



2025/26 Annual Budget

Adopted 27 August 2025

CITY OF NEDLANDS

ANNUAL BUDGET

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995

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The City of Nedlands is a Class 2 local government that conducts the operations of local government with the following community vision:

Our City will be an environmentally-sensitive, beautiful, and inclusive place.

CITY OF NEDLANDS STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

		2025/26	2024/25	2024/25
	Note	Budget	Estimated Actual	Budget
Revenue		\$	\$	\$
Rates	2(a)	29,821,188		27,851,855
Grants, subsidies and contributions		654,638		150,112
Fees and charges	16	9,493,813	9,147,307	9,289,708
Service charges	2(e)	3,855,577	0	0
Interest revenue	10(a)	1,042,514	1,190,413	1,045,430
Other revenue		209,733	409,428	195,751
		45,077,463	39,866,362	38,532,856
Expenses				
Employee costs		(18,953,044)	(16,306,382)	(16,632,549)
Materials and contracts : Under Ground Power		(9,319,249)	(4,294,898)	(4,389,146)
Materials and contracts : Other		(15,921,845)	(13,461,505)	(14,143,981)
Utility charges		(1,046,457)	(971,685)	(805,723)
Depreciation	6	(10,598,779)	(9,133,304)	(9,210,126)
Finance costs	10(c)	(261,117)	(155,658)	(142,121)
Insurance		(472,104)	(462,808)	(461,818)
Other expenditure		(1,050,643)	(1,040,651)	(783,622)
		(57,623,238)	(45,826,891)	(46,569,086)
Net result from operations		(12,545,775)	(5,960,529)	(8,036,230)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		4,145,081	803,794	3,574,980
Profit on asset disposals	5	108,250	390,376	220,821
·		4,253,331	1,193,212	3,795,801
Net result for the period		(8,292,444)	(4,767,317)	(4,240,429)
Total other comprehensive income for the period		0	0	0
Total comprehensive income for the period		(8,292,444)	(4,767,317)	(4,240,429)

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CITY OF NEDLANDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

		2025/26	2024/25	2024/25
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Budget	Estimated Actual	Budget
Receipts		\$	\$	\$
Rates		29,696,188	28,169,633	27,851,855
Grants, subsidies and contributions		654,638	461,768	223,899
Fees and charges		9,493,813	9,160,777	9,289,708
Service charges		3,855,577	0	0
Interest revenue		1,042,514	1,190,413	1,045,430
Other revenue		209,733	409,428	195,751
		44,952,463	39,392,019	38,606,643
Payments				
Employee costs		(18,953,044)	(18,253,887)	(16,296,549)
Materials and contracts : Under Ground Power		(9,319,249)	(4,294,898)	(4,389,146)
Materials and contracts : Other		(15,933,220)	(10,111,012)	(13,997,853)
Utility charges		(1,046,457)	(971,685)	(805,723)
Finance costs		(261,117)	(716,651)	(142,121)
Insurance paid		(472,104)	(462,808)	(461,818)
Other expenditure		(1,050,643)	(1,040,651)	(783,622)
		(47,035,834)	(35,851,592)	(36,876,832)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4	(2,083,371)	3,540,427	1,729,811
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment	5(a)	(1,990,647)	(806,617)	(1,488,388)
Payments for construction of infrastructure	5(b)	(8,372,630)	(1,708,616)	(8,142,789)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		3,515,914	1,432,961	3,574,980
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	5(a)	108,250	390,376	258,702
Proceeds on financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	7(a)	4,959	15,881	18,504
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(6,734,154)	(676,015)	(5,778,991)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of borrowings	7(a)	(1,373,111)	(901,183)	(1,129,117)
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	8	(168,984)	, , ,	(146,128)
Proceeds from new borrowings	7(a)	4,000,000	, , ,	4,257,158
Net cash provided by financing activities	` ,	2,457,905	3,194,714	2,981,913
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(6,359,620)	6,059,126	(1,067,267)
Cash at beginning of year		19,956,300		13,310,248
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4	13,596,680	, , ,	12,242,981

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CITY OF NEDLANDS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

TON THE TEAN ENDED 30 JONE 2020		2025/26	2024/25	2024/25
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Budget	Estimated Actual	Budget
Revenue from operating activities		\$	\$	\$
General rates	2(a)(i)	26,818,587	25,356,932	24,902,509
Rates excluding general rates	2(a)	3,002,601	2,949,346	2,949,346
Grants, subsidies and contributions	_(~)	654,638	812,937	150,112
Fees and charges	16	9,493,813		9,289,708
Service charges	2(e)	3,855,577	0	0
Interest revenue	10(a)	1,042,514	1,190,413	1,045,430
Other revenue		209,733	409,428	195,751
Profit on asset disposals	5	108,250		220,821
Forman different forman and the constitution of the constitution o		45,185,713	40,256,739	38,753,677
Expenditure from operating activities		(19.053.044)	(16 306 393)	(16,632,549)
Employee costs		(18,953,044)		, , ,
Materials and contracts: Under Ground Power		(9,319,249)		(4,389,146)
Materials and contracts : Other		(15,921,845)		(14,143,981)
Utility charges	0	(1,046,457)		(805,723)
Depreciation	6	(10,598,779)		(9,210,126)
Finance costs	10(c)	(261,117)	· '	(142,121)
Insurance		(472,104)		(461,818)
Other expenditure	_	(1,050,643)	, ,	(783,622)
Loss on asset disposals	5	(57,623,238)	` '	(46,569,086)
		(01,020,200)	(10,027,010)	(10,000,000)
Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities	3(c)	10,490,529		9,025,305
Amount attributable to operating activities		(1,946,996)	3,259,582	1,209,896
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from investing activities				
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		4,145,081	803,794	3,574,980
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	5(a)	108,250	·	258,702
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost	7(a)	4,959		18,504
Froceeus nom imancial assets at amortiseu cost	1 (a)	4,258,290		3,852,186
Outflows from investing activities		,,	, ,,,,,,	-,,
Payments for property, plant and equipment	5(a)	(1,990,647)	(806,617)	(1,488,388)
Payments for construction of infrastructure	5(b)	(8,372,630)		(8,142,789)
•	- ()	(10,363,277)		(9,631,177)
Amount attributable to investing activities		(6,104,987)	(1,305,182)	(5,778,991)
Amount attributable to investing activities		(0,104,307)	(1,303,102)	(0,770,001)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from financing activities				
Proceeds from new borrowings	7(a)	4,000,000		4,257,158
Transfers from reserve accounts	9(a)	3,850,000	1,402,822	1,485,109
		7,850,000	5,659,980	5,742,267
Outflows from financing activities			,,	
Repayment of borrowings	7(a)	(1,373,111)		(1,129,117)
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	8	(168,984)	,	(146,128)
Transfers to reserve accounts	9(a)	(500,000)		(2,583,414)
		(2,042,095)	(5,858,635)	(3,858,659)
Amount attributable to financing activities		5,807,905	(198,655)	1,883,608
MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT				
Surplus at the start of the financial year	3	3,626,289	1,870,544	2,685,487
Amount attributable to operating activities	-	(1,946,996)		1,209,896
Amount attributable to investing activities		(6,104,987)		(5,778,991)
Amount attributable to financing activities		5,807,905		1,883,608
Surplus/(deficit) remaining after the imposition of general			, , ,	<u> </u>
rates	3	1,382,211	3,626,289	0

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CITY OF NEDLANDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2026 INDEX OF NOTES TO THE BUDGET

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1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual budget of the City of Nedlands which is a Class 2 local government is a forward looking document and has been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

Local Government Act 1995 requirements

Section 6.4(2) of the Local Government Act 1995 read with the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 prescribe that the annual budget be prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards. The Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board were applied where no inconsistencies exist.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost, and is considered a zero cost concessionary lease. All right-of-use assets under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value, except for vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 Leases which would have required the City to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this annual budget have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the annual budget has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

The local government reporting entity

All funds through which the City controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this annual budget.

2024/25 actual balances

Balances shown in this budget as 2024/25 Actual are estimates as forecast at the time of preparation of the annual budget and are subject to final adjustments.

Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in the budget relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this statement are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Statement of Cashflows

Investing and financing transactions that do not require the use of cash or cash equivalents shall be excluded from a statement of cash flows. Such transactions shall be disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements in a way that provides all the relevant information about these investing and financing activities.

Initial application of accounting standards

During the budget year, the below revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations are expected to be compiled, become mandatory and be applicable to its operations.

- · AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- AASB 2022-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
 AASB 2023-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Supplier Finance Arrangements
- AASB 2023-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Disclosure of Non-current Liabilities with Covenants: Tier 2
- AASB 2024-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Supplier Finance Arrangements: Tier 2 Disclosures

It is not expected these standards will have an impact on the annual budget.

 AASB 2022-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities, became mandatory during the budget year. Amendments to AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement impacts the future determination of fair value when revaluing assets using the cost approach. Timing of future revaluations is defined by regulation 17A of Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996. Impacts of this pronouncement are yet to be quantified and are dependent on the timing of future revaluations of asset classes.
 No material impact is expected in relation to the 2025-26 statutory budget.

New accounting standards for application in future years

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- AASB 2024-4b Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]
- AASB 2022-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Insurance Contracts in the Public Sector
- AASB 2023-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Lack of Exchangeability
- AASB 18 (FP) Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
- (Appendix D) [for for-profit entities]
- AASB 18 (NFP/super) Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
- (Appendix D) [for not-for-profit and superannuation entities]
- AASB 2024-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments
- AASB 2024-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Standards Annual Improvements Volume 11

It is not expected these standards will have an impact on the annual budget.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the annual budget in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

As with all estimates, the use of different assumptions could lead to material changes in the amounts reported in the financial report.

The following are estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and further information on their nature and impact can be found in the relevant note:

- Fair value measurement of assets carried at reportable value including:
 - · Property, plant and equipment
 - Infrastructure
- · Expected credit losses on financial assets
- · Assets held for sale
- Impairment losses of non-financial assets
- Investment property
- · Estimated useful life of intangible assets
- Measurement of employee benefits
- Measurement of provisions

2. RATES AND SERVICE CHARGES (CONTINUED)

(b) Interest Charges and Instalments - Rates and Service Charges

The following instalment options are available to ratepayers for the payment of rates and service charges.

Instalment options	Date due	Instalment plan admin charge	Instalment plan interest rate	Unpaid rates interest rates
		\$	%	%
Option one				
Single full payment	13/10/2025	0	0.0%	0.0%
Option two				
First instalment	13/10/2025	0	0.0%	11.0%
Second instalment	10/12/2025	16	5.5%	11.0%
Third instalment	16/02/2026	16	5.5%	11.0%
Fourth instalment	24/04/2026	16	5.5%	11.0%

(c) Objectives and Reasons for Differential Rating

To provide equity in the rating of properties across the City the following rate categories have been determined for the implementation of differential rating.

(i) Differential general rate

Description	Characteristics	Objects	Reasons
GRV Residential	GRV residential category	The objective of the proposed rate in the dollar of	This includes the ongoing
	relates to property where the	\$0.062851 is to ensure that all ratepayers in this	maintenance and service
	predominant purpose for	category make an equitable contribution to the City's	provision of the City's assets
	which the property is used is	revenue and that the proportion of total rates	and services primarily used in
	predominantly residential.	revenue derived from residential properties remains	residentials.
		essentially consistent with the previous year.	

2. RATES AND SERVICE CHARGES (CONTINUED)

GRV Non Residential

GRV non residential categoryrelates to property where the predominant purpose for which the property is used is predominantly non

residential.

GRV Residential Vacant. GRV residential vacant

category relates to property where the predominant purpose for which the property is used is predominantly vacant

residential.

The objective of the proposed rate in the dollar of \$0.077551 is to ensure that all ratepayers in this category make an equitable contribution to the City's provision of the City's assets revenue and that the proportion of total rates revenue derived from non residential properties remains essentially consistent with the previous year.

This includes the ongoing maintenance and service and services primarily used in non residentials.

The objective of the proposed rate in the dollar of \$0.083158 is to ensure that all ratepayers in this category make an equitable contribution to the City's provision of the City's assets revenue and that the proportion of total rates revenue derived from residential vacant properties remains essentially consistent with the previous year.

This includes the ongoing maintenance and service and services primarily used in residentials vacant.

(ii) Differential Minimum Payment

Minimum Residential

Minimum residential category relates to property where the predominant purpose for which the property is used is predominantly residential.

The objective of the proposed rate of \$1,636 is to ensure that all ratepayers in this category make an equitable contribution to the City's revenue.

This includes the ongoing maintenance and service provision of the City's assets and services primarily used in residentials

Mimimum Non Residential

Mimimum non residential categoryrelates to property where the predominant purpose for which the property is used is predominantly non residential.

The objective of the proposed rate of \$2,157 is to ensure that all ratepayers in this category make an equitable contribution to the City's revenue.

This includes the ongoing maintenance and service provision of the City's assets and services primarily used in non residentials.

2. RATES AND SERVICE CHARGES (CONTINUED)

Mimimum Residential Vacant.

Mimimum residential vacant categoryrelates to property where the predominant purpose for which the property is used is predominantly vacant residential.

The objective of the proposed rate of \$1,989 is to ensure that all ratepayers in this category make an equitable contribution to the City's revenue.

This includes the ongoing maintenance and service provision of the City's assets and services primarily used in vacant residentials.

(d) Variation in Adopted Differential Rates to Local Public Notice

The following rates and minimum payments were previously set out in the local public notice giving notice of the intention to charge differential rates.

Differential general rate	•	Adopted Rate in	
or general rate	Proposed Rate in \$	\$	Reasons for the difference
Residential	0.063456	0.062851	Due to 1% rate reduction proposed by the Commissioners
Non residential	0.078298	0.077551	Due to 1% rate reduction proposed by the Commissioners
Residential vacant	0.083959	0.083158	Due to 1% rate reduction proposed by the Commissioners
Differential minimum		Adopted	
rate or mimimuml rate	Proposed Minimum \$	Minimum \$	Reasons for the difference
Residential	1,652	1,636	Due to 1% rate reduction proposed by the Commissioners
Non residential	2,178	2,157	Due to 1% rate reduction proposed by the Commissioners
Residential vacant	2,008	1,989	Due to 1% rate reduction proposed by the Commissioners

2. RATES AND SERVICE CHARGES (CONTINUED)

(e) Service Charges

	Amount of charge	2025/26 Budgeted revenue	Budget amount to be applied to costs	Budget amount to be set aside to reserve	Reserve amount to be applied to costs	2024/25 Actual revenue	2024/25 Budget revenue
Service charge	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Nedlands North	1,222,065	1,222,065	1,222,065	0	1,220,297	0	0
Nedlands West	2,633,512	2,633,512	2,633,512	0	2,629,703	0	0
		3,855,577	3,855,577	0	3,850,000	0	0

Nature of the service charge	Objects of the charge	to be imposed on
Nedlands North	Under the City's policy, 50% of the City's contribution is recoverable directly from affected property owners	Nedlands North
Nedlands West	Under the City's policy, 50% of the City's contribution is recoverable directly from affected property owners	Nedlands West

3. NET CURRENT ASSETS

			2025/26	2024/25	2024/25
(a)	Composition of estimated net current assets		Budget	Est. Actual	Budget
		Note	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	30 June 2025
	Current assets		\$	\$	\$
	Cash and cash equivalents	4	13,596,680	19,956,300	* See note below
	Financial assets		0	4,959	
	Receivables		1,026,582	2,226,402	
	Inventories		0	13,627	
	Other assets		486,046	461,046	
			15,109,308	22,662,334	
	Less: current liabilities				
	Trade and other payables		(4,742,763)	(5,975,149)	
	Contract liabilities		(97,395)	(97,395)	
	Capital grant/contribution liability		0	(629,167)	
	Lease liabilities	8	(61,075)	(168,984)	
	Long term borrowings	7	(3,132,474)	(1,373,112)	
	Employee provisions		(981,408)	(981,408)	
			(9,015,115)	(9,225,215)	
	Net current assets		6,094,193	13,437,119	
	Less: Total adjustments to net current assets	3(b)	(4,711,982)	(9,810,830)	
	Net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity	0(5)	1,382,211	3,626,289	
	,		1,000,000	0,020,200	
	* Note: The Statutory Budget for 2024/25 did not include the Net Current Assets disclosi	ure			
	therefore the comparative values are not available.				
/l=\	Compute specific and lightiffice evaluated from horizontal deficiency.				
(D)	Current assets and liabilities excluded from budgeted deficiency				
	The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded				
	from the net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity				
	in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 32 to				
	agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.				
	Adjustments to net current assets				* See note below
	Less: Cash - reserve accounts	9	(8,002,926)	(11,352,926)	GCC HOLC DCHOW
	Less: Current assets not expected to be received at end of year	5	(0,002,320)	(11,002,020)	
	Contract liabilities		97,395	0	
	Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year		01,000	· ·	
	- Current portion of borrowings		3,132,474	1,373,112	
	- Current portion of lease liabilities		61,075	168,984	
	Total adjustments to net current assets		(4,711,982)	(9,810,830)	

^{*} Note: The Statutory Budget for 2024/25 did not include the Net Current Assets disclosure therefore the comparative values are not available.

EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCE IN NET CURRENT ASSETS AND SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)

Items excluded from calculation of budgeted deficiency

When calculating the budget deficiency for the purpose of Section 6.2 (2)(c) of the *Local Government Act 1995* the following amounts have been excluded as provided by *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 32* which will not fund the budgeted expenditure.

(c) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities

The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> .	Note	2025/26 Budget 30 June 2026	2024/25 Actual 30 June 2025	2024/25 Budget 30 June 2025
Adjustments to operating activities		\$	\$	\$
Less: Profit on asset disposals	5	(108,250)	(390,376)	(220,821)
Add: Depreciation	6	10,598,779	9,133,304	9,210,126
Non-cash movements in non-current assets and liabilities:				

3. NET CURRENT ASSETS

Pensioner deferred rates
 Employee provisions
 Other provisions
 Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities

3. NET CURRENT ASSETS

(d) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the City's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the City does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the City's intentions to release for sale.

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the City prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the City becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

PREPAID RATES

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the City recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

INVENTORIES

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

SUPERANNUATION

The City contributes to a number of superannuation funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the City contributes are defined contribution plans.

INVENTORY - LAND HELD FOR RESALE

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point.

Inventory - land held for resale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on the City's intentions to release for sale.

GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Contract liabilities represent the City's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the City has received consideration from the customer.

Contract liabilities represent obligations which are not yet satisfied. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for grants, contributions, reimbursements, and goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value.

Trade receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore the City measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

The City applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, rates receivable are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security for rates receivable.

PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the City has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the City's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The City's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the determination of the net current asset position. The City's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the determination of the net current asset position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The City's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the City does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

4. RECONCILIATION OF CASH

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Estimated cash at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	Note	2025/26 Budget	2024/25 Est. Actual	2024/25 Budget
		\$	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand		6,394,047	12,320,235	3,185,117
Term deposits		7,202,633	7,636,065	9,057,864
Total cash and cash equivalents		13,596,680	19,956,300	12,242,981
				<u> </u>
Held as				
- Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents		5,593,754	7,974,207	3,185,117
- Restricted cash and cash equivalents		8,002,926	11,982,093	9,057,864
	3(a)	13,596,680	19,956,300	12,242,981
Restrictions				
The following classes of assets have restrictions imposed by				
regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit				
or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:				
On the section of the		0.000.000	44 000 000	0.057.004
- Cash and cash equivalents		8,002,926 8,002,926	11,982,093 11,982,093	9,057,864 9,057,864
		0,002,920	11,902,093	9,057,004
The assets are restricted as a result of the specified				
purposes associated with the liabilities below:				
Reserve accounts	9	8,002,926	11,352,926	9,057,864
Unspent capital grants, subsidies and contribution liabilities		0	629,167	0
		8,002,926	11,982,093	9,057,864
Reconciliation of net cash provided by				
operating activities to net result				
Net result		(8,292,444)	(4 767 317)	* See note below
Depreciation	6	10,598,779	9,133,304	occ note below
(Profit)/loss on sale of asset	5	(108,250)	(389,418)	
(Increase)/decrease in receivables		(125,000)	165,294	
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		13,627	0	
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(25,000)	91,611	
Increase/(decrease) in payables		0	2,140,213	
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities		0	(359,269)	
Increase/(decrease) in unspent capital grants		(629,167)	629,167	
Increase/(decrease) in employee provisions		(2 545 046)	(1,670,197)	
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions Net cash from operating activities		(3,515,916)	(1,432,961) 3,540,427	1,729,811
Net cash from operating activities		(2,083,371)	3,340,427	1,123,011

^{*} Note: The Statutory Budget for 2024/25 did not include the Net Current Assets note disclosure therefore the comparative values are not available.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICES

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks, other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown as short term borrowings in current liabilities in Note 3 - Net Current Assets.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

The City classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUI	PIVIENT																	
				2025/26 Budg	et					25 Estimated	l Actual					024/25 Budge	et	
		Transier to						Transier to						Transier to			_	
			non-current						non-current						non-current			
		Disposals -	assets	Disposals -				Disposals -	assets	Disposals -	•			Disposals -	assets	Disposals -		
		Net Book	classified as	Sale	Disposals -	Disposals -		Net Book	classified as	Sale	Disposals -	Disposals -		Net Book	classified	Sale	Disposals -	Disposals -
	Additions	Value	held for sale	Proceeds	Profit	Loss	Additions	Value	held for sale	Proceeds	Profit	Loss	Additions	Value	as held for	Proceeds	Profit	Loss
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
Buildings	814,303	C	0	0	0	0	228,621	C	0		0 0	0	427,660	0	0	0	0	0
Plant and equipment	327,890	C	0	52,704	52,704	0	228,386	C	0	390,37	6 390,376	0	1,060,728	0	0	258,702	220,821	37,881
Vehicles	335,454	0	0	55,546	55,546	0	251,104	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ICT	513,000	0	0	0	0	0	98,506	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,990,647	0	0	108,250	108,250	0	806,617	C	0	390,37	6 390,376	0	1,488,388	0	0	258,702	220,821	37,881
(b) Infrastructure																		
Infrastructure - roads	5,645,104	C	0	0	0	0	1,410,509	C	0		0 0	0	6,337,964	0	0	0	0	0
Infrastructure - footpaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	47,165	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Infrastructure - drainage	668,050	0	0	0	0	0	65,192	0	0		0 0	0	960,558	0	0	0	0	0
Infrastructure - parks development	2,059,476	C	0	0	0	0	185,750	C) 0		0 0	0	844.267	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8,372,630	0	. 0	0	0	0	1,708,616	C) 0		0 0	0	8,142,789	0	0	0	0	0
Total	10,363,277	0	0	108,250	108,250	0	2,515,233	0	0	390,37	6 390,376	0	9,631,177	0	0	258,702	220,821	37,881

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

RECOGNITION OF ASSETS
Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 17A (5). These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

GAINS AND LOSSES ON DISPOSAL

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in profit or loss in the period which they arise.

6. DEPRECIATION

By Class

Buildings - non-specialised
Plant and equipment
Infrastructure - roads
Infrastructure - footpaths
Infrastructure - drainage
Infrastructure - parks development
Right of use - plant and equipment

By Program

Education and welfare Recreation and culture Transport Other property and services

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DEPRECIATION

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Major depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Buildings 10 to 100 years Furniture and equipment 4 to 50 years Plant and equipment 5 to 16 years Roads - pavement 100 - 121 years Roads -Sub Grade Not depreciated Roads - Top surface 18 - 40 years Footpaths 20 - 50 years Stormwater - Pipes and pits 44 - 103 years Stormwater - Plant 68 - 96 years **Bus Shelters** 24 - 38 years Roundabouts 50 - 96 years Street Lights 21 - 43 years Parks 10 - 25 years Parks Reticulation 11 - 41 years

Based on the remaining lease

Right of use (plant and equipment)

2025/26 Budget	2024/25 Est. Actual	2024/25 Budget
\$	\$	\$
1,429,419	1,231,776	1,231,776
787,052	678,228	678,228
4,921,312	4,240,851	4,240,852
894,220	770,578	770,578
865,688	745,991	745,991
1,605,519	1,334,914	1,383,527
95,567	130,966	159,174
10,598,779	9,133,304	9,210,126
153,500	132,276	132,276
2,275,628	1,960,981	1,960,981
7,049,980	6,075,191	6,075,191
1,119,671	964,856	1,041,678
10,598,779	9,133,304	9,210,126

AMORTISATION

The depreciable amount of all intangible assets with a finite useful life, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held for use.

The assets residual value of intangible assets is considered to be zero and useful live and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Amortisation is included within Depreciation on non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

7. BORROWINGS

(a) Borrowing repayments

Movement in borrowings and interest between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

Purpose	Loan Number	Institutio	Interest	Budget Principal 1 July 2025	2025/26 Budget New Loans	2025/26 Budget Principal Repayments	Budget Principal outstanding 30 June 2026	2025/26 Budget Interest Repayments	Est. Actual Principal 1 July 2024	2024/25 Est. Actual New Loans	2024/25 Est. Actual Principal Repayments	Est. Actual Principal outstanding 30 June 2025	2024/25 Est. Actual Interest Repayments	Budget Principal 1 July 2024	2024/25 Budget New Loans	2024/25 Budget Principal Repayments	Budget Principal outstanding 30 June 2025	2024/25 Budget Interest Repayments
				\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Underground Power (W.Hollywood Res)	188	WATC	3.07%	234,373	0	(76,077)	158,296	(5,249)	306,788	0	(72,415)	234,373	(7,751)	310,456	0	(67,405)	243,051	0
Underground Power (Alfred & MTC Res)	189	WATC	3.07%	33,077	0	(9,989)	23,088	(760)	44,808	0	(11,731)	33,077	(1,105)	44,809	0	(10,381)	34,428	0
Underground Power (Alderbury Res)	190	WATC	3.07%	23,491	0	(7,095)	16,396	(540)	31,822	0	(8,331)	23,491	(785)	31,821	0	(7,372)	24,449	0
Underground Power (Nedlands North)	191	WATC	4.66%	3,871,937	0	(796,073)	3,075,864	(150,799)	0	4,257,158	(385,221)	3,871,937	(119,380)	0	4,257,158	(531,661)	3,725,497	(124,285)
Underground Power (Nedlands West)	192	WATC	4.12%	0	4,000,000	(364,514)	3,635,486	(82,380)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Building Infrastructure	183	WATC	2.8%	0	0	0	0	0	184,059	0	(184,059)	0	(2,783)	184,059	0	(129,935)	54,124	0
Building Infrastructure	184	WATC	3.1%	77,653	0	(77,653)	0	(506)	229,386	0	(151,733)	77,653	(4,604)	212,185	0	(164,291)	47,894	0
Building Infrastructure	185	WATC	3.1%	36,751	0	(36,751)	0	(239)	108,563	0	(71,812)	36,751	(2,179)	125,765	0	(52,413)	73,352	0
Road Infrastructures	179	WATC	6.04%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(147,155)	(147,155)	0
				4,277,282	4,000,000	(1,368,152)	6,909,130	(240,473)	905,426	4,257,158	(885,302)	4,277,282	(138,587)	909,095	4,257,158	(1,110,613)	4,055,640	(124,285)
Self Supporting Loans																		
Dalkeith Bowling Club	186	WATC	3.1%	4,959	0	(4,959)	0	(31)	19,928	0	(15,881)	4,959	(430)	19,928	0	(18,504)	1,424	0
				4,959	0	(4,959)	0	(31)	19,928	0	(15,881)	4,959	(430)	19,928	0	(18,504)	1,424	0
				4,282,241	4,000,000	(1,373,111)	6,909,130	(240,504)	925,354	4,257,158	(901,183)	4,282,241	(139,017)	929,023	4,257,158	(1,129,117)	4,057,064	(124,285)

All borrowing repayments, other than self supporting loans, will be financed by general purpose revenue. The self supporting loan(s) repayment will be fully reimbursed.

7. BORROWINGS

(b) New borrowings - 2025/26

Particulars/Purpose	Institution	Term (years)	Interest rate	Amount borrowed budget	Total interest & charges	Amount used budget	Balance unspent
			%	\$	\$	\$	\$
Underground power project-Nedlands West	WATC	5 Years	4.12%	4,000,000	466,935	4,000,000	0
				4,000,000	466,935	4,000,000	0

(c) Unspent borrowings

The City had no unspent borrowing funds as at 30th June 2025 nor is it expected to have unspent borrowing funds as at 30th June 2026.

(d) Credit Facilities

Undrawn borrowing facilities credit standby arrangements
Bank overdraft limit
Credit card limit
Total amount of credit unused
Loan facilities

Loan facilities in	ı use	at	balance date	

2025/26 Budget	2024/25 Est. Actual	2024/25 Budget
\$	\$	\$
0	0	0
50,000	50,000	50,000
50,000	50,000	50,000
6,909,130	4,282,241	4,057,064

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BORROWING COSTS

The City has elected to recognise borrowing costs as an expense when incurred regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

Fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short term nature.

Borrowings fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate.

8. LEASE LIABILITIES

8. LEASE LIABILIT	TIES				Budget	2025/26	2025/26 Budget	Budget Lease	2025/26 Budget		2024/25 Est. Actual	Est. Actual Lease	2024/25 Est. Actual		2024/25 Budget	Budget Lease	2024/25 Budget
			Lease		Lease	Budget	Lease	Principal	Lease	Est. Actual	Lease	Principal	Lease	Budget	Lease	Principal	Lease
	Lease		Interest	Lease	Principal	New	Principal	outstanding	Interest	Principal	Principal	outstanding		Principal	Principal	outstanding	Interest
Purpose	Number	Institution	Rate	Term	1 July 2025	Leases	Repayments	30 June 2026 F	Repayments	1 July 2024	repayments	30 June 2025	repayments	1 July 2024	repayments	30 June 2025 I	repayments
					\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	K855915	DPLH**	2.5%	21 years	87,129	C	(18,437)	68,692	(2,176)	105,064	(17,935)	87,129	(2,679)	91,831	(17,935)	73,896	(2,679)
Plotter Printer	AGR-13122	Kyocera	6.6%	60 months	12,968	C	(5,161)	7,807	(71)	18,094	(5,126)	12,968	(105)	(190,195)	(5,126)	(195,321)	(105)
Laptops		HP	5.2%	36 months	220,889	C	(145,386)	75,503	(7,866)	359,089	(138,200)	220,889	(15,052)	0	(123,067)	0	(15,052)
					320,986	0	(168,984)	152,002	(10,113)	482,247	(161,261)	320,986	(17,836)	(98,364)	(146,128)	(121,425)	(17,836)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

LEASES

At the inception of a contract, the City assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and a lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the City uses its incremental borrowing rate.

LEASE LIABILITIES

The present value of future lease payments not paid at the reporting date discounted using the incremental borrowing rate where the implicit interest rate in the lease is not readily determined.

9. RESERVE ACCOUNTS

(a) Reserve Accounts - Movement

		2025/26	Budget			2024/25	Est. Actual			2024/25	Budget	
	Opening	Transfer	Transfer	Closing	Opening	Transfer	Transfer	Closing	Opening	Transfer	Transfer	Closing
	Balance	to	(from)	Balance	Balance	to	(from)	Balance	Balance	to	(from)	Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Restricted by legislation												
(a) Cash-in-lieu of public open space reserve	519,817	0	0	519,817	409,317	110,500	0	519,817	184,167	0	0	184,167
	519,817	0	0	519,817	409,317	110,500	0	519,817	184,167	0	0	184,167
Restricted by council												
(b) Plant Replacement Reserve	292,395	0	0	292,395	292,395	0	0	292,395	370,728	0	0	370,728
(c) City Development Reserve	188,898	0	0	188,898	788,898	0	(600,000)	188,898	991,682	0	0	991,682
(d) North Street Reserve	158,951	0	0	158,951	158,951	0	0	158,951	140,827	0	0	140,827
(e) Welfare Reserve	208,248	0	0	208,248	350,538	0	(142,290)	208,248	674,655	0	(142,290)	532,365
(f) Service Reserve	28,968	0	0	28,968	28,968	0	0	28,968	16,888	0	0	16,888
(g) Insurance Reserve	67,939	0	0	67,939	67,939	0	0	67,939	65,464	0	0	65,464
(h) Underground Power Projects	3,968,802	0	(3,850,000)	118,802	3,125,714	975,076	(131,988)	3,968,802	2,585,872	975,076	(131,988)	3,428,960
(i) Waste Management Reserve	2,338,667	0	0	2,338,667	1,008,922	1,329,745	0	2,338,667	1,167,774	1,329,745	(821,380)	1,676,139
(j) Building Replacement Reserve	623,747	0	0	623,747	651,904	278,593	(306,750)	623,747	582,521	278,593	(306,750)	554,364
(k) Swanbourne Development Reserve	1,490	0	0	1,490	1,490	0	0	1,490	130,833	0	0	130,833
(I) Public Art Reserve	47,334	0	0	47,334	47,334	0	0	47,334	45,709	0	0	45,709
(m) Business System Reserve	113,143	0	0	113,143	113,143	0	0	113,143	97,551	0	0	97,551
(n) All Abilities Play Space	442,250	0	0	442,250	467,250	0	(25,000)	442,250	427,356	0	(25,000)	402,356
(o) Major Projects	1,652,277	500,000	0	2,152,277	200,000	1,502,277	(50,000)	1,652,277	338,642	0	0	338,642
(p) Point Resolution Childcare Centre	0	0	0	0	96,794	0	(96,794)	0	138,890	0	(7,701)	131,189
(q) Riverwall Maintenance reserve	100,000	0	0	100,000	150,000	0	(50,000)	100,000	0	0	(50,000)	(50,000)
(r) Laneway Reserve	600,000	0	0	600,000	0	600,000	0	600,000	0	0	0	0
	10,833,109	500,000	(3,850,000)	7,483,109	7,550,240	4,685,691	(1,402,822)	10,833,109	7,775,392	2,583,414	(1,485,109)	8,873,697
	11,352,926	500,000	(3,850,000)	8,002,926	7,959,557	4,796,191	(1,402,822)	11,352,926	7,959,559	2,583,414	(1,485,109)	9,057,864

(b) Reserve Accounts - Purposes

In accordance with Council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside are as follows:

Anticipated

	Anticipated	
Reserve name	date of use	Purpose of the reserve
Restricted by legislation		
(a) Cash-in-lieu of public open space reserve Restricted by council	On-going	To fund Public Open Space
(b) Plant Replacement Reserve	On-going	To fund replacement of plant and equipment so the cost is spread over a number of years.
(c) City Development Reserve	On-going	To fund improvement and purchases of property, plant and equipment and infrastructure.
(d) North Street Reserve	On-going	To fund operational and capital costs of community and recreational facilities at Mt Claremont and Swanbourne, and infrastructure generally.
(e) Welfare Reserve	On-going	To fund the operational and capital costs to welfare services.
(f) Service Reserve	On-going	To fund purchase of property, purchase of land and for parking areas, expense of streets, depots, town planning schemes, valuation and legal costs, items of works of an urgent nature such as drainage.
(g) Insurance Reserve	On-going	To fund any excess that may arise from having a performance based workers compensation premium.
(h) Underground Power Projects	On-going	To fund underground power projects.
(i) Waste Management Reserve	On-going	To fund replacement of rubbish bin stock so that the cost is spread over a number of years.
(j) Building Replacement Reserve	On-going	To fund the upgrade and/or replacement of council buildings.
(k) Swanbourne Development Reserve	On-going	To fund capital works in the Swanbourne area associated with the Swanbourne Masterplan. Set-up with proceeds of the insurance claim arising from the fire of council property in Swanbourne.
(I) Public Art Reserve	On-going	To fund works of art in the City of Nedlands.
(m) Business System Reserve	On-going	To fund councils business system.
(n) All Abilities Play Space	On-going	To fund the annual operating and maintenance cost of the All Abilities Play Space.
(o) Major Projects	On-going	To fund capital works from proceeds from sale of major assets.
(p) Point Resolution Childcare Centre	On-going	To fund PRCC
(q) Riverwall Maintenance reserve	On-going	To receive from the Hackett Civic Association to fund the specific requests of the Association within Lawler Park, the specific request are for covered seating, an item of exercise equipment and a plaque acknowledging the donation.
(r) Laneway Reserve	On-going	To fund laneway raod projects.

10. OTHER INFORMATION

	_0_0/_0		
The net result includes as revenues	Budget	Est. Actual	Budget
	\$	\$	\$
(a) Interest earnings			
Investments	595,429	954,881	800,430
Late payment of fees and charges *	110,000	103,361	110,000
Rates 'Instalment plan interest *	127,050	121,311	125,000
Underground Power 'Instalment plan interest *	200,000	0	0
Other interest revenue	10,035	10,860	10,000
	1,042,514	1,190,413	1,045,430
* The City has resolved to charge interest under			
section 6.13 of the Act for the differed/instalment pay	ment of any amoun	t	
of money at 5.5%. and late/unpaid payment of any a	mount of money at	11%	
	,		
(b) Auditors remuneration			
Audit services	161,200	156,843	150,000
Other services	60,000	22,050	66,000
	221,200	178,893	216,000
(c) Interest expenses (finance costs)			
Borrowings (refer Note 7(a))	240,504	139,017	124,285
Interest on lease liabilities	20,613	16,641	17,836
	261,117	155,658	142,121

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2024/25

11. COUNCIL MEMBERS REMUNERATION

	Budget	Est. Actual	Budget
	\$	\$	\$
Mayor			
Mayor's allowance	23,650	68,552	68,552
Meeting attendance fees	11,630	33,706	33,706
Training expenses	1,000	2,793	0
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500
Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses	100	100	100
Superannuation contribution payments	4,234	0	0
	44,114	108,651	105,858
Deputy Mayor			0.1-10
Deputy Mayor's allowance	5,913	17,138	21,710
Meeting attendance fees	8,673	25,137	25,137
Training expenses	1,000	1,498	0
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500	3,500
Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses	100	100	100
Superannuation contribution payments	1,750	0	0
	20,936	47,373	50,447
All Other Council members			
Meeting attendance fees	49,872	165,486	175,959
Training expenses	7,000	4,273	0
ICT expenses	0	0	8,000
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	24,500	24,500	24,500
Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses	700	658	700
Superannuation contribution payments	5,985	0	0
	88,057	194,917	209,159
Commissioners			
Allowances	221,160	0	0
Other reimbursement	48,000	0	0
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	10,500	0	0
Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses	3,000	0	0
Superannuation contribution payments	26,539	0	0
	309,199	0	0
Total Council Members and Commissioners Remuneration	462,306	350,941	365,464
	102,000		
Manuala allamana	00.050	00.550	00.550
Mayor's allowance	23,650	68,552	68,552
Deputy Mayor's allowance	5,913	17,138	21,710
Commissioners allowances	221,160	0	0
Meeting attendance fees	70,175	224,329	234,802
Other reimbursement	48,000	0	0
Training expenses	9,000	8,564	0
ICT expenses	0	0	8,000
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	42,000	31,500	31,500
Annual allowance for travel and accommodation expenses	3,900	858	900
Superannuation contribution payments	38,508	0	0
	462,306	350,941	365,464

2025/26

2024/25

2024/25

12. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

It is not anticipated any land transactions or major land transactions will occur in 2025/26

13. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

It is not anticipated that any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings will occur in the 2025/26 financial year.

14. REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

(a) Revenue and Expenditure Classification

REVENUES

RATES

All rates levied under the *Local Government Act 1995*. Includes general, differential, specific area rates, minimum payment, interim rates, back rates, ex-gratia rates, less discounts offered.

Exclude administration fees, interest on instalments, interest on arrears, service charges and sewerage rates.

GRANTS, SUBSIDIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS

All amounts received as grants, subsidies and contributions that are not capital grants.

CAPITAL GRANTS, SUBSIDIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS

Amounts received specifically for the acquisition, construction of new or the upgrading of non-current assets paid to a local government, irrespective of whether these amounts are received as capital grants, subsidies, contributions or donations.

REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when the local government satisfies its performance obligations under the contract.

FEES AND CHARGES

Revenues (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees. Local governments may wish to disclose more detail such as rubbish collection fees, rental of property, fines and penalties, other fees and charges.

SERVICE CHARGES

Service charges imposed under *Division 6 of Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995*. Regulation 54 of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* identifies the charges which can be raised. These are television and radio broadcasting, underground electricity and neighbourhood surveillance services and water. Exclude rubbish removal charges which should not be classified as a service charge. Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

INTEREST REVENUE

Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

OTHER REVENUE / INCOME

Other revenue, which cannot be classified under the above headings, includes dividends, discounts, rebates etc.

PROFIT ON ASSET DISPOSAL

Gain on the disposal of assets including gains on the disposal of long-term investments.

EXPENSES

EMPLOYEE COSTS

All costs associated with the employment of person such as salaries, wages, allowances, benefits such as vehicle and housing, superannuation, employment expenses, removal expenses, relocation expenses, worker's compensation insurance, training costs, conferences, safety expenses, medical examinations, fringe benefit tax, etc.

Note AASB 119 Employee Benefits provides a definition of employee benefits which should be considered.

MATERIALS AND CONTRACTS

All expenditures on materials, supplies and contracts not classified under other headings. These include supply of goods and materials, legal expenses, consultancy, maintenance agreements, communication expenses (such as telephone and internet charges), advertising expenses, membership, periodicals, publications, hire expenses, rental, leases, postage and freight etc.

Local governments may wish to disclose more detail such as contract services, consultancy, information technology and rental or lease expenditures.

UTILITIES (GAS, ELECTRICITY, WATER)

Expenditures made to the respective agencies for the provision of power, gas or water.

Exclude expenditures incurred for the reinstatement of roadwork on behalf of these agencies.

INSURANCE

All insurance other than worker's compensation and health benefit insurance included as a cost of employment.

LOSS ON ASSET DISPOSAL

Loss on the disposal of fixed assets.

DEPRECIATION ON NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Depreciation and amortisation expenses raised on all classes of assets.

FINANCE COSTS

Interest and other costs of finance paid, including costs of finance for loan debentures, overdraft accommodation and refinancing expenses.

OTHER EXPENDITURE

Statutory fees, taxes, provision for bad debts, member's fees or levies including DFES levy and State taxes. Donations and subsidies made to community groups.

14. REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

(b) Revenue Recognition

Recognition of revenue from contracts with customers is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

	Revenue Category	Nature of goods and services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties	Determination of transaction price	Allocating transaction price	Measuring obligations for returns	Timing of Revenue recognition
		Community events, minor facilities, research, design, planning evaluation and services	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Set by mutual agreement with the customer	Based on the progress of works to match performance obligations	Returns limited to repayment of transaction price of terms breached	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared
Reg	rovals	Building, planning, development and animal management, having the same nature as a licence regardless of naming.	Single point in time	Full payment prior to issue	None	Set by State legislation or limited by legislation to the cost of provision	Based on timing of issue of the associated rights	No refunds	On payment and issue of the licence, registration or approval
		Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites	Single point in time	Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided	None	Adopted by council annually	Based on timing of entry to facility	Not applicable	On entry to facility
for o	other goods	Cemetery services, library fees, reinstatements and private works	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	None	Adopted by council annually	Applied fully based on timing of provision	Not applicable	Output method based on provision of service or completion of works
Sale	e of stock	Aviation fuel, kiosk and visitor centre stock	Single point in time	In full in advance, on 15 day credit	Refund for faulty goods	Adopted by council annually, set by mutual agreement	Applied fully based on timing of provision	Returns limited to repayment of transaction price	Output method based on goods

15. PROGRAM INFORMATION

Key Terms and Definitions - Reporting Programs

In order to discharge its responsibilities to the community, Council has developed a set of operational and financial objectives. These objectives have been established both on an overall basis, reflected by the City's Community Vision, and for each of its broad activities/programs.

OBJECTIVE

Governance

To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources

ACTIVITIES

Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district. Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.

General purpose funding

To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

Law, order, public safety

To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.

Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.

Health

To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.

Inspection of food outlets and their control, provision of meat inspection services, noise control and waste disposal compliance.

Education and welfare

To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth.

Maintenance of child minding centre, playgroup centre, senior citizen centre and aged care centre. Provision and maintenance of home and community care programs and youth services.

Housing

To provide and maintain elderly residents housing.

Provision and maintenance of elderly residents housing.

Community amenities

Provision and maintenance of elderly residents housing.

Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.

Recreation and culture

To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social wellbeing of the community.

Maintenance of public halls, civic centres, aquatic centre, beaches, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, museum and other cultural facilities.

Transport

To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.

Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycle ways, parking facilities and traffic control. Cleaning of streets and maintenance of street trees, street lighting etc.

Economic services

To help promote the City and its economic wellbeing.

Tourism and area promotion including the maintenance and operation of a caravan park. Provision of rural services including weed control, vermin control and standpipes. Building Control.

Other property and services

To monitor and control City of Nedlands's overheads operating accounts.

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

16. FEES AND CHARGES

	2025/26	2024/25	2024/25
	Budget	Est. Actual	Budget
	\$	\$	\$
By Program:			
General purpose funding	235,150	189,364	192,312
Law, order, public safety	553,200	506,446	514,330
Health	97,828	86,357	87,701
Education and welfare	67,000	388,360	394,406
Community amenities	5,553,405	5,159,007	5,239,320
Recreation and culture	1,045,720	996,594	1,012,109
Transport	72,000	66,004	67,032
Economic services	1,262,310	1,178,875	1,197,227
Other property and services	607,200	576,300	585,272
	9,493,813	9,147,307	9,289,708

The subsequent pages detail the fees and charges proposed to be imposed by the local government.