

**A4.16.3** – Provision of an overland flow path for safe conveyance of runoff from major rainfall events to the local stormwater drainage system.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Stormwater management will be controlled through standard conditions in the event of approval.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

## **ELEMENT 4.17 WASTE MANAGEMENT**

#### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

**O4.17.1** – Waste storage facilities minimise negative impacts on the streetscape, building entries and the amenity of residents.

**O4.17.2** – Waste to landfill is minimised by providing safe and convenient bins and information for the separation and recycling of waste.

#### APPLICANT COMMENT

utline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Flement Objectives, through either a performance by

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

# Acceptable Outcome A4.17.1 Satisfied ✓

Refer to Waste Management Plan



Plan of Ground Level Bin Store & Access Points

#### Objective achieved

The bin storage areas are located in the basement and ground floor levels and have been incorporated into the development. The bin store areas will not be visible from the street.

ASSESSOR COMMENT

#### Objective achieved

The Waste Management Plan has been assessed by the City and is considered to be generally in compliance with the City's Waste Management Guidelines.

The City's Waste Services Unit has reviewed the Waste Management Plan and were supportive of the management plan.

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.17.1** – Waste storage facilities are provided in accordance with the Better Practice considerations of the *WALGA Multiple Dwelling Waste Management Plan Guidelines* (or local government requirements where applicable).

#### Acceptable Outcome achieved

A Waste Management Plan (WMP) has been prepared in accordance with the City's Waste Management Local Planning Policy and Guidelines.

**A4.17.2** – A Level 1 Waste Management Plan (Design Phase) is provided in accordance with the *WALGA Multiple Dwelling Waste Management Plan Guidelines* - Appendix 4A (or equivalent local government requirements).

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The submitted WMP has been prepared and has been assessed as appropriate. The City's Waste Services Unit has reviewed the WMP and were supportive of the management plan.

**A4.17.3** – Sufficient area is provided to accommodate the required number of bins for the separate storage of green waste, recycling and general waste in accordance with the *WALGA Multiple Dwelling Waste Management Plan Guidelines* - Level 1 Waste Management Plan (Design Phase) (or local government requirements where applicable).

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The submitted WMP has identified a dedicated area for bulk bin storage in the basement level.

A sufficient sized bin store area located on the ground floor (26m²) that is to accommodate 9 x 360L bins and 2 x 240L bins and a 360L bin compactor.

**A4.17.4** – Communal waste storage is sited and designed to be screened from view from the street, open space and private dwellings.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The bin storage areas are located in the basement and ground floor levels and have been incorporated into the development.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	The updated Waste Management Plan dated 11 March 2021 and waste arrangements have been assessed against the City's Waste Management Local Planning Policy. The WMP has been assessed as compliant with the policy in the event approval is granted.

#### **ELEMENT 4.18 UTILITIES** APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES** Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance. Acceptable Outcome A4.18.1 to A4.18.4 Objective achieved **O4.18.1** –The site is serviced with power, water, gas (where available), wastewater, fire services Satisfied V All services are available to the site. The restively size of and telecommunications/broadband services that the development is expected to not create any capacity All utilities and services will be concealed from view are fit for purpose and meet current performance issues. However, in the event of capacity issues, there are and access requirements of service providers. from the street. established processes to determine upgrades between the • Fire pumps and tanks are located in the basement. developer and service providers. · Services in the front setback area will be integrated Objective achieved **O4.18.2** – All utilities are located such that they into the design of the building or landscaping, with details are accessible for maintenance and do not restrict to be provided prior to commencement. Utility meters will be located within the building on the safe movement of vehicles or pedestrians. • It is intended that the development will be fibre toground floor opposite of the lift and stairs which will be premises ready. screened not visually intrusive. · Laundries are provided internally to each apartment. Objective achieved **O4.18.3** – Utilities, such as distribution boxes, power and water meters are integrated into design Utility meters will be within the building on the ground floor of buildings and landscape so that they are not opposite of the lift and stairs which are screened from visually obtrusive from the street or open space view within the development. Objective achieved **O4.18.4** – Utilities within individual dwellings are of a functional size and layout and located to Utilities within dwellings is limited to laundry areas. These minimise noise or air quality impacts on habitable are located within an enclosed cupboard and dedicated rooms and balconies. laundry areas.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.18.1** – Utilities that must be located within the front setback, adjacent to the building entry or on visible parts of the roof are integrated into the design of the building, landscape and/or fencing such that they are accessible for servicing requirements but not visually obtrusive.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Utility meters will be located within the building on the ground floor opposite of the lift and stairs which will be screened not visually intrusive.

A4.18.2 – Developments are fibre-to-premises ready, including provision for installation of fibre throughout the site and to every dwelling.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

This is a standard requirement of NBN Co for new developments. An advice note will be included on any approval granted.

**A4.18.3** – Hot water units, air-conditioning condenser units and clotheslines are located such that they can be safely maintained, are not visually obtrusive from the street and do not impact on functionality of outdoor living areas or internal storage.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

The location of air conditioner units are concealed and located at the roof level.

The provision has been made for clothes dryers in laundry areas are provided for 8 apartment and laundry cupboards are provided for 2 apartments.

**A4.18.4** – Laundries are designed and located to be convenient to use, secure, weather-protected and well-vented; and are of an overall size and dimension that is appropriate to the size of the dwelling.

#### **Acceptable Outcome achieved**

Laundry facilities are located within each apartment. These take the form of a laundry cupboard and a laundry room that contain sufficient space for a trough, washing machine and dryer. Ventilation and function of laundry areas will be subject to Health requirements in the event of approval.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	Nil.

# **Town Planning Statement**

10 Multiple Dwellings

Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith

prepared by

**STEWART URBAN PLANNING** 

on behalf of

**Gunner Developments Pty Ltd** 

15 December 2020





# 1.0 Introduction

Stewart Urban Planning acts for Gunner Developments Pty Ltd, the owner of Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith ('site').

This Town Planning Statement has been prepared in support of an Application for Development Approval ('Application') to construct 10 Multiple Dwellings on the site.

# 1.1 Technical Reports

The Application is accompanied by the following technical documents.

Report	Consultant
Feature Survey	Vision Surveys
Architectural Drawings	Matthews and Scavalli
Landscape Concept Plan	Realm Studios
Town Planning Statement	Stewart Urban Planning
Acoustic Assessment	Sealhurst
Traffic Impact Statement	Transcore
Waste Management Plan	Suez



# 2.0 Site Description

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#### 2.1 Overview

Local Authority	City of Nedlands	
Address	No.12 Philip Road, Dalkeith	
Cadastral	Lot 372 on Plan 3395	
Certificate of Title	Volume 9 Folio 379A	
Land Area	1,136m <sup>2</sup>	
Frontage	Philip Road 18.91m	
Existing Land Use	Single House	

#### 2.2 Analysis

#### **Site Context**

#### Regional Context

The site is approximately 7 kilometres south-west of the Perth central area in the locality of Dalkeith, in the City of Nedlands ('City'). The site is within 2 kilometres of the Claremont Activity Centre and 6 kilometres of the Subiaco Activity Centre. The University of Western Australia is 2.5 kilometres to the north-east.

Refer Figure 1 – Regional Context.

#### **Local Context**

This site is located on the south side of Philip Road, between Alexander Road and Adelma Road, in the Waratah Village mixed use neighbourhood centre.

Philip Road has a low-density residential character, comprising one and two storey dwellings with established landscaping. Verge trees are provided to both sides of Philip Road, with a footpath running along the southern verge parallel to the road carriageway. Three properties on the south side of Philip Road, between Alexander Road and Adelma Road, are occupied by strata-titled grouped dwellings.

The adjoining property to the west of the site is occupied by a two-storey house positioned on the rear (southern) portion of the site. A single-storey wall of 14 metres in length is built to the common boundary with the subject site. A tennis court occupies the front (northern) portion facing Philip Road, with the driveway running along the eastern side boundary adjacent to the site. The adjoining site to the east is occupied by two double-storey grouped dwellings, with the driveway running along the western side boundary adjacent to the site.

To the rear of the site is a five-storey mixed use building fronting Waratah Avenue known as 'Dalkeith on Waratah', comprising commercial tenancies on the ground floor and 31 apartments on the upper floors.

Refer Figure 2 – Local Context.



To the rear of 'Dalkeith on Waratah' is a Right of Way known as Reservis 52486 about 2020 held on Lot 300 on Strata Plan 654678. Vehicle access to the Right of Way from Waratah Avenue is obtained via an existing reciprocal right of carriageway between the land occupied by 'Dalkeith on Waratah' and the adjoining site to the east occupied by 'Dalkeith Village Shopping Centre'. Pedestrian access to the Right of Way from Waratah Avenue is available via a 1 metre wide Easement in Gross running along the eastern side of 'Dalkeith on Waratah' and held within the Common Property of Strata Plan 654678.

Whilst Reserve 52486 is a public Right of Way, it is presently 'landlocked' with lawful vehicle access limited to the beneficiaries of the right of carriageway over 'Dalkeith Village Shopping Centre'. Those beneficiaries are limited to the owners, occupants, invited guests and authorised contractors of the 'Dalkeith on Waratah' building. Although the subject site enjoys access rights over the Right of Way, lawful access between the site and Waratah Avenue is presently only available to pedestrians and cyclists, via the Right of Way and Easement in Gross on Strata Plan 654678.

Refer Figure 3 – Local Access Plan.

#### Site Characteristics

The existing single storey house on the site was constructed in the early 1970's. Numerous trees and shrubs have been planted around the house and two trees are located in the verge abutting the site.

The site falls by approximately 4 metres, from a level of approximately 19 metres at the north-west corner of the site adjacent to Philip Road to approximately 15 metres at the rear south-east corner.

Access to the site is presently obtained from an existing bitumen crossover off Philip Road. An existing Water Corporation sewer traverses the front western portion of the site. The sewer has a depth of 1.6 metres below ground level.

Refer Figure 4 – Site Characteristics.

Further site details are shown on the Feature Survey accompanying the Application.



# 3.0 Description of Proposed Development

The Application proposes the demolition of the existing house on the site and the construction of 10 Multiple Dwellings.

Item	Proposed							
Storeys	4							
Plot Ratio	1,471m <sup>2</sup> 1.29:1							
Apartment Mix	Floor	2 E	Bed	3 Bed		Total		
		No.	m²	No.	m²	No.	m²	
	Ground	2	230	-		2	230	
	First	1	98	2	327	3	425	
	Second	1	98	2	327	3	425	
	Third	-	-	2	391	2	391	
	Total	4	426	6	1,045	10	1,471	
Car Parking	Resident Bays	S		20				
	Visitor Bays	Visitor Bays			3			
Bike Parking	Resident Bays	Resident Bays			6 dual bike racks			
	Visitor Bays	Visitor Bays			1 dual bike rack			
Store Rooms	14	14						
Waste Management	Waste Bins	Waste Bins		Option 1: 6 x 660 litre bins				
				Option 2: 15 x 240 litre bins				
Landscaping	Deep Soil Planting			129m <sup>2</sup>				
	Planting on S	tructure		147m <sup>2</sup>				
	<u>Trees</u>			Front Verge	<u>Rear</u> <u>Verge</u>	<u>Site</u>		
	Removed			1	1	10		
	• Retained			1	5	0		
	<ul> <li>Proposed</li> </ul>	(In Groun	d)	1	0	) 18		
	• Proposed	Proposed (In Structure)		0 0 22				
Environmental	Cross-Ventila	ted Dwelli	ngs	10 (100%)				
	Sunlight 9am	-3pm 21 <sup>st</sup> .	<u>June</u>	Number	of Dwellin	<u>gs</u>		
	No Direct	Sunlight		0				
	• 3 Hours o	f Sunlight		10 (100%	6)			
	• 5+ Hours	of Sunligh	t	5 (50%)				





# 4.0 Town Planning Considerations

## 4.1 Metropolitan Region Scheme

#### Zoning

The site is zoned 'Urban' under the Metropolitan Region Scheme ('MRS').

#### Reserves

The site is not reserved for any purposes under the MRS.

#### 4.2 State Planning Policies

#### State Planning Policy 4.2 – Activity Centres for Perth and Peel

State Planning Policy 4.2 ('SPP4.2') establishes a hierarchy of activity centres for Perth and Peel and contains guidance for the planning and development of centres.

The City's 'Waratah Village Local Distinctiveness Study and Context Analysis' states that Waratah Village is designated as a Neighbourhood Centre under the City's Local Planning Strategy.

Clause 5.1.2 of SPP4.2 describes the role and purpose of Neighbourhood Centres:

- (1) Neighbourhood centres are important local community focal points that help to provide for the main daily to weekly household shopping and community needs. They are also a focus for medium density housing. There are also many smaller local centres such as delicatessens and convenience stores that provide for the day-to-day needs of local communities.
- (2) Neighbourhood and local centres play an important role in providing walkable access to services and facilities for communities. These centres should be recognised in local planning strategies, and also in structure plans for new urban areas.

Clause 5.2.2 of SPP4.2 provides guidance for residential densities in and around activity centres:

- (1) Commercial and residential growth should be optimised through appropriatelyscaled buildings and higher-density development in walkable catchments of centres.
- (2) Higher-density housing should be incorporated within and immediately adjacent to activity centres to establish a sense of community and increase activity outside normal business hours. Performance targets for residential density are in Table 3.

For Neighbourhood Centres, Table 3 of SPP4.2 suggests a walkable catchment of 200 metres with a residential density target of 15 to 25 dwellings per gross hectare.

The proposed development of the site with medium-density housing, in a four storey built form typology, is consistent with the intent of SPP4.2 with respect to residential densities in and around defined Neighbourhood Centres.



#### State Planning Policy 7.0 – Design of the Built Environment

State Planning Policy 7.0 – Design of the Built Environment ('SPP7.0') contains 10 Design Principles to be applied to significant built form development proposals. The Application is accompanied by a Design Principles Report prepared by the Project Architect that responds to the 10 Design Principles in SPP7.0.

#### **Other State Planning Policies**

No other State Planning Policies are relevant to the consideration of this Application. Discussion of State Planning Policy 7.3 – Residential Design Code Volume 2 Apartments ('SPP7.3 V2') is provided below.

## 4.3 City of Nedlands Local Planning Scheme No.3

#### 4.3.1 Zoning

The site is zoned 'Residential' with a density code of R80 under Local Planning Scheme No.3 ('LPS3').

The area to the north is zoned Residential R60, while the area to the south, comprising the land on the north side of Waratah Avenue between Alexander Road and Adelma Road, is zoned Mixed Use with a density code of R-AC3.

Refer Figure 5 – LPS3 Zoning Map.

#### 4.3.2 Land Use

The proposed Multiple Dwellings fall within the Use Class of 'Residential' under the LPS3 Zoning Table, which is a permitted ('P') use in the Residential zone.

#### 4.3.3 Deemed Provisions

Deemed Provision 67 of LPS6 sets out a range of matters that a decision-maker is required to consider in determining this Application. The table below explains how the Application addresses each of the matters in Deemed Provision 67.

Deen	ned Provision 67	Response		
(a)	Local Planning Scheme	The Application is capable of approval under LPS3.		
(b)	Orderly and proper planning	No seriously entertained planning proposals relevant to the Application. Consideration has been given to the Waratah Village Local Distinctiveness Study and Context Analysis.		
(c)	State Planning Policies	State Planning Policy 4.2 – Activity Centres for Perth & Peel State Planning Policy 7.0 – Design of the Built Environment State Planning Policy 7.3 – Residential Design Codes (V2)		
(d)	Environmental Protection Policies	None applicable		
(e)	Any policy of the WAPC	None applicable		
(f)	Any policy of the State	None applicable		
(g)	Local Planning Policies	<ul><li>Waratah Village Laneway Requirements</li><li>Waste Management</li><li>Landscape Plans</li></ul>		



// \	C D. C . D	N P. I.I.		15 Dece	mhei	
(h)	Structure Plans, Centre Plans and Local Development Plans	Not applicable		10 0000		
(i)	Review of Local Planning Scheme	Not applicable	Not applicable			
(j)	Reserved land	Not applicable				
(k)	Built heritage conservation	Not applicable	Not applicable			
(1)	Cultural heritage significance	heritage significa	The development does not have any effect on the cultural heritage significance of the area. The site is not within a place of Aboriginal heritage significance.			
(m)	Compatibility with setting	form of the locali and will retain the storeys, the deve	The scale of the building is consistent with the desired built form of the locality, as envisaged by the R80 density code, and will retain the residential character of the area. At four storeys, the development is similar in scale to the 'Dalkeith on Waratah' building to the rear.			
(n)	Amenity of the locality:					
	(i) Environmental impacts	The proposal will not have any adverse environmental impacts.				
	(ii) Character of locality	The development will reinforce the residential character of the area and satisfies the Design Principles of SPP7.0.				
	(iii) Social impacts	The developmen	t will not have any a	lverse social impa	acts.	
(o)	Effect on natural environment	The development will not have an adverse effect on the natural environment.				
(p)	Landscaping and tree retention	One existing verge tree in Philip Road will be retained.  Landscaping, including deep soil areas, planting in structure and tree planting (verge and site) is proposed.  The landscaping to the front setback area will retain the established garden setting of the locality.				
(q)	Environmental risks	None				
(r)	Risk to human health or safety	None	None			
(s)	Access and parking	Parking for 23 ca	rs is provided, consi	tent with SPP7.3	V2.	
		Access is proposed from Philip Road. No other lawful means of vehicle access is available.				
		A new crossover is proposed to Philip Road and an existing crossover will be removed and the verge made good.			sting	
(t)	Traffic impacts	The traffic generated by the development will not have an adverse effect on traffic flow and safety.			e an	
(u)	(i) Public Transport	The site is serviced by public transport (bus		t (bus service).		
		Bus Stop No.	<u>Location</u> <u>B</u>	ıs Service		
		17639 / 17645	Waratah Ave 2	East Perth - Clar	remont	
	(ii) Public Utilities	All utilities required to service the development are available, including water, sewer, and power.				
	(iii) Waste Management	A Waste Management Plan accompanies the Application.			on.	
	(iv) Pedestrian & Cyclist Access	Bicycle parking is provided in accordance with SPP7.3 V2.  Pedestrian access is proposed from Philip Road and Waratah  Avenue via an existing Easement and Right of Way.				
	(v) Elderly & Disability Access	Not applicable to the size and use of the car park.				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Two applicable to the size and use of the call park.				



(v)	Loss of community benefit or service	The Application will not result in any loss of 15 on a complete benefit or service.	2
(w)	History of the site	No relevant site history.	=
(x)	Impact on the community	The development will not have any adverse community impacts.	•
(y)	Submissions on the proposal	To be determined	
(za)	Comments from agencies	To be determined	
(zb)	Other planning considerations	None	

#### 4.4.4 Development Standards

Clause 25 of LPS3 confirms the Residential Design Codes ('RD Codes') form part of LPS3 and apply to residential development in accordance with the density code depicted on the Scheme Map. Modifications to the RD Codes are set out in Clause 26 of LPS3. None of the modifications apply to land with a density code of R80.

#### Residential Design Codes - Volume 2 Apartments

The RD Codes Assessment in Appendix 1 demonstrates how the development fulfils the Objectives of each Design Element under SPP7.3 V2. The development satisfies the majority of relevant Acceptable Outcomes, as applicable to land coded R80, with the exception of the following:

- Acceptable Outcome A2.4.1 Side & Rear Setbacks (Boundary Walls);
- Acceptable Outcome A2.5.1 Plot Ratio; and
- Acceptable Outcome A3.7.3 Pedestrian Entry.

Whilst these Acceptable Outcomes are not satisfied, it is emphasised the Acceptable Outcomes are not intended to function as 'deemed-to-comply' provisions. As stated in SPP7.3 V2:

This is a performance-based policy. Applications for development approval need to demonstrate that the design achieves the objectives of each design element. While addressing the Acceptable Outcomes is likely to achieve the Objectives, they are not a deemed-to-comply pathway and the proposal will be assessed in context of the entire design solution to ensure the Objectives are achieved. Proposals may also satisfy the Objectives via alternative means or solutions.

It is acknowledged further details may need to be submitted to demonstrate how the proposal will satisfy some of the Design Elements under SPP7.3 V2, such as energy efficiency measures and stormwater management systems. Conditions of approval should be imposed, as deemed appropriate by the decision-maker, to provide a statutory mechanism for such details to be submitted prior to commencement.

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#### 4.4.5 Local Planning Policies

#### Local Planning Policy - Waratah Village Laneway

The Objectives of the Waratah Village Laneway Local Planning Policy are:

- 1. To provide for the ceding of land for the creation of the Waratah Village Laneway.
- 2. To provide better access throughout the Waratah Village Precinct.
- 3. To ensure that vehicle crossover locations do not detract from the safety and visual amenity of the public realm.
- 4. To consolidate and conceal vehicle access from Waratah Avenue

The laneway abutting the site's southern boundary is held as a Right of Way on the Strata Plan for 'Dalkeith on Waratah'. However, the Right of Way is effectively 'landlocked' as lawful vehicle access between the Right of Way and Waratah Avenue is only available to 'Dalkeith on Waratah' and the adjacent 'Dalkeith Village Shopping Centre.' For this reason, the proposed development is not able to obtain vehicle access from the rear of the site and is therefore designed with legal access from Philip Road only. Notwithstanding this, the Basement is designed to accommodate vehicle access from the Right of Way, should this become available in the future.

With respect to pedestrian access, the development proposes a walkway and stairs between the Ground Floor entry lobby and the Right of Way, to provide residents with convenient access to Waratah Village via the existing 1 metre wide Easement in Gross registered over Common Property on the Strata Plan for 'Dalkeith on Waratah'.

#### Local Planning Policy - Waste Management

The Application is accompanied by a Waste Management Plan that addresses the relevant provisions of the Waste Management Local Planning Policy. The proposed development includes a bin store capable of accommodating 15 x 240 litre bins, which provides sufficient capacity to meet the waste generation needs of the development. The bin store is located on the Ground Floor in a convenient location for residents and the waste service provider, with separate access provided from the lobby and driveway. The bin store is not visible from the public realm.

#### **Local Planning Policy – Landscaping Plans**

The Application is accompanied by a Landscape Plan prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping Local Planning Policy.

#### 4.4.6 Other Considerations

#### Waratah Village Study

The Waratah Village Study comprises three deliverables:

- 1. Local Distinctiveness Study;
- 2. Context Analysis; and
- 3. Built Form Modelling.

The purpose of the Waratah Village Study is to inform the preparation of Local Planning Policies to guide development proposals in the Waratah Village Precinct.

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The 'Waratah Village Local Distinctiveness Study and Context Analysis' (July 2020) represents the first two deliverables and was presented to the Council meeting of 25 August 2020, when Council resolved to:

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- Receive the local distinctiveness studies and context analyses for the Broadway, Nedlands Town Centre and Waratah Village Precincts;
- Instruct the CEO to include reference to the local distinctiveness studies and context analysis in assessment of development applications, and where relevant current scheme amendments, within these precincts to inform assessment of existing local character; and
- 3. Note that the local distinctiveness studies and context analyses will inform the development of the built form modelling and subsequent localised built form controls for these precincts.

The table below summarises how the design of the development responds to relevant aspects of the Waratah Village Study.

Issue	Response
Activity and Land Use	The Application provides greater diversity in housing typologies to support a mix of land uses in the Village.
Topography	The development responds to the site's topography: the Ground Floor is finished at a similar level to Philip Road and the Basement is graded to achieve a similar level at the rear boundary to facilitate future access from the Right of Way.
Edge Treatments	The development incorporates appropriate edge treatments to boundaries, including deep soil areas and tree planting, to maintain the residential character and landscaped setting of the locality.
Building Heights & Setbacks	The built form of the development, including the design, scale and setbacks, achieves a transition between the R60 coded residential area to the north and the mixed use centre to the south.
	The development has a front setback of 6 metres to the Ground Floor, 5 metres to upper level balconies and 8.3 metres to the upper level façade, consistent with the prevailing setbacks (6 to 9 metres) along Philip Road, as noted by the Waratah Village Study,
Building Footprint	The building footprint is designed to provide a generous front setback area with deep soil planting to create an established landscaped setting reflective of the Philip Road streetscape.  The position of the building is appropriate to its context with the rear Right of Way providing a buffer between the development and the five storey 'Dalkeith on Waratah' building to the south.
Materials	The development utilises contemporary materials to facades with natural tones and finishes consistent with the character of the area.
Landscape Character	A high quality landscaped setting is proposed for the building, with deep soil areas and advanced tree planting, to soften the building appearance and retain the area's garden setting.
Movement	Pedestrian access is provided from the rear of the site to Waratah Avenue, via the Right of Way and easement on the 'Dalkeith on Waratah' site, to enhance access to Waratah Village.

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#### **Specification for the Construction of Crossovers**

The driveway for the proposed development will be accessed via a new crossover to Philip Road. In accordance with the City's Specification for the Construction of Crossovers, the crossover will be positioned 0.6 metres from the alignment of the site's eastern boundary and have a width of 4 metres.

The crossover will be less than 2 metres from an existing verge tree. In accordance with Clause 3.9 of the Specification for the Construction of Crossovers, the advice of the City's Parks Services will be obtained prior to installation of the crossover. It is anticipated the tree will need to be removed due to its proximity to the crossover. The proponent will pay for the cost of removing the tree and planting a replacement tree in a more central position within the verge, as depicted on the Landscape Plan. An existing verge tree near the site's western boundary will be retained and the existing bitumen crossover to the site will be removed and the verge made good.





## 5.0 Conclusion

This Town Planning Statement has been prepared in support of an Application for Development Approval for 10 Multiple Dwellings at Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith.

The development is designed having regard to the site's context and will retain the established residential character of Philip Road. The scale of the building is consistent with the desired built form of the locality, as envisaged by the R80 density code, and will provide an appropriate transition between the medium density R60 area to the north and the higher density mixed use activity centre to the south.

The development satisfies the majority of Acceptable Outcomes under State Planning Policy 7.3 – Volume 2 Apartments, with the exception of:

- plot ratio;
- walls built to the boundary; and
- pedestrian access (location of entry doors only).

For these items, the development achieves the Objectives of the relevant Design Element under SPP7.3 V2.

The proposed development satisfies the relevant considerations listed in Deemed Provision 67 of LPS3, is consistent with the principles of orderly and proper planning and will not have any detrimental impact on the amenity of the locality.

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# Figures

# Figure 1 Regional Context





Reference 0109

10 Multiple Dwellings Project

Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith Address

Map Source Landgate

Figure 2
Local Context





Reference 0109

10 Multiple Dwellings Project

Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith Address

Map Source Landgate

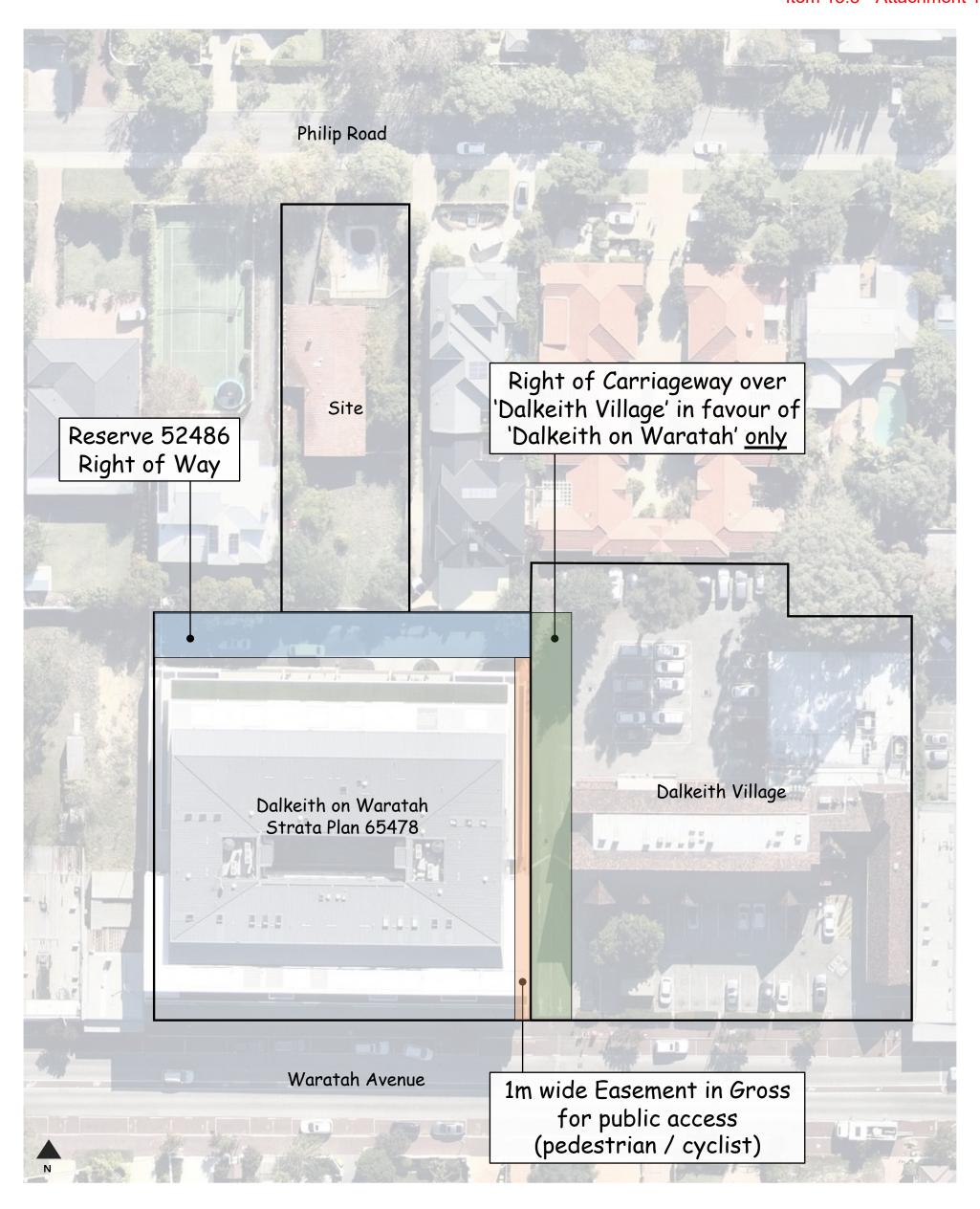


Figure 3
Local Access Plan

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Reference 0109

Project 10 Multiple Dwellings

Address Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith

Map Source NearMap

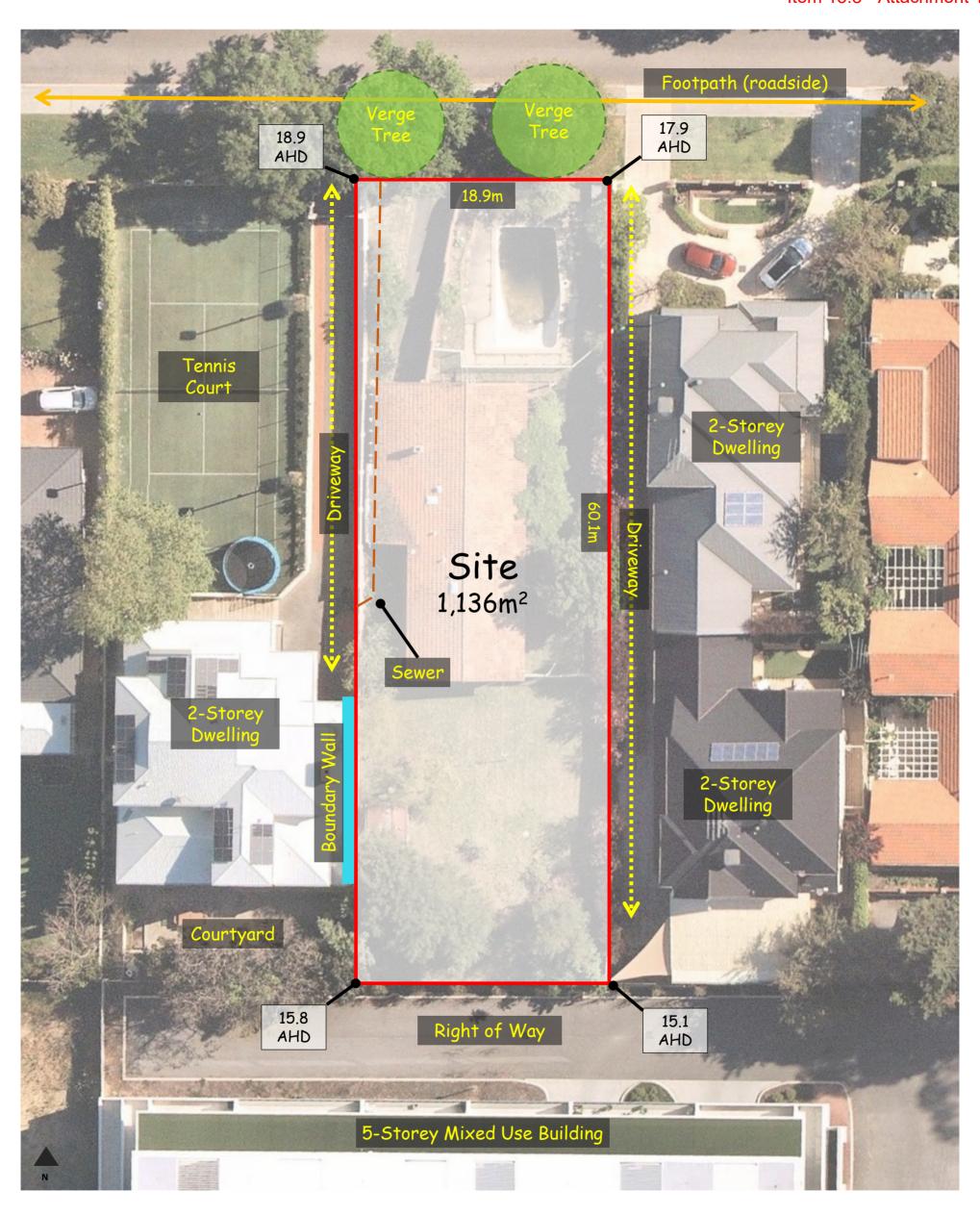


Figure 4
Site Characteristics



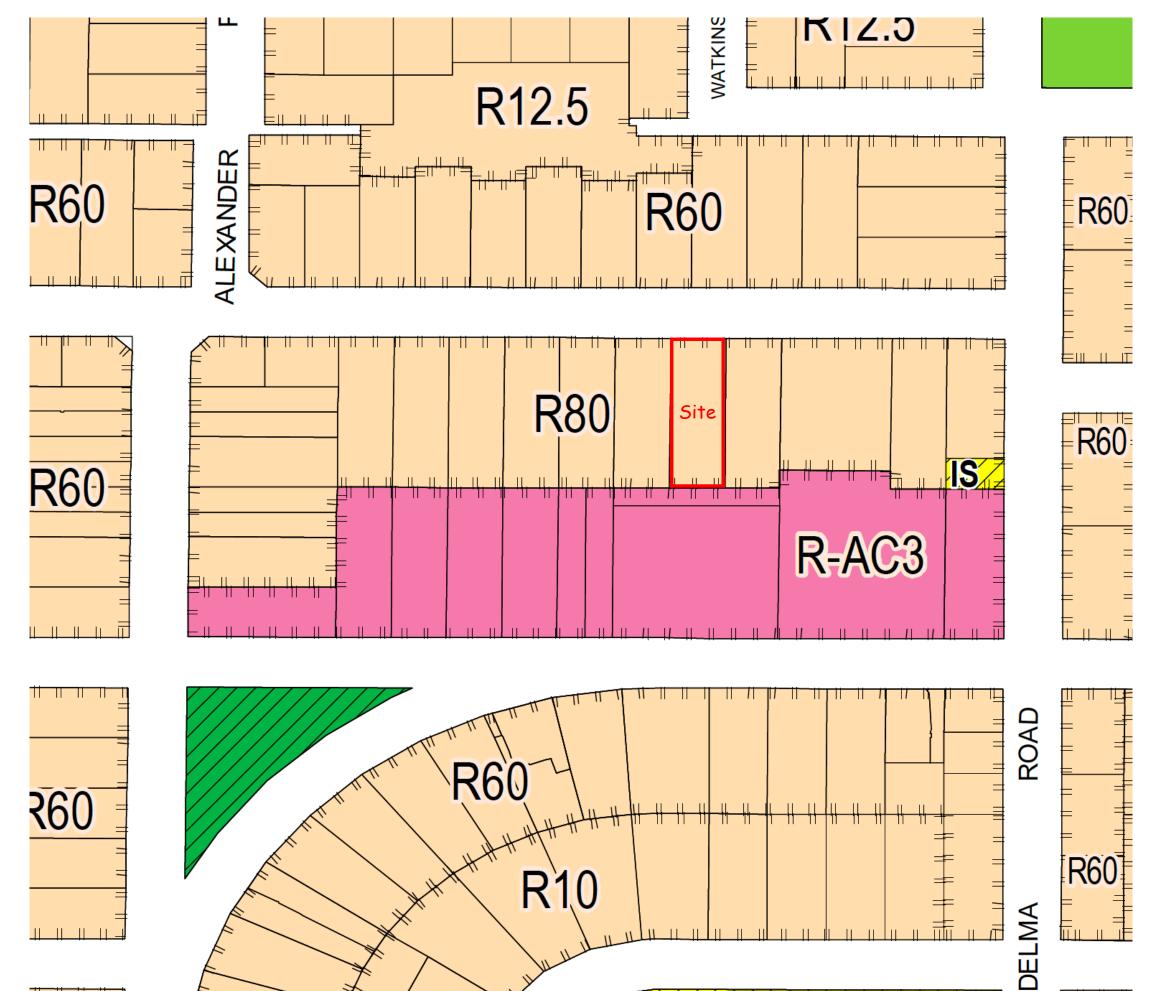
Reference 0109

Project 10 Multiple Dwellings

Address Lot 372 9No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith

Map Source NearMap

Figure 5
Local Planning Scheme No.3 Zoning Map





Reference 0109

10 Multiple Dwellings Project

Address Lot 372 9No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith

Map Source NearMap

# 5

# **Appendix 1**

# **RD Codes Assessment**

10 Multiple Dwellings

Lot 372 (No.12) Philip Road, Dalkeith



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### **ELEMENT 2.2 BUILDING HEIGHT**

O2.2.1 – The height of development responds to the desired future scale and character of the street and local area, including existing buildings  According to the street and local area, including existing buildings	tline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, throughton or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be exceptable Outcome A2.2.1 Satisfied	•
the desired future scale and character of the street and local area, including existing buildings	-	
That are armitely to originge.	e development satisfies the four storey height limit applicable to R80.	
development responds to changes in topography.	per the definitions of 'Storey' and 'Basement', the calculation of the number of reys excludes the Basement.	
roof design and/or roof top communal open space	e term Storey is defined in SPP7.3 V2 as:  Storey - the portion of a building which is situated between the top of any floor and the top of the floor next above it and if	
O2.2.4 – The height of development recognises the need for daylight and solar access to adjoining and nearby residential development, communal open space and in some cases, public spaces.  The  Mor	there is no floor above it, that portion between the top of the floor and the ceiling above it but does not include:  - a basement - a space that contains only a lift shaft, stairway or meter room - a mezzanine - a loft term Basement is defined in SPP7.3 V2 as:  Basement - a building floor level in which 50 per cent or more of its volume is below natural ground level.  The than 50% of the Basement volume is below natural ground level:  Volume of Basement Above NGL: 907m² 48.3%  Volume of Basement Below NGL: 973m² 51.7%  fer to diagram below.	

### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

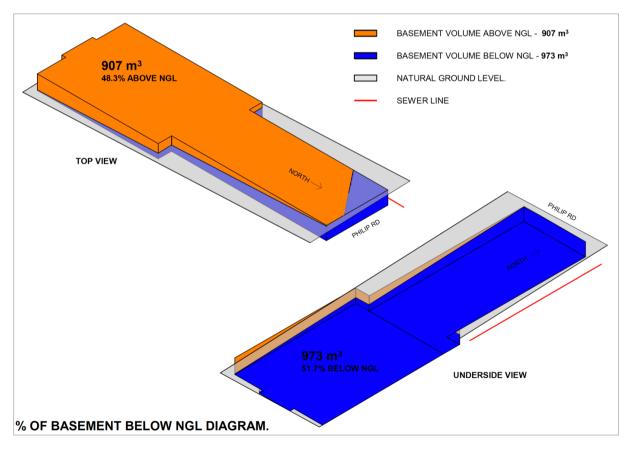
A2.2.1 – Development complies with the building height limit (storeys) set out in Table 2.1, except where modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the building height limit set out in the applicable local planning instrument.

(Excerpt from table 2.1)

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Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	exts and tracter		Mediu			density ential	Neighbourhood centre	Mid-rise urban centres	urban urban centres		Planned areas
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Building height (storeys) refer 2.2	2	3	3	4	4	5	3	6	7	9	

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	



# **ELEMENT 2.3** STREET SETBACKS

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES

### APPLICANT COMMENT

**ASSESSOR COMMENT** 

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

**O2.3.1** – The setback of the development from the street reinforces and/or complements the existing or proposed landscape character of the street.

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

- **O2.3.2** The street setback provides a clear transition between the public and private realm.
- **O2.3.3** The street setback assists in achieving visual privacy to apartments from the street.
- **O2.3.4** The setback of the development enables passive surveillance and outlook to the street.

# **Acceptable Outcome A2.3.1 Satisfied**

• Required Setback: 2m

• Proposed Setback: 5m to 6m



### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A2.3.1** – Development complies with the street setback set out in Table 2.1, except where modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the street setback set out in the applicable local planning instrument

## (Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	Low	/-rise	Medium-rise		Higher density residential		Neighbourhood centre	Mid-rise urban centres		density centres	Planned areas
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	160 R80		R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Minimum primary and secondary street setbacks refer 2.3	4m <sup>4</sup>	2m	2	m	2	m	2m or Nil <sup>5</sup>	2m or Nil <sup>5</sup>	2m o	or Nil <sup>5</sup> l	

- (4) Minimum secondary street setback 1.5m
- (5) Nil setback applicable if commercial use at ground floor

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 2.4** SIDE AND REAR SETBACKS

### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

**O2.4.1** – Building boundary setbacks provide for adequate separation between neighbouring properties.

**O2.4.2** – Building boundary setbacks are consistent with the existing streetscape pattern or the desired streetscape character.

**O2.4.3** – The setback of development from side and rear boundaries enables retention of existing trees and provision of deep soil areas that reinforce the landscape character of the area, support tree canopy and assist with stormwater management.

**O2.4.4** –The setback of development from side and rear boundaries provides a transition between sites with different land uses or intensity of development.

### APPLICANT COMMENT

ASSESSOR COMMENT

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

# Acceptable Outcome A2.4.1 Partially Satisfied

# **Building Setbacks - Ground & Upper Storeys**



Minimum Side / Rear Setback

• Required: 3m

• Proposed: 3m Side / 4m Rear

Average Side Setback

• Required: 3.5m

Proposed:3.6m West / 4.1 East

Storey	w	est Side Setba	ck	k East Side Setback					
	Area (m²)	Length	Average	Area (m²)	Length	Average			
Ground	215	52	4.1	216	52	4.1			
First	170	51	3.3	199	51	3.9			
Second	170	51	3.3	199	51	3.9			
Third	183	51	3.6	224	51	4.4			
Total	185	51.25	3.6	209	51.25	4.1			

Calculation of Average Side Setback

# **Building Setbacks – Walls Built to Boundary**



Acceptable Outcome

- Boundary Wall of 2-Storeys where it abuts an existing wall.
- Boundary Wall of 2-Storeys permitted to one boundary only and not exceeding two-thirds the length of the boundary (2/3 of 60m = 40m).

### **Element Objective Assessment**

O2.4.1 is satisfied for the following reasons:

• The Basement wall is proposed to be built to the rear boundary and southernmost portions of the side boundaries of the site.

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- The Basement wall (including the portion setback 1.3m from the eastern boundary) has a combined length of 69 metres, being less than 50% of the combined length of the side and rear boundaries. This excludes stand-alone boundary retaining walls and fencing to the pedestrian entry, vehicle access ramp and deep soil area.
- Excluding the setback portions of the Basement wall, the length of wall that is
   actually built to the boundary is 40 metres, being equivalent to the length
   allowed by A2.4.1 to one side boundary only.
- The Basement wall is lower than the 2-storey height limit under SPP7.3 V2.
- The height of the boundary wall adjacent to the site's eastern boundary ranges from 3.0m to 4.5m above natural ground level, measured to the top of the visual privacy screen (1.7m above the external walkway floor level).
- The height of the boundary wall adjacent to the site's western boundary ranges from 2.7m to 3.9m above natural ground level, measured to the top of the visual privacy screen (1.7m above the terrace floor level).
- The Basement wall on the western boundary has a length of 26.5 metres, of which 14 metres abuts the existing parapet wall of the adjoining dwelling.
- The portion of the boundary wall to the north of the existing adjoining parapet wall is situated adjacent to a driveway, while the retaining / screen wall to the pedestrian entry also abuts a driveway and is of a similar height to an existing boundary wall in this location.
- The boundary wall on the eastern side of the site also abuts an existing driveway, while the Basement wall to the rear boundary abuts a Right of Way.
- These surrounding driveways provide a buffer between the development and adjoining residential properties and ensure that the proposed boundary walls have minimal impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties.
- With the exception of the small portion of the wall at the south-west corner of the site, none of the boundary walls abut any adjoining outdoor living areas.
- Landscaping to the eastern boundary will reduce the visual impact of the wall where it is setback from the boundary.
- The Basement boundary walls are located on the rear portion of the site and will have limited, if any, impact on the streetscape and setting of Philip Road.
- It is not considered the boundary walls, being less than two storeys in height to 50% of the combined length of the side / rear boundaries, will have any impact on the amenity of adjoining properties.

Refer to diagram below for an illustration of proposed boundary walls.



### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- **A2.4.1** Development complies with the side and rear setbacks set out in Table 2.1, except where:
  - a) modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the side and rear setbacks set out in the applicable local planning instrument AND /OR
  - **b)** a greater setback is required to address 3.5 Visual privacy.

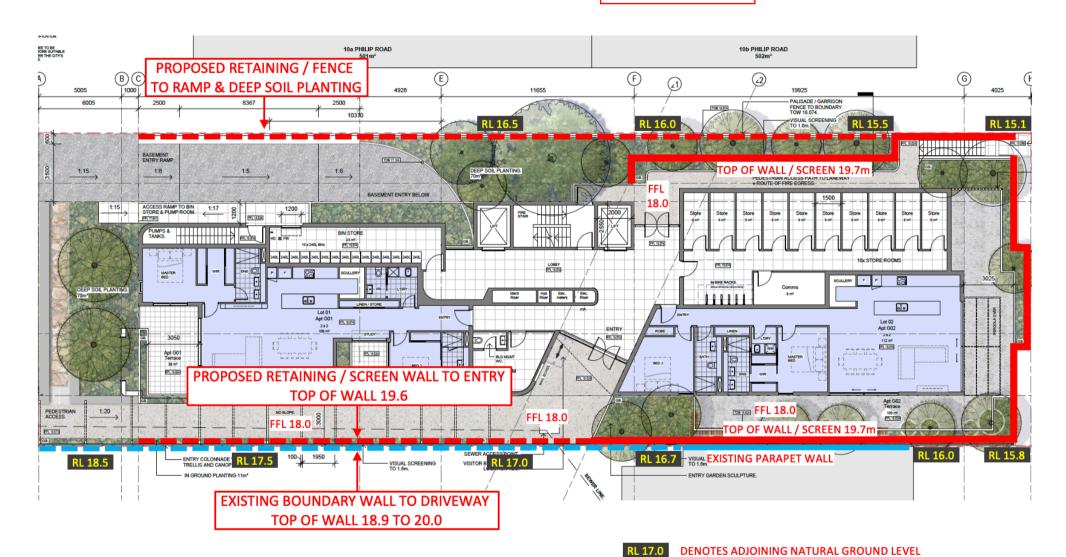
(Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	Low	/-rise	Medium-rise		Higher density residential		Neighbourhood centre	Mid-rise High density urban urban centres centres		Planned areas	
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Boundary wall height (storeys) <sup>1,2</sup> refer 2.4	1	3	1 3	23	2 3		2	3 4			
Minimum side setbacks <sup>6</sup> refer 2.4	2m	3m	31	3m		m	Nil				
Minimum rear setback refer 2.4	3	m	31	m	6m		6m	6m Nil Nil		Nil	
Average side setback where building length exceeds 16m refer 2.4	2.4m	3.5m	3.5m	3.5m	3.5m	4.0m	NA	NA	NA		

- (1) Wall may be built up to a lot boundary, where it abuts an existing or simultaneously constructed wall of equal or greater proportions
- (2) Where the subject site and an affected adjoining site are subject to different density codes, the length and height of any boundary wall on the boundary between them is determined by reference to the lower density code
- (3) Boundary wall only permitted on one boundary, and shall not exceed 2/3 length.
- (6) Boundary setbacks will also be determined by provisions for building separation and visual privacy within this SPP and building separation provisions of the NCC.

**A2.4.2** – Development is setback from the boundary in order to achieve the Objectives outlined in 2.7 Building separation, 3.3 Tree canopy and deep soil areas, 3.5 Visual privacy and 4.1 Solar and daylight access.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	



# ELEMENT 2.5 PLOT RATIO

ELEMENT 2.5 PLOT RATIO	15 December 2020	
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Object	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, the solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy	
O2.5.1 – The overall bulk and scale of development is appropriate for the existing or planned character of the area.		2

•	Consistent with the intent of WAPC Planning Bulletin 113/2015, the proposed
	plot ratio represents a variation of 25% and does not exceed the plot ratio
	(1.3:1) applicable to the next higher density code of R100 under SPP7.3 V2.

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- The site abuts the Waratah Village mixed use activity centre which is coded R-AC3 where a plot ratio of 2:1 is permitted.
- A five storey mixed use building occupies the abutting land to the south within the Waratah Village R-AC3 area.
- The proposed bulk and scale of the building is appropriate to the existing and planned character of the area and achieves a suitable transition between the R60 coded areas to the north and the R-AC3 activity centre to the south.

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

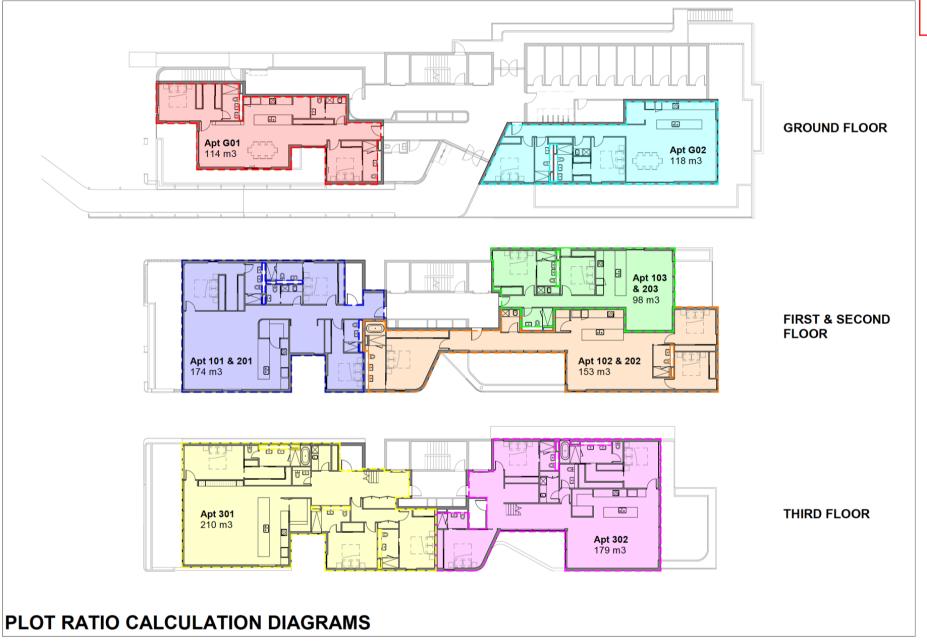
**A2.5.1** – Development complies with the plot ratio requirements set out in Table 2.1, except where modified by the local planning framework, in which case development complies with the plot ratio set out in the applicable local planning instrument.

### (Excerpt from table 2.1)

Streetscape contexts and character refer A2	contexts and character		Mediu	Medium-rise Higher density residential			Neighbourhood centre				Planned areas
Site R-Coding	R40	R50	R60	R80	R100	R160	R-AC4	R-AC3	R-AC2	R-AC1	R-AC0
Plot ratio <sup>7</sup> refer 2.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.2	2.0	2.5	3.0	

Refer to Definitions for calculation of plot ratio

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	



# **ELEMENT 2.6 BUILDING DEPTH**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT			
evelopment is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.				
<b>O2.6.1</b> – Building depth supports apartment layouts that optimise daylight and solar access and natural ventilation.	Acceptable Outcome A2.6.1 Satisfied   ✓				
O2.6.2 – Articulation of building form to allow adequate access to daylight and natural ventilation where greater building depths are proposed.	No single aspect apartments are proposed.				
<b>O2.6.3</b> – Room depths and / or ceiling heights optimise daylight and solar access and natural ventilation.					

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A2.6.1** – Developments that comprise single aspect apartments on each side of a central circulation corridor shall have a maximum building depth of 20m. All other proposals will be assessed on their merits with particular consideration to 4.1 Solar and daylight access and 4.2 Natural ventilation.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 2.7 BUILDING SEPARATION**

APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES** Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance. O2.7.1 – New development supports the desired future streetscape character with spaces between **Acceptable Outcome A2.7.1 Satisfied** buildings. Note: **O2.7.2** – Building separation is in proportion to building height. **O2.7.3** – Buildings are separated sufficiently to provide for residential amenity including visual and acoustic privacy, natural ventilation, sunlight and daylight access and outlook. **O2.7.4** – Suitable areas are provided for communal and private open space, deep soil areas and landscaping between buildings

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

### **A2.7.1** – Development complies with the separation requirements set out in Table 2.7.

Table 2.7 Building separation

		Building height		
	Separation between:	≤ 4 storeys (up to 15m)	5-8 storeys (up to 28m)	≥ 9 storeys (over 28m)
	Habitable rooms/balconies	12m	18m	24m
Within site boundary	Habitable and non-habitable rooms	7.5m	12m	18m
	Non-habitable rooms	4.5m	6m	9m
To adjoining property boundaries Habitable rooms/balconies and boundary		Refer 2.4 Side and rear setbacks (Table 2.1) and 3.5 Visual privacy (Table 3.5)	9m	12m

Distances apply from major openings of rooms, or the inside of balustrading of balconies.

Average dimensions may be applied subject to major openings meeting other requirements for privacy, daylight and the like.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 3.2 ORIENTATION**

APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
Acceptable Outcome A3.2.1 Satisfied			
Acceptable Outcome A3.2.2 N/A ✓			
Acceptable Outcome A3.2.3 Satisfied  All abutting properties are coded R80 or higher.			
Acceptable Outcome A3.2.4 N/A ✓			
	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objective solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the Acceptable Outcome A3.2.1 Satisfied  Acceptable Outcome A3.2.2 N/A  Acceptable Outcome A3.2.3 Satisfied  All abutting properties are coded R80 or higher.		

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

- A3.2.1 Buildings on street or public realm frontages are oriented to face the public realm and incorporate direct access from the street.
- A3.2.2 Buildings that do not have frontages to streets or public realm are oriented to maximise northern solar access to living areas.
- A3.2.3 Development in climate zones 4, 5 and 6 shall be designed such that the shadow cast at midday on 21st June onto any adjoining property does not exceed:
  - adjoining properties coded R25 and lower 25% of the site area1
  - adjoining properties coded R30 R40 35% of the site area<sup>1</sup>
  - adjoining properties coded R50 R60 50% of the site area1
  - adjoining properties coded R80 or higher Nil requirements.
- (1) Where a development site shares its southern boundary with a lot, and that lot is bound to the north by other lot(s), the limit of shading at A3.2.3 shall be reduced proportionally to the percentage of the affected properties northern boundary that abuts the development site. (Refer to Figure A7.2 in Appendix 7)
- **A3.2.4** Where adjoining sites are coded R40 or less, buildings are oriented to maintain 4 hours per day solar access on 21 June for existing solar collectors on neighbouring sites.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 3.3** TREE CANOPY AND DEEP SOIL AREAS

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT			
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.			
O3.3.1 – Site planning maximises retention of existing healthy and appropriate and protects the viability of adjoining trees.	Acceptable Outcome A3.3.1 to A3.3.2   ✓			
O3.3.2 – Adequate measures are taken to improve tree canopy (long term) or to offset reduction of tree canopy from pre-development condition.	The existing vegetation on the site is not considered to meet the criteria listed in A3.3.1 and a better landscape solution can be achieved by planting advanced trees in designated landscape areas around the building.			
O3.3.3 – Development includes deep soil areas,	Acceptable Outcome A3.3.3 Satisfied			
or other infrastructure to support planting on structures, with sufficient area and volume to sustain healthy plant and tree growth.	The development does not have any detrimental impact on any trees on the adjoining sites. One verge tree will be removed and replaced.			
	Acceptable Outcome A3.3.4 to A3.3.6 Satisfied   ✓			
	Deep Soil Areas (In Ground)			
	• 129m² (11.3%).			
	Tree Planting (In Ground)			
	14 small sized trees.			
	3 medium sized tree.			
	1 large sized tree.			
	Tree Planting (In Structure)			
	22 small sized trees in structure.			
	Acceptable Outcome A3.3.7 N/A   ✓			

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A3.3.1** – Retention of existing trees on the site that meet the following criteria:

- healthy specimens with ongoing viability AND
- species is not included on a State or local area weed register AND
- height of at least 4m AND/OR
- trunk diameter of at least 160mm, measured 1m from the ground **AND/OR**

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- average canopy diameter of at least 4m.
- A3.3.2 The removal of existing trees that meet any of the criteria at A3.3.1 is supported by an arboriculture report.
- A3.3.3 The development is sited and planned to have no detrimental impacts on, and to minimise canopy loss of adjoining trees.
- **A3.3.4** Deep soil areas are provided in accordance with Table 3.3a. Deep soil areas are to be co-located with existing trees for retention and/or adjoining trees, or alternatively provided in a location that is conducive to tree growth and suitable for communal open space.

**Table 3.3a** Minimum deep soil area and tree provision requirements

Site Area	Minimum deep soil area	Minimum requirement for trees <sup>1</sup>
Less than 700m²		1 medium tree and small trees to suit area
700 – 1,000 m²	10% <b>OR</b>	2 medium trees OR 1 large tree and small trees to suit area
>1,000m²	7% if existing tree(s) retained on site  (% site area)	1 large tree and 1 medium tree for each additional 400m² in excess of 1000m² OR 1 large tree for each additional 900m² in excess of 1000m² and small trees to suit area

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Minimum requirement for trees includes retained or new trees Refer Table 3.3b for tree sizes

A3.3.5 – Landscaping includes existing and new trees with shade producing canopies in accordance with Tables 3.3a and 3.3b.

Table 3.3b Tree sizes

Tree size	Indicative canopy diameter at maturity	Nominal height at maturity	Required DSA per tree	Recommended minimum DSA width	Minimum DSA width where additional rootable soil zone (RSZ) width provided¹ (min 1m depth)	Indicative pot size at planting
Small	4-6m	4-8m	9m²	2m	1m (DSA) + 1m (RSZ)	100L
Medium	6-9m	8-12m	36m²	3m	2m (DSA) + 1m (RSZ)	200L
Large	>9m	>12m	64m²	6m	4.5m (DSA) + 1.5m (RSZ)	500L
Rootable areas are for the purposes of determining minimum width only and do not have the effect of reducing the required DSA.						

- A3.3.6 The extent of permeable paving or decking within a deep soil area does not exceed 20 per cent of its area and does not inhibit the planting and growth of trees.
- A3.3.7 Where the required deep soil areas cannot be provided due to site restrictions, planting on structure with an area equivalent to two times the shortfall in deep soil area provision is provided.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# ELEMENT 3.4 COMMUNAL OPEN SPACE

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT			
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.				
O3.4.1 – Provision of quality communal open space that enhances resident amenity and provides opportunities for landscaping, tree retention and deep soil areas.	Acceptable Outcome A3.4.1 to A3.4.7 Satisfied  Communal Open Space not required for 10 dwellings.				
O3.4.2 – Communal open space is safe, universally accessible and provides a high level of amenity for residents.					
O3.4.3 – Communal open space is designed and oriented to minimise impacts on the habitable rooms and private open space within the site and of neighbouring properties.					

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.4.1 – Developments include communal open space in accordance with Table 3.4

Table 3.4 Provision of communal open space

	Development size	Overall communal open space requirement	Minimum accessible / hard landscape area (included in overall area requirement)	Minimum open space dimension
Up to 10 dwellings Informal seating associated with deep soil or other landscaped areas		NA	NA	
More than 10 dwellings Total: 6m² per dwelling up to maximum 300m²		Total: 6m² per dwelling up to maximum 300m²	At least 2m² per dwelling up to 100m²	<u>4m</u>

- A3.4.2 Communal open space located on the ground floor or on floors serviced by lifts must be accessible from the primary street entry of the development.
- A3.4.3 There is 50 per cent direct sunlight to at least one communal open space area for a minimum of two hours between 9am and 3pm on 21 June.
- A3.4.4— Communal open space is co-located with deep soil areas and/or planting on structure areas and/ or co-indoor communal spaces.
- A3.4.5 Communal open space is separated or screened from adverse amenity impacts such as bins, vents, condenser units, noise sources and vehicle circulation areas.
- A3.4.6 Communal open space is well-lit, minimises places for concealment and is open to passive surveillance from adjoining dwellings and/or the public realm.
- **A3.4.7** Communal open space is designed and oriented to minimise the impacts of noise, odour, light-spill and overlooking on the habitable rooms and private open spaces within the site and of neighbouring properties.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

## **ELEMENT 3.5 VISUAL PRIVACY** APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES** Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance. O3.5.1 – The orientation and design of buildings. windows and balconies minimises direct Acceptable Outcome A3.5.1 to A3.5.4 Satisfied overlooking of habitable rooms and private outdoor living areas within the site and of All visual privacy setbacks are achieved, as follows: neighbouring properties, while maintaining daylight and solar access, ventilation and the Major Openings to Bedrooms / Studies external outlook of habitable rooms. • 3 metre setback provided to all bedrooms and studies. Open Access Walkways • 3 metre setback provided; or • Screened to height of 1.6 metres where the 'cone of vision' to the west and east side boundaries is less than 3 metres Major Openings to Habitable Rooms other than Bedrooms • 4.5 metre setback provided; or • Obscure glass below a height of 1.6 metres above floor level. Unenclosed Private Outdoor Terraces and Balconies • Ground Floor: Screened to a height of 1.6 metres facing west side boundary; • 1st to 3rd Floors: Screened to a height of 1.6 metres where the 'cone of vision' to the side boundaries is less than 6 metres; • Roof Terraces: 6 metre setback provided. • Rear Boundary: 6 metre 'cone of vision' setback measured to south side of abutting Right of Wav consistent with SPP7.3 Volume 1.

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.5.1 – Visual privacy setbacks to side and rear boundaries are provided in accordance with Table 3.5.

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	Table 3.5 Rec	uired pr	ivacy setbac	k to adjoining	gsites
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		First 4	First 4 storeys		
	Cone of vision from unscreened:	Adjoining sites coded R50 or lower	Adjoining sites coded higher than R50		5th storey and above
	Major opening to bedroom, study and open access walkways	4.5m	3m		
	Major openings to habitable rooms other than bedrooms and studies	6m	4.5m		Refer Table 2.7
	Unenclosed private outdoor spaces	7.5m	6m		

- A3.5.2 Balconies are unscreened for at least 25 per cent of their perimeter (including edges abutting a building).
- A3.5.3 Living rooms have an external outlook from at least one major opening that is not obscured by a screen.
- **A3.5.4** Windows and balconies are sited, oriented, offset or articulated to restrict direct overlooking, without excessive reliance on high sill levels or permanent screening of windows and balconies.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 3.6 PUBLIC DOMAIN INTERFACE**

	ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
			Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
	O3.6.1 – The transition by public domain enhances residents.	between the private and safety of	Acceptable Outcome A3.6.1 to A3.6.9 Satisfied	
	O3.6.2 – Street facing de landscape design retains amenity and safety of the including the provision of	s and enhances the e adjoining public domain,		

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

- A3.6.1 The majority of ground floor dwellings fronting onto a street or public open space have direct access by way of a private terrace, balcony or courtyard.
- **A3.6.2** Car-parking is not located within the primary street setback; and where car parking is located at ground level behind the street setback it is designed to integrate with landscaping and the building façade (where part of the building).
- A3.6.3 Upper level balconies and/or windows overlook the street and public domain areas.
- **A3.6.4** Balustrading includes a mix of visually opaque and visually permeable materials to provide residents with privacy while maintaining casual surveillance of adjoining public domain areas.
- A3.6.5 Changes in level between private terraces, front gardens and the ground floor level of the building and the street level average less than 1m and do not exceed 1.2m.
- A3.6.6 Front fencing includes visually permeable materials above 1.2m and the average height of solid walls or fences to the street does not exceed 1.2m.
- A3.6.7 Fencing, landscaping and other elements on the frontage are designed to eliminate opportunities for concealment.
- A3.6.8 Bins are not located within the primary street setback or in locations visible from the primary street.
- **A3.6.9** Services and utilities that are located in the primary street setback are integrated into the design of the development and do not detract from the amenity and visual appearance of the street frontage.<sup>1</sup>
- (1) Firefighting and access to services such as power and water meters require careful consideration in the design of the front façade. Consult early with relevant authorities to resolve functional requirements in an integrated design solution.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

**ASSESSOR COMMENT** 

# **ELEMENT 3.7 PEDESTRIAN ACCESS AND ENTRIES**

### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

**O3.7.1** – Entries and pathways are universally accessible, easy to identify and safe for residents and visitors.

**O3.7.2** – Entries to the development connect to and address the public domain with an attractive street presence.

### APPLICANT COMMENT

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

# Acceptable Outcomes A3.7.1 and A3.7.2 Satisfied

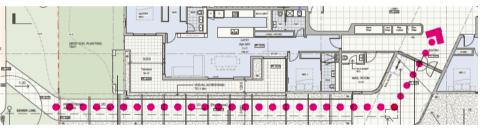


# **Acceptable Outcome A3.7.3 Partially Satisfied**



### **Element Objective Assessment**

The entry doors to the lobby are not visible from the street and for this reason A3.7.3 is not satisfied. The design of the entry satisfies the Element Objectives as the pedestrian path leading to the lobby is clearly defined, universally accessible, visible from the street, well lit at night, and connected to the footpath. The small size of the project does not require wayfinding for visitors.



Pedestrian Entry from Footpath to Lobby

Acceptable Outcomes A3.7.4 to A3.7.7 Satisfied



### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

- **A3.7.1** Pedestrian entries are connected via a legible, well-defined, continuous path of travel to building access areas such as lift lobbies, stairs, accessways and individual dwelling entries.
- **A3.7.2** Pedestrian entries are protected from the weather.
- A3.7.3 Pedestrian entries are well-lit for safety and amenity, visible from the public domain without opportunity for concealment, and designed to enable casual surveillance of the entry from within the site.
- **A3.7.4** Where pedestrian access is via a shared zone with vehicles, the pedestrian path is clearly delineated and/or measures are incorporated to prioritise the pedestrian and constrain vehicle speed.
- A3.7.5 Services and utilities that are located at the pedestrian entry are integrated into the design and do not detract from the amenity of the entry.
- **A3.7.6** Bins are not located at the primary pedestrian entry.

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LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT	15 December 2020	
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:			

# **ELEMENT 3.8 VEHICLE ACCESS**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
O3.8.1 – Vehicle access points are designed and located to provide safe access and egress for vehicles and to avoid conflict with pedestrians, cyclists and other vehicles.  O3.8.2 – Vehicle access points are designed and located to reduce visual impact on the streetscape.	<ul> <li>Acceptable Outcome A3.8.1 to A3.8.7 Satisfied</li> <li>One driveway is provided to Philip Rd.</li> <li>The driveway does not serve more than 10 dwellings.</li> <li>The driveway is 3.5m in width and 0.6m from side (east) boundary.</li> <li>No structures or planting is proposed within the visual sight line truncations where driveway meets the front boundary.</li> <li>Driveway width restricted to a functional minimum commensurate with the low number of car parking bays that it services.</li> <li>A traffic management system (signage) will be installed to give priority to cars entering the basement.</li> </ul>		

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

- A3.8.1 Vehicle access is limited to one opening per 20m street frontage that is visible from the street.
- A3.8.2 Vehicle entries are identifiable from the street, while being integrated with the overall façade design and/ or located behind the primary building line.
- A3.8.3 Vehicle entries have adequate separation from street intersections.
- **A3.8.4** Vehicle circulation areas avoid headlights shining into habitable rooms within the development and adjoining properties.
- A3.8.5 Driveway width is kept to a functional minimum, relative to the traffic volumes and entry/egress requirements.
- A3.8.6 Driveways designed for two way access to allow for vehicles to enter the street in forward gear where:
  - the driveway serves more than 10 dwellings
  - the distance from an on-site car parking to the street is 15m or more OR
  - the public street to which it connects is designated as a primary distributor, distributor or integrated arterial road.
- A3.8.7 Walls, fences and other structures truncated or reduced to no higher than 0.75m within 1.5m of where walls, fences, other structures adjoin vehicle access points where a driveway meets a public street and where two streets intersect (refer Figure 3.8a).

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

ASSESSOR COMMENT

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based

solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

### **ELEMENT 3.9 CAR AND BICYCLE PARKING**

### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

O3.9.1 – Parking and facilities are provided for

cyclists and other modes of transport.

APPLICANT COMMENT

# O3.9.2 - Car parking provision is appropriate to

the location, with reduced provision possible in areas that are highly walkable and/or have good public transport or cycle networks and/or are close to employment centres.

### O3.9.3 – Car parking is designed to be safe and accessible.

O3.9.4 – The design and location of car parking minimises negative visual and environmental impacts on amenity and the streetscape.

# Acceptable Outcome A3.9.1 to A3.9.6 Satisfied



# Acceptable Outcome A3.9.7 Satisfied

The visitor parking bays (3) are located in the basement and will be positioned to be visible from (and close to) the driveway entry point to the basement. The visitor car bays will be marked "Visitor Parking". Visitors will be able to access the basement via the building's intercom system.

# Acceptable Outcome A3.9.8 to A3.9.9 N/A



### **Acceptable Outcome A3.9.10 Satisfied**



Basement does not protrude more than 1m above natural ground level at the front of the site. Where the basement protrudes above natural ground level, it is fully concealed from view to prevent any negative visual impact on the streetscape of Philip Road.

The reduced width of the driveway to the basement also assists with reducing visual impacts on the streetscape.

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A3.9.1 – Secure, undercover bicycle parking is provided in accordance with Table 3.9 and accessed via a continuous path of travel from the vehicle or cycle entry point.

### Table 3.9 Parking ratio

Parking types		Location A	Location B
	1 bedroom dwellings	0.75 bay per dwelling	1 bay per dwelling
Car parking <sup>1</sup>	2+ bedroom dwellings	1 bay per dwelling	1.25 bays per dwelling
	Visitor	1 bay per four dwellings up to 12 dwellings	
		1 bay per eight dwellings for the 13th dwelling and above	
Bicycle parking <sup>1</sup>	Resident	0.5 space per dwelling	
	Visitor	1 space per 10 dwellings	
Motorcycle/ Scooter parking <sup>2</sup>	Developments exceeding 20 dwellings provide 1 motorcycle/scooter space for every 10 car bays		

<sup>1</sup> Calculations of parking ratios shall be rounded up to the next whole number

### Definitions:

Location A: within 800m walkable catchment of a train station and/or 250m of a transit stop (bus or light rail) of a high-frequency route and/or within the defined boundaries of an activity centre.

Location B: not within Location A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For each five motorcycle/scooter parking bays provided in accordance with Table 3.9, car parking bays may be reduced by one bay.

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- A3.9.2 Parking is provided for cars and motorcycles in accordance with Table 3.9.
- A3.9.3 Maximum parking provision does not exceed double the minimum number of bays specified in Table 3.9
- A3.9.4 Car parking and vehicle circulation areas are designed in accordance with AS2890.1 (as amended) or the requirements of applicable local planning instruments.
- A3.9.5 Car parking areas are not located within the street setback and are not visually prominent from the street.
- A3.9.6 Car parking is designed, landscaped or screened to mitigate visual impacts when viewed from dwellings and private outdoor spaces.
- A3.9.7 Visitor parking is clearly visible from the driveway, is signed 'Visitor Parking' and is accessible from the primary entry or entries.
- A3.9.8 Parking shade structures, where used, integrate with and complement the overall building design and site aesthetics and have a low reflectance to avoid glare into apartments.
- A3.9.9 Uncovered at-grade parking is planted with trees at a minimum rate of one tree per four bays.
- **A3.9.10** Basement parking does not protrude more than 1m above ground, and where it protrudes above ground is designed or screened to prevent negative visual impact on the streetscape.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

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# **ELEMENT 4.1** SOLAR AND DAYLIGHT ACCESS

	ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives		Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
	<b>O4.1.1</b> – In climate zones 4, 5 and 6: the development is sited and designed to optimise the number of dwellings receiving winter sunlight to private open space and via windows to habitable rooms.	Acceptable Outcome A4.1.1 to A4.1.4 Satisfied  ■ 100% of dwellings receive the required minimum 2 hours of direct sunlight to habitable rooms or external living areas between 9am and 3pm 21 <sup>st</sup> June		
	<b>O4.1.2</b> – Windows are designed and positioned to optimise daylight access for habitable rooms.	100% of dwellings receive 3 hours and 50% receive 5+ hours.	• 100% of dwellings receive 3 hours and 50% receive 5+ hours.	
	<b>O4.1.3</b> – The development incorporates shading and glare control to minimise heat gain and glare:			
	<ul> <li>from mid-spring to autumn in climate zones 4, 5 and 6 AND</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>year-round in climate zones 1 and 3.</li> </ul>			

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

- **A4.1.1** In climate zones 4, 5 and 6 only:
  - a) Dwellings with a northern aspect are maximised, with a minimum of 70 per cent of dwellings having living rooms and private open space that obtain at least 2 hours direct sunl between 9am and 3pm on 21 June AND
  - b) A maximum of 15 per cent of dwellings in a building receiving no direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm on 21 June.
- **A4.1.2** Every habitable room has at least one window in an external wall, visible from all parts of the room, with a glazed area not less than 10 per cent of the floor area and comprisi minimum of 50 per cent of clear glazing.
- A4.1.3 Lightwells and/or skylights do not form the primary source of daylight to any habitable room.
- **A4.1.4** The building is oriented and incorporates external shading devices in order to:
  - minimise direct sunlight to habitable rooms:
    - between late September and early March in climate zones 4, 5 and 6 only AND
    - in all seasons in climate zones 1 and 3
  - permit winter sun to habitable rooms in accordance with A 4.1.1 (a).

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 4.2 NATURAL VENTILATION**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
<b>O4.2.1</b> – Development maximises the number of apartments with natural ventilation.	Acceptable Outcome A4.2.1 to A4.2.4 Satisfied  ✓	
O4.2.2 – Individual dwellings are designed to optimise natural ventilation of habitable rooms.	<ul> <li>100% of dwellings are naturally cross-ventilated.</li> <li>No single aspect apartments are proposed, with all dwellings having an</li> </ul>	
O4.2.3 – Single aspect apartments are designed to maximise and benefit from natural ventilation.	<ul><li>external wall with openings to at least two sides of the apartment.</li><li>No habitable rooms rely upon light wells.</li></ul>	

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A4.2.1 – Habitable rooms have openings on at least two walls with a straight line distance between the centre of the openings of at least 2.1m.

### A4.2.2 -

- (a) A minimum 60 per cent of dwellings are, or are capable of, being naturally cross ventilated in the first nine storeys of the building
- (b) Single aspect apartments included within the 60 per cent minimum at (a) above must have:
  - ventilation openings oriented between 45° 90° of the prevailing cooling wind direction **AND**
  - room depth no greater than 3 × ceiling height
- (c) For dwellings located at the 10th storey or above, balconies incorporate high and low level ventilation openings.
- A4.2.3 The depth of cross-over and cross-through apartments with openings at either end and no openings on side walls does not exceed 20m.
- **A4.2.4** No habitable room relies on lightwells as the primary source of fresh-air.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 4.3** SIZE AND LAYOUT OF DWELLINGS

**ELEMENT OBJECTIVES** 

### APPLICANT COMMENT

### ASSESSOR COMMENT

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

**O4.3.1** – The internal size and layout of dwellings is functional with the ability to flexibly accommodate furniture settings and personal goods, appropriate to the expected household size.

**O4.3.2** – Ceiling heights and room dimensions provide for well-proportioned spaces that facilitate good natural ventilation and daylight access.

# Acceptable Outcome A4.3.1 to A4.3.4 Satisfied

Acceptable Outcome A4.3.1 to A4.3.4 Oatished				
Level	Apt	Apt Type	Layout Type	Internal Area
Ground Floor	Apt G01	Type A	2 x 2	103 m <sup>2</sup>
Ground Floor	Apt G02	Type B	2 x 2	112 m²
Level 1	Apt 101	Type D	3 x 3	161 m²
Level 1	Apt 102	Type E	3 x 2	137 m²
Level 1	Apt 103	Type F	2 x 2	90 m²
Level 2	Apt 201	Type D	3 x 3	161 m²
Level 2	Apt 202	Type E	3 x 2	137 m²
Level 2	Apt 203	Type F	2 x 2	90 m²
Level 3	Apt 301	Type G	3 x 3	194 m²
Level 3	Apt 302	Type H	3 x 3	165 m²

All habitable rooms (bedrooms and living areas) satisfy the minimum area and dimensions in Table 4.3b (refer Architectural Drawings).

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A4.3.1 – Dwellings have a minimum internal floor area in accordance with Table 4.3a.

Table 4-3a Minimum floor areas for dwelling types

Dwelling type	Minimum internal floor area	
Studio	37m²	
1 bed	47m²	
2 bed × 1 bath <sup>1</sup>	67m²	
3 bed ×1 bath <sup>1</sup>	90m²	

'An additional 3m² shall be provided for designs that include a second or separate toilet, and 5m² for designs that include a second bathroom.

A4.3.2 – Habitable rooms have minimum floor areas and dimensions in accordance with Table 4.3b.

Table 4.3b Minimum floor	areas and	d dimensions for hab	itable
rooms			

Habitable room type	Minimum internal floor area	Minimum internal dimension
Master bedroom	10m²	"Sm
Other bedrooms	9m²	,3W
Living room – studio and 1 bed apartments	N/A	3.6m
Living room – other dwelling types	N/A	4m
<sup>1</sup> Excluding robes		

- A4.3.3 Measured from the finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are:
  - Habitable rooms 2.7m
  - Non-habitable rooms 2.4m
  - All other ceilings meet or exceed the requirements of the NCC.

**A4.3.4** – The length of a single aspect open plan living area is equal to or less than 3 x the ceiling height. An additional 1.8m length may be provided for a kitchen, where the kitchen is the furthest point from the window in an open plan living area provided that the maximum length does not exceed 9m.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 4.4 PRIVATE OPEN SPACE AND BALCONIES**

APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT

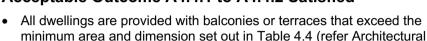
### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

- **O4.4.1** Dwellings have good access to appropriately sized private open space that enhances residential amenity.
- **O4.4.2** Private open space is sited, oriented and designed to enhance liveability for residents.
- **O4.4.3** Private open space and balconies are integrated into the overall architectural form and detail of the building.

# Acceptable Outcome A4.4.1 to A4.4.2 Satisfied



• Only partial screening required with >25% unscreened to all balconies.

# **Acceptable Outcome A4.4.3 Satisfied**



• Refer to Landscape Plan for integration of landscaping with building design.

# **Acceptable Outcome A4.4.4 Satisfied**



• All fixtures and services will be integrated into the building and screened.

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

A4.4.1 – Each dwelling has private open space accessed directly from a habitable room with dimensions in accordance with Table 4.4.

Drawings).

Table 4.4 Private open space requirements

Dwelling type	Minimum Area¹	Minimum Dimension <sup>1</sup>
Studio apartment + 1 bedroom	8m²	2.0m
2 bedroom	10m²	2.4m
3 bedroom	12m²	2.4m
Ground floor / apartment with a terrace	15m²	3m

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Services and fixtures located within private open space, including but not limited to air-conditioner units and clothes drying, are not visible from the street and/or are integrated into the building design.

- **A4.4.2** Where private open space requires screening to achieve visual privacy requirements, the entire open space is not screened and any screening is designed such that it does not obscure the outlook from adjacent living rooms.
- **A4.4.3** Design detailing, materiality and landscaping of the private open space is integrated with or complements the overall building design.
- **A4.4.4** Services and fixtures located within private open space, including but not limited to air-conditioner units and clothes drying, are not visible from the street and/or are integrated into the building design.

		Received
LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT	15 December 20
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:		

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
<b>O4.5.1</b> – Circulation spaces have adequate size and capacity to provide safe and convenient access for all residents and visitors.	Acceptable Outcome A4.5.1 to A4.5.5 Satisfied  ✓	
O4.5.2 – Circulation and common spaces are attractive, have good amenity and support opportunities for social interaction between residents.		
ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a	performance solution is provided	
A4.5.1 – Circulation corridors are a minimum 1.5n	n in width.	
A4.5.2 – Circulation and common spaces are desi	igned for universal access.	
A4.5.3 – Circulation and common spaces are capa	able of passive surveillance, include good sightlines and avoid opportunities for cor	ncealment.
	illuminated at night without creating light spill into the habitable rooms of adjacent d	wellings.
A4.5.4 – Circulation and common spaces can be i		
A4.5.5 – Bedroom windows and major openings to	o living rooms do not open directly onto circulation or common spaces and are des	gned to ensure visual privacy and
<u> </u>	o living rooms do not open directly onto circulation or common spaces and are desi	gned to ensure visual privacy and

# **ELEMENT 4.6 STORAGE**

### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

**O4.6.1** – Well-designed, functional and conveniently located storage is provided for each dwelling.

### APPLICANT COMMENT

ASSESSOR COMMENT

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

# Acceptable Outcome A4.6.1 to A4.6.3 Satisfied



### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

**A4.6.1** – Each dwelling has exclusive use of a separate, ventilated, weatherproof, bulky goods storage area. This can be located either internally or externally to the dwelling with dimensions in accordance with Table 4.6.

Table 4.6 Storage requirements

Dwelling type	Storage area <sup>1</sup>	Minimum dimension <sup>1</sup>	Minimum height <sup>1</sup>
Studio dwelling	3m²		
1 bedroom dwelling	3m²	1.5m 2.1ı	0.4
2 bedroom dwellings	4m²		2.1m
3 bedroom dwellings	5m²		
<sup>1</sup> Dimensions exclusive of services and plant.			

**A4.6.2** – Bulky good stores that are not directly accessible from the dwelling/private open space are located in areas that are convenient, safe, well-lit, secure and subject to passive surveillance.

City of Nedlands

Item 13.8 - Attachment

A4.6.3 – Storage provided separately from dwellings or within or adjacent to private open space<sup>1</sup>, is integrated into the design of the building or open space and is not readily visible from the public domain.

(1) Storage on/adjacent to private open space is additional to required open space area and dimensions.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

# **ELEMENT 4.7 MANAGING THE IMPACT OF NOISE**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
O4.7.1 – The siting and layout of development minimises the impact of external noise sources and provides appropriate acoustic privacy to dwellings and on-site open space.	Acceptable Outcome A4.7.1 to A4.7.3 Satisfied  Refer to Acoustic Assessment.		
O4.7.2 – Acoustic treatments are used to reduce sound transfer within and between dwellings and to reduce noise transmission from external noise sources.			

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

- **A4.7.1** Dwellings exceed the minimum requirements of the NCC, such as a rating under the AAAC Guideline for Apartment and Townhouse Acoustic Rating (or equivalent).
- **A4.7.2** Potential noise sources such as garage doors, driveways, service areas, plant rooms, building services, mechanical equipment, active communal open space and refuse bins are not located adjacent to the external wall of habitable rooms or within 3m of a window to a bedroom.
- A4.7.3 Major openings to habitable rooms are oriented away or shielded from external noise sources.

, , ,	,
LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.8 DWELLING MIX**

ELEMENT 4.8 DWELLING MIX	T5 December 2020	
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, throsolution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may	
O4.8.1 – A range of dwelling types, sizes and configurations is provided that caters for diverse household types and changing community demographics.	<ul> <li>Acceptable Outcome A4.8.1 to A4.8.2 Satisfied</li> <li>4 (40%) 2-bed dwellings and 6 (60%) 3-bed dwellings are proposed.</li> <li>The number of dwellings does not exceed 10.</li> <li>Apartment types are distributed throughout the building.</li> </ul>	

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### A4.8.1 -

- a) Dwelling mix is provided in accordance with the objectives, proportions or targets specified in a local housing strategy or relevant local planning instrument OR
- b) Where there is no local housing strategy, developments of greater than 10 dwellings include at least 20 per cent of apartments of differing bedroom numbers.

A4.8.2 – Different dwelling types are well distributed throughout the development, including a mix of dwelling types on each floor.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.9 UNIVERSAL DESIGN**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES  Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	

**O4.9.1** – Development includes dwellings with universal design features providing dwelling options for people living with disabilities or limited mobility and/or to facilitate ageing in place.

### **Acceptable Outcome A4.9.1**



• Apartments 102 and 202 are designed to meet Silver Level requirements.

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### A4.9.1 -

- a) 20 per cent of all dwellings, across a range of dwelling sizes, meet Silver Level requirements as defined in the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines (Liveable Housing Australia) **OR**
- b) 5 per cent of dwellings are designed to Platinum Level as defined in the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines (Liveable Housing Australia).

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

ASSESSOR COMMENT

### **ELEMENT 4.10 FAÇADE DESIGN**

15 December 2020

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based

solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

APPLICANT COMMENT

O4.10.1 - Building façades incorporate proportions, materials and design elements that respect and reference the character of the local area.

O4.10.2 – Building façades express internal functions and provide visual interest when viewed from the public realm.

Acceptable Outcome A4.10.1 and A4.10.4 Satisfied

Acceptable Outcome A4.10.2 N/A

Acceptable Outcome A4.10.3 N/A



There are no adjoining buildings of an appropriate design to reference key datum points for the facade design.

Acceptable Outcome A4.10.5 N/A



Acceptable Outcome A4.10.6 N/A





Detail of Front Facade

City of Nedlands
Received
15 December 2020

#### ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- A4.10.1 Façade design includes:
  - scaling, articulation, materiality and detailing at lower levels that reflect the scale, character and function of the public realm
  - rhythm and visual interest achieved by a combination of building articulation, the composition of different elements and changes in texture, material and colour.
- A4.10.2 In buildings with height greater than four storeys, façades include a defined base, middle and top for the building.
- **A4.10.3** The façade includes design elements that relate to key datum lines of adjacent buildings through upper level setbacks, parapets, cornices, awnings or colonnade heights.
- **A4.10.4** Building services fixtures are integrated in the design of the façade and are not visually intrusive from the public realm.
- A4.10.5 Development with a primary setback of 1m or less to the street includes awnings that:
  - define and provide weather protection to entries
  - are integrated into the façade design
  - are consistent with the streetscape character.
- A4.10.6 Where provided, signage is integrated into the façade design and is consistent with the desired streetscape character.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.11 ROOF DESIGN**

#### \_\_\_\_\_

#### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

**O4.11.1** – Roof forms are well integrated into the building design and respond positively to the street.

**O4.11.2** – Where possible, roof spaces are utilised to add open space, amenity, solar energy generation or other benefits to the development.

#### APPLICANT COMMENT

ASSESSOR COMMENT

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

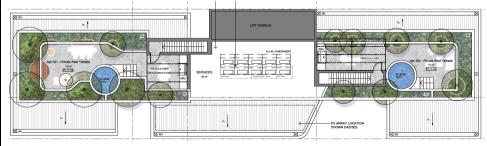
### Acceptable Outcome A4.11.1 to A4.11.3 Satisfied



- The roof is integrated into the design of the building and not visible from the surrounding public realm.
- Private roof terraces are provided for Apartments 9 and 10 below.
- Roof top services are screened from view.



#### Concealed / Integrated Roof Design



Private Roof Terraces with Landscaping to Edges

City of Nedlands
Received
15 December 2020

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- **A4.11.1** The roof form or top of building complements the façade design and desired streetscape character.
- **A4.11.2** Building services located on the roof are not visually obtrusive when viewed from the street.
- **A4.11.3** Useable roof space is safe for users and minimises overlooking and noise impacts on private open space and habitable rooms within the development and on adjoining sites.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.12 LANDSCAPE DESIGN**

#### **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES**

Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives

APPLICANT COMMENT

ASSESSOR COMMENT

Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.

O4.12.1 – Landscape design enhances streetscape and pedestrian amenity; improves the visual appeal and comfort of open space areas; and provides an attractive outlook for habitable rooms.

Acceptable Outcome A4.12.1 to A4.12.4 Satisfied

Refer to Landscape Plan.



**O4.12.2** – Plant selection is appropriate to the orientation, exposure and site conditions and is suitable for the adjoining uses.

O4.12.3 - Landscape design includes water efficient irrigation systems and where appropriate incorporates water harvesting or water re-use technologies.

**O4.12.4** – Landscape design is integrated with the design intent of the architecture including its built form, materiality, key functional areas and sustainability strategies.

### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- A4.12.1 Submission of a landscape plan prepared by a competent landscape designer. This is to include a species list and irrigation plan demonstrating achievement of Waterwise design principles.
- A4.12.2 Landscaped areas are located and designed to support mature, shade-providing trees to open space and the public realm, and to improve the outlook and amenity to habitable rooms and open space areas.

#### **A4.12.3** – Planting on building structures meets the requirements of Table 4.12.

Table 4.12 Planting on structure: minimum soil standards for plant types and sizes

Plant type	Definition	Soil volume	Soil depth	Soil area
Large tree	Over 12m high, crown spread at maturity	76.8m³	1,200mm	64m² with minimum dimension 7m
Medium tree	8-12m high, crown spread at maturity	36m³	1,000mm	36m² with minimum dimension 5m
Small tree	4-8m high, crown spread at maturity	7.2m³	800mm	3m×3m
Small ornamentals	3-4m high, crown spread at maturity	3.2m³	800mm	2m × 2m
Shrubs			500-600mm	
Ground cover		-	300-450mm	
Turf			200mm	

A4.12.4 – Building services fixtures are integrated in	n the design of the landscaping and are not vis	City of Nedlands Received	Item 13.8 - Attachment 1
LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT		
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:			

## ELEMENT 4.16 WATER MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT		
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
<b>O4.16.1</b> – Minimise potable water consumption throughout the development.	Acceptable Outcome A4.16.1 to A4.16.3 Satisfied   ✓		
<b>O4.16.2</b> – Stormwater runoff from small rainfall events is managed on-site, wherever practical.	All dwellings will be individually metered for water usage.  Landscaped deep soil areas will be contoured to capture stormwater for direct		
<b>O4.16.3</b> – Reduce the risk of flooding so that the likely impacts of major rainfall events will be minimal.	infiltration into the ground during small rainfall events (refer Landscape Plan).  Details of stormwater management from major rainfall events, including overland flow paths, on-site detention systems and overflow into the local drainage system, will be provided prior to commencement.		
ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES  Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a pe	rformance solution is provided		
A4.16.1 – Dwellings are individually metered for wa	ter usage.		
A4.16.2 – Stormwater runoff generated from small rainfall events is managed on-site.			
A4.16.3 – Provision of an overland flow path for safe conveyance of runoff from major rainfall events to the local stormwater drainage system.			
LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT		
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:			

## **ELEMENT 4.13 ADAPTIVE REUSE**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT	
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
O4.13.1 – New additions to existing buildings are contemporary and complementary and do not detract from the character and scale of the existing building.	Element 4.13 Not Applicable		
<b>O4.13.2</b> – Residential dwellings within an adapted building provide good amenity for residents, generally in accordance with the requirements of this policy.			
ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided			
A4.12.1 Now additions to buildings that have haritage value do not mimis the existing form and are clearly identifiable from the original building			

A4.13.1 – New additions to buildings that have heritage value do not mimic the existing form and are clearly identifiable from the original building.

A4.13.2 – New additions complement the existing building by referencing and interpreting the scale, rhythm and materiality of the building.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.14 MIXED USE**

ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
<b>O4.14.1</b> – Mixed use development enhances the streetscape and activates the street.	Element 4.14 Not Applicable	
<b>O4.14.2</b> – A safe and secure living environment for residents is maintained through the design and management of the impacts of non-residential uses such as noise, light, odour, traffic and waste.		

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- **A4.14.1** Where development is located within a mixed use area designated within the local planning framework, ground floor units are designed for future adaption to non-residential uses.
- **A4.14.2** Ground floor uses including non-commercial uses, such as communal open space, habitable rooms, verandahs and courtyards associated with ground floor dwellings, address, enhance and activate the street.
- A4.14.3 Non-residential space in mixed use development is accessed via the street frontage and/or primary entry as applicable.
- **A4.14.4** Non-residential floor areas provided in mixed use development has sufficient provision for parking, waste management, and amenities to accommodate a range of retail and commercial uses in accordance with the requirements
- A4.14.5 Mixed use development is designed to mitigate the impacts of non-residential uses on residential dwellings, and to maintain a secure environment for residents.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.15 ENERGY EFFICIENCY**

ELEMENT 4.13 ENERGY EFFICIENCY		
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives  Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.		
<b>O4.15.1</b> – Reduce energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions from the development.	Acceptable Outcome A4.15.1 Satisfied   ✓	
	The development includes:	
	<ul> <li>An array of PV solar panels on the roof;</li> <li>Energy efficient heating devices;</li> <li>Solar powered lighting to external open space and common areas.</li> </ul>	

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

#### A4.15.1 -

- a) Incorporate at least one significant energy efficiency initiative within the development that exceeds minimum practice (refer Design Guidance) OR
- b) All dwellings exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars.<sup>1</sup>

Compliance with the NCC requires that development shall achieve an average star-rating across all dwellings that meets or exceeds a nominated benchmark, and that each unit meets or exceeds a slightly lower benchmark. Compliance with this Acceptable Outcome requires that each unit exceeds that lower benchmark by at least half a star.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	

### **ELEMENT 4.17 WASTE MANAGEMENT**

APPLICANT COMMENT ASSESSOR COMMENT **ELEMENT OBJECTIVES** Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance. **O4.17.1** – Waste storage facilities minimise negative impacts on the streetscape, building Acceptable Outcome A4.17.1 Satisfied entries and the amenity of residents. Refer to Waste Management Plan Plan of Ground Level Bin Store & Access Points **O4.17.2** – Waste to landfill is minimised by providing safe and convenient bins and information for the separation and recycling of

#### **ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES**

waste.

Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided

- **A4.17.1** Waste storage facilities are provided in accordance with the Better Practice considerations of the WALGA Multiple Dwelling Waste Management Plan Guidelines (or local government requirements where applicable).
- **A4.17.2** A Level 1 Waste Management Plan (Design Phase) is provided in accordance with the WALGA Multiple Dwelling Waste Management Plan Guidelines Appendix 4A (or equivalent local government requirements).
- **A4.17.3** Sufficient area is provided to accommodate the required number of bins for the separate storage of green waste, recycling and general waste in accordance with the WALGA Multiple Dwelling Waste Management Plan Guidelines Level 1 Waste Management Plan (Design Phase) (or local government requirements where applicable).
- A4.17.4 Communal waste storage is sited and designed to be screened from view from the street, open space and private dwellings.

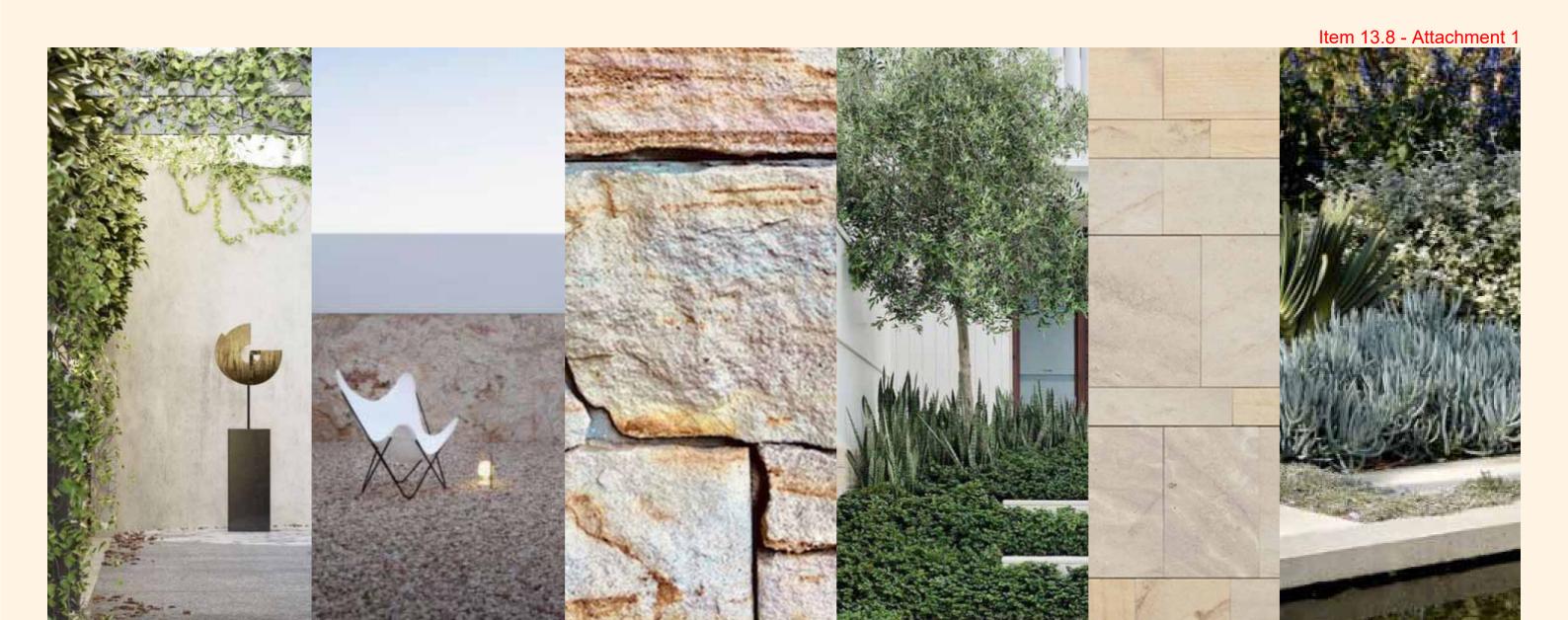
LOCAL	PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
	ocal planning framework amend or replace stated controls? If yes, state the applicable nt:	

City of Nedlands Received 15 December 2020

ELEMENT 4.18 UTILITIES	T 4.18 UTILITIES	
ELEMENT OBJECTIVES	APPLICANT COMMENT	ASSESSOR COMMENT
Development is to achieve the following Element Objectives	Outline the rationale demonstrating that the proposal has met the Element Objectives, through either a performance based solution or using the Acceptable Outcomes. The Design Guidance provided in the policy may be of assistance.	
<b>O4.18.1</b> –The site is serviced with power, water, gas (where available), wastewater, fire services and telecommunications/broadband services that are fit for purpose and meet current performance and access requirements of service providers.	<ul> <li>Acceptable Outcome A4.18.1 to A4.18.4 Satisfied</li> <li>All utilities and services will be concealed from view from the street.</li> <li>Fire pumps and tanks are located in the basement.</li> </ul>	
<b>O4.18.2</b> – All utilities are located such that they are accessible for maintenance and do not restrict safe movement of vehicles or pedestrians.	It is intended that the development will be fibre to-premises ready.      Laundries are provided internally to each apartment.	
<b>O4.18.3</b> – Utilities, such as distribution boxes, power and water meters are integrated into design of buildings and landscape so that they are not visually obtrusive from the street or open space within the development.		
<b>O4.18.4</b> – Utilities within individual dwellings are of a functional size and layout and located to minimise noise or air quality impacts on habitable rooms and balconies.		
ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES  Acceptable Outcome pathway may not be applicable where a performance solution is provided		
<b>A4.18.1</b> – Utilities that must be located within the front setback, adjacent to the building entry or on visible parts of the roof are integrated into the design of the building.		

- **A4.18.1** Utilities that must be located within the front setback, adjacent to the building entry or on visible parts of the roof are integrated into the design of the building, landscape and/or fencing such that they are accessible for servicing requirements but not visually obtrusive.
- A4.18.2 Developments are fibre-to-premises ready, including provision for installation of fibre throughout the site and to every dwelling.
- **A4.18.3** Hot water units, air-conditioning condenser units and clotheslines are located such that they can be safely maintained, are not visually obtrusive from the street and do not impact on functionality of outdoor living areas or internal storage.
- **A4.18.4** Laundries are designed and located to be convenient to use, secure, weather-protected and well-vented; and are of an overall size and dimension that is appropriate to the size of the dwelling.

LOCAL PLANNING FRAMEWORK	REQUIREMENT
Does the local planning framework amend or replace the above stated controls? If yes, state the applicable requirement:	



The Residences, Dalkeith
12 Philip Road

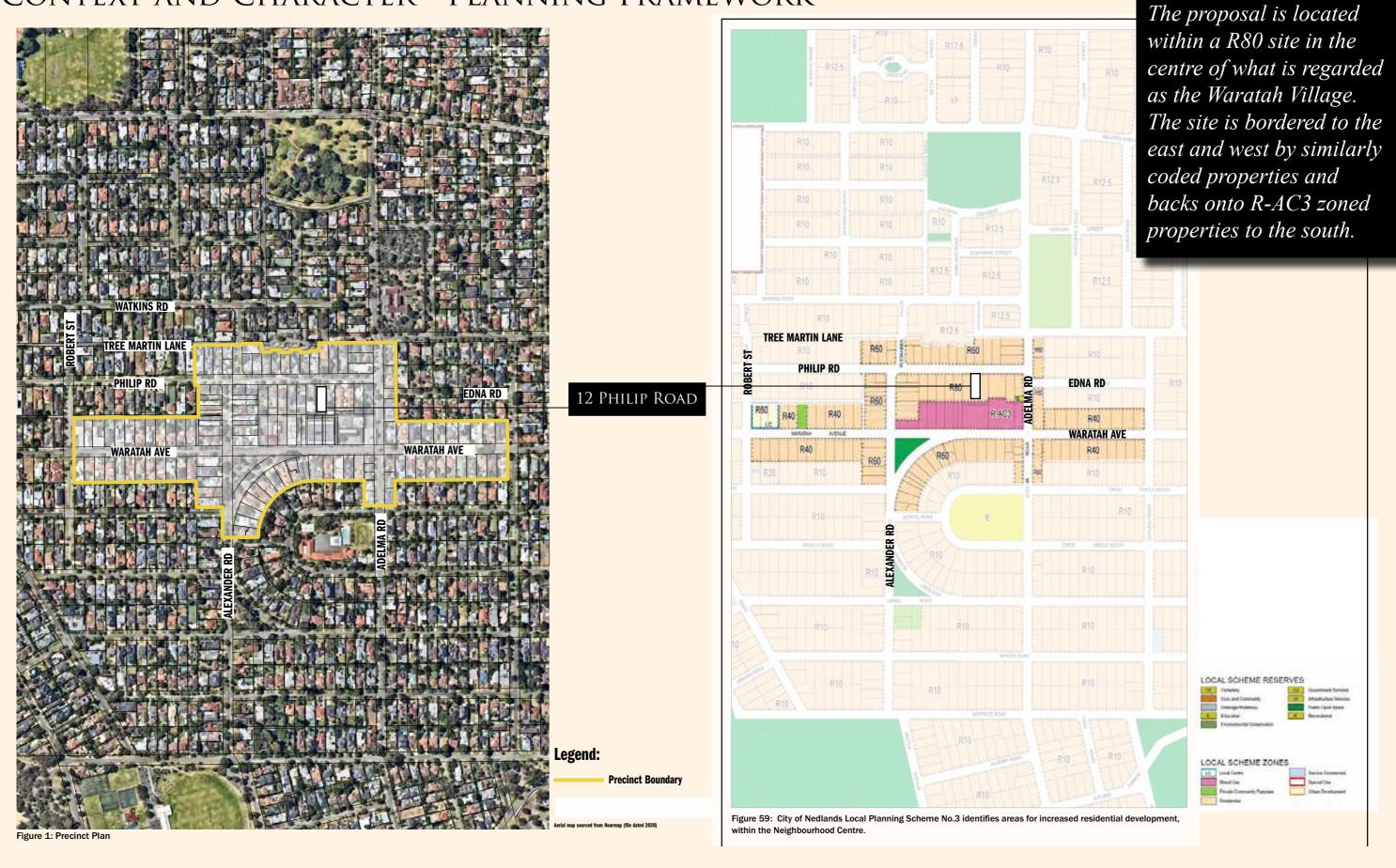
Design Principles

## CONTEXT AND CHARACTER





## CONTEXT AND CHARACTER - PLANNING FRAMEWORK







## CONTEXT AND CHARACTER



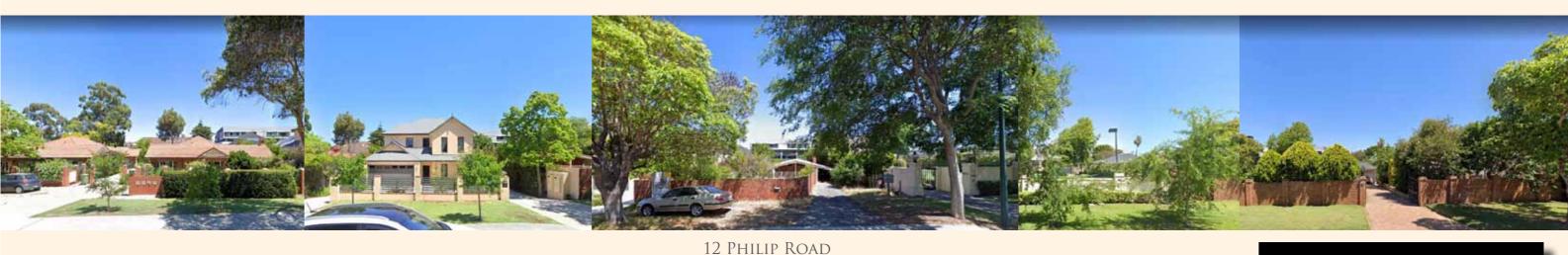


## CONTEXT AND CHARACTER





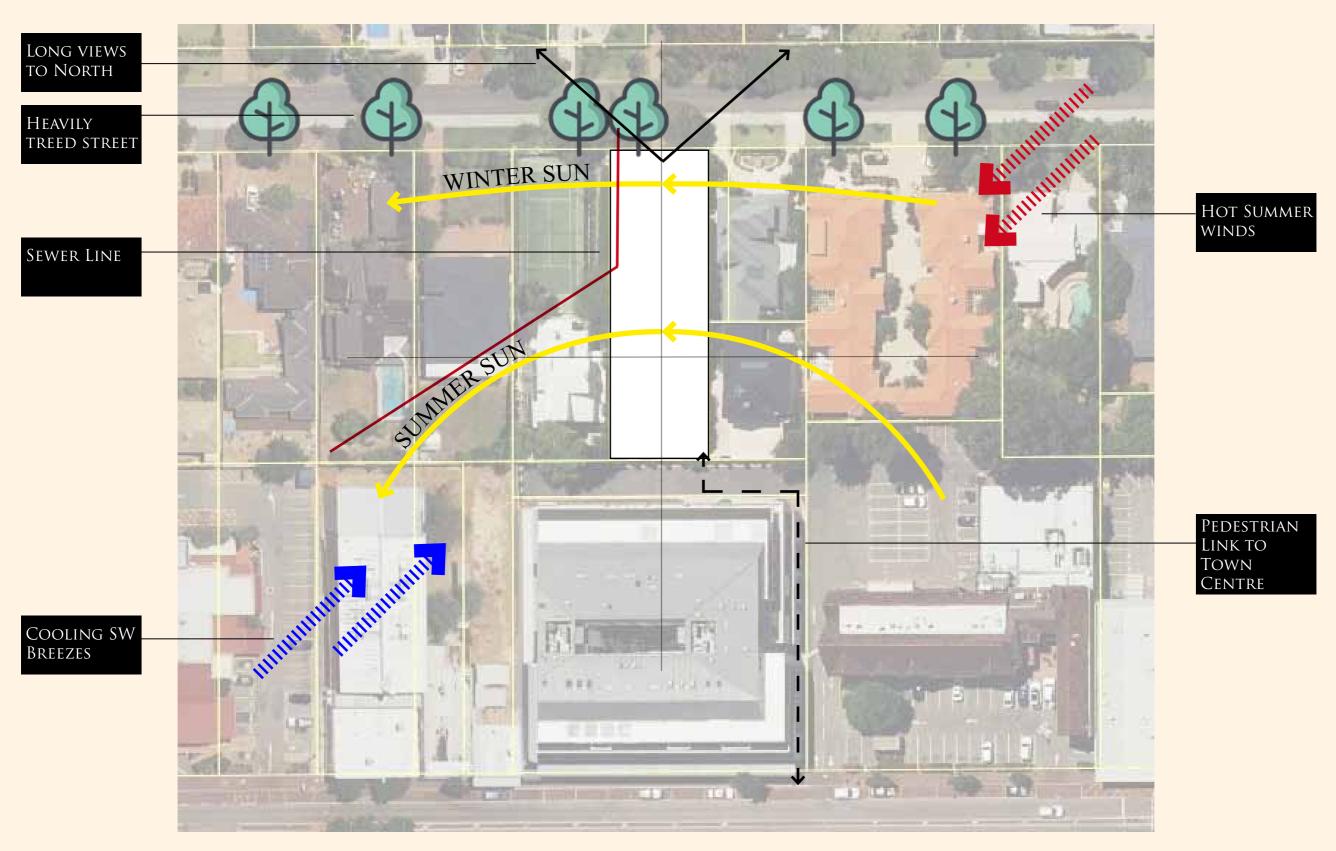
# CONTEXT AND CHARACTER - STREETSCAPE







## CONTEXT AND CHARACTER







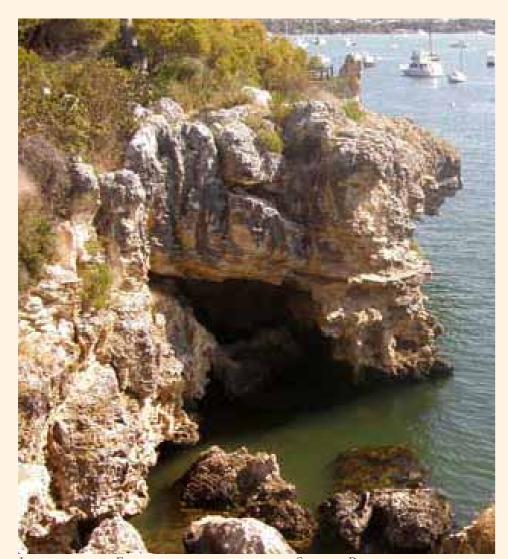
## CONTEXT AND CHARACTER - MATERIAL CUES



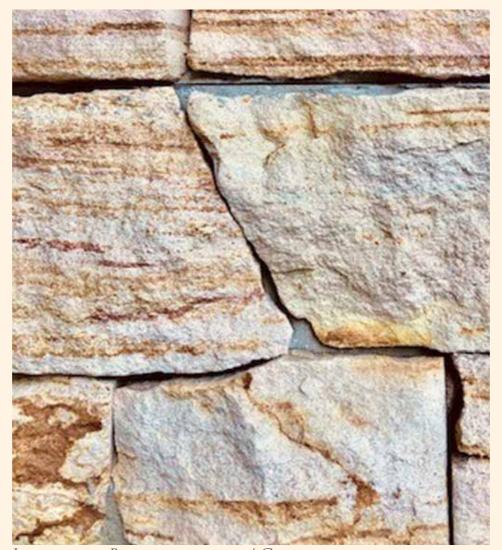
Limestone Foundation at 8 Edna Road



ORIGINAL LIMESTONE WALL AROUND CARMELITE **CONVENT** 



Limestone Formations on the Swan River



LIMESTONE BLOCK WALLING / CLADDING



The materiality of the

proposal takes cues from

the geological make up of

the Swan River foreshore,

domestic foundations and

plinths typically utilized in

as well as historical

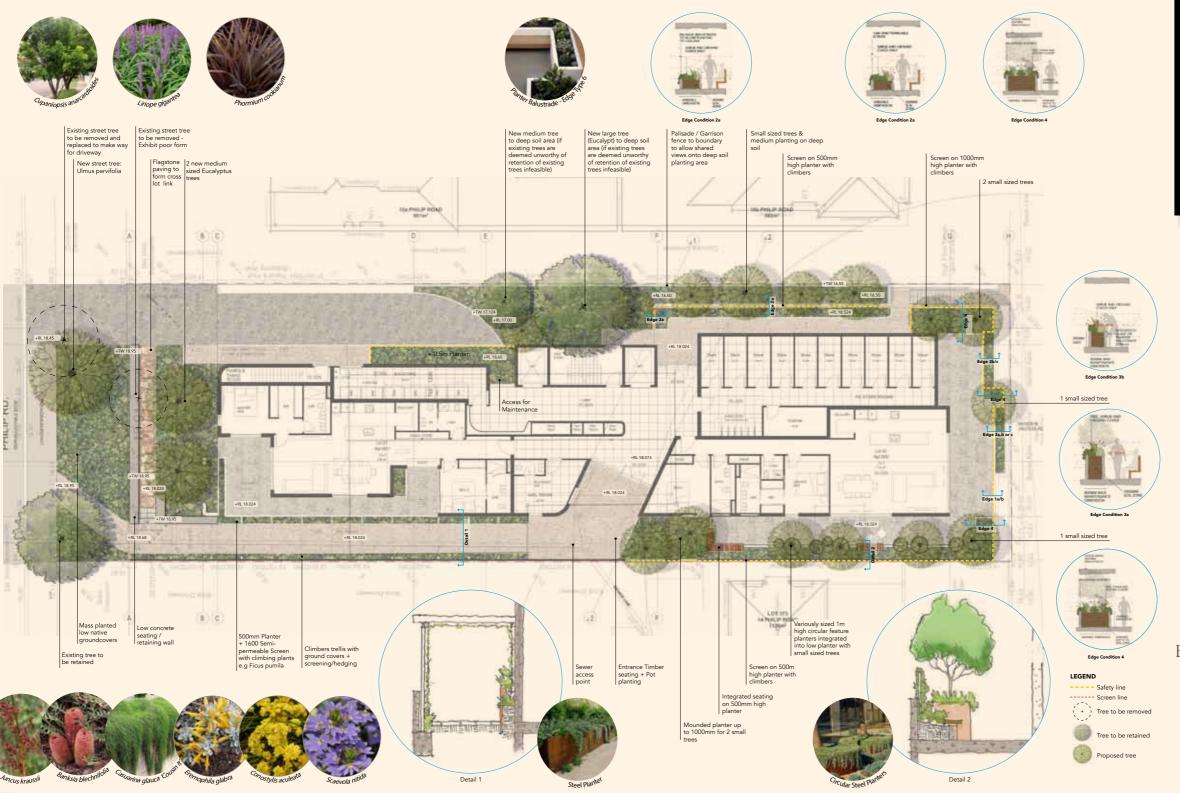
the era.

HONED LIMESTONE TILED CLADDING

City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

Item 13.8 - Attachment 1
PRINCIPLE 2

# LANDSCAPE QUALITY



Taking cues from the local area and with a view to creating a 'verdant' address REALM have proposed a landscape solution that exceeds minimum planting requirements.

EXTRACT OF LANDSCAPE PAKAGE

REALM<sub>studios</sub>

12 Philip Road, Dalkieth

Ground Floor Level

z\_

Client: Gunner Devel Date: 2/12/2020 Scale: 1:100 @ A

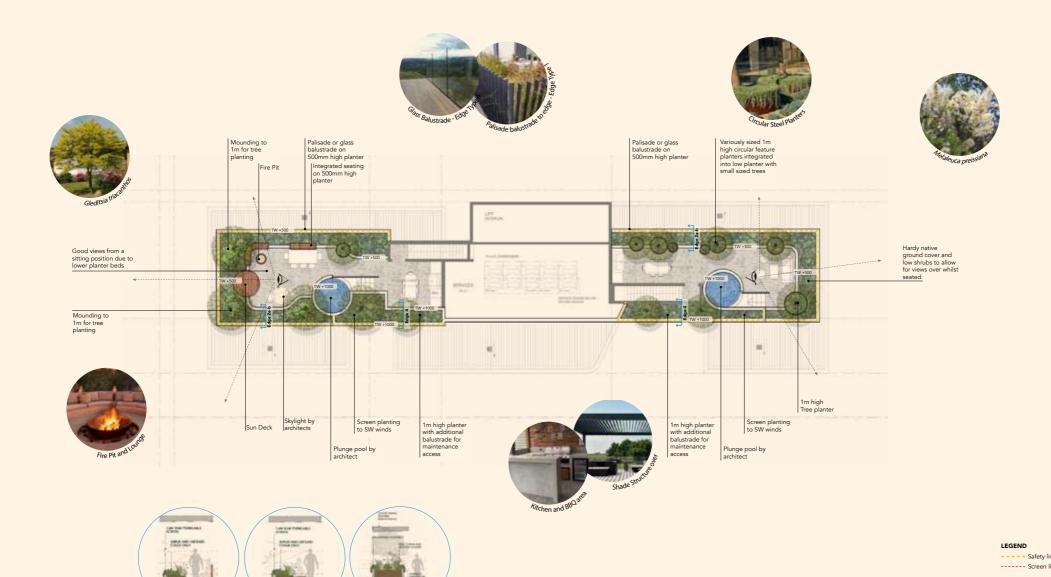
L03B



City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

# LANDSCAPE QUALITY

Edge conditions and planting selections have been carefully considered throughout the proposal.



EXTRACT OF LANDSCAPE PAKAGE

REALMstudios

12 Philip Road, Dalkieth

Roof Level

z Clier

Client: Gunner Developm Date: 2/12/2020 Scale: 1:100 @ 41

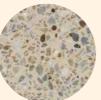
L07B

# LANDSCAPE QUALITY

### **Material Schedule**



Permeable Paving Driveway



Exposed Insitu Concrete Pedestrian Zone



Flagstone to all Balconies on Structure



Gravel & flagstone paving to form crooss lot link

## **Deep Soil**

### **Assessment**

DESIGN WA DEEP SOIL AREA (DSA) MINIMUN REQUIREMENTS	
SITE AREA	1135.6 sqm
REQUIRED DEEP SOIL PLANTING (10% site area)	113.5 sqm

GROUND FLOOR DSA	
DEEP SOIL AREA	129 sqm

PLANTING ON STRUCTURE	
PLANTING ON STRUCTURE	147 sqm
TOTAL DSA + PLANTING ON STRUCTURE	276 sqm

DESIGN WA MINIMUN	TREE REQUIREMENT
NUMBERS FOR 1135.6 sqm	1 LARGE & 1 MEDIUM TREES OR 1 LARGE TREES & SMALL TREES TO SUIT AREA

GROUND FLOOR	TREE PLANTING
LARGE	1
MEDIUM	3
SMALL	36



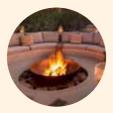
Climbers trellis to structures



Rooftop



Kirchen and BBQ area



Rooftop





Concrete wall to entrance



Integrated Circular Steel Rectangular Steel Planters to Planters on structure

Seating

Composite Timber On Concrete wall



Palisade Balustrade



12 Philip Road, Dalkieth

Materials & Deep Soil

Ground Level 121 sqm Deep Soil 45 sqm On structure -- Extent of Basement

First Level

Second Level 13 sqm On structure

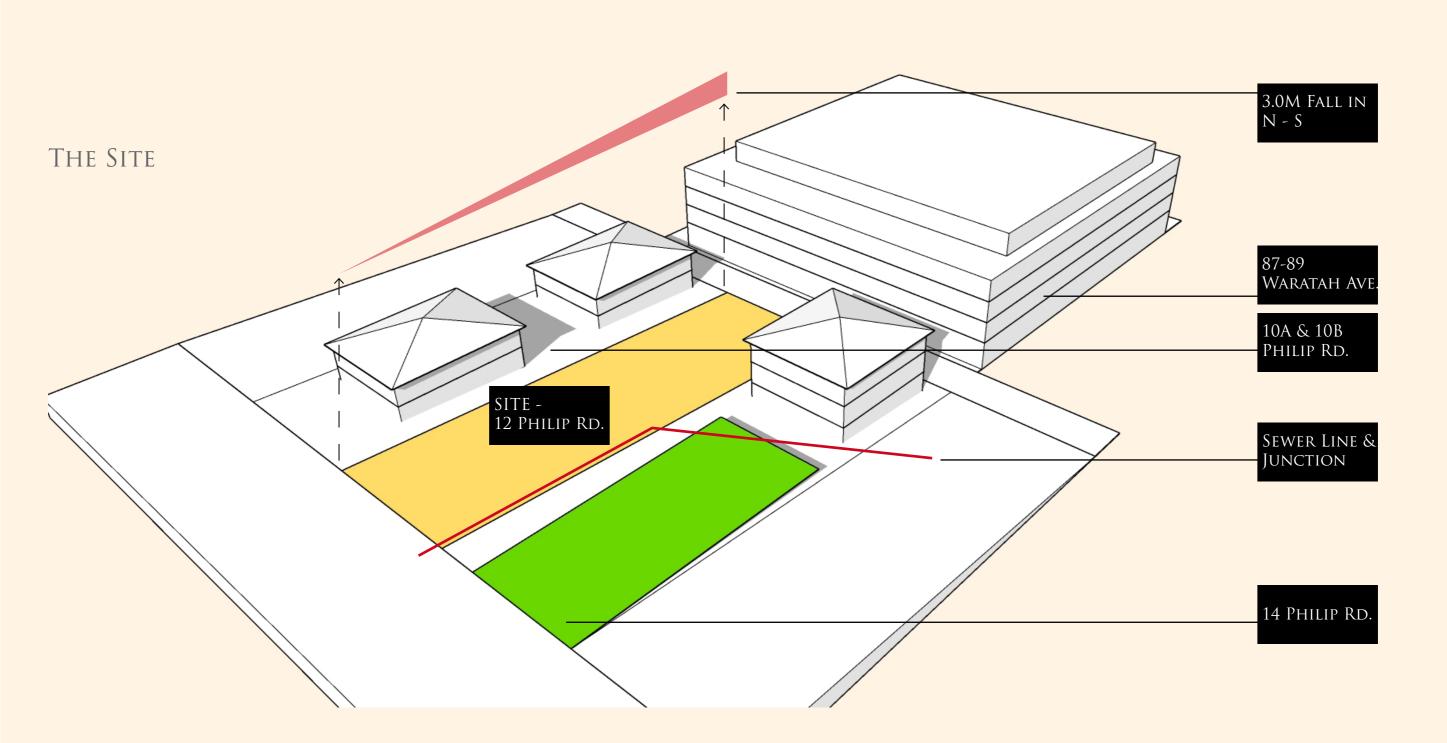
Third Level

13 sqm On structure

13 sqm On structure

City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

EXTRACT OF LANDSCAPE PAKAGE



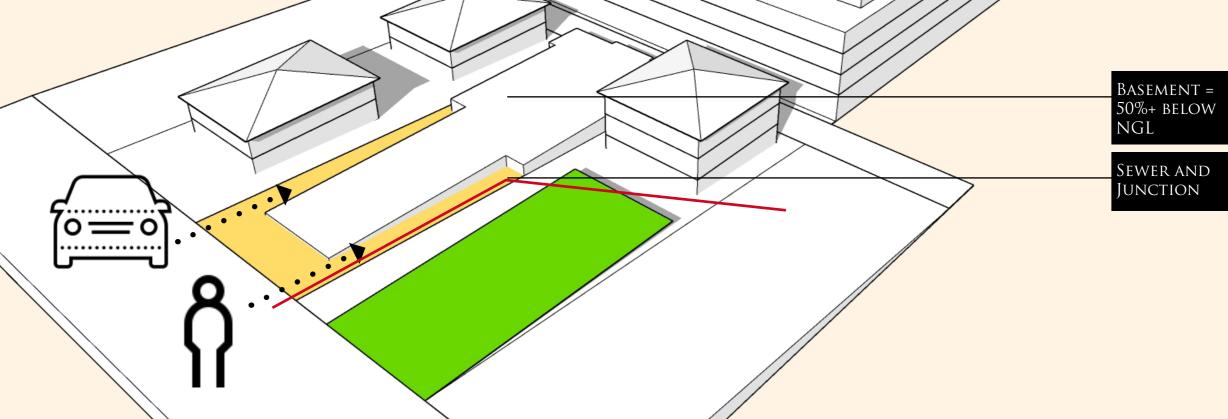


The form and massing

ACCESS

# BUILT FORM AND SCALE

of the proposal has been driven, in part, by an existing sewer asset that runs through the site.
The basement layout ensures the sewer access is maintained while ensuring that more than 50% of the volume is below ground



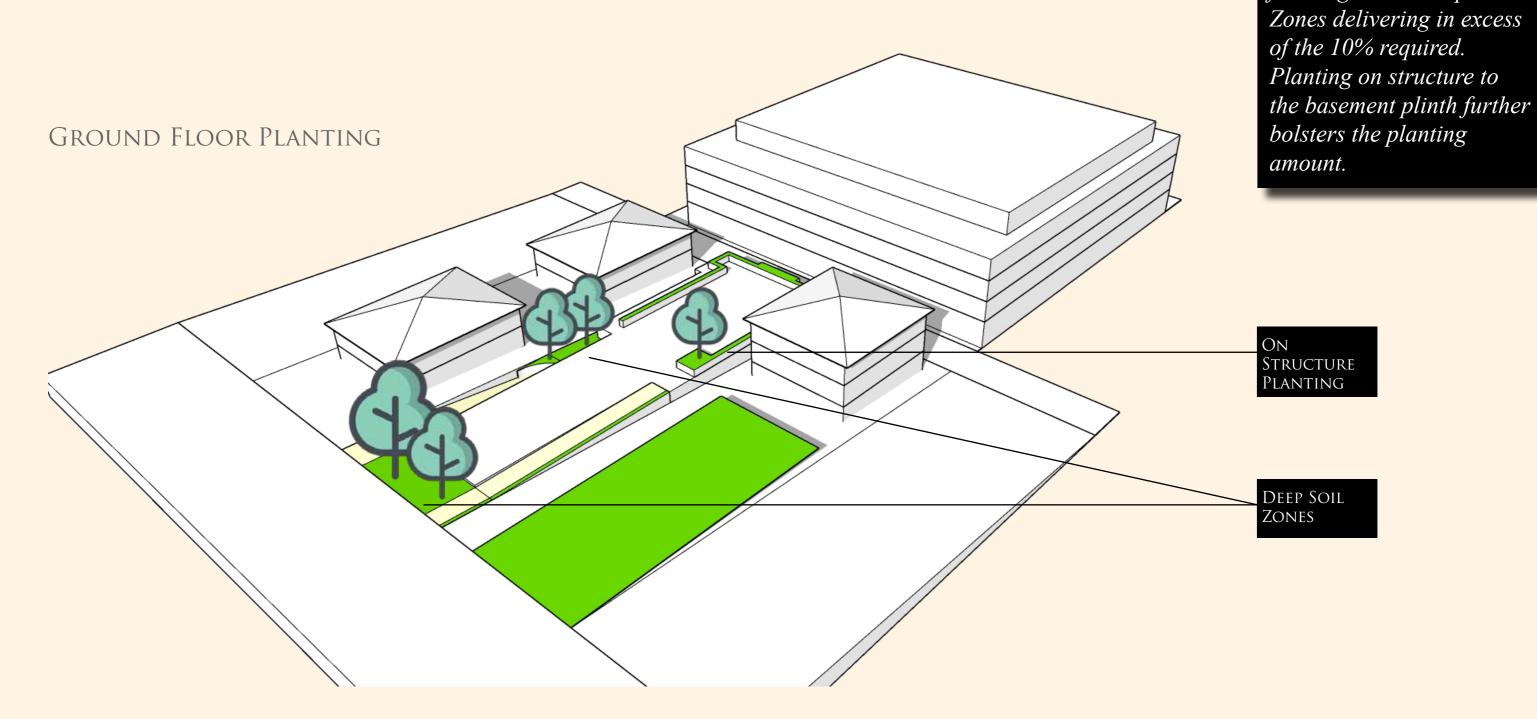
The footprint of the

basement identifies areas

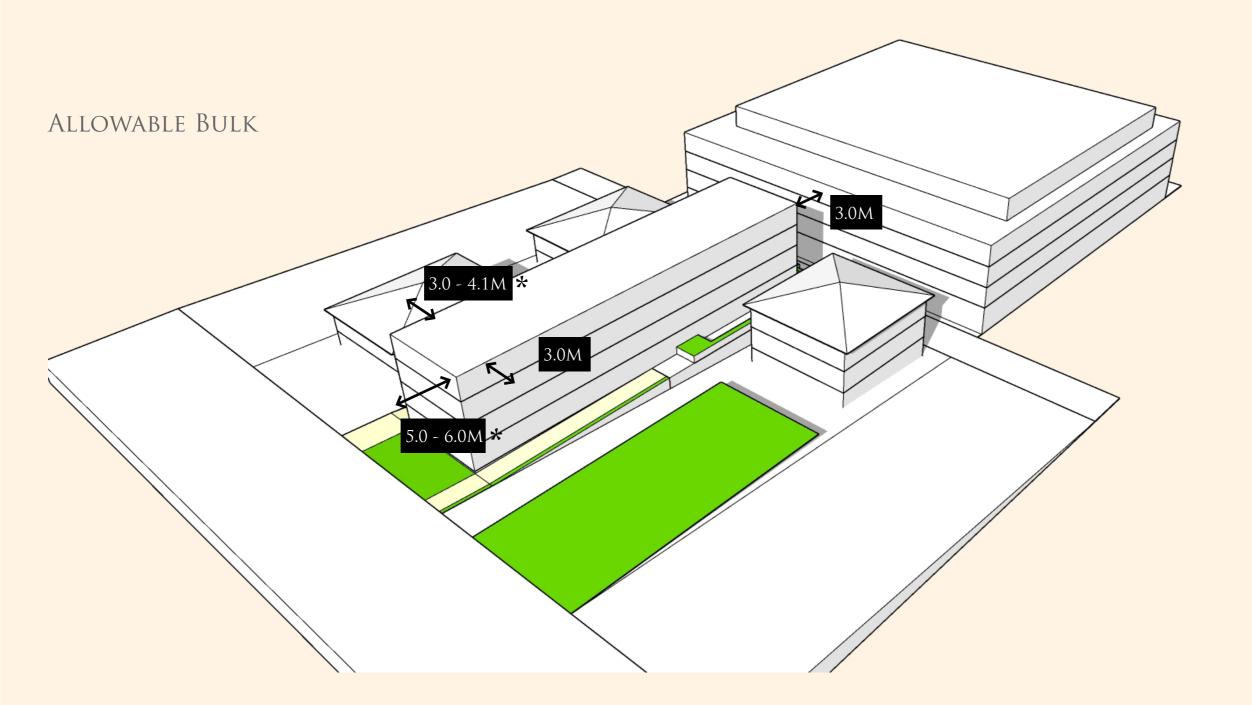
of the site that are utilised

for 'in-ground' Deep Soil

## BUILT FORM AND SCALE



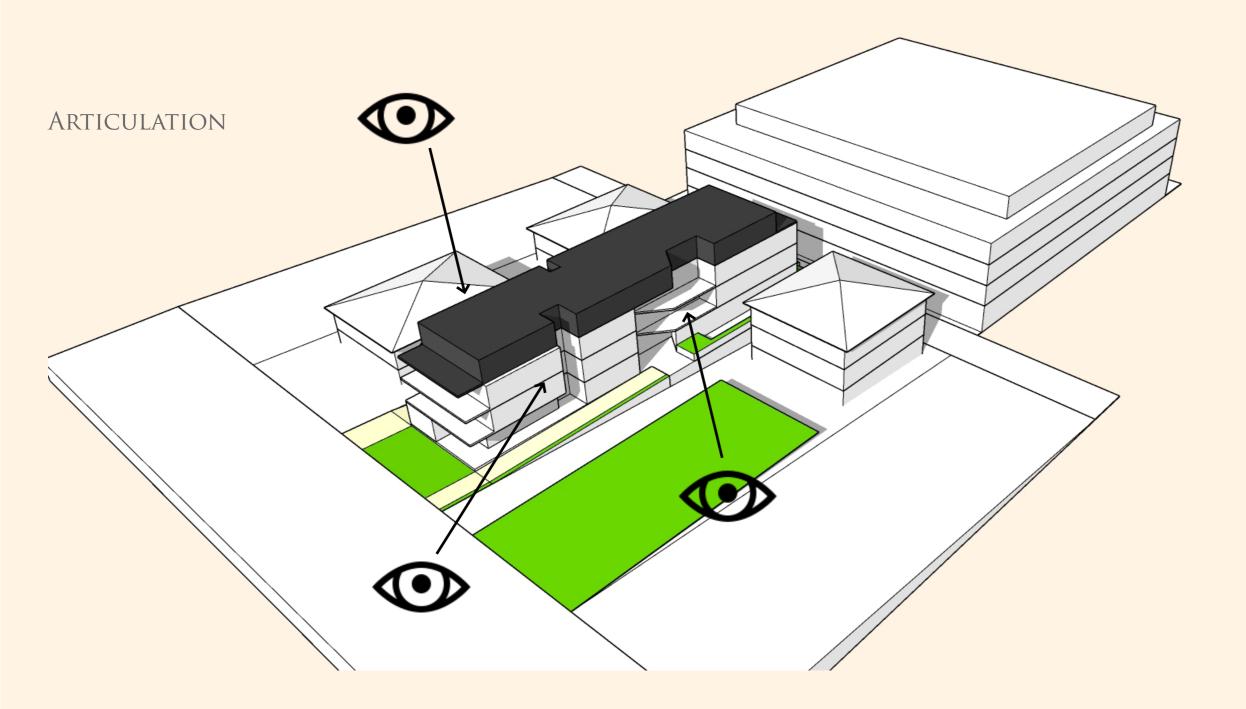




All setbacks are met and/or exceeded.
The street setback recognises the treed nature of Philip Rd. and increases the required setback to between 5.0-6.0M.
The eastern setback ranges from 3.0-4.1M

★ EXCEEDS MINIMUM REQUIREMENT





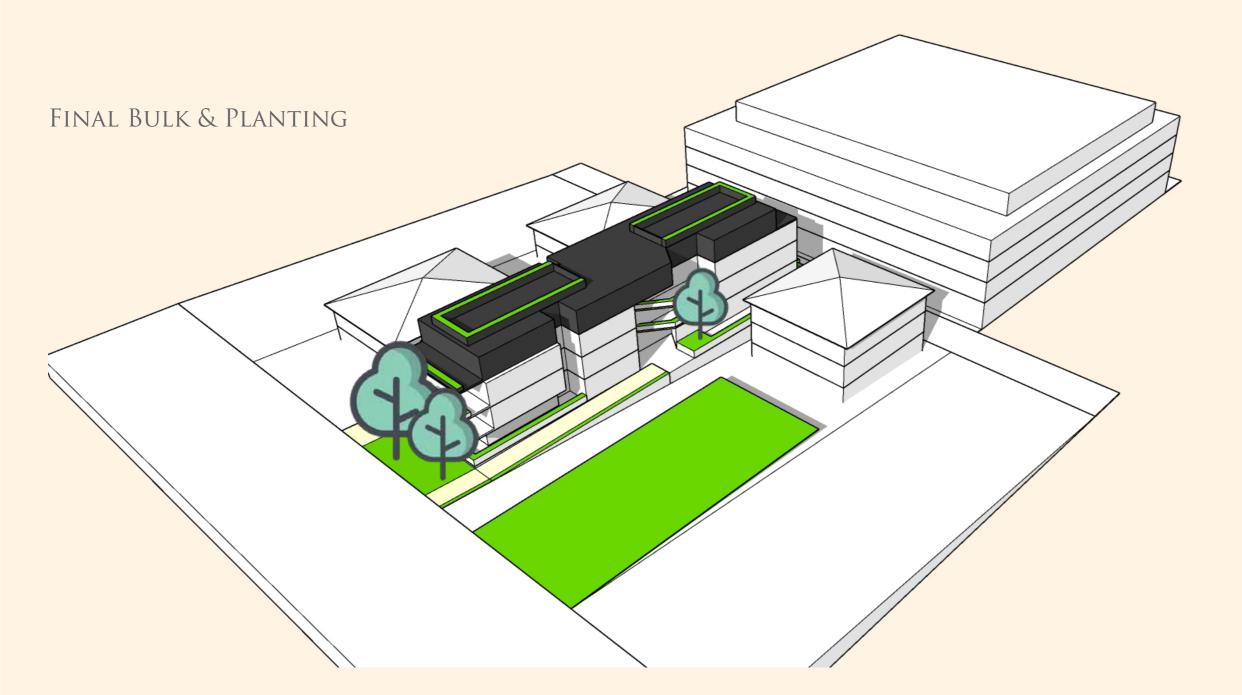
The sides of the building are articulated to break down the mass and create more opportunities for ingress of sunlight.

The upper level is further pulled away from the front and rear setbacks further ameliorating the impact of the perceived bulk of the proposal.

A dark 'recessive' colour and material palette is

applied to the upper floor.





Additional 'planting on structure' is applied to the building to further soften the proposal and add to the 'verdant' aspiration for the project.

Total Deep Soil =  $129m^2$ Total On-Struct. =  $147m^2$ TOTAL =  $276m^2$ 

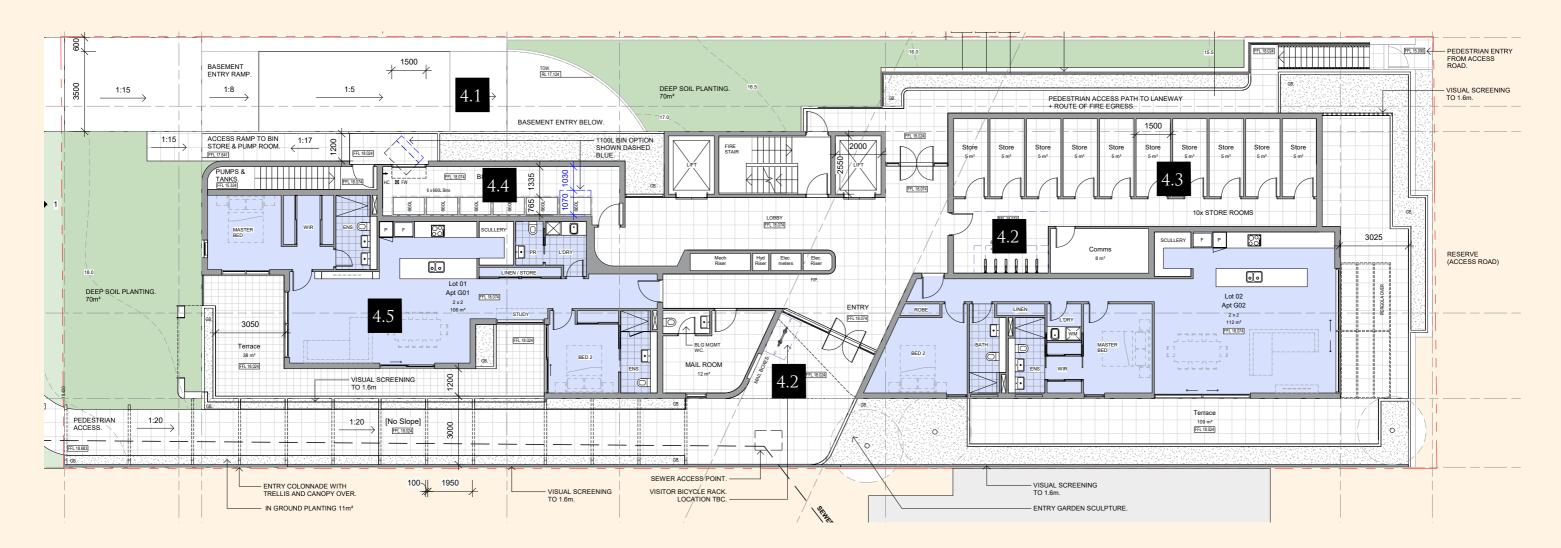


## FUNCTIONALITY AND BUILD QUALITY

### NOTES -

- 1. All apartments are provided with 2 car bays exceeding the minimum parking requirements as defined in SPP 7.3. This recognises both the type of dwelling required and the desire to keep additional vehicles from impacting the area. 3 Visitor bays are provided, meeting the required number. Access to the parking area is via a secure entry off Philip Road.
- 2. Bicycle parking is provided for residents in a secure location off the main lobby while 1 visitor bike bay is provided adjacent the entry.
- 3. All apartments meet the minimum storage requirements with the large apartments afforded additional storage within the apartment.
- 4. Waste is managed via a bin store at ground floor and collection collocated with the residential vehicle entry.
- 5. Apartments sizes exceed the minimum requirements as defined in SPP 7.3

All the dwellings are above minimum area requirements catering to a market down sizing from larger homes.







# FUNCTIONALITY AND BUILD QUALITY







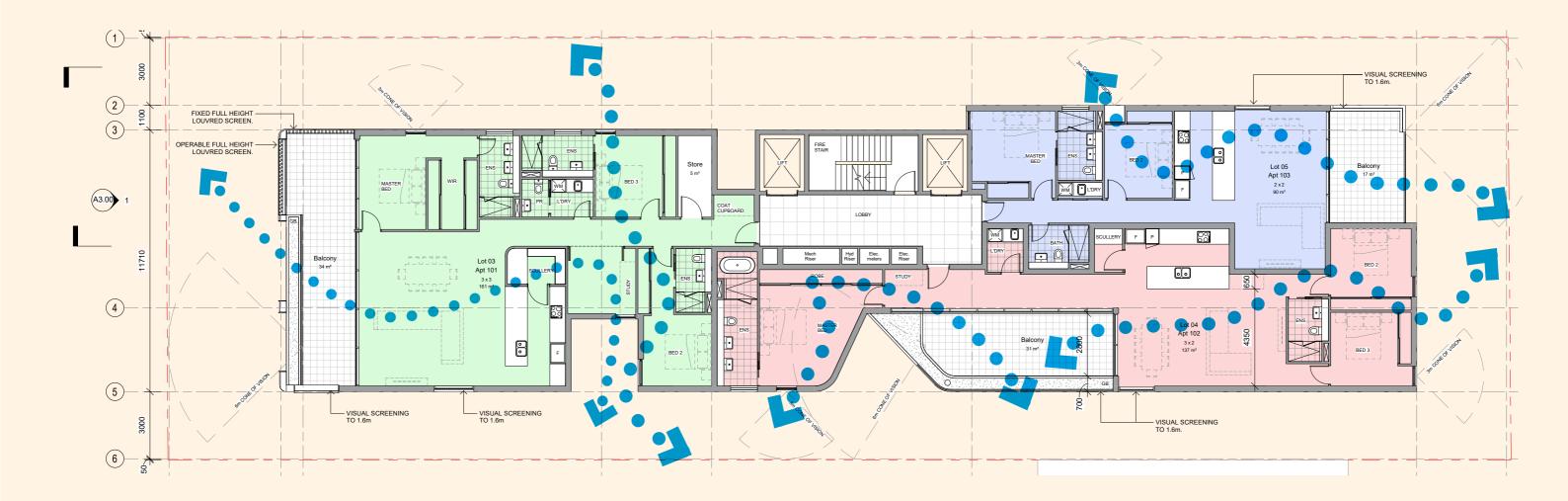


The proposal seeks to be of a build quality that surpasses traditional medium scale multiresidential construction utilizing high end material applications.

## SUSTAINABILITY

### NOTES -

- 1. By nature of the design ALL apartments achieve excellent cross ventillation through dual aspect layouts
- 2. ALL apartments recieve access to solar penetration with the majority having excellent light access through northern and /or East/West Orientation.
- 3. Deep soil zones together with on structure planting exceeds the minimum requirements as described in SPP 7.3
- 4. An area of the roof has been designated for a PV array
- 5. Energy efficient mechanisms such as motion sensor lights to common service areas (basement, store rooms etc), solar powered lighting to all common outdoor areas and high efficiency luminaires will be employed
- 6. Efficient water heating devices will be used throughout
- 7. Improved thermal performance to all glazing will be applied





## **AMENITY**

### NOTES -

- 1. Excellent Solar Access is achieved to the majority of apartments with cross ventillation applicable to all apartments
- 2. Outdoor areas are in excess of minimum requirements
- 3. Visual privacy to adjoining neighbours is maintained
- 4. The proposal will meet the acoustic performance requirements
- 5. Common corridors/circulation spaces have been kept to a minimum and exceed minimum spatial requirements
- 6. Apartment areas and ceiling heights will exceed minimum requirements set out in SPP 7.3





## LEGIBILITY

### NOTES -

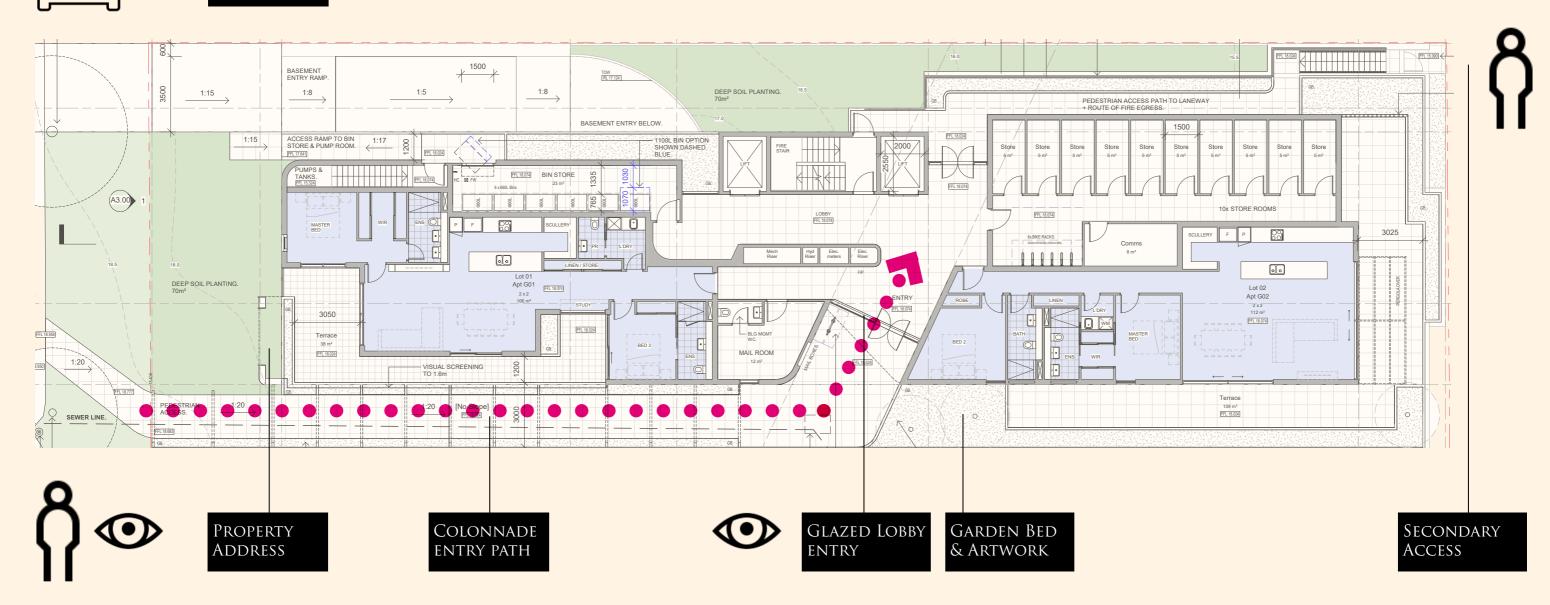
- 1. Vehicle entry is clearly defined and positioned away from residential entry
- 2. Residential address is clearly identified from street via a colonnade
- 3. Building Lobby is easily found and lobby space clearly defines vertical circulation through appropriate way finding
- 4. The lobby is well lit with views out to garden spaces





A clearly defined entry colonnade leads to an elegant and dramatic lobby arrival.

Material cues will continue internally





City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

# SAFETY

### NOTES -

- 1. Ground floor apartment and apartment balconies over serve to provide passive surveillance over Philip Road
- 2. Terrace and upper floor apartments provide surveillance over the lane to the south
- 3. Secure, well lit basement parking area
- 4. Well lit entry colonnade
- 5. Ground floor apartment provides added surveillance to entry colonnade



### **COMMUNITY**

"Housing diversity within the City of Nedlands is considered to be relatively low. According to the ABS, Nedland housing characteristics remained relatively static up to 2011, with 84.5% of dwellings described as separate houses. The 2016 ABS figures identified dwellings classified as separate houses had reduced to 80.7%, with separate houses slightly declining, while semi-detached, row and townhouses were increasing. Nonetheless, the separate house typology continues to be the dominant typology."

"The residential up-coding within the Waratah Village Precinct will also provide an opportunity to increase the diversity of housing within Dalkeith. By locating the increased development intensity within the Precinct boundary, it will help preserve the low-rise suburban amenity surrounding the Precinct."

-Waratah Village - Local Distinctiveness Study and Context Analysis, Hassell

NOTES -

- 1. The proposal offers 10 bespoke apartments within a verdant landscaped environment.
- 2. The site location promotes easy and safe access to the commercail hub of Waratah Avenue as well as comfortable walking distances to local amenity in the form of parks and foreshore.

The proposal will offer both an opportunity for down sizing within the area as well as an opportunity for the City to meet infill targets with a considered medium scaled development within a Town Centre.



PRECEDENT
ELEGANT, VERDANT FORMS WRAPPED IN NATURAL
MATERIALS

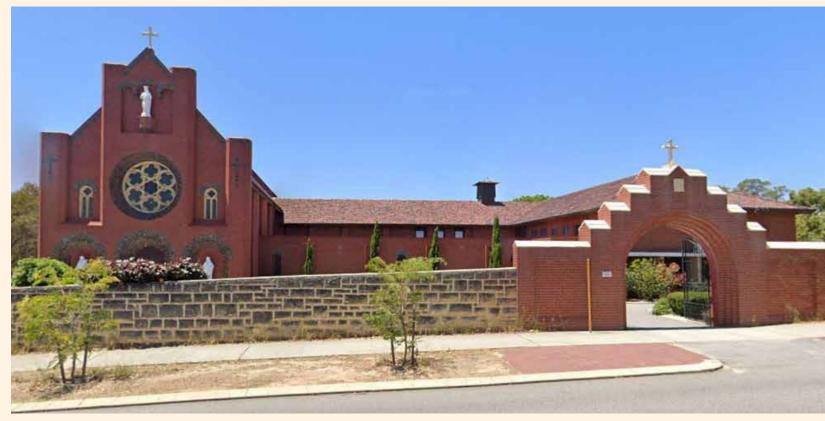






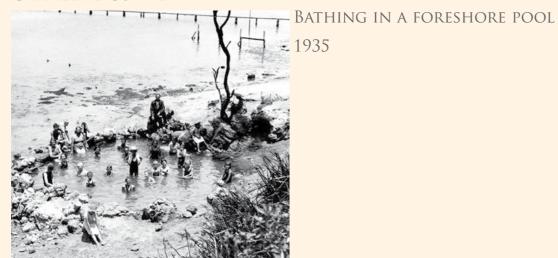


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32 GENESTA CRES

CARMELITE CONVENT



LOCAL REFERENCES CUES IN FORM, DETAIL AND MATERIALITY

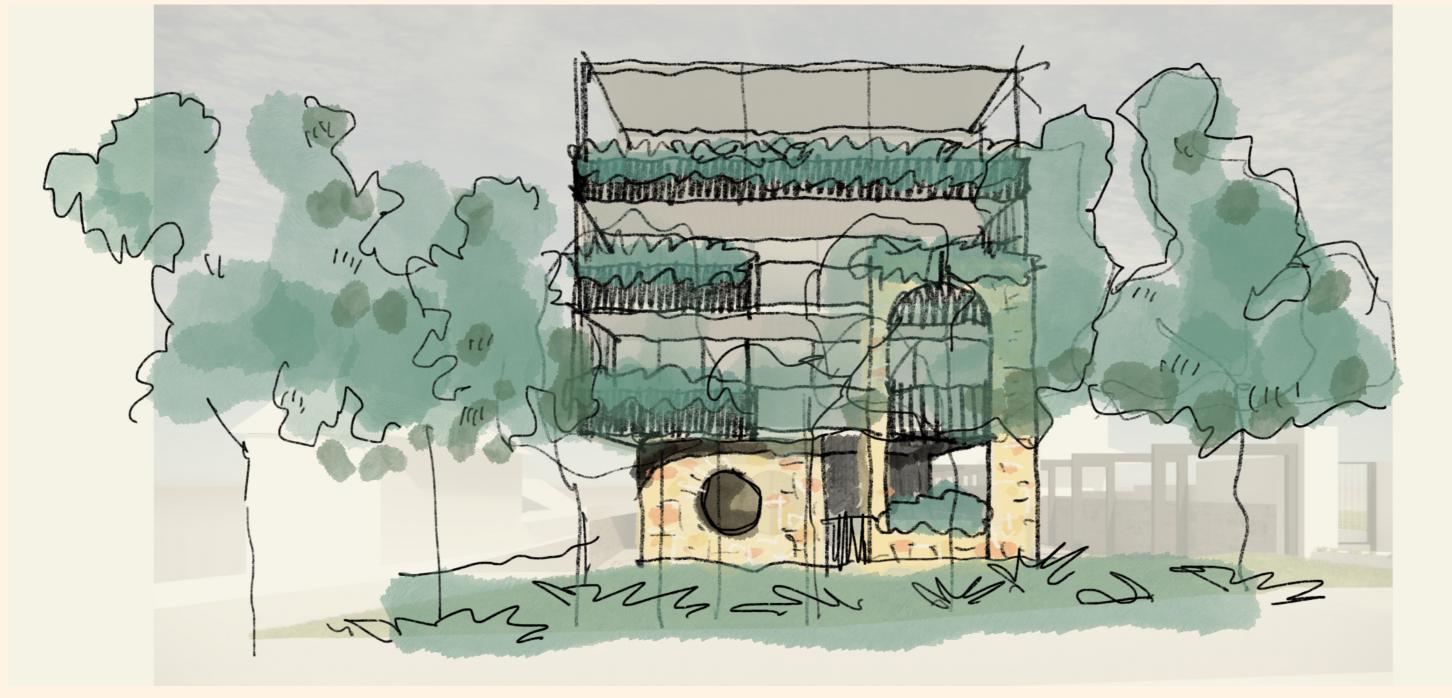


THE CHAPEL AT SUNSET HERITAGE PRECINCT



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# **AESTHETICS**



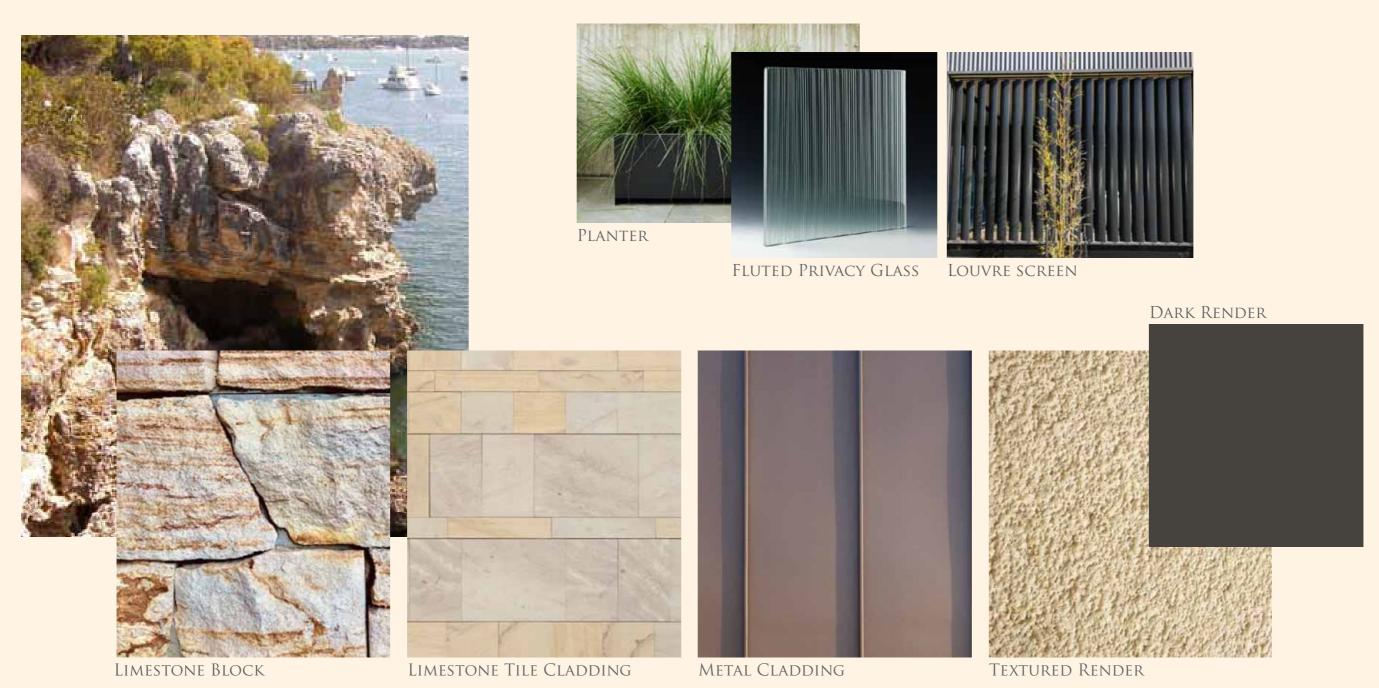
A collection of 'curated' parts -

The aesthetic considerations for the project have been informed by local context, both built form and geological, as well as national and international influences.

Elements have been composed into a considered elevation



# **AESTHETICS**



MATERIAL PALETTE

# **AESTHETICS**





City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

# **AESTHETICS**





Ground Floor - Philip Road facing apartment

INTERIOR PRECEDENT SOPHISTICATED, LIGHT FILLED HOMES

The Residences in Dalkeith 12 Philip Road, Dalkeith



Ground Floor - View out to terrace



Ground Floor - Terrace and associate arbor

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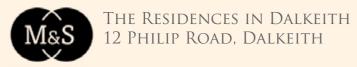
Penthouse living area



Penthouse living area and balcony

INTERIOR PRECEDENT SOPHISTICATED, LIGHT FILLED HOMES





City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

MATTHEWS & SCAVALLI ARCHITECTS

November 2020





City of Nedlands Received 03 December 2020

MATTHEWS & SCAVALLI ARCHITECTS



alan@stewartplanning.com.au m. 0413 842 645 Level 2, Commonwealth Bank Building 242 Murray Street, Perth WA 6000

City of Nedlands Received 26 February 2021

26 February 2021

Pacey Lang
Senior Urban Planner
City of Nedlands
plang@nedlands.wa.gov.au

Dear Ms Lang,

# APPLICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL - 10 MULTIPLE DWELLINGS LOT 372 (No.12) PHILIP ROAD, DALKEITH RESPONSE TO ISSUES

We refer to the above-described Development Application ('Application') and hereby respond to the various items in your emails of 18 and 22 February 2021, including:

- Public Advertising;
- Peer Design Review;
- City of Nedlands Internal Services Comments; and
- City of Nedlands Planning Comments.

#### RESPONSE TO PUBLIC ADVERTISING

We have provided Applicant responses to each of the issues listed in the attached 'Summary of Consultation Comments'. We have also prepared a Shadow Analysis to be read in conjunction with the Applicant's response.

#### RESPONSE TO PEER DESIGN REVIEW

#### **Architectural Review**

Principle 5 - Sustainability

#### 5a. COMMENTS

 The application documents communicate that the project achieves the minimum standard of environmental sustainability credentials. Based on the proposed target market- it is a missed opportunity to aim so low. In my opinion a minimum expectation in this market is the use of renewable energy.

#### 5b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT

· The proposal is acceptable within its context.

Consistent with Element 4.15 of State Planning Policy 7.3 – Residential Design Codes Volume 2 Apartments ('SPP7.3V2'), it is proposed that all dwellings will exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars. This will be achieved through the selection of water and energy saving fixtures and fittings during the detailed design phase. An energy efficiency statement can be provided prior to commencement of works, pursuant to a condition of approval.



#### Principle 6 - Amenity

#### 6a. COMMENTS

- Overall the general arrangement planning is successful.
- Comments was made in the design presentation regarding the planning around long apartment on the western flank. The corridor length and planning around the entrance and balcony may be better resolved.

#### 6b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT

- The proposal is acceptable within its context.
- Please reconsider apartment planning as noted above to aid plan functionality and the knock-on effects of the composition of elevations.

Please refer to attached Design Review Response. This demonstrates the intent behind the design of the apartments.

#### Principle 8 - Safety

#### 8a. COMMENTS

 Please re-consider the appropriateness and safety measures around the resident's roof garden and amenity, in particular the plunge pool.

#### 8b. RECOMMENDATIONS

- · The proposal is not supported in its current form.
- Please address safety concerns around pool barriers and planter maintenance.

Please refer to attached Design Review Response. The Design Review Response, together with the Architectural Drawings (Roof Plan), include three detailed cross-sections showing the proposed edge treatments to the roof-top plunge pools, terraces and planters.

The intent is to create a safe edge to the planters, which are raised above the floor level of the terrace. The design limits opportunities for residents to access the planters, which will only be accessible for maintenance purposes.

The design of the raised planters also allows for the visual privacy cone of vision to be measured from the accessible terrace rather than from the edge of the planters. For completeness, the enclosed Design Review Response and Roof Plan show the cone of vision from both the accessible terrace level and the edge of the balustrade. As evident the cone of vision from both positions is contained within the site boundary.

To achieve these outcomes, and as the cone of vision is contained within the site, the Elevations have been amended by reducing the height of the solid wall to the edge of the planters and adding a visually permeable palisade fence above. While the top of the fence is 0.5 metres higher, the permeable design has the effect of reducing the perceived bulk of the building.



Received

26 February 2021

#### Principle 10 - Aesthetics

#### 10a. COMMENTS

- Overall the design is well considered and (with minor exceptions) is of high quality.
- The form, material selections and landscape, set In a tree lined street with adjacent high quality neighbouring apartment buildings results in a 'Village Centre' that would be a good contribution to the building stock in this locality.
- The design is well connected for pedestrians with links for residents at the front and rear. There is a coherent and legible entrance and parking arrangement for residents and visitors.
- The building has one area that with minor amendment could be improved. The building will be viewed primarily from its long flank elevations. It is considered that the East Elevation is the least successful. The uniformity of the design is bi-sected with a blacked-out section of wall that backs onto the lift shaft. By unifying material selections across the building, the built form would present as a singular mass along this long flank. Windows could be introduced to the stairwell to animate the composition on this façade.

#### 10b. RECOMMENDATIONS / STATEMENT

- The proposal is acceptable in its current form.
- Suggest a reconsideration of the east elevation to achieve a cohesive form from long street vistas.

The Architect has considered this recommendation and amended the East Elevation to extend the lighter render finish across the building core for the lower storeys, with the darker render finish now limited to the uppermost portion of the building. This achieves a more cohesive form and reduces the visual bulk of the building.

#### Landscape Review

Principle 2 - Landscape Quality

#### 3.2 Orientation

- The proponent should provide an Aborist Assessment of the trees on site and single plan detailing trees to be retained/ removed.
- One existing street tree is proposed to be retained, another is to be replaced. The tree to be replaced is a well- established Queensland Box street tree on the eastern side of the Phillip Road verge. Whilst close to the proposed crossover it would be considered advantageous to employ arboricultural expertise during the construction process to attempt to retain this tree.
- The proposed development appears to present well to the street.

### 2 - Supported with Conditions

Proponent to provide information to address these criteria.

- An arborists assessment detailing the existing trees on the site.
- The proponent should provide a commitment as suggested above as to how the Queensland Box street tree may be retained on site-particularly methods to be employed during site works.

The Feature Survey contained within the Architectural Drawing set comprises a single plan showing trees to be retained and trees to be removed.



Whilst there are a number of established trees on the site of varying size and condition, the majority are located in a position where retention is impractical. Consideration was given to retention of the tree positioned midway along the site's eastern boundary, where a deep soil area is proposed adjacent to the lifts and stairwell. However, it was considered it would be very difficult to protect this tree during construction works.

Hence, to compensate for the removal of vegetation, a total of 40 new trees are proposed to be planted, including 18 trees to be planted in ground (14 small, 3 medium and 1 large), and 22 small trees to be planted in structure.

The large tree is a Eucalyptus to be planted in the deep soil area on the eastern side of the building, adjacent to the stairwell, to soften the visual appearance of the building. The two medium trees are also Eucalyptus species and will be positioned in the deep soil area within the front setback.

With respect to the verge tree, the Planning Statement for the Application includes the following comment:

The crossover will be less than 2 metres from an existing verge tree. In accordance with Clause 3.9 of the Specification for the Construction of Crossovers, the advice of the City's Parks Services will be obtained prior to installation of the crossover. It is anticipated the tree will need to be removed due to its proximity to the crossover. The proponent will pay for the cost of removing the tree and planting a replacement tree in a more central position within the verge, as depicted on the Landscape Plan.

We hereby confirm that the Applicant will work with the City to determine if the existing verge tree can be retained. This will be investigated in further detail prior to commencement of construction works.

#### 4.16 Water Management and Conservation

 An approach to water management is not outlined in the proposal. The proponent is to provide additional information.

#### 2 - Supported with Conditions

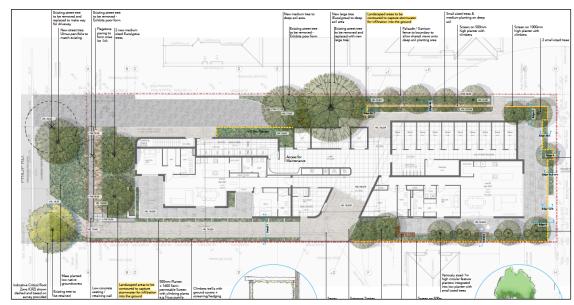
Proponent to provide information to demonstrate surface drainage.

The Planning Statement includes the following comment in response to Element 4.16 of SPP7.3V2:

Landscaped deep soil areas will be contoured to capture stormwater for direct infiltration into the ground during small rainfall events (refer Landscape Plan).

Details of stormwater management from major rainfall events, including overland flow paths, on-site detention systems and overflow into the local drainage system, will be provided prior to commencement.





Landscape Plan – Ground Level

#### RESPONSE TO INTERNAL SERVICES COMMENTS

#### **Environmental Health Services Unit**

#### **Acoustic Assessment**

A revised Acoustic Assessment addressing the comments made by the City's Environmental Health Services Unit can be provided.

#### **Building and Compliance Services Unit**

#### Sustainability

Consistent with Element 4.15 of SPP7.3V2, it is proposed that all dwellings exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars. This will be achieved through the selection of water and energy saving fixtures and fittings during the detailed design phase. An energy efficiency statement can be provided prior to commencement of works, pursuant to a condition of approval.

#### **Technical Services Unit**

#### Visitor Car Bay No.1

The Traffic Engineer has advised that the B95 vehicle template is considered to be out-of-date with limited relevance to the most popular vehicles on the market in Australia. The B85 turning template is the most commonly used template and this covers large vehicles such as a Toyota Landcruiser. Please find enclosed B85 vehicle turning diagrams prepared by the Traffic Engineer.

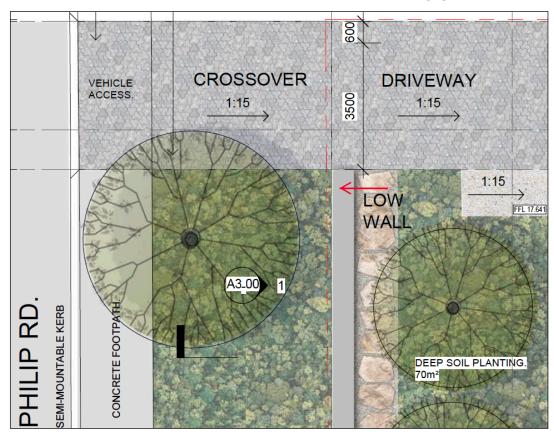
#### Waste Trucks

It is not proposed that waste trucks enter the car park.

#### Sight Lines to Footpath

The footpath in Philip Road is positioned adjacent to the carriageway, approximately 5 metres away from the site's front property boundary. No structures are proposed in the verge and required visual truncations are achieved where the driveway meets the crossover, as illustrated below.





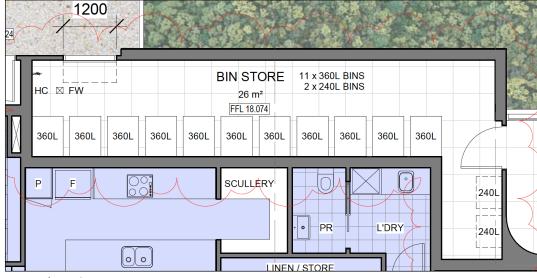
Footpath, Crossover and Driveway Location

#### **Waste Services Unit**

#### Waste Management Plan

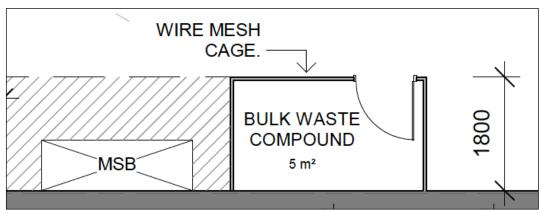
Please find attached revised Waste Management Plan ('WMP') demonstrating the development is capable of satisfying the requirements of the City's Waste Management Guidelines.

The Bin Store has been modified to accommodate  $11 \times 360$  litre waste bins with space set aside for  $2 \times 240$  litre bins should a future food and organic waste service be provided. As explained in the revised WMP, it is not considered that a waste compactor is required. A bulk waste store of  $5m^2$  is provided in the Basement.



Revised Bin Store





Bulk Waste Store in Basement

#### RESPONSE TO PLANNING SERVICES COMMENTS

#### State Planning Policy 7.3 - Residential Design Codes Volume 2

#### <u>Element 2.2 – Building Height</u>

The Architectural Drawings (Elevations) have been updated with indicative levels.

It is important to emphasise the building heights contained in Table 2.2 of Element 2.2 in SPP7.3V2 are **indicative only** and not referenced in the Acceptable Outcomes.

Table 2.2 simply indicates an indicative height of 15 metres for a four storey building, assuming a 4 metre height floor-to-floor for the ground floor, 3 metres for upper floors, and "at least" 2 metres for rooftop articulation.

Table 2.2 does take into consideration topography. For example, the site falls by approximately 4 metres and because the basement has more than 50% of its volume before natural ground level, it does not constitute a storey as defined in SPP7.3V2. For this reason, the indicative building height of 15 metres is measured from the finished floor level of the ground floor, not from natural ground level at any given point on the site.

With the exception of the stairwells leading to the roof-top terraces, the building is contained below an indicative height of 15 metres measured from the finished level of the Ground Floor.

#### <u>Element 3.5 – Visual Privacy</u>

A visual privacy setback of 6 metres applies to unenclosed private outdoor spaces for four-storey buildings on land coded R80. The Architectural Drawings (Roof Plan) show the cone of vision from the terrace level and edge of the balustrade. The cone of vision from both positions is contained within the site boundary.

#### Element 4.18 - Utilities

All apartments have a separate laundry that will be fitted with a clothes dryer. Eight of the apartments have an actual laundry room that will provide space for clothes to be dried naturally (albeit inside the dwelling), out of sight of the living spaces. Two of the apartments have a laundry cupboard. In accordance with the Strata By-Laws, clothes drying will not be permitted on external balconies and terraces.



#### <u>Element 4.9 – Universal Design</u>

The Planning Statement for the Application confirms that Apartments 102 and 202 are designed to meet Silver Level under the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines. The Architectural Drawings include a 1:50 Floor Plan for Apartments 102 and 202 shows internal dimensions and other design specifications for Silver Level.

#### Element 4.15 - Energy Efficiency

Consistent with Element 4.15 of SPP7.3V2, it is proposed that all dwellings exceed the minimum NATHERS requirement for apartments by 0.5 stars. This will be achieved through the selection of water and energy saving fixtures and fittings during the detailed design phase. An energy efficiency statement can be provided prior to commencement of works, pursuant to a condition of approval.

#### Other Information

The Architectural Drawings have been updated with Natural Ground Levels as requested in your email.

Should you require any further information or clarification in relation to this matter, please contact Alan Stewart on 0413 842 645.

Yours faithfully,

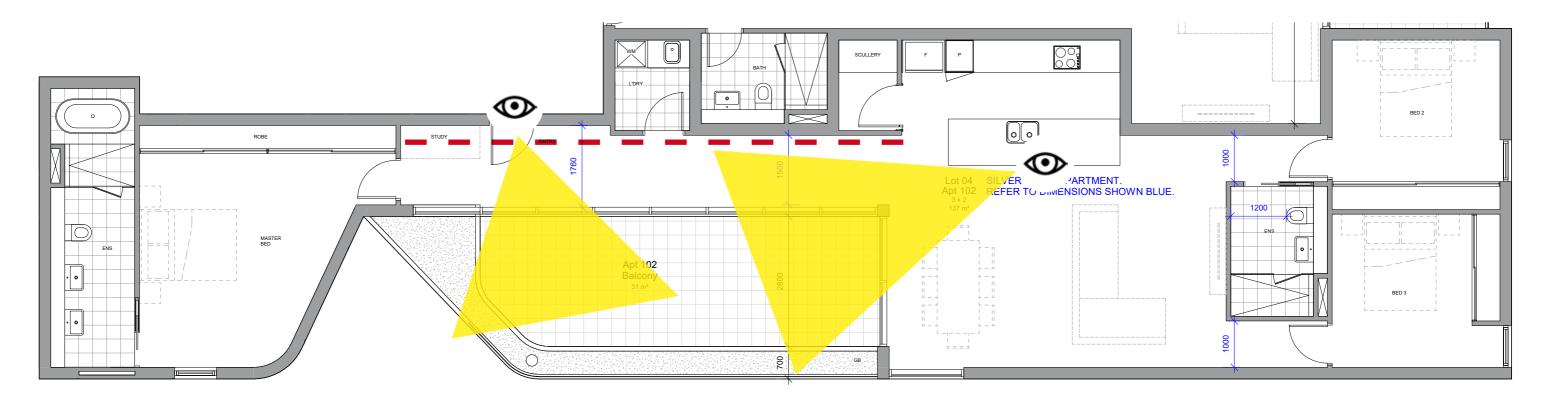
#### **Alan Stewart**

Director

Stewart Urban Planning

### PRINCIPLE 6 - Amenity

"Comments was made in the design presentation regarding the planning around long apartment on the western flank. The corridor length and planning around the entrance and balcony may be better resolved."



### **RESPONSE**

The design of Apartments 102 and 202 acknowledges the unique aspect of the long plan design and extracts the benefits to the best potential.

Upon entry into the apartment the residents are greeted with light and long distance vistas.

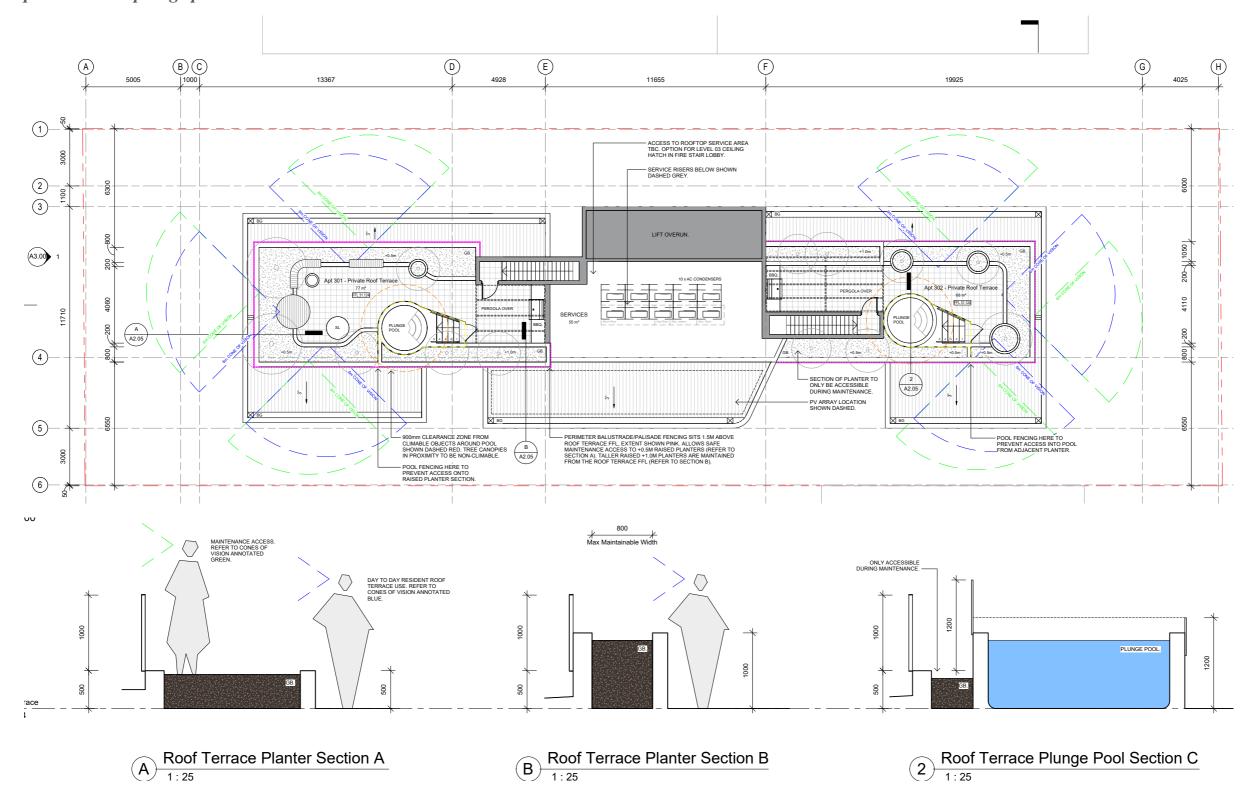
Entering the apartment is along a gallery type space.

Glazing to the balcony has the ability to open at the corner fully expressing the connectedness to the internal and external spaces.





"Please re-consider the appropriateness and safety measures around the resident's roof garden and amenity, in particular the plunge pool."



### **RESPONSE**

A review of all the planters and associated safety fencing has been undertaken with the view to ensure the roof including access to the pool is safe.

(Note - the roof plan in the DA set of Architectural drawings.)



# 14. Elected Members Notices of Motions of Which Previous Notice Has Been Given

Disclaimer: Where administration has provided any assistance with the framing and/or wording of any motion/amendment to a Councillor who has advised their intention to move it, the assistance has been provided on an impartial basis. The principle and intention expressed in any motion/amendment is solely that of the intended mover and not that of the officer/officers providing the assistance. Under no circumstances is it to be expressed to any party that administration or any Council officer holds a view on this motion other than that expressed in an official written or verbal report by Administration to the Council meeting considering the motion.

#### 14.1 Councillor Poliwka – Street Tree Council Policy

At the Council meeting on 23 February 2021 Poliwka gave notice of his intention to move the following at this meeting.

#### Council instructs the CEO to:

- review and update the Council's Street Trees Policy (last updated in October 2015);
- 2. take into consideration the draft revised Street Trees Policy (Attachment 1) prepared by a volunteer community working group, as part of the update; and
- 3. present the updated Street Trees Policy to Council in May 2021 for approval to advertise for public comment.

#### Justification

- 1. The City of Nedlands street trees are a valuable asset to our community.
- 2. Increasing development in our City as a result of LPS3 is putting significant pressure on our urban tree canopy. It is proving difficult to obtain adequate deep soil planting in some proposed developments to match Nedlands existing urban tree canopy. Of particular concern is the subdivisions approved by WAPC and the grouped dwellings approved under delegated authority where grey surfaces significantly increase to the detriment of green surfaces (Figure 1).
- 3. As a comparison, the City of Bayswater has experienced this type of medium density development resulting in a recent report finding that in urban areas across Australia the City of Bayswater has experienced the largest increase in grey surfaces between 2016 and 2020 (Figure 2).
- 4. The greatest influence the City can have over increasing the urban tree canopy is on land that it either owns freehold (eg Peace Memorial Rose Gardens) or which is Crown land vested in the City (eg verges). The right street trees can make a significant difference to urban tree canopy cover in urban, spacious and low rainfall areas like Nedlands serving to reduce the heat island effect, as illustrated in Figure 3 and Figure 4.

5. The environmental and property value cost benefits alone have been calculated at \$3.81 for every \$1.00 spent on street tree planting and management.

Figure 1



Figure 6: An example of infill development in the Perth metropolitan area clearly illustrating the limited potential for both the retention and replacement of trees within the development. The reduction in shade and increase in hard or impervious surfaces results in an increased temperature at a localised level for all three dwellings (Brown et al., 2013)

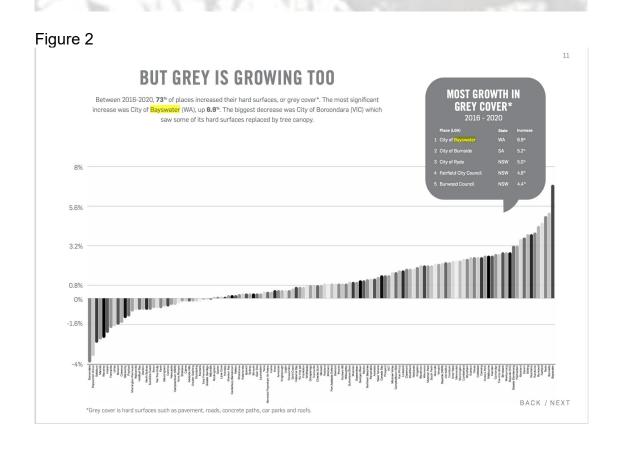


Figure 3



Figure 4



Figure 3. Thermal image of shaded Victoria Avenue in the City of Perth. Ambient air temperature is 31° Celsius. Temperatures range from 14.4° C in the shade to 33° C in unshaded areas. The temperature in shaded areas was an average 6° C cooler.9°



#### **Street Trees**

**KFA** Natural and Built Environment

Status Council

**Responsible Division** Technical Services

Objective To define Council's approach to the provision and

management of street trees within the City of Nedlands.

#### Context

The City's community obtains tremendous benefits from its urban forest, of which street trees are an important component. Evident benefits include the beautifying of streetscapes and suburbs, providing a sense of place, improved community wellbeing, increased property values, shade, significant evaporative cooling and providing habitat and food for fauna. Though there is an inherent understanding that having trees in the City's urban environment is beneficial, to some extent many of the benefits derived are imperceptible to the community.

Street trees are increasingly being recognised and managed throughout Australia as important community assets as the benefits they deliver are progressively identified, understood and quantified. The extent of benefit provided, in most circumstances, is directly linked to the combined area of canopy cover, which in turn is linked to the number, type and size of street trees.

With the accelerating densification and development of the City, and the associated impacts on the urban forest, there is likely an emerging significance attached to the City's street trees. Council intends to work to secure the benefits of the City's street trees to ensure they remain accessible into the future.

For the purpose of this policy, a 'street tree' is defined as a tree that has the centreline of its trunk on Council managed land.

#### **Statement**

To ensure the City of Nedlands preserves its recognised green and leafy character, the City will develop and implement street tree management based on the following principles:

- 1. Increasing tree canopy cover through establishing street trees where planting opportunities are identified.
- 2. Preserving the City's existing street trees.
- 3. Cultivating a diverse and resilient street tree population through identification and planting of a variety of tree species, which are assessed as suitable for the district having consideration of:



- biodiversity;
- habitat needs;
- o shade requirements and temperature moderation;
- o amenity (including local conformity);
- lines of sight;
- o climate and soil conditions; and
- o maintenance requirements (including watering).
- Recognising street trees as assets that will be maintained and renewed with regard to each tree's life cycle to achieve a high level of aesthetic, environmental and social benefits.
- 5. Planning on a street by street, ward and district basis for the improvement of streetscapes and localities for the short, medium and long term.
- 6. Minimising conflicts with the built environment and providing protection to and from tree growth through assessment of site attributes and appropriate tree selection.
- 7. Acknowledging the active partnership between the City and the community in enhancing the maintenance, appearance and utility of streetscapes and of the need to work cooperatively with members of the community in the selection, establishment and preservation of street trees.
- 8. Scheduled monitoring to allow management of canopy cover percentage, collective tree health and species performance over time.
- 9. Accepting that for reasons of safety and practicality there may be a need to manage existing street trees, that are proven as hazardous, through a range of arboricultural practices, which may include pruning limbs that are hazardous.

### **Planting**

The City will develop and implement a street tree management plan in which the following principles apply:

- 1. The City will maintain and make available a diverse schedule of preferred street tree species, assessed as being suitable for the district.
- 2. The City will consult with adjoining property owners about which trees will be planted on their adjoining Council verge, but the City may mandate restrictions on selection in order to comply with the Statement of this policy.
- 3. The City is to maintain a schedule of tree species considered unsuitable for nature strips and a register of individual street trees considered to pose a heightened risk to public safety and/or property damage.
- 4. The three preferred default street tree species are



- o the Tuart (Eucalyptus gomphocephala);
- o Marri (Corymbia calophylla); and
- Jarrah (Eucalyptus marginata),

unless the available space makes such a planting impractical, in which case the preferred default street trees are the saltwater paperbark (*Melaleuca cuticularis*); or Peppermint (*Agonis flexuosa*) and a number of mallee eucalypts.

- 5. The City will bear the cost to supply and plant street trees of bag sizes up to 45 litres. Property owners who request the City to plant larger trees shall pay the difference in cost, in respect of the specified maximum size, to supply and plant the trees.
- 6. Preference shall be given to planting large tree species that are native to the City of Nedlands on undeveloped nature strips that are not irrigated and not adjoining residential and commercial property frontages. Such nature strips should be subject to multiple level tree canopy design, with smaller native trees and bushes between large natives.
- 7. Street trees will be planted following consultation with the owners of adjoining land. However, it is acknowledged that street trees are not optional for adjoining property owners and an objection may only be raised to the planting of a second street tree in accordance with paragraph 5 above.
- 8. Property owners are to be encouraged to water all street trees during and after establishment. Communication of watering requirements is incumbent on the City upon planting of every street tree. Included in this communication shall be education information about the harm posed to some trees, for example Jarrah and Banksia, by watering with alkaline bore water.
- 9. All new developments that do not have a street tree on the verge will attempt to have a tree planted in the next available planting season or as soon as possible thereafter, as deemed appropriate by the City, and included as a condition of development along with a contribution payment by the applicant towards the cost of the tree/s planted.

#### **Locating and Spacing**

The following definitions shall be used in interpreting this section of the Policy: **Tree Height Potential** means the average height that a tree of that species (and variant) will attain after twenty years of moderate growth.

**Aggregate Tree Height** means the sum of the Tree Height Potentials for every tree on a particular verge (save for trees that have a Tree Height Potential of less than four metres).

**Verge Width** means the dimension of the verge that spans the width of the adjoining lot.



- 1. The City shall fill all street tree planting opportunities so as to have as near a continuous street tree canopy as is practicable in all areas of the City. This will be achieved through planting trees at appropriate intervals for the selected species, which is defined to ensure an **Aggregate Tree Height** of at least twice the **Verge Width**. For example, a 20m verge must have an Aggregate Tree Height of at least 40 meters.
- 2. An installation of paving or synthetic turf shall not affect the requirement in paragraph 5 for all verges to have street trees.
- 3. A resident shall not be permitted to install synthetic turf under the drip line of street trees.
- 4. Council considers uniform avenues of street trees as desirable in certain situations and may designate locations to introduce this. Though desirable, Council considers the concept of uniform avenues less important than the direct objective of increasing canopy cover and species diversity through planting suitable street trees in suitable locations.
- 5. Council will consider proposals for uniform tree species within a street, provided the proposed species is included on the preferred species list and is suitable to plant in the particular location. Council may delegate approval of uniform tree species to the CEO.
- 6. To facilitate introduction of new street trees, inter-tree planting will occur in conjunction with tree replacement, resulting from natural attrition and other causes, to allow for staged removal of existing declining trees.
- 7. When new trees are planted on the south side of an east/west street, the adjoining property owner is entitled to request that a new street tree shall not be taller than 20 meters.

#### **Pruning**

In relation to street tree pruning Council's primary objectives are to:

- Promote tree health, structural integrity and form;
- Maintain statutory clearances for the various infrastructure located in the road reserve;
- Maximise the benefits delivered by street trees; and



 Support public safety and minimise the risk of damage to property and injury to people.

In the interests of public safety, of the health of street trees and of managing the City's exposure to liability, the following requirements and tree management standards apply to the pruning of street trees:

- All pruning of street trees will be in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4373
   Pruning of Amenity Trees or as otherwise instructed by a suitably competent and qualified arborist approved by the City.
  - All pruning of street trees requires Council approval and pruning is only to be undertaken by persons authorised by the City of Nedlands. Penalties apply for non-compliance.
- If a resident requests pruning of a street tree abutting their property, and in the opinion of the CEO the pruning is not associated with matters of safety, tree health or boundary encroachment, the ratepayer shall bear 100% of the cost to prune the tree if approved.

#### **Preservation**

It is Council's objective to ensure development and building activity considers and accommodates established street trees to the extent practicable. The following requirements apply:

- All development applications shall indicate the location of street trees on adjoining verges on surveys and site plans.
- Prior to planning approval Council promotes consultation between the City and developers in order that plans are adjusted to accommodate existing street trees. The City prioritises tree retention on City-managed land adjoining development sites, and will only consider removal when no other practicable design alternative exists.
- All street trees are to be protected from damage by fencing as a condition of development and demolition approval, prior to the commencement of adjacent works.
- Approval for developers to conduct building-related activities on the adjoining nature strip, including the storing of materials, shall be conditional on establishment of a Tree Protection Zone to a minimum of 2 metres from the base of street trees. Council may also require developers deposit a bond of sufficient amount to cover the cost of remediating damage to a street tree resulting from building activities.
- Council weed control activities using non-selective herbicides shall ensure no herbicide application within two meters from the base of newly planted street trees (defined as street trees not being more than 2 years old).

#### Removal



Street trees will not be authorised to be removed unless one or more of the following circumstances applies:

- The tree is dead or in decline, and no further remedial techniques are appropriate;
- The tree is listed on the City's unsuitable tree species list.
- The tree poses an unavoidable hazard to persons or property and pruning or other techniques cannot effectively remedy that hazard. For the avoidance of doubt, public property (such as vehicles) located on Council managed land underneath trees shall not be considered to constitute an "unavoidable hazard";
- The tree is diseased or damaged to an extent that remedial techniques are unlikely to restore it;
- To facilitate private development where, following consultation between the City and the developer, no practicable design alternative exists which allows retention of the tree and that tree has not been identified by the City as a tree of significance;
- Where a development is approved that necessitates the removal of a street tree the developer shall replace the tree and bear 100% of the cost for the City to remove the tree, and:
  - The developer must plant a minimum of two suitable replacement trees from the preferred species list.
  - Where a number of frontages are created due to subdivision, then a minimum of one tree shall be planted on each frontage.
  - Replacement trees shall be a species that is designated as "large" on the preferred species list, unless such a tree is impracticable, in which case the species will be nominated by the City;
- To facilitate a Council-approved works program (i.e. road works, drainage, utilities etc.);
- Council may consider requests for removal and replacement of a street tree that is considered unsuitable for nature strips on the basis of:
  - o it being of a species which causes an elevated risk to public safety and/or property damage without there being an alternative to remedying the risk;
  - it being of a species having an association with an elevated risk of establishing as an environmental weed;
  - a tree posing unacceptable risk due to a history of significant branch failures;

and

each request being considered individually.



- Other than where a tree is considered to be unsuitable in accordance with the
  preceding provisions, removal and replacement of street trees shall not occur and
  penalties will be imposed for any damage, modification or removal of street trees
  without Council approval..
- All resident requests/proposals for street tree removal, irrespective of the reasons, shall be lodged in writing.
- Other than where there are immediate safety risks, Administration shall notify ward Councillors of all proposed street tree removals at least two weeks prior to removal and the reasons why in accordance with the preceding provisions.
- Removal of street trees that are higher than 4m requires notification to the three closest neighbours to that street tree, no less than 1 week prior to its removal.

Council considers some inconvenience arising from street trees as a necessary consequence of living in an urban environment where trees deliver significant community benefits. Council will only consider an issue with street trees when the proprietor and Administration cannot agree and the issue concerns safety and well-being, significant inconvenience or changes that would result in significant alteration of the streetscape.

Council will not be asked to decide requests for street tree removals that rely solely on the following reasons:

- Leaf, flower, nut or bark falling or accumulating or being blown by the wind;
- Enhancement or protection of views;
- Reduction or eradication of shading to gardens, lawns, pools or dwellings; or
- Requests for the planting of alternative species on the basis of individual preference or a desire to re-landscape.
- Installation of an area for vehicle parking.

In the interests of public safety, removal is only to be undertaken by personnel authorised by the City of Nedlands.

#### **Public Awareness**

Council will promote the importance of the City's street tree assets and the benefits they deliver. Regular communication including information about planting, streetscape improvement and maintenance activities, will be published in the local media and via other appropriate sources.



#### **Tree Health and Public Safety**

In the interest of street tree health, public safety and potential liability issues, structures such as, but not limited to, swings, cubby houses, ladders etc. are not permitted to be constructed in street trees.

#### **Related Documentation**

Strategic Community Plan
Corporate Business Plan
Nature Strip Development Policy
Street Trees Procedure
Street Tree Management Plan

### Related Local Law / Legislation

Local Government Act 1995 Occupational Safety and Health Act 1984 Energy Operators (Powers) Act 1976 Thoroughfares Local Law

#### **Related Delegation**

Nil.

#### **Review History**

27 October 2015 (Report CPS24.15) 24 July 2012 (Report CP31.12) 27 July 2010 (Report CM18.10)

#### 14.2 Councillor Youngman – Mayoral Election

On the 4 March 2021 Councillor Youngman gave notice of his intention to move the following at this meeting.

Council instructs the Acting Chief Executive Officer, through the Western Australian Electoral Commission, to commence the process for an extra ordinary election to elect a new Mayor for the City of Nedlands.

#### Justification

- Following the resignation of Mayor Cilla de Lacy, effective 25 February 2021, the City of Nedlands needs a new Mayor.
- Residents and ratepayers have a democratic right to have an elected Mayor in the role.
- The time period until the next Local Government elections in October 2021 is 8 months, too long for a caretaker position.
- The next Mayoral election for the City of Nedlands is October 2023 so effectively the term has 32 months to still run.
- This is a lengthy process and should be commenced as soon as possible.
- The City of Nedlands is missing an elected member during a time of exceptionally high workloads.
- Having an even number of elected members will see more casting vote decisions being made, these can at time be controversial and place undue pressure on the Presiding Member in front of the community.
- The Deputy Mayor filling the Mayoral duties without the benefit of the remuneration is unfair given the size of the current workload.
- The City of Nedlands is currently in need of a leadership re-set and this is the time to be proactive.
- The 2021 Local Government election for the City of Nedlands is not a Mayoral election, so there are extra costs in raising it to a Mayoral election.
- There is also the scenario that if a Councillor is elected Mayor, then a subsequent by-election would be required. If the Mayor is elected ahead of the October 2021 Local Government election, the Councillor vacancy could be filled at the October 2021 election, thereby saving the cost of another by-election in 2022.
- The mover has requested administration to provide comparative costings for the 2017 ordinary half council election and the 2019 Mayoral plus half council election. At the time of writing this Notice of Motion no information had been received regarding comparative costs.

#### **Administration Comment**

Administration had advised that this notice of motion was not required as a report would be presented to Council with all the information including financial and other options for Council to make a fully informed decision on the Mayoral election required to elect a new Mayor for the City of Nedlands. This report has been presented earlier in this agenda.

# 15. Elected members notices of motion given at the meeting for consideration at the following ordinary meeting on 27 April 2021

Disclaimer: Where administration has provided any assistance with the framing and/or wording of any motion/amendment to a Councillor who has advised their intention to move it, the assistance has been provided on an impartial basis. The principle and intention expressed in any motion/amendment is solely that of the intended mover and not that of the officer/officers providing the assistance. Under no circumstances is it to be expressed to any party that administration or any Council officer holds a view on this motion other than that expressed in an official written or verbal report by Administration to the Council meeting considering the motion.

Notices of motion for consideration at the Council Meeting to be held on 27 April 2021 to be tabled at this point in accordance with Clause 3.9(2) of Council's Local Law Relating to Standing Orders.

### 16. Urgent Business Approved By the Presiding Member or By Decision

Any urgent business to be considered at this point.

### 17. Confidential Items

Nil.

### **Declaration of Closure**

There being no further business, the Presiding Member will declare the meeting closed.